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BULLETINS

AND

OTHER STATE INTELLIGENCE

FOR THE YEAR 1858.

PART II.

BULLETINS

AND

OTHER STATE INTELLIGENCE

FOR THE YEAR 1858.

IN FOUR PARTS.

COMPILED AND ARRANGED FROM THE OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS PUBLISHED IN THE LONDON GAZETTE.

BY T. L. BEHAN,

SUPERINTENDENT.

PART II.

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1860.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 2, 1858.

India Board, March 31, 1858.

THE following papers have been received at the East India House :

No. 1.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

Fort William, January 12, 1858.

No. 55 of 1858.

THE Right Honourable the Governor-General of India in Council has much satisfaction in publishing the following report of a successful attack, made by the troops under Colonel Rowcroft, on a body of marauding rebels in the neighbourhood of his camp, on the 26th of December last.

To Colonel Rowcroft, to Captain Sotheby, R.N., commanding the Naval Brigade, and to the officers and men under his command ; to the detachment of Royal Marines under Lieutenant Pym, and that of the Bengal Police Battalion under Lieutenant Burlton; as well as to the officers, civil and military, honourably mentioned by Colonel Rowcroft, the Governor-General in Council desires to offer his thanks for their services on this occasion.

The Governor-General in Council has much satisfaction in acknowledging the good services

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rendered upon this occasion by the Nepaulese troops, acting under Colonel Rowcroft's command. To the officers and soldiers of that force generally, but especially to Major Captain Sree Bhuggut Khanka, commanding the Ramdull Regiment, to Captain Dercedass Opudiah, of the same corps, and to Captain Koolpurshad Singh Bushnial, commanding the Gorucknath Regiment, his Lordship in Council desires to tender the thanks of Government, for the great zeal and gallantry which they have displayed.

No. 2.

Colonel H. Rowcroft, Commanding Sarun Field Force, to Colonel R. J. H. Birch, C.B., Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, Calcutta.

Camp, Mujhowlee, on the River Chota Gundah, 25 miles West of Sewan,

SIR, *28th December*, 1857.

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of the Right Honourable the Governor-General, that the Field Force, under my command received a reinforcement of the Gorucknath Regiment of Goorkhas—500 strong—on the morning of the 25th December, sent on to join me by forced marches from Segowlee, by his Excellency Maharajah Jung Bahadoor and Mr. Samuells, the Commissioner. It was represented to me strongly that they were too fatigued, foot-sore, and hungry to march again that day, and that they had been without sleep for two nights. I therefore postponed for the day, though reluctantly, my arrangements to move and attack the rebels at Sohunpore —7 miles distant, and about midway between my entrenched camp at Myrwa and Mujhowlee. About half-past seven on the morning of the 26th

December, I marched from camp with the force noted in the margin,* leaving two companies—100 men—of Goorkhas, and 50 matchlock-men of the Hutwa Rajah's, for the protection of the camp; and of these, half a company and twenty matchlock-men to watch and secure the narrow Causeway Bridge over the river Jurhaee, less than half a mile in front of my camp. It was reported to me that the rebels were posted in the village of Sohunpore, and in two or three large topes (woods) close to it, on either side of the Mujhowlee road, with a tank with high banks close in front of the village on the north, in which most of the sepoys, and three of their four guns were posted. On arriving within little more than half a mile of the position of the rebels, I formed line, and took ground to the right, to turn their left flank, and act more easily on the tank. During this movement, the enemy pushed forward numerous skirmishers into the topes and cultivation, and opened fire of guns and musketry on our line. Our skirmishers, consisting of the Marines, part of the Naval Brigade and Seikhs, soon returned their fire, doing much execution among the enemy, especially the marines with the Minié rifles. We also opened fire with our guns, and a few shells well thrown, in two or three directions, checked the rebels for a time. I advanced the line a short distance, when the main body of the enemy rapidly moved to their right, to join a force previously in position, I strongly suspect, on our left, their aim apparently being to surround us with their numbers. I changed our front immediately to our left. During

* Royal Marines, 30; Naval Brigade, 130; Ramdull Goorkha Regiment, 500; Gorucknath Ditto, 350—one company of this regiment being at Sewan, and two in camp; four guns, 12-pounder howitzers, two being Mountain Train; Captain Rattray's Seikhs, 50.

this time, a village on our left was steadily and gallantly held by Lieutenant Burlton, 40th Regiment Native Infantry, with the 50 Seikhs; and I sent two companies of the Ramdull Regiment of Goorkhas to reinforce him in holding that post, and, if possible, to capture a gun firing on our left. Lieutenant Burlton reports that Soobadar Himkumal Bushnia, 9th Company Ramdull Goorkhas, behaved very gallantly, constantly encouraging his men; and, in riding at one of the rebels who was attacking Lieutenant Burlton, inflicting fortunately only a cut through his turban and helmet, the soobadar was very severely wounded by a tulwar cut round the left hip, a Seikh then rushing up, cutting down, and killing the rebel. After changing ground to the left, I advanced the line towards the enemy, now and then allowing our guns to throw a shell or two. The enemy made a show of advancing a short distance, with about 50 sowars in their front. After advancing the line a short distance, two or three shells were beautifully pitched into the midst of this large body of foot and horsemen, at 900 or 1,000 yards distance, scattering them in all directions. I am sorry there was no opportunity to allow of the Goorkhas joining in a charge. The main body then moved rapidly to their left, as if to gain their old position in the topes and village. Our line was changed to the right. During the former advance and this movement, the rebel skirmishers were firing from heavy cover on us, from our right and right rear. I ordered the marines to skirmish and cover our right, and two companies of the Gorucknath Regiment, who were placed in reserve, to cover our right rear. The line and skirmishers advanced, firing a few rounds from our guns into the topes, and in the direction of the tank. The rebels seem to have had only a rear-guard, at

this time, left at Sohunpore. The skirmishers rapidly advanced into the topes, which we found quite clear of the enemy. Three tents of Baboo Coer Singh's nephew, Hurkishen Singh, were here found all pitched, and a quantity of grain, &c. I ordered the tents to be burnt at once. We then moved to the right to get on the Mujhowlee-road, and continued our advance without delay to Mujhowlee, some six miles distant. Within about two miles of Mujhowlee we saw the rear of the rebels entering the place, and on nearing it I ordered the marines, and part of the Naval Brigade, and four companies of the Gorucknath Regiment, to push on rapidly after the Seikhs composing the advance guard, in the hopes of capturing their guns, crossing the deep ford of the Gunduk. I am happy to say one large iron six-pounder gun and limber complete, full of ammunition, was taken in the river. The Sikhs and some men of the Gorucknath Regiment, with Captain Koolpurshad Singh Bushnial, were among the first down at the river in capturing the gun. The cultivation was so heavy, and we advanced on so quickly, it was difficult to ascertain the number of the rebels killed. Two other tumbrils—one full of ammunition, the other of powder—and two or three carts were also taken. The rebels, by all reports and appearances, were 1100 or 1200 sepoys, and between 4000 and 5000 other armed men. The Naib Nazim, Mushuruff Khan, was present in the action with his force, and also Alli Kurreem, Moulvee of Patna, who was first reported to have been killed in the action, but now said to have got away the evening before. The Governor-General will be pleased to learn that this one day's work has completely cleared the district of this horde of marauding rebels, relieving the many villages of their plundering and oppression. The

Rajah of Mujhowlee, and the people, gladly welcomed us, as did other people on the road. I had promised the Rajah I would soon relieve him. The Rajah states the rebels made sure of surrounding and destroying us as we were so few, and of being able to get into Chupra and to plunder the district. The Rajah also states that, with the sepoys, matchlock-men, sword and spear-men, the rebels were more than 6,000 or 7,000 strong. I do not think that the rebels had heard of the arrival of the second Goorkha Regiment, on the 25th December. I learn from the Mujhowlee Rajah, and other reports, that there must have been some 120 of the rebels killed, by the number of bodies since seen in their positions in the field. Besides many wounded, a few rebels were killed at the ford, and six in one boat. I am happy to say we have had few casualties. The gun and musket firing of the rebels was too high, their round shot and matchlock balls mostly passing over our heads, the round shot killing a Doolee bearer, and a villager, in our rear. A Goorkha private of the Gorucknath Regiment was wounded by a musket ball, and also one of the magistrate's sowars. It is a marvel none in the line were hit, for numbers of the round shot, &c., passed over or by us, tearing up the ground, and ricochetting, but without hitting any one. The action commenced about 10 A.M., and by half-past 1 P.M. we had dispersed and driven the rebels through the topes and village of Sohumpore, and followed them up and driven them out of Mujhowlee, and over the river Gunduk, by four P.M. The troops had a hard day's work, and went through their fatigue most cheerfully. I was myself in the saddle for ten hours, or would have written to you earlier; but I wrote and reported our advance, and successful attack, and complete

operation, to Brigadier-General MacGregor, with Maharajah Jung Bahadoor, the same evening express to Bettiah. We bivouacked for the night near the river, having marched without tents or baggage, except two or three tents for the men of the Naval Brigade, and a few hackeries for the ammunition, and to carry the Goorkhas and Sikhs in case of accidents during the action.

I marched again yesterday morning, 27th December, with a detachment of the Naval Brigade, two guns, and eight companies of Goorkhas—400 men—and the Seikhs, crossed the river, and moved through Selimpore, and about two miles beyond, to the house of one Narain Dial Canongoe, formerly an Assistant Collector, who had been forward in marauding and giving aid to the rebels. His house was blown up, burnt, and destroyed. We also moved to another village, to the house of one Sungram Lall, the nephew and toomandar of the above, and destroyed his house; but neither of the villages were injured. We returned to camp at half-past four P.M.

I need hardly say that the troops behaved, as British marines and seamen ever do, most excellently and gallantly; Captain Sotheby ever ready and present with the guns, and to afford me every assistance in the field. Captain Sotheby has paid great attention to the drill and training of the Naval Brigade for land service, and in quickly training the horses and ponies for the guns, horses for the large 12-pounder howitzer, and ponies for the three others, and the seamen to ride and act as gunners; and under Lieutenant Turnour, R.N., in charge of the artillery, they have had constant drill and training, and are now ready and steady for field service, and were in the action of the 26th December.

Lieutenant Grant, R.N., in charge of the Naval

skirmishers, Lieutenant Turnour, R.N., in charge of the artillery, Lieutenant Radcliffe, R.N., in charge of the Naval column, and all the officers of the Naval Brigade, and those attached to the Goorkha regiments, zealously exerted themselves, and afforded me every assistance.

Lieutenant Pym, commanding the Royal Marines, especially, did good service with the Minie Rifles, and the orders I sent him were at once understood, and promptly acted on, while skirmishing.

Captains Weston, 36th Regiment Native Infantry, and Brooks, 1st Regiment Light Cavalry, respectively in military charge of the Ramdull and Gorucknath Goorkha Regiments, afforded me every aid in the management of those regiments; and Lieutenant Burlton, 40th Regiment Native Infantry, in charge of the Sikhs; and were ever ready for any duty and service ordered.

Captain Morgan, 22nd Regiment Native Infantry, Field Force Staff, the Honourable Mr. Montague, R.N., my acting aide-de-camp, and Mr. Lynch, Deputy Magistrate of S-wan, as also Mr. Nicholson, who acted as my aide-de-camp, afforded me every assistance in the field, and during the entire day.

Mr. Nicholson's son, Mr. Kenneth Nicholson, to whom I gave the charge of the rear guard company, baggage and camp followers, rendered me very useful service.

Major Captain Sree Bhuggut Khanka, commanding Ramdull Regiment, Captain Dercedass Opudiah, Ramduli Regiment, Captain Koolpurshad Sing Bushnial, commanding Gorucknath Regiment, and all the officers of the two Goorkha Regiments, were anxious and ready to render good service, and the men of both regiments were steady and willing in the field, and kept well to the front, with the European force.

I respectfully beg to recommend Captain Sotheby, Royal Navy, of Her Majesty's steam frigate Pearl, and all the civil, military, and naval officers, to the favourable notice of the Right Honourable the Governor-General.

I have reports that the rebels left their gun, which played on our left, behind them in some well or jungle at Sohunpore, and also the two guns, they are said to have crossed over the river, somewhere hidden beyond Selimpore. The rebels will feel the want of their guns and ordnance stores at Goruckpore, as they are said to be in want of ammunition.

On the evening of the 26th, I despatched a messenger to Myrwa, to move on the camp and baggage, which was carefully brought on to this place at 4 P.M. yesterday, under Lieutenant Hamilton, 8th Regiment Native Infantry, doing duty with the Naval Brigade.

I have ordered a bridge of boats to be got ready to cross the river to-morrow, to facilitate the movement over of the numerous hackeries, the only carriage we have, to be ready to move and act according to reports brought in, and probable orders from Brigadier-General MacGregor to co-operate with the Maharajah's Nepaulese army.

A few sepoys and rebels were brought in prisoners, during yesterday. They will be duly and speedily disposed of. Proclamations have been sent out to the villagers to capture all rebels, and offering rewards.

I have, &c.,
H. ROWCROFT, Colonel,
Commanding Sarun Field Force.

P.S.—A list of ordnance stores captured, and a memorandum of casualties is attached.

No. 3.

List of Ordnance Stores Captured on the 26th of December, 1857, at Mujhowlee.

1 6-pounder large iron gun, with limber complete, and
2 spare ammunition waggons, containing 8 cwt. of powder.
132 round shot.
186 charges.
32 cases of jagged canister.
160 port-fires.
And a large quantity of Langridge shot and musket balls, all in good serviceable order. Also one gun, supposed to be thrown down a well.

H. ROWCROFT, Colonel,
Commanding Sarun Field Force.

No. 4.

Memorandum of Casualties which occurred in the Action at Saunpore, on the 26th December, 1857.

RAMDULL REGIMENT—GOORKHAS.

9th Company—Subadar Hino Karna Busthuyat, severely wounded, incised wound of thigh.

GURRUCKNATH REGIMENT—GOORKHAS.

3rd Company—Havildar Birman Sing, slightly wounded, contusion of right knee.
2nd Company—Private Durna Ram, slightly wounded, contused wound of right side.

BENGAL POLICE BATTALION—SEIKHS.

Private Humra Jumra, slightly wounded, incised wound of left thumb.

Total wounded 4.

ARCHD. H. HILSON, M. D.
Assistant-Surgeon in Medical Charge,
Ramdull Regiment—Goorkhas.

H. ROWCROFT, Colonel,
Commanding Sarun Field Force.

No. 5.

The Assistant Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to the Government of India.

Military Department,
Head-Quarters, Camp, Futtehgurh,
January 23, 1858.

SIR, No. 32A.

BY direction of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, I have the honour to enclose, for the information of the Governor-General in Council, the accompanying copy of a report from Captain H. Boisragon, detailing the particulars of a very successful attack made upon certain insurgents at Khunkul, in the Saharunpore district.

I have, &c.,
D. W. STEWART, Captain,
Assistant-Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 6.

Captain H. Boisragon, District Staff Officer, to Lieutenant-Colonel R. Baird Smith, Commanding Districts of Saharunpore and Mozuffurnugger at Roorkie.

SIR, *Camp, Myapore, January* 11, 1858.

I HAVE the honour to acquaint you that, from 2 to 7 P.M., on the 8th instant, reports came into Roorkie, from all parts of the district, that a large force (headed by the Nawab of Nujjeehabad) of the enemy had crossed the river Ganges, fallen upon the towns of Kunkul, Jawalapore, and Hurdwar; destroyed the Government property at Myapore; seized upon the horses of the cavalry picquet; taken prisoner and carried off Mr. Dubrass, the telegraph signaller; proclaimed these districts as having been conquered by the aforesaid Nawab; and the last petition from the Thanadar of Jawa-

lapore to the Tessildar of Roorkie was to the effect that the advance guard of the enemy had got as far as Bhudurabad, and that they were about to march on Roorkie. I was therefore directed by Captain Reed, commanding at Roorkie, to request Lieutenant Boisragon, commanding at Munglour, to proceed immediately with a portion of his detachment* towards Myapore; this order he received at about half-past 8 P.M., on the 8th instant, and at 9 A.M. the next morning his detachment had reached Myapore, a distance of 24 miles, across, to say the least, a very indifferent roadway for guns. This proves what can be done by good and willing soldiers, and I am certain that the above circumstance will afford you satisfaction.

Immediately on my arrival here, at 8 A.M., on the 9th instant, I proceeded (accompanied by Captain H. Drummond, Engineers: Lieutenant Thomason, Engineers; and Mr. Melville, of the Civil Service, with three or four sowars) in quest of the position of the enemy. After patrolling down the bank for two or three miles, we suddenly came upon their encampment, pitched within a few feet of the water, opposite to the ford of Unjinie (a distance of about three miles in direct line from Kunkul), but, owing to the nature of the country, we could not see more than a few yards from the bank. I perceived, however, that they were in considerable force (I should say about 500 men), and from the fact of their having fired a three or six-pounder at us, we ascertained of their being in possession of guns; having gained all the necessary information, we leisurely retired under a very slight discharge of musketry. The only damage done at this place (but nowhere else) is

* 50 Ghoorkas, 50 Sikhs, and two 6-pounder guns, under Lieutenant St. George, of Artillery.

the destruction of the Government bungalow (built by Sir P. Cautley), and the chowkie of the cavalry picquet by fire, and the carrying off of the aforesaid signaller, Moolla Mehistu of the canal works, five sowars with their horses, and a dozen bildars; the telegraph wire was also cut, and a portion of it carried away, but this was immediately rectified by establishing an office at Jowalapore.

Yesterday, about 2 P.M., information was brought me by Shewpersad, native agent, belonging to the canal department (whom I beg to recommend very favourably to you, as he was the only man who brought any intimation), that the enemy were crossing in a very large force with guns, and that a g eat number of them had established themselves on the south of Kunkul, which they were about to enter. I immediately made the following preparation :—A guard* was left for the protection of the camp, under Mr. Phillips of the canal department, whom I instructed also to watch the ford and down opposite the Myapore Bridge, and give me immediate information if the enemy endeavoured to turn my left; and, with the rest of the detachment, I marched straight through the main street of Kunkul, and arrived at its south side just in time to prevent their effecting an entrance into it. The following was the disposition of the detachment—the Nussuree battalion and Sikhs, under Lieutenant F. Boisragon (with the latter men Mr. Melville of the Civil Service kindly volunteered his services); the guns under Lieutenant St. George, of the Artillery. Lieutenant Thomason, Engineers, at my requisition, very kindly took charge of the cavalry. Captain H. Drummond, Engineers, was watching

* 8 Ghoorkas, 8 Sikhs, and 5 sowars of 1st Punjaub Cavalry.

the movements of the enemy from the dam, which (at my request) he opened at a most opportune moment, effectually cutting off their retreat, but which at the same time prevented our following them up. Before the firing commenced, Captain Drummond joined, and continued with me during the whole of the affair, and I am much indebted to him for his excellent advice.

Before the affair commenced, I was compelled to detach cavalry and infantry in several quarters, to prevent the enemy from getting to my right, left, or rear; besides, I had to advance very cautiously, as, from very good information, I learnt that the towns of Hurdwar, Kunkul, and Jawalapore, were in collusion with the rebels; I therefore commenced the fight with the numbers as per margin.* I forward a plan of the ground (drawn out by Captain Drummond) which will give you an idea of what was done.

It was evidently the object of the enemy to reach Jawalapore. I therefore threw myself between it and Kunkul; the guns were posted between that town and a large native building. Lieutenant T. Boisragon charged with his Ghoorkas; took them in flank, and drove them into the river, whilst the Seiks charged in front into their position amidst the tombstones, which was carried in a few seconds, whilst the guns (on our left flank) poured grape into the enemy as they retreated across the river; several of the officers killed men with their own weapons, and the nephew, I believe, of the Nawab was shot dead by Lieutenant T. Boisragon, and I am given to understand that the Nawab himself was wounded by some one of our party. The affair lasted about half an hour; the cavalry led by Lieutenant

* 8 Europeans, 30 Ghoorkas, 30 Seikhs, 2 guns, and 16 men of the 3rd Punjab Cavalry.

Thomason and Mr. Melville cut up the enemy, who took down our right bank. I should say the enemy were 1000 strong, (they also had 2 guns), of which, killed, wounded, and drowned, they must have lost certainly 100. We obtained a quantity of swords, muskets, and other native weapons, also some ammunition. Our guns were capitally served under the superintendence of Lieutenant St. George, of Artillery. I am glad to report that we had not a single man wounded.

Where, every officer and man (European and Native) performed his duty well and cheerfully, it would be invidious, nay, impossible, to particularize. I am indebted to one and all, and I trust you will be pleased and express your approbation of their conduct.

I forgot to state before that, at Roorkie, Lieutenant T. Boisragon's party was increased by 10 Europeans from the Thomason College, and there was a further increase of 20 men of the 1st Punjab Cavalry at Kunkul.

We have also taken 15 horses.

No. 7.

Major-General Sir J. B. Hearsey, K.C.B., to the Adjutant-General of the Army, Calcutta.

Head Quarters, Residency Division, Barrackpore, January 25, 1858.

Sir, (No. 9.)

IN continuation of my letter to your address, No. 1, dated the 6th instant, I have the honour to transmit, for submission to the government of India and his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, a despatch, in original, from the Officiating Commandant Sylhet Light Infantry Battalion, dated the 13th instant, reporting the particulars of an engagement he had fought on the preceding day

with the remaining mutineers of the 34th Native Infantry, in which the latter would appear to have sustained considerable loss and been driven into the heavy jungles.

2. Captain Stevens reports the spirited conduct of Lieutenants Ross and Buist, commanding separate detachments, as well as of the valuable assistance he received from Dr. Shircore, his medical officer, and superintending the intelligence department.

3. Captain Stevens likewise highly commends the behaviour of all the native commissioned, non-commissioned officers and Sepoys who composed the force under his command.

4. I beg leave to recommend the excellent conduct of all ranks to the favourable notice of Government and the Commander-in-Chief.

I have, &c.,
J. B. HEARSEY, Major-General,
Commanding Residency Division.

No. 8.

Captain Stevens to Major A. H. Ross, Assistant Adjutant-General, Residency Division, Barrackpore.

Camp Buniakandy, left bank River Barati, opposite Luckipore, January 13, 1858.

SIR,

I DO myself the honour to report, for the information of Major-General Sir J. B. Hearsey, K.C.B., Commanding the Residency Division, that the 34th mutineers were attacked and dispersed by the force under my command, yesterday, the 12th instant, with a loss of 17 killed, 3 shot dead by drum-head court-martial, and several wounded; the loss on my side being 2 killed and 1 wounded. I would beg to state, at the commencement of the

action, the battalion under my command was separated into three detachments, respectively, under command of myself, Lieutenant Ross, and Lieutenant Büist. I was encamped at Luckipore, on the north bank of the river Barah; Lieutenant Ross had just returned after a long and tedious night march from detached duty at Tenee, when I immediately ordered him to the south bank. Lieutenant Buist had previously left with 50 men (proceeding along the north bank) to strengthen the detachment at Cachar; and, after proceeding a little distance, his rear guard was fired on from across the river; intimation had thus reached me of the position of the mutineers, who were posted in several villages on the south side of the river, numbering 100 men, and who had been joined by several Munipoorie Punies with their followers, intending to cross over to Luckipore, plunder that place, be joined by several others and march on to Munipore. Such was their intention, but I am glad to say their object was most signally defeated. Lieutenant Ross's detachment, immediately on crossing, marched up to where they were in position, myself crossing with my men almost opposite them. Lieutenant Ross commenced attacking them in a most spirited manner; shortly the whole force was engaged, and they were driven, after a spirited action of one hour and a half, from their position, and dispersing, took refuge in the jungles. I immediately ordered a pursuit in several directions, but such was the nature of the ground, &c., we did not come across any of them. This affair seems to have had a most signal effect; it has been the means of completely cowing the Munipoories, who have, I am told, left the mutineers to their fate. Whether the latter will again concentrate, remains to be seen.

2. I would beg especially to bring to the notice of the Major-General the conduct of Lieutenants

Ross and Buist; of the former officer especially, who was first engaged with the mutineers.

3. It also affords me infinite pleasure in stating the conduct of all ranks was all I could wish; but one spirit pervades the whole body.

4. I am also much indebted to Assistant-Surgeon Shirsore, attached to my force as Medical Officer and Superintendent Intelligence Department. This officer was foremost in the action and greatly assisted me.

I have, &c.,
J. H. STEVENS, Captain,
Officiating Commandant Sylhet
Light Infantry Battalion.

No. 9.

The Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department.

Calcutta, January 29, 1858.

Sir, (No. 250.)

I HAVE the honour to forward, for the information of the Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council, copy of a letter from Major-General Sir J. B. Hearsey, K.C.B., commanding the Presidency Division, No. 1, of the 6th instant, with its inclosures, reporting the particulars of an action fought at the village of Latoo by a detachment of the Sylhet Light Infantry, under command of Lieutenant Sherer, the Adjutant, with the mutineers of the 34th Native Infantry, and to express the Commander-in-Chief's approval of the conduct of all concerned in this spirited affair.

I have, &c.,
W. MAYHEW, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 10.

Major-General Sir J. B. Hearsey, K.C.B., commanding the Presidency Division, to the Adjutant-General of the Army.

Barrackpore, January 6, 1858.

Sir, (No. 1.)

I HAVE the honour to forward herewith, for submission to the Government of India and his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, the accompanying copy of an official despatch from Lieutenant Sherer, Adjutant, and commanding the head-quarters of the Sylhet Light Infantry in the field, dated the 19th ultimo, reporting the particulars of an engagement fought on the previous day by a detachment of that battalion with the 3 companies of the 34th Regiment Native Infantry, which mutinied at Chittagong on the 18th November last, and which action ended in the total defeat and rout of the rebels.

2. I beg leave to express my high satisfaction with the great exertions made by all ranks of this small detachment to come up with, and attack, these mutineers; also with their gallantry and good conduct during the combat, and I would particularly instance Jemadar Gunga Ram Bist, as one who has greatly distinguished himself for zeal, courage, and fidelity to the State.

3. It likewise affords me much pleasure to bring under the favourable notice of Government the bold and spirited behaviour of Mr. Dodd, the Executive Engineer, who volunteered his valuable services in the Intelligence Department, and of Lieutenant Sherer, who succeeded to the command of the detachment on the lamented decease of Major the Hon. Robert Palmer Byng, who nobly fell in the gallant discharge of his public duty.

No. 11.

Lieutenant J. T. Sherer, Adjutant and Commanding Head-Quarters Sylhet Light Infantry in the Field, to W. J. Allen, Esq., Officiating Member of the Board of Revenue, on Deputation, Sylhet.

SIR, *Latoo, December* 19, 1857.

OWING to the lamented decease of Major the Honourable R. Byng, late Commandant of this regiment, the duty has devolved upon me of reporting to you, for the information of Government, the particulars of a very sharp and spirited action that took place here at 7 A.M. yesterday morning, between the detachment under my command and the three mutineer companies of the 34th Native Infantry, ending in the total defeat and rout of the rebels.

Before entering into details, I would take the liberty of giving a slight sketch of the movements of our detachment, from the time it quitted Sylhet on the morning of the 15th instant, up to 7 A.M. of the 18th instant.

Satisfactory information having been received that the mutineers were proceeding in the direction of Pertabgurh, the head-quarters of this regiment, marched out for that place on the morning of the 15th instant, numbering 213, of all ranks and grades, under command of the late Major the Honourable R. Byng, and accompanied by G. N. Dodd, Esquire, the Executive Engineer, who volunteered his valuable services in the Intelligence Department.

The distance of about eighty miles from Sylhet to Pertabgurh was accomplished by forced marches within thirty-six hours.

Very early on the morning of the 17th instant, Mr. G. N. Dodd rode a-head in the direction of Hinzazeo, to ascertain the exact route of the

rebels. About 3 P.M. he returned, stating that he had received authentic information that the mutineers had changed their direction, were skirting the western side of the hills, and expected to reach Latoo either that night or the following morning.

Upon receipt of this intelligence, orders were issued for the detachment to be ready at $5\frac{1}{2}$ P M. to make a forced march back upon Latoo.

The distance was about 28 miles through a most rugged tract of country, consisting of hills. dense jungle, and swamps.

The men, already tired from their previous forced marches, hailed the order with delight.

The march was a long, tedious, and most fatiguing one, more particularly as it was made during the night. Owing to the darkness and the denseness of the jungle, the main body of the column unfortunately missed its road about $2\frac{1}{2}$ A.M., and did not succeed in rejoining the leading portion until $4\frac{1}{2}$ A.M. Mr. G. N. Dodd had during the night again ridden a head to ascertain the exact movements of the rebels.

The morning of the 18th had but just dawned when our advancing column met Mr. Dodd about half a mile from the village of Latoo. He reported that the enemy had bivouacked the night before at a village about five miles distant, but were now en route to Latoo, and might be expected there in another hour. We immediately pushed on, and had hardly time to enter and form up in line in the Latoo Bazaar, when a Munipooree who had remained behind to watch the rebels by Mr. Dodd's order, reported that they were close at hand.

Our men at once loaded and prepared for action.

Owing to the Sepoys who had been left behind as rear-guard, we did not at this time muster more than 155 men, of whom one-half were Hindostanees,

the remainder being a mixed class of Goorkhas, Munipoorees, and Assamese.

The enemy were now observed advancing about 250 yards off, in good marching order and in column of sections, headed by their native officer on a pony.

Major the Honourable R. Byng directed me to advance with one company, consisting of twenty file of men a second company was directed to support my movements, while the Major brought up the two reserve companies, with the colours.

I immediately took up a position with my company about fifty yards outside the village, behind a belt of jungle close to the road, and out of view of the rebels.

When the enemy had advanced to within 80 yards, I drew my men to the front, and was received by a volley of musketry, which luckily did no harm. I immediately replied to the fire, and charged the rebels at once at the point of the bayonet, most ably supported by the 2nd Company, headed by Mr. G. N. Dodd.

The promptness of the charge staggered the rebels; they broke and fled in disorder into some dense jungle on our left; upon this I changed my front, and drove them right through the jungle, from hillock to hillock, again most ably supported by the 2nd Company, headed by Mr. Dodd; after advancing about 50 yards, as the jungle was getting more dense at each step, I halted, placing my men under cover, as I did not deem it advisable to proceed further, the enemy having succeeded in taking up a very strong position on a hill about 80 yards to my front.

The above did not occupy above five minutes, nor had the rear column, under our respected and lamented Commandant, been idle, but had kept up a very sharp and galling flanking fire on the rebels when they first became disordered.

I had but just taken up my advanced position in the jungle, when the Major came up with the colours and the reserve. He stood in a most conspicuous spot, right in the line of fire of the enemy, cheering our gallant little band, when a shot struck him in the groin, and he died within the next five minutes.

The enemy must have seen him fall from their elevated and commanding position, for they at once set up a shout of triumph, and their fire became much more brisk and galling.

They also now did their best to induce our men to swerve from their allegiance, calling on them by the ties of caste, brotherhood, and religion, to come over and join them as it was a common cause,—that the Government were going to force the Hindoos to eat beef and the Mussulman pork, and destroy their caste.

The above was repeated over and over again, but ineffectually; not a man stirred, but replied by a steady continuous fire.

The conduct of all grades, and especially the Hindoostanees, at this trying period cannot be overvalued. They vied with each other in doing their utmost to show that there were still some good and loyal servants left, who would never basely and treacherously desert and abandon the colours they had sworn to protect.

After a continuous firing had been kept up for a good hour and a half, we succeeded, I am proud to be able to add, in dislodging the rebels from their commanding position.

They retired in great confusion on the loss of their senior native officer, who was shot through the head, and carrying off as many of their wounded as they could with them, made off towards the south, right through the dense jungle as fast as they could. Owing to the worn-out and fatigued state of my men, I was quite unable to follow up and pursue them.

We counted 26 of their bodies left dead on the field. I succeeded in capturing about 2,300 rupees in cash, 18 stands of arms and accoutrements, besides a large quantity of brass cooking pots, &c., &c.

During the afternoon a rebel havildar, by name Ram Deen, was found concealed in the neighbouring jungle and brought in. I immediately tried him by Drum-Head Court Martial, and shot him on the spot. The Hindostanees of my detachment crowded round me, and on my asking them if that was the death a mutineer deserved, every man, with his hand upon his heart, exclaimed "Yes! and may the same just fate await us if we ever betray our trust and forsake our colours."

In the above lengthy and, I fear, imperfect manner, I have hurriedly endeavoured to describe all particulars as they occurred, and such as they are. I trust they will be graciously received. In conclusion, I cannot but express my earnest heartfelt gratification at the entire tone and bearing of one and all the men during the above action.

Under most trying and difficult circumstances, they nobly vied with each other in doing their duty, and the result will be marked by the effect this decisive blow will have on the remaining body of rebels, who I hear are sadly discomfited, and having thrown away or lost all their baggage, are seeking safety in flight alone.

I would beg to take this opportunity of bringing the valuable services of Mr. G. N. Dodd to special and prominent notice.

It was entirely owing to the untiring energy, zeal and unsurpassed activity shown by this gentleman that the Government are indebted for our good fortune in meeting the rebels as we did.

His services were equally marked throughout the action; his personal bravery and daring were the theme and admiration of all the men.

Assistant-Surgeon T. Dillon afforded all the aid

and attention in his power to the sick and wounded, and was constantly exposed to the hottest parts of the fire.

I beg further to bring to notice the gallant conduct of Jemadar Gung Ram Bist.

This native officer was conspicuous throughout the fight in directing the fire of our men to the points where it would prove most effectual, pointing out positions to our men as they fired off his shoulder, he himself having the gratification subsequently of shooting the senior subadar of the rebels through the head, which tended in no little measure to hasten the result of the action; lastly, I would touch upon the sincere unalloyed sympathy depicted on the countenances of all the men, when our respected and much loved Commandant received his death wound. They felt as they themselves told me, that in losing him they had not only lost a good, kind, though strict Commanding Officer, but also their friend and protector, one who ever had a ready willing ear to listen to all their wants and desires.

In truth I feel I cannot do sufficient justice to these men for their noble conduct throughout, under peculiarly trying and harassing circumstances.

The Hindoostanee sepoys crowded round me this morning, saying they hoped that any suspicion, however slight, we may have entertained in our minds regarding the conduct they themselves would pursue in consequence of the dark foul deeds committed by their brethren in the north-west, would be now fully and effectually erased, after the indubitable proof they had given of their own loyalty and fealty to the state.

No. 12.

Return of the Casualties in the Sylhet Light Infantry, after the action with the 34th Native Infantry Mutineers at Latoo, on the 18th of December.

Camp Latoo, December 19, 1857.

Killed—1 field officer, commanding regiment; 3 sepoys; 1 bugler.
Wounded—2 sepoys.

Grand total 7.

J. T. SHERER, Lieutenant,
Adjutant Commanding Head Quarters,
Sylhet Light Infantry in the field.

No. 13.

Camp Allahabad, February 15, 1858.

No. 41 of 1858.

NOTIFICATION.

THE Right Honourable the Governor-General has much satisfaction in publishing the following report of the defeat of a large body of the rebels by a division of the Goorkha Force, at Shahgunge, on the 5th instant.

To Brigadiers Run Sing and Jodabeer Adhikaree, and all the officers and men of the division, and to Captain Plowden, and the other British officers, who were present, the Right Honourable the Governor-General offers his cordial acknowledgments of their praiseworthy conduct on this occasion.

By order, &c.,
G. T. EDMONSTONE,
Secretary to the Government of India,
with the Governor-General.

No. 14.

Brigadier-General G. H. Macgregor, C.B., Military Commissioner, to the Secretary to the Government of India.

Foreign Department, Allahabad, Camp Goruckpore, February 7, 1858.

SIR, No. 146.

IN continuation of my letter, No. 139, of the 5th instant, I have the honour to report for the information of the Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council, that, after pushing forward the 2nd Brigade to Belwa Bazar, in support of the leading one, as the enemy was showing a boldness and insolence likely to prove troublesome, Captain Plowden, whom I had entrusted with discretionary power, and whose advice the Maharajah had directed his officers to follow, resolved to move out and attack the enemy at Shahgunge.

2. I have the honour to enclose Captain Plowden's account of the very creditable affair which ensued, and which his Lordship in Council will observe was successful, but not decisive, as far as the destruction of the enemy's force or the capture of his guns was concerned, owing to our want of Cavalry and the inability of the Goorkhas to overtake the flying enemy. It is to be hoped, however, that the lesson given the enemy, despite his superiority of numbers, may break up the motley force which threatened the Goruckpore district on the advance of the Maharajah into Oude.

3. I would call the particular attention of his Lordship in Council to that part of Captain Plowden's despatch in which he makes honourable mention of the Goorkha Brigadiers Run Sing and Jodabeer Adhikaree, who displayed great coolness and courage, and a generous confidence in Captain

Plowden's advice. Also the zealous ability of the Nepalese Artillery officers, especially of Colonel Insdheer Singh, Major Jugbeer Kunwur, and Captains Indra Beer Lama and Maun Bahadoor. The effective way in which these officers handled their guns decided the day before the Infantry could close.

4. It is also my pleasing duty to bring to the notice of his Lordship in Council the services of Captain Plowden, whose plan of action was well conceived and ably carried out. He appears to have done all he could with the means at his disposal. Captains MacNeill and Holland, of the Artillery, and Lieutenants Forte and Cory, of the Infantry, and Messrs. Brereton and Forbes of the Civil Service, rendered good service, and merit my thanks.

I have, &c.,
G. H. MACGREGOR, Brigadier-General,
and Military Commander, Camp.

No. 15.

Captain Plowden to Captain MacAndrew, Secretary to the Military Commander.

Camp Belwa Ghat,
February 6, 1858.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of Brigadier-General MacGregor, C.B., particulars of an attack made upon the enemy yesterday by a Division of the Goorkha Force under my charge, and which, I am happy to say, resulted in the dispersion of his force, which amounted to not less than 10,000 men, with 8 or 10 guns.

The enemy having had the boldness to take up a position within three miles of our camp, and seize our camp followers, I deemed it necessary to attack him.

Having made the necessary arrangements for the protection of our camp, during our absence, I marched, yesterday morning, with the force named in the margin,* towards the enemy's position, at Shahgunge. On arriving within a mile of the latter place, I observed the enemy in great force occupying a space of two miles in length. I here gave directions for the force to deploy; five regiments in line, and one in either flank in reserve, in open column of companies, to provide against an attack from the right or left. Four guns were placed in the centre, and three on each flank; in this order we advanced for nearly half a mile, covered by skirmishers, the enemy simultaneously advanced to meet us, at the same time filing off in masses to our right and left, believing that he might possibly attack our flanks and rear. I halted the line, when he approached within 500 yards. Captain Macneill opened his battery on his right, with most accurate precision, the shells bursting immediately over the rebels, causing them at once to make a rapid retreat, and seek shelter in villages on their right and left; they were soon driven out of these by the well directed fire of the batteries under the superintendence of Captains Macneill and Holland—a shell from the former having set one of the villages on fire. After this the force continued its advance as far as the village of Shahgunge, driving the rebels before it, who retreated with such rapidity that they were in a short time out of gun range.

During the whole of our advance, we were threatened on both flanks by large bodies of sowars and infantry. Our left was within a short distance of the river, and opposite to the town of Adjoodeah, from which place preparations were

* 3 light field howitzers, 2 light field guns, Artillery 7 regiments Infantry; total aggregate of Force, 3,200.

making for reinforcing the rebels with guns and cavalry. Knowing this to be the case, I was obliged to be cautious in advancing, and the enemy was enabled to make off with his guns, which, however, during the latter part of the action, were never brought nearer to us than 1000 yards. In his retreat, the enemy abandoned the limber of a light field piece with ammunition, and which was brought into camp. I was much struck with the steady advance of our line over a most unfavourable country, having to pass a succession of villages, surrounded by fields in an advanced state of cultivation, which much impeded the rapidity of our progress. Our casualties were trifling—1 killed and 1 wounded, while that of the enemy was not less than 50; some of the killed and wounded they carried off. Amongst the latter was Banie Sing, one of their chiefs. In conclusion I have to record the services of Brigadier Run Sing and Jodebeer Adhikaree, who both displayed great coolness and courage and generous confidence in my advice. Captains Macneill and Holland have brought to my notice the deserving conduct of Colonel Insdheer Sing, Major Jugbeer Kunwur and Captains Indra Beer Lama und Maun Bahadoor of the artillery. I also beg to recognize the meritorious services of the several colonels, commanding the different infantry regiments, while the conduct of the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of all branches deserve their high reputation for courage, and merit the gracious approbation of his Highness the Maharajah. My best thanks are due to the European officers attached to this force, for the support I received from one and all in the field. I beg to mention for favourable notice, Captain Macneill, who had charge of the artillery, Captain Holland in charge of Brigadier Jodebeer Adhikaree's Brigade, and who also superintended

the battery on the left. The precision with which the guns were fired elicited the admiration of all. My special thanks are due to Lieutenant Forte, who, besides attending to the duties of Run Sing's Brigade, displayed great activity during the day, and afforded me much assistance in conveying messages.

Lieutanant Cory also did good service with the brigade to which he was attached.

Surgeons McClelland and Chalmers and Assistant-Surgeon Gee accompanied the force.

I cannot conclude without offering my best thanks to Messrs. Brereton and Forbes of the Civil Service, who accompanied me in the field and rendered valuable assistance. The former with his sowars reconnoitred in every direction where danger was apprehended, and brought me information of the approach of the enemy on our flanks. Mr. Forbes was active in conveying messages. Mr. Brereton's sowars have done excellent service, having been employed night and day in patrolling and watching the ghats, and have been constantly under fire.

Annexed is the report from Captain Macneill in charge of the artillery attached to this division.

I have, &c.,

A. C. PLOWDEN, Captain, in Military Charge of a Division of the Goorkha Force.

No. 16.

Captain Macneill to Captain A. Plowden, in Military Charge of a Division of the Goorkha Force.

SIR, *Camp Belwa, February* 6, 1858.

1. I HAVE the honour to submit, for your consideration, the following details of the part taken in the affair of yesterday, by the Nepalese Batteries attached to this division of the Goorkha Force.

2. In conformity with your plan of attack. submitted on the night of the 4th instant for the approval of Brigadier Run Singh, and so successfully carried out on the following morning, I beg to state that, 2 guns having been left behind for the protection of the camp, the remaining 10 accompanied your force, of which a battery of 3 guns were posted in advance of each wing of the infantry line, while a battery of 4 guns covered the advance of the centre.

3. By this disposition, both our flanks were secured from the attempt of a numerous cavalry to gain our rear, while a very heavy converging fire was available to break the enemy's centre.

4. Our guns first opened fire at a distance of about 4 or 500 yards, but the rapid retreat of the rebels only permitted them in a second advance to come into action, when about 800 or 900 yards distant from their opponents.

5. I observed with great satisfaction the precision and effect of the fire of the Nepalese Artillery, as also the zealous ability of their officers, especially of Colonel Insdheer Sing, Major Jugbeer Kunwur, and Captain Indra Beer Lama and Maun Bahadoor.

I have, &c.,
D. MACNEILL, Captain, Bengal Artillery.

St. James's Palace, April 1, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Edward Stanley, Esq., F.R.S., to be Surgeon-Extraordinary to Her Majesty.

St. James's Palace, April 1, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint James Paget, Esq., F.R.S., to be Surgeon-Extraordinary to Her Majesty.

War-Office, April 1, 1858.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Frederick Waymouth Gibbs, Esq., Preceptor to His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, to be an Ordinary Member of the Civil Division of the Third Class, or Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

Foreign-Office, March 24, 1858.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Gregorio Luigi Marc, Esq., to be Her Majesty's Consul for the Island of Samos.

Foreign-Office, March 31, 1858.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Sir John Fiennes Crampton, K.C.B., now Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the King of Hanover, to be Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Emperor of all the Russias.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint Andrew Buchanan, Esq., C.B., now Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the King of Denmark, to be Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Queen of Spain.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint George John Robert Gordon, Esq., now Her Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary to the Swiss Confederation, to be Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the King of Hanover.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint Captain the Honourable Edward Alfred John Harris, R.N., late Her Majesty's Chargé

d'Affaires to the Republic of Chile, to be Her Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary to the Swiss Confederation.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint the Honourable Henry George Howard, now Secretary to Her Majesty's Embassy at Paris, to be Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Grand Duke of Tuscany.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint the Honourable Henry George Elliot, now Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at Vienna, to be Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the King of Denmark.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint Lord Augustus William Frederick Spencer Loftus, now Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at Berlin, to be Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Emperor of Austria.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint Viscount Chelsea to be Secretary to Her Majesty's Embassy at Paris.

Foreign-Office, April 1, 1858.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Frederick Doveton Orme, Esq., now Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at Copenhagen, to be Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires and Consul-General to the Republic of Bolivia.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint the Honourable Julian Henry Charles Fane, now Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at St. Petersburgh, to be Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at Vienna.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint William Lowther, Esq., Secretary to Her

Majesty's late Legation at Naples, to be Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at St. Petersburgh.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint Augustus Berkeley Paget, Esq., now Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at Lisbon, to be Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at Berlin.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint Edward Herries, Esq., now Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at Berne, to be Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at Lisbon.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint Joseph Hume Burnley, Esq., now First Paid Attaché to Her Majesty's Legation at St. Petersburgh, to be Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at Berne.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint William Campbell Manley, Esq., now Paid Attaché, to Her Majesty's Legation at Athens, to be Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at Copenhagen.

NOTICE.

Foreign-Office, March 31, 1858.

A despatch has been received by the Earl of Malmesbury, Her Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, from Earl Cowley, Her Majesty's Ambassador at Paris, stating that the competent authorities will be authorized for the future, as heretofore, to furnish to British subjects, resident in France, Passports to travel in the interior of the French territories; and also in cases of urgent necessity to grant Passports to British subjects to return to England.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Somerset.

North Somerset Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry.

William Melliar Foster-Melliar, Gent., to be

Cornet, vice Smith, promoted. Dated 29th March, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kent.

East Kent Regiment of Militia.

Hamilton Campbell Gill, Gent., late West Essex Militia, to be Ensign, vice Knatchbull, promoted. Dated 29th March, 1858.

Samuel Lang, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Bury, resigned. Dated 30th March, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lancaster.

Royal Lancashire Militia Artillery Regiment.

Francis Maurice Drummond Davies, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant, vice Williams, appointed to the 5th Regiment of Foot. Dated 22nd March, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Surrey.

3rd Regiment of Royal Surrey Militia.

Henry Chandos Rivers, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 27th March, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northampton.

Northamptonshire Militia.

Richard Carr, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 30th March, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northampton.

Northamptonshire Militia.

William Croome, Gent., to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Hampden Henley Maclean, resigned. Dated 22nd March, 1858.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 2,

1858.

ORDER OF THE MEDJIDIE.

Whitehall, April 3, 1858.

THE Queen has been pleased to give and grant unto the undermentioned Officers Her Majesty's Royal license and permission that they may accept and wear the insignia of the several Classes of the Imperial Order of the Medjidie attached to their respective names, which His Imperial Majesty the Sultan hath pleased to confer upon them as a mark of His Majesty's approbation of their distinguished services before the enemy during the late War, and that they may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto belonging, viz. :—

Officers of the British Navy and Marines.

2nd Class.

Rear-Admirals the Honourable Sir Montagu Stopford, K.C.B.
Sir Stephen Lushington, K.C.B.
the Honourable Sir Henry Keppel, K.C.B.

3rd Class.

Rear Admirals Frederic Thomas Michell, C.B.
Thomas Wren Carter, C.B.
Henry Francis Greville, C.B.
Lord George Paulet, C.B.
Lord Edward Russell, C.B.

Captains Sydney Colpoys Dacres, C.B.
Lewis Tobias Jones, C.B.
Thomas Matthew Charles Symonds, C.B.
Charles Eden, C.B.
George St. Vincent King, C.B.
The Honourable George Fowler Hastings, C.B.
The Honourable Swynfen Thomas Carnegie, C.B.
The Honourable James Robert Drummond, C.B.
William Loring, C.B.
John Moore, C.B.
James Johnstone M'Cleverty, C.B.
William Peel, K.C B.
William Moorsom, C.B.
William Robert Mends, C.B.

Colonel Thomas Hurdle, C.B., Royal Marines.

4th Class.

Rear-Admirals Charles Talbot
Sir Thomas Sabine Pasley, Bart.
Lord Clarence Edward Paget, C.B.

Captains George Goldsmith, C.B.
Claude Henry Mason Buckle, C.B.
Sir George Nathaniel Broke, Bart., C.B.
George Giffard, C.B.
Harry Edmund Edgell
Cospatrick Baillie Hamilton
Alfred Phillips Ryder
John Charles Dalrymple Hay

Captains James Willcox, C.B.
Thomas Saumarez Brock, C.B.
Charles Farrel Hillyar
Edward Augustus Inglefield
Arthur Parry Eardley Wilmot, C.B.
John Bourmaster Dickson
William Houston Stewart, C.B.
Edward Tatham
John James Bartholomew Edward Frere.
William Farquharson Burnett, C.B.
Leopold George Heath, C.B.
Henry Downing Rogers, C.B.
Henry Schank Hillyar, C.B.
Lord John Hay, C.B.
Thomas Abel Bremage Spratt, C.B.
Richard Ashmore Powell, C.B.
Robert Hall
Sherard Osborn, C.B.
George Granville Randolph

Medical Inspector of Hospitals and Fleets, Mr. David Deas, C.B.

Brevet-Colonel Thomas Holloway, Royal Marines
Lieutenant-Colonel Fielding Alexander Campbell, Royal Marines
Lieutenant-Colonel William Friend Hopkins, C.B. Royal Marines
Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel George Gardiner Alexander, C.B., Royal Marines

5TH CLASS.

Captains Augustus Frederick Kynaston, C.B.
Charles Joseph Frederick Ewart
Oliver John Jones
Octavius Cumberland
Rowley Lambert
John James Kennedy, C.B.

Captains Cowper Phipps Coles
George De Grey Bowyer
James Drew
Frederick Augustus Packenham Crawford
George Commerell Wilkes
William Rae Rolland
Edward Winterton Turnour
Frederick Augustus Maxse
Francis Henry Sharp
John Proctor Luce
Commanders Joseph Grant Bickford
John William Dorville
George Orway Popplewell
Wm. Everard Alphonso Gordon
Francis Marvan
Samuel H. Derriman
William Henry Bridge
Isaac Newton Thomas Sadler
Henry Lloyd
John Norris Norman
Charles Keats Jackson
William Luke Partridge
Richard William Courtenay
Arthur Wilmshurst
Edward George Hore
Charles Vesey
George Agar Ellis Ridge
William Montague Dowell
William Gore Jones
Henry William Hire
John Fane Charles Hamilton
Arthur William Acland Hood
Henry Carr Glyn
John Wallace Douglas M'Donald
George Twisleton Colvile
William Armytage
Henry Frederick M'Killop
John Francis Campbell Mackenzie

Commanders Richard Hawkins Risk
George William Towsey
William Horton
Thomas Malcolm Sabine Pasley
John Hay Crang
Arthur Lukis Mensell
Francis Pender Porteous
James Bull
Samuel Pritchard
Thomas Lovette Gaussen
Radulphus Bryce Oldfield
William Brabazon Urmston
John Edmund Commerell
Henry James Raby
John Halliday Cave
Joseph Henry Marryat
George Fiott Day
Hubert Campion
Cecil William Buckley
Charles Thomas Dench
Charles Bromley
Oswald Borland
Charles Murray Aynsley
Frank Keene Hawkins
Montagu Frederic O'Reilly
Edward Lacy
William Kynaston Jolliffe
John Francis Ross
Montagu Buccleuch Dunn
Frederick William Gough
William Cecil De Vere
John Clarke Byng
Augustus Chetham Strode
Charles Gerveys Grylls
Shute Barrington Piers
Joseph Edye
Edward Hardinge
Hugh Talbot Burgoyne

Commanders Alfred Mitchell
William Buller Elphinstone
Henry Wandesford Comber
His Serene Highness Prince Victor of Hohenlohe
Osborne William Dalyell
George Durbin
Arthur George Fitzroy
James William Vaughan
His Serene Highness Prince Ernest of Leiningen

Lieutenants James Simpson (*b*).
Thomas Anthony Swinburne
John Murray
Austin Bissell Hodgkinson
Thomas Hutchinson Mangles Martin
Francis Trevor Hamilton
Warren Hastings Anderson
George Willes Watson
William Henry Pym
James Dillon Curtis
Ralph Peter Cator
Thomas James Young
Charles Fairholme
Frederick George Charles Paget
Samuel Philip Townsend
The Honourable Maurice Horatio Nelson
Colin Andrew Campbell
Marcus Edmiston Smithett
William Henry Jones
Charles John Rowley
Francis Hewson
Charles Frederic Palmer
George Lydiard Sulivan
Sackville William Henniker Thompson
Gover Rose Miall

Lieutenants Algernon M'Lellan Lyons
Joseph Samuel Hudson
George Robinson Wilkinson
George Barnett Goolden
Edward Francis Kerby
Edward Hay
George Tryon
William Nathan Wright Hewett
John Guy Courtenay Evered
Horatio Lawrence Arthur Lennox Maitland
Henry Lowe Holder
Archibald St. Clair
Thomas Hooper
William Moriarty
Thomas Thelwall Bullock
William Derenzy Donaldson Selby
William Melancthon Sanctuary
Henry Wentworth Mist
Charles Cecil Mitchell
Philip Brock
Francis Grant Suttie
Joseph Edward Maitland Wilson
John Collier Tucker
Richard Charles Mayne
Andrew James Kennedy
George Parsons
Augustus Tabuteau
Henry Knox Leet
John Brasier Creagh
George Stanley Bosanquet
John Barker Barnett
Charles Dominique Jacques Odevaine
John Crawford Wilson
Edward Wolfe Brooker
James Edward Hunter
Robert Hepburn Swinton
Harry Crichton Lees

Lieutenants Harry Woodfall Brent
Francis Martin Norman
Neale Dottin Foveran Lillingston
Richard Ramsay Armstrong
John Robert Deane Cooper
Frederick William Hallowes
Edward Henry Wilkinson
Henry Vaughan
Ferdinand Henry Solly Flood
Henry Francis Hovenden
Gordon Cornwallis Sinclair
Albert Frederic Hurt
The Honourable John Brabazon Vivian
Alfred Eaton
The Honourable George Fitz Clarenee
Michael Culme Seymour
Edward Denny
Frederick de Veullé Sanders

Masters.

Mr. David Craigie
William Tricket Wheeler
Cornelius Thomas Augustus Noddall
William Thomas Mainprise
Richard Thomas
William Ellis (*b.*)
James George Hobbs Thain
William Henry Balliston
John William M'Intosh Hall
John Stokes
George Marsh
Alexander Fraser Boxer
Charles Parkinson
William George Aldrich
George David Perry

Second Master.

Mr. Adolphe Eugene Parkes

Mates.

Mr. Henry Baillie
George Frederick Cottam
St. Vincent David Lake
George Spotswood Peard
Charles Newton Streatfeild
Laurens Matthews Mallet
John Liddell

Acting Mates.

Mr. George Digby Morant
Francis Guerney Shaw
Henry Anthony Trollope
Arthur Edward Dupuis

Midshipmen.

Mr. Edward St. John Daniel
Frederick William Burgoyne Heron Maxwell Heron
Henry Evelyn Wood (late of Royal Navy)
Martin Tracy
Robert Dundas Ross Farquharson
Charles Augustus Hayward
Charles Stukeley Shuckburgh
The Honourable Victor Alexander Montagu

Engineers.

Mr. Thomas Baker
Charles Pemberton
Robert Nicoll
Robert Jago
Andrew Douglas

Secretaries.

Mr. David James Simpson
Frederick Cleeve
Arthur Jones

Deputy Medical Inspectors of Hospitals and Fleets.

Mr. John Rees
Charles Ritchie Kinnear, M.D.

Chaplains.

The Rev. Josiah Thompson
The Rev. James Stuart Robson

Surgeons.

Mr. John Munro, M.D.
William Graham, M.D.
John Stewart (*b*)
Charles Deane Steel
George Mackay, M.D.
Charles Robert Brien, M.D.
Robert Grahame, M.D.
Edward Nolloth, M.D.
Samuel William Webb
John Herbert Patterson
Hugh O'Hogan, M.D.
John Cockin
Daniel John Duigan, M.D.
William Duirs, M.D.
John Traill Urquhart Bremner
John Cotton, M.D.
George Mason, M.D.
Ahmuty Irwin
John Wallace
Mark Hamilton, M.D., B.A.
Allan Brown, M.D.

Assistant Surgeons.

Mr. Charles George Wolfenden
Edward M'Sorley
Gilbert Lennox King
William Sylvester Roche
William James Shone

Paymasters.

Mr. William Hamilton
John Colwell
William Pinhorn
Charles Augustus Thorne
Henry Smith Collins
William Henry Bateman
James Douglas Gilpin
John Retallick
William Warburton
Sydney Evelyn Wright
James Richard Greenway Brown
John Hill
Matless Gledhill Autey

Naval Instructor.

Mr. William Johnson

Royal Marines, and Royal Marine Artillery.

Lieutenant-Colonel George Elliott, Royal Marines
Brevet-Major Simon Fraser, Royal Marines
William Henry March, Royal Marines
Galway Byng Payne, Royal Marines
Captains Hayes Marriott, Royal Marines
Henry Timpson, Royal Marines
William Stratton Aslett, Royal Marines
Henry Atkins M'Callum, Royal Marines
Brevet-Major George Brydges Rodney, Royal Marines

Captains Charles William Adair, Royal Marines
David Blyth, Royal Marines
John Elliott, Royal Marines
Michael Spratt, Royal Marines
George Edward Owen Jackson, Royal Marines
Charles John Ellis, Royal Marines
William Sandom Davis, Royal Marine Artillery

Brevet-Major George Stephen Digby, C.B., Royal Marine Artillery

Captains Richard King Clavell Royal Marines,
Edmund Henry Cox, Royal Marine Artillery

First Lieutenants Henry Bradley Roberts, Royal Marine Artillery
Harrisson John Juli, Royal Marine Artillery
Archibald Alexander Douglas, Royal Marine Artillery
Joshua Rowland Brookes, Royal Marine Artillery
William Pitman, Royal Marine Artillery
Charles Jolliffe, Royal Marine Artillery
Nugent Macnamara, Royal Marine Artillery
Frederick Augustus Foster, Royal Marine Artillery
Edward M'Arthur, Royal Marine Artillery
George Gregory, Royal Marines
Henry George Elliot, Royal Marines
James Shute, Royal Marines.

First Lieutenants, Nicholas Bennet Dalby, Royal Marines
Embule Daysh Thelwall, Royal Marine Artillery
Edward FitzGerald Pritchard, Royal Marines
Charles William Carrington, Royal Marines
Edward Spry, Royal Marines,
John Frederick Hawkey Royal, Marines
Frederick George Pym, Royal Marines
Henry Fallowfield Cooper, Royal Marines
Ambrose Wolrige, Royal Marines
John Michael De Courcy Meade Royal Marines
George Oliver Evans, Royal Marines
William Tailor, Royal Marines
Richard John Hardy Douglas, Royal Marines
Francis Walton, Royal Marines
Frederick Herbert Ruel, Royal Marines
Jacob Richard Lloyd, Royal Marines
Frederick William Thomas, Royal Marines
Geoffrey Mairis, Royal Marines
Joseph George Schanks, Royal Marines
Charles James Dundas Napier, Royal Marines

Mr. Henry Suter, Principal First Class Interpreter in the Quartermaster-General's Department, and afterwards Chief Interpreter with the Army.

Mr. Charles Dickson, Interpreter to His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge.

Admiralty, April 3, 1858.

The Decorations for the Officers enumerated in the preceding list have not yet been received from Constantinople; due notice will hereafter be given when they are ready for distribution.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 6, 1858.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, April 5, 1858.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty will hold Drawing-Rooms at St. James's Palace, on the following days, at two o'clock:

Thursday the 22nd instant.
Thursday the 6th of May next.

THE QUEEN'S DRAWING ROOMS.

New Regulations

TO BE OBSERVED WITH REGARD TO THE QUEEN'S DRAWING-ROOMS, AT ST. JAMES'S PALACE,

Issued by Her Majesty's Command, February 6, 1858.

The Ladies, who propose to attend Her Ma-

jesty's Drawing-Rooms, at St. James's Palace, are requested to bring with them two large cards, with their names *clearly written* thereon, one to be left with The Queen's Page in Attendance in the Corridor, and the other to be delivered to the Lord Chamberlain, who will announce the name to The Queen.

Presentations.

Any Lady who proposes to be presented to the Queen must leave at the Lord Chamberlain's Office, *before twelve o'clock*, two clear days before the Drawing Room, a card with her name written thereon, and with the name of the Lady by whom she is to be presented. In order to carry out the existing regulation, that no presentation can be made at a Drawing Room excepting by a Lady actually attending that Court, it is also necessary that a letter from the Lady who is to make the presentation, stating it to be her intention to be present, should accompany the presentation card above referred to, which will be submitted to the Queen, for Her Majesty's approbation. It is Her Majesty's Command, that no Presentations shall be made at the Drawing Rooms, except in accordance with the above regulations.

It is particularly requested that in every case the names be *very distinctly written* upon the cards to be delivered to the Lord Chamberlain, in order that there may be no difficulty in announcing them to The Queen.

The state apartments will not be open for the reception of Company coming to Court, until half-past one o'clock.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, April 5, 1858.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty

will hold Levees at St. James's Palace on the following days, at two o'clock:

Wednesday the 14th instant.
Wednesday the 28th instant.

Foreign-Office, April 6, 1858.

It is hereby notified, that the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty have received a despatch from Rear-Admiral Sir M. Seymour, K.C.B., Commanding Her Majesty's Naval Forces at Canton, dated from on board Her Majesty's ship Calcutta, at Hong Kong, 14th February, 1858, in which he states that the Blockade of the Port and River of Canton was raised by the Allied Forces of Her Majesty, and of His Majesty the Emperor of the French, on the 10th February, 1858.

Whitehall, April 3, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto the Reverend William John Chesshyre, M.A., the place and dignity of a Canon of the Metropolitical Church of Canterbury, void by the cession of the Reverend Arthur Penrhyn Stanley.

Whitehall, April 5, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Adam Inch Ritchie to the church and parish of Fettercairn, in the presbytery of Fordoun, and county of Kincardine, vacant by the death of the Reverend Alexander Whyte.

Downing-Street, April 5, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint George Samuel Woodley Wattley, Esq., to be Colonial

Secretary for the Island of Nevis; Henry Nicholas D. Beyts, Esq., to be one of the District Magistrates for the Island of Mauritius, and Henry Von Schellebeck, Esq., to be one of the District Clerks for the Island.

Whitehall, April 5, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto James Banks, of Moor Court, in the parish of Pembridge, in the county of Hereford, Clerk, second son of Richard Banks, of Kington, in the said county, Gentleman, by Esther, his late wife, eldest daughter and co-heir of William Davies, of Talgarth, in the county of Brecon, Gentleman, deceased, and niece of James Davies, late of Moor Court aforesaid, Esquire, also deceased, Her royal licence and authority that he may, in compliance with a proviso contained in the last will and testament of the said James Davies, take and use the surname of Davies only:

And also to command that the said royal concession and declaration be registered in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,
6th April, 1858.

16*th Regiment of Foot.*

General Sackville Hamilton Berkeley, from the 75th Foot, to be Colonel, vice Major-General Cecil Bisshopp, C.B., deceased. Dated 22nd March, 1858.

75*th Regiment of Foot.*

Major-General St. John Augustus Clerke to be Colonel, vice General Berkeley, removed to the 16th Foot. Dated 22nd March, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Wilts.

William Arthur Heathcote, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 24th March, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lancaster.

4th or Duke of Lancaster's Own (Light Infantry) Regiment of Royal Lancashire Militia.

Ensign Edwin Rickard Lloyd to be Lieutenant, vice John Robert Leigh, resigned. Dated 30th March, 1858.

Henry Edward Butler, Gent., to be Ensign, vice James Hardcastle, resigned. Dated 30th March, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Warwick.

Warwickshire Militia.

2nd Regiment.

George Dixwell Grimes, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Charles Atty, promoted. Dated 29th March, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Norfolk

1st or Western Regiment of Norfolk Militia.

Ensign William Herring to be Lieutenant, vice Tegart, resigned. Dated 30th March, 1858.

2nd or Eastern Regiment of Norfolk Militia.

James William Crow, Gent., to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice William Jay, appointed to Her Majesty's Regular Forces. Dated 30th March, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the West Riding of the County of York *and of the City and County of the City of* York.

5th Regiment of West York Militia.

Samuel Humby, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 15th March, 1858.

William Waddington, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 22nd March, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Leicester.

Prince Albert's Own Leicestershire Volunteer Cavalry.

Cornet Hugh Stratford Stratford to be Captain Lieutenant, vice Brooks, resigned. Dated 15th March, 1858.

John Bainbrigge Story the younger, Gent., to be Cornet, vice Stratford, promoted. Dated 15th March, 1858.

The Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury having certified to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, in pursuance of the Act, 10 Geo. 4, c. 27, sec. 1, that the actual surplus revenue of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, beyond the actual expenditure thereof, for the year ended the 31st day of December, 1857, amounted to the sum of thirty-six thousand and ninety-seven pounds eight shillings and four pence;

The Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt hereby give notice, that the sum of nine thousand and twenty-four pounds seven shillings and one penny, being one-fourth part of the said surplus of thirty-six thousand and ninety-seven pounds eight shillings and four pence, will

be applied, under the provisions of the said Act, beween the 6th day of April, 1858, and the 30th day of June, 1858, to the following purposes ; viz. :

To be applied towards the Reduction of the National Debt	9,024	7	1
Add Interest receivable on account of Donations and Bequests, to be applied to the purchase of Stock	3,478	2	7
	£12,502	9	8

National Debt Office, March 29, 1858.
A. Y. Spearman, Comptroller-General.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 6, 1858.

India Board, April 5, 1858.

THE following Papers have been this day received at the East India House :

No. 1.

List of Casualties by Death among the European Commissioned Officers of the Honourable Company's Army, in consequence of the Mutinies in Northern India, that have been reported to this Department, from the 12*th February*, 1858, *up to this date.*

Major John Bates, 40th Regiment, N.I., died 15th February, at Sumbulpore, of Dysentery

Captain Arthur Parry Woodbridge, 40th Regiment, N.I., 12th February, killed in action near Sumbulpore

Captain George King Newbery, 8th Regiment, Light Cavalry, 8th February, killed in action at Shorapoor

F. S. GABB, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

Adjutant-General's Office,
Fort Saint George,
February 26, 1858.

No. 2.

Nominal Roll of the Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Rank and File of the 1*st Madras Fusiliers who have been either Killed or Wounded, or have Died since the* 19*th May*, 1857.

3425	Private	Jeremiah Lanigan, died by sun-stroke, May 19, at sea, on voyage to Bengal
3583	,,	David Morgan, died by sun-stroke, May 28, Benares
3484	,,	James Sullivan, died by sun-stroke, May 30, Benares
3375	,,	John Coghlan, died by sun-stroke, May 30, Benares
3497	,,	Walter Whilley, died by sun-stroke, May 30, Benares
3544	,,	John Goolden, died by sun-stroke, May 30, Ranee Gunge
3545	,,	James Goolden, died by sun-stroke, May 30, Ranee Gunge
3392	,,	Maurice Doyle, died by sun-stroke, June 1, Shergathy

3362 Private Alfred Atkins, died by sun-stroke, June 1, Shergathy
3430 „ Francis McKenna, died by sun-stroke, June 6, Benares
3373 „ George Bourne, died by sun-stroke, June 8, Benares
1585 „ William Winter, died by sun-stroke, June 9, Benares
2437 „ Thomas Hynes, died by sun-stroke, June 11, Benares

At Allahabad.

3543 Private John McMillan, death by drowning, June 13
1566 „ Michael Nestor, died of sun-stroke, June 13
1381 „ Edward Delamore, died of sun-stroke, June 13
3529 „ John Campbell, died of cholera, June 13
3433 „ Thomas McCormick, died of cholera, June 13
1923 „ Patrick Bennett, died of cholera, June 14
2686 „ John McLoughlin, death by drowning, June 14
2689 „ Patrick O'Brien, died of sun-stroke, June 15
1948 „ Mathew Dinan, killed in action, June 15
3043 „ William Ekins, killed in action, July 15

Lieutenant William Stafford Bailey, 1st wound, flesh gunshot wound in right thigh, June 15; 2nd wound, gunshot wound in back of neck, injuring spine, September 25, Lucknow

At Allahabad.

2630 Private Watt Britt, slight gunshot wound in left heel, June 15
2218 „ John Kemp, slight gunshot wound above right knee, June 15, subsequently died of cholera, July 30
3228 „ James Connolly, severe gunshot wounds of left arm, fore arm, and chest, June 15
3610 „ Michael Kennedy, severe gunshot wound through right thigh, June 15
3468 „ Thomas Quigley, severe gunshot wound in left buttock, June 15, subsequently died of his wounds, June 20
3431 „ Patrick Mansfield, died of sun-stroke, June 16
2027 Colour-Serjeant Alexander Walker, died of sun-stroke, June 17
3508 Private Archibald Anderson, died of sun-stroke, June 17

Died of Cholera.

2705 Corporal Patrick Sandes, June 18
2883 Private James Keewan, June 18
2501 „ Duncan Cameron, June 18
2566 „ Hugh Mulcahy, June 18
3463 „ Francis Price, June 18
3482 „ William Sadler, June 18
2066 „ John Coyne, June 18
3502 „ John Walsh, June 18
3278 „ Timothy Devine, June 18
3474 „ Richard Rollins, June 18
3519 „ Henry Bickmore, June 18
3061 „ James McCafferty, June 18
3000 „ John Stars, June 18

3367 Private James Brien, June 18
2911 ,, James Tighe, June 18
1991 ,, Thomas Main, June 18
2953 ,, Patrick Costello, June 19
2430 ,, Michael Feency, June 19
2210 ,, John Hooley, June 19
3049 ,, James Hunter, June 19
2929 ,, Peter McDonald, June 19
3271 ,, William Davies, June 19
1668 ,, John Dunne, June 19
3281 ,, William Fleming, June 19
3271 ,, William Derbyshire, June 19
2802 ,, Henry Smith, June 19
2636 ,, Charles Blatcher, June 19
2874 ,, Thomas Gardner, June 19
2048 ,, William Temperton, June 19
2174 ,, James Cudmore, June 19
2335 ,, Edward Hodgson, June 19
3523 ,, John Bryan, June 19
2608 ,, Patrick Toohil, June 19
2734 ,, Michael Casey, June 19
1911 ,, Henry Worsted, June 19
1808 ,, John Flynn, June 20
2756 ,, Christopher Hynes, June 20
2788 ,, James McCool, June 20
2996 ,, James Renshaw, June 20
1402 ,, Robert Lawrence, June 20
2988 ,, Peter Managan, June 20
2901 Corporal Thomas Pender, June 20

3429 Private Francis McDonald, died of sun stroke, June 21
3001 Corporal Charles Stacey, died of cholera, June 21
1709 Private Daniel Donovan, died of cholera, June 21
2144 ,, James Browne, died of cholera, June 21

3330 Private John Stewart, died of sun-stroke, June 21
3247 Half-pay Drummer John Cherry, death by drowning, June 21
2534 Serjeant John Howliston, died of cholera, June 22
3612 Private Samuel Fletcher, died of cholera, June 22
3607 ,, James Murphy, died of cholera, June 22
3360 ,, William Parker, died of cholera, June 22
3288 ,, George Goldie, died of cholera, June 22
2171 ,, Thomas Cahill, died of cholera, June 22
3480 ,, John Sullivan, died of cholera, June 23
2776 ,, Martin Lynch, died of cholera, June 23
3273 ,, Alexander Dykes, died of cholera, June 23
3499 ,, Thomas Wignall, died of cholera, June 25
3275 ,, John Duncanson, died of cholera, June 25
2725 ,, James Brynes, died of cholera, June 25
3418 ,, Samuel Kenney, died of cholera, June 26
3504 ,, Peter Ward, died of sun-stroke, June 29, Benares

Massacred at Cawnpore, July 4.

2889 Serjeant James McGrath
2159 Corporal James Bussey
3080 Private Samuel Walker
1567 ,, William Nolloth

2262 Private Thomas Pike
1759 „ John Sullivan
2991 „ John O'Neill
1872 „ Alexander Over
2607 „ Alexander Stewart
3315 „ Joseph Pike
3466 „ John Price
3467 „ Joseph Phillips
3588 „ Edward Prescott
3586 „ Dennis O'Brien
3591 „ Patrick Ready

3259. „ Martin Maloney, killed from the accidental discharge of his rifle, July 12, Futepore
3525 „ Patrick Casey, died of sun-stroke, July 12, Futepore
2293 „ William Thorn, died of sun-stroke, July 12, Futepore
2984 „ Peter McEvoy, died of sun-stroke, July 12, Futepore
1826 „ John Helling, died of sun-stroke, July 12, Futepore
3267 „ James Brown, died of sun-stroke, July 12, Futepore

Major Sydenham George Charles Renaud, severe gunshot wound through left thigh — amputation, July 15, Aeng, subsequently died of his wound at Cawnpore, on the 21st July, 1857

Captain James Gray Campbell Fraser, 1st wound, slight gunshot wound of left arm, July 15, Aeng ; 2nd wound, gunshot wound in left side of neck, October 5, Lucknow

2755 Corporal Edward Horan, severe gunshot wound above right knee, July 15, Aeng, subsequently died of his wound, July 27

2277 Corporal Michael Shannahan, slight gunshot wound in right shoulder, July 15, Aeng, subsequently killed in action at Lucknow, 27th Sept.

2619 „ James Thomas Farlowe, severe gunshot wound in right jaw, July 15, Aeng

2860 „ Archibald Campbell, slight gunshot wound in belly, July 15, Aeng

3322 „ Ellis Roberts, severe gunshot wound in right ankle, July 15, Aeng

1694 „ John Cole, severe gunshot wound through left fore arm, July 15, Aeng

1828 „ Dennis Harrington, slight gunshot wound above left knee, July 15, Aeng

1845 „ Joseph Lingham, severe gunshot wound in left shoulder, July 15, Aeng, subsequently died of his wound, 17th July

3239 „ James Walker, severe gunshot wound of right leg, July 15, Aeng

2962 „ John Douglas, severe gunshot wound of right leg, July 15, Aeng, subsequently died of his wound, 14th August

2950 „ James Bell, severe gunshot wound in chest, July 15, Aeng, subsesequently died of his wound, 18th July

Killed in Action at Cawnpore, July 16.

1951 Corporal Michael Duffy
2844 Private Thomas Rielly
1493 „ Thomas McMahon
3438 „ John McNamara

2772 Private Henry Lendey
2767 ,, William Kedge
3613 ,, James Gabriel
3057 ,, Michael Lavan

2522 ,, John Frier, died of sun-stroke

Wounded at Cawnpore, July 16.

1706 Colour-Serjeant James Kelly
2614 Serjeant John Wilson
3066 Corporal John Maguire
2707 Private Michael Shea
2444 ,, Bartholomew Mahoney, subsequently died of his wound, 6th August
2908 ,, Andrew Shields
2462 ,, James Tiernay
1964 ,, James Green, subsequently died of his wound, 18th July
2477 ,, John Hewins
2137 ,, William Walker, subsequently died of his wound, 18th July
3300 ,, John Lovett, subsequently died of his wound 14th September
3284 ,, Patrick Flynn
2157 ,, William Brien
1874 ,, William Peard, subsequently killed in action at Lucknow, 29th September
1539 ,, Hugh Gray, subsequently killed in action at Lucknow, 16th Nov.
2574 ,, Timothy McCarthy
2979 ,, Nelins Joseph Lane, died of sun-stroke, July 17, Cawnpore
2145 ,, David Barry, died of cholera, July 23, Cawnpore
3415 ,, George Johnson, died of cholera, July 23, Allahabad

Died of Cholera at Cawnpore.

2384 Private William Johnston, July 26
3054 Serjeant William Knox, July 16
3334 „ Joseph Hurst, July 16
1672 „ Patrick Fitzgerald, July 16
3411 „ Brian Hanlow, July 27
6031 „ Jeremiah Connor, July 27
2076 „ John Green, July 27
3024 Corporal Joseph Palfrey, July 28
1945 „ Patrick Calliman, July 28
2143 Private John Beith, July 28
3531 „ Stephen Corby, July 28
3324 „ James Smith, July 28
1775 „ William Atkinson, July 28
1754 „ Timothy O'Kelly, July 28
3310 Private James Mastersont, July 28
2273 „ Thomas Sims, July 28

Lieutenant John Angelo Richardson, killed in action, July 29, Oonao
2448 Private Lawrence Murphey, killed in action, July 29, Oonao
2800 „ William Scullion, killed in action, July 29, Oonao
3294 „ Michael Hennessey, killed in action, July 29, Oonao
2508 „ Patrick Crowley, killed in action, July 29, Basurut Gunge

Wounded.

Lieutenant James Lumsdon Seton, July 29, Oonao
2526 Private James Grace, July 29, Oonao, subsequently killed in action at Lucknow, 25th September.
2806 „ Thomas Sweeney, July 29, Oonao; October 11, Lucknow; November 9, Lucknow

2527 Private John Griffin, July 29, Oonao, subsequently died of his wound, 29th July
2385 „ Owen Killoran, July 29, Oonao
2370 „ John Cherry, July 29, Oonao
2251 „ Patrick McMahon, July 29, Oonao
2722 „ Thomas Bailey, July 29, Oonao; November 7, Lucknow
2319 „ John McGrath, July 29, Oonao
2402 Colour-Serjeant Thomas Stuttard, July 29, Basurut Gunge
3002 Corporal Hugh Treacy, July 29, Basurut Gunge
2490 „ John Barrett, July 29, Basurut Gunge, subsequently killed in action at Lucknow, 27th September
3036 „ John Carr, July 29, Basurut Gunge
2166 „ Thomas Cavanagh, July 29, Basurut Gunge
2779 Private Andrew McCartney, July 29, Basurut Gunge
2642 „ William Cole, July 29, Basurut Gunge
2537 „ John Harrington, July 29, Basurut Gunge
1791 „ William Chaplin, July 29, Basurut Gunge; September 26, Lucknow
3037 „ Thomas Connaughly, July 29, Basurut Gunge; September 27, Lucknow

3608 „ Henry Johnstone, died of cholera, July 29, Allahabad
2564 „ Thomas Lindsey, died of cholera, July 29, Basurut Gunge
3286 „ Henry Mears, died of cholera, July 30, Basurut Gunge

3286 Private John Gleaves, died of cholera, July 30, Basurut Gunge
2750 Corporal Patrick Franklin, died of cholera, July 31, Cawnpore.
1702 Private James Smith, alias William Owen, died of cholera, July 31, Cawnpore
2624 „ Timothy Gibbons, died of cholera, August 1, Mulgarwar
2740 „ William Dutchfield, died of cholera, August 2, Cawnpore
1659 „ Patrick McGrath, died of cholera, August 2, Cawnpore
2498 „ James Bruce, died of cholera. August 3, Cawnpore
2063 „ Darby Cronley, died of cholera. August 3, Mulgarwar
2466 Corporal John Traynor, 1st wound, August 5, Basurut Gunge ; 2nd wound, September 27, Lucknow ; subsequently killed in action at Lucknow, October 5
2112 Private David Peace, wounded slightly, August 5, Basurut Gunge
2255 „ Thomas O'Neill, wounded slightly, August 5, Basurut Gunge
2113 „ Joseph Page, wounded severely, August 5, Basurut Gunge, subsequently died of his wounds, August 11
2516 „ Michael Davis, wounded slightly, August 5, Basurut Gunge
3370 „ James Browne, died of dysentery, August 5, Allahabad
1362 „ Benjamin Baxter, died of cholera, August 9, Mulgarwar
1562 „ John Murphy, died of cholera, August 9, Cawnpore

2360 Serjeant-Major Thomas Johnstone, died of cholera, August 10, Mulgarwar
2555 Private James Ligan, died of Cholera, August 10, Mulgarwar
3289 „ William Goodman, death by drowning, August 11, Cawnpore
2492 „ Michael Brynes, killed in action, August 12, Basurut Gunge
Captain Edward Long Grant, 1st wound, August 12, Basurut Gunge; 2nd wound, November 2, Lucknow
1850 Serjeant Thomas Martin, wounded slightly, August 12, Basurut Gunge
185 „ Joseph Stapleton, died of cholera, August 12, Cawnpore
3452 Private Thomas McLoughlin, died of cholera, August 12, Cawnpore
2871 Corporal John Flyn, killed in action, August 16, Bittoor
1834 Private Maurice Kielly, killed in action, August 16, Bittoor
1557 „ John McIniry, killed in action, August 16, Bittoor
2548 „ James McFarlane, killed in action, August 16, Bittoor
2116 „ Joseph Paffreeman, killed in action, August 16, Bittoor
2409 „ George Thompson, killed in action, August 16, Bittoor
2824 „ Michael Curren, killed in action, August 16, Bittoor

Wounded at Bittoor, August 16.

2126 Corporal John Shannon
3312 Private Henry Andrew Pevny, subsequently died of his wound on the 27th August
2086 „ Jeremiah Hurley

2189 Private John Flynn
3611 „ Michael Byrne, subsequently died of his wounds, 24th August
2524 „ Andrew Griffin
3279 „ John Driscoll, subsequently died of cholera, 31st August
2830 „ Patrick Flannigan

2nd Lieutenant Thomas Alexander Chisholm, died of cholera, August 19, Bittoor
3534 Private Michael Hurley, died of cholera, August 19, Cawnpore
2930 Private Timothy McCarthy, died of cholera, August 22, Cawnpore
2417 Serjeant John Brayshay, died of cholera, August 24, Cawnpore
2789 Private Joseph McGrath, died of dysentery, August 25, Cawnpore
3306 Private Thomas Murphy, died of dysentery, August 29, Cawnpore
2723 Private Thomas Bailey, died of dysentery, August 31, Cawnpore
2083 Drummer George Hatherill, died of dysentery, August 31, Cawnpore
3274 Private William Dewar, died of cholera, September 4, Cawnpore
2671 Private George Keeven, died of dysentery, September 11, Cawnpore
3444 Private Edward Maundsley, died of dysentery, September 11, Cawnpore
3470 Private William Ryan, died of dysentery, September 13, Cawnpore
3244 Half-pay Drummer William Duffy, died of fever, September 14, Cawnpore
2728 Private John Bellamy, death by accidental drowning, September 19, Cawnpore
2572 Serjeant Patrick Mahoney, wounded severely, September 21, Mulgurwar

2110 Private Joseph Orridge, wounded slightly, September 21, Mulgurwar
2995 Serjeant Maurice Reardon, wounded severely, September 23, Allum Baugh
3498 Private John Williams, wounded severely, September 23, Allum Baugh
2639 Private Isaac Bass, wounded slightly, September 23, Allum Baugh
2873 Private Charles Gardiner, wounded slightly, September 23, Allum Baugh
3052 Private Henry Jenkins, wounded severely, September 24, Allum Baugh
1996 Private George Moore, wounded slightly, September 24, Allum Baugh
3040 Private William Dwyer, wounded slightly, September 24, Allum Baugh

Killed in Action at Lucknow, September 25.

3235 Private James Cooper
1695 Corporal Mathew Culloo
2581 Colour-Serjeant Martin O'Loughlin
2870 Corporal Peter Finnigan
2226 Private James McQuattie
2459 „ Joseph Shakley
2645 „ James Covill
3602 „ Thomas Tickner
2288 „ Richard Tallantire
3547 „ James Greer
2780 „ George Moore
2902 „ John Robinson
2985 „ Thomas Manning
3301 „ John Lee
2253 „ John O'Brien
3408 „ James Healy
2131 „ Henry Taylor
2588 „ George Pearson
2517 „ Martin Donahoe
2803 „ Thomas Shechan

3478 Private Hugh Roonie
3297 „ John Jones
Brigadier-General James George Smith Neill

Wounded at Lucknow, September 25.

Lieutenant Nelson Henry Arnold, subsequently died of his wound 6th August
1797 Serjeant George Courts, subsequently died of his wound 3rd November
2691 „ William Pritlove, subsequently died of his wound 17th October
2558 „ John Lacey
2905 Corporal William Scott
3263 Private Charles Appleton, subsequently died of his wound on the 22nd August
2887 „ James Leahy
3522 „ Michael Byrne
2815 „ John Yelling
3051 „ Robert Jaques, subsequently died of his wound 18th August
3567 „ Humphrey Leary, subsequently died of his wound on the 30th September
3574 „ Thomas Murphy
3435 „ John McBride
2970 „ Patrick Grady
2822 „ James Byrnes
2482 „ Colin Archibald
3009 „ Patrick Wiley
3068 „ Alfred Page
3546 „ Thomas Geary
3368 „ Michael Brien, subsequently died of his wound 9th November
3395 „ Thomas Denniss
2615 „ John Wrightson
2252 „ William John O'Brien
2649 „ Alexander Denson

3420 Private John Kelly
3332 „ Thomas Scott
2281 „ William Sim
2961 „ John Dowey
3417 „ Richard Jackson
2759 „ John Hunter
3015 „ Maurice Lynam
3503 „ William Williamson
3414 „ John Irving, subsequently died of his wound at Allahabad, 25th December
2506 „ Maurice Cahill
2015 „ Robert Sutherland, subsequently died of his wound on the 28th September
2486 „ Michael Barr
3076 „ John Stephen, subsequently died of his wound 14th October
3421 „ John Keriven

Lucknow, September 26.

3553 Private Joseph Hillary, killed in action
3257 Corporal John English, wounded, subsequently died of his wound on the 6th October
3335 Private William Sadlier, wounded, subsequently died of his wound on the 29th September
2758 „ Patrick Healy, wounded
3017 „ John White, wounded
3403 „ William Glassford, wounded
2198 „ John Finlayson, wounded severely
3326 „ Robert Simpson, wounded
1849 „ Frederick Mathew, 1st wound slight, September 26; 2nd wound severe, October 16; subsequently died of his wound on the 27th October

At Lucknow, September 27.

2872 Private William Gibbons, killed in action
2674 Serjeant Thomas Lidster, killed in action
3518 Private Charles Browne, flesh gunshot wound of right thigh
2519 Corporal Frederick Flegg, gunshot wound of right leg, fracturing outer bone
2419 Private Michael Burke, flesh gunshot wound of right shoulder
2868 Serjeant Edward Edwards, penetrating gunshot wound of left side of chest, bullet passing through chest and lung. Subsequently died of his wound on the 6th October
3436 Private Dennis McCarthy, flesh gunshot wound of right thigh
1813 „ Joseph Hayes, penetrating gunshot wound of stomach. Subsequently died of his wound 29th Sept.
2598 „ Thomas Rawlinson, gunshot wound of fingers of right hand; amputation of two fingers, October 9
2105 „ James May, contused gunshot wound of left hip, October 10
2764 Colour-Serjeant Samuel Hocking, killed in action, October 11
3303 Private Samuel Arnold, gunshot wound of right shoulder, injuring head of bone, October 11
3471 „ Patrick Ryan, gunshot wound of left hand; amputation of fore and middle finger, October 11
3450 „ James Matheson, gunshot wound of left hand; amputation of thumb and middle finger, October 11
1666 „ Cornelius Callanan, gunshot wound of left hand; amputation of middle finger, October 13

3549 Private William Gahalan, gunshot wound of right hand; amputation of middle finger at middle joint, October 15

3540 „ William Duckworth, severe gunshot wound of left leg, fracturing bone, October 15

3489 „ Peter Smith, died of dysentery, October 15, Cawnpore

2745 „ John Downey, gunshot wound of right side of face, bullet entering the mouth and passing out through right cheek, October 16, Lucknow

815 „ Joseph Holland, died of dysentery, October 16, Cawnpore

At Lucknow.

1682 „ George Maynard, killed in action, October 17

3030 „ Abraham Board, killed in action, October 17

2042 „ Francis Malone, slight contused gunshot wound of right shoulder October 17. Subsequently died of fever, January 8, 1858

Lieutenant John James Barclay, flesh gunshot wound in lower part of left side of back, October 21

2880 Private William Harsnett, killed in action, October 23

3343 „ James Burke, gunshot wound of left hand; amputation of two middle fingers, and point of fore and little fingers, October 24

3509 „ John Boyle, gunshot wound below left knee-joint, fracturing outer bone, and injuring inner, October 24

2590 Private Thomas Quinlan, 1st wound, wounded by small shot on left side of chest, October 24; 2nd wound, lacerated gunshot wound in upper part of head, October 31

2738 Serjeant Patrick Drury, killed in action, October 29

2814 Private William Young, killed in action, October 29

2406 „ James Sowden, killed in action, October 29

3069 „ Robert Parker, severe gunshot wound of right shoulder, fracturing shoulder blade, and injuring right lung, October 29. Subsequently died of his wound, October 4

2225 „ William McGill, lacerated gunshot wound of fore part of neck, October 29. Subsequently died at Allahabad of his wound, December 21

3376 „ Denis Carthy, died of dysentery, October 29

1824 „ Thomas Haigh, gunshot wound of right arm, fracturing outer bone, October 1

2698 „ James Rourke, lacerated gunshot wound of right side of chest, October 2

2879 Serjeant Dennis Higgins, gunshot wound of right foot; amputation below knee joint, October 3

3426 „ Phillip Laffan, died of dysentery, October 3, Cawnpore

Major John Lionel Stephenson, contused gunshot

wound of belly, October 4, Lucknow. Subsequently died of hospital gangrene, November 21

2438 Private Maurice Hallihane, died of dysentery, October 4, Allahabad

Wounded at Lucknow.

Captain Michael Galway, October 5
Lieutenant William Tate Groom, October 5. Subsequently died of his wound, October 7
1914 Colour-Serjeant Henry Campbell, October 5. Subsequently died of his wound, October 7
3412 Private Thomas Harrall, October 5. Subsequently died of his wound, October 10
3458 ,, William O'Brien, October 6
2637 ,, John Brien, October 6
2977 ,, William Kennedy, October 6. Subsequently died of his wound, October 30
2541 ,, Timothy Hayes, October 6
3521 ,, Ralph Bunting. October 27
3272 ,, Charles Davie, October 28
2714 Drummer James Carcy, November 5

3457 Private Thomas O'Brien, died of dysentery, November 13, Allahabad
2951 ,, Thomas Callan, flesh gunshot wound of right leg, November 14, Lucknow

Killed in action at Lucknow, November 16.

Second Lieutenant Henry Francis Dobbs
2504 Private Alexander Comb
2502 ,, Patrick Collins
2653 ,, Edward Donaghay

Wounded.

2246 Private John Moir
1989 „ James Mahon. Subsequently died of his wounds on December 16
2726 „ John Bencridge
3490 „ James Smith
3512 „ George Blannin
3397 „ David Fox
3265 „ William Burke
3270 „ James Curtis
3419 „ Thomas Kenney. Subsequently died of his wound, November 19
1841 „ Dennis Leahy

3440 „ James McKenna, slight flesh wound of right side of face, November 17, Allahabad
2589 „ George Payne, flesh gunshot wounds of right arm and right side of chest, November 17, Allahabad
2744 Corporal Hugh Duffy, killed in action, November 18, Allahabad
3377 Private William Carr, contused gunshot wound of right leg, November 18, Allahabad
3334 „ Henry Scotford, died of dysentery, November 22, Allahabad
3246 Half-pay Drummer Robert Durham, died of fever, November 22, Allahabad
1690 Private John Reilly, died of fever, December 5, Lucknow
3432 „ Robert McHesney, died of fever, December 11, St. Thomas' Mount
3595 „ John Spilsbury, died of dysentery, December 12, Allahabad
2424 „ John Comeric, died of dysentery, December 13, Allahabad

2550	Private	John Kieley, died of dysentery, December 8, Lucknow
2811	„	Patrick Walsh, killed in action, December 22, Lucknow
3571	„	Hector MacArter, died of dysentery, December 31, Lucknow
3042	„	Henry Dwyer, right foot shattered at ankle-joint by a round shot; amputation below knee-joint, January 1, 1858, Camp before Lucknow. Subsequently died of his wound
3390	„	Silvester Dean, gunshot wound of right side of chest, January 1, Camp before Lucknow
1464	„	William Clifford, died of disease of the lungs, January 26, Camp before Lucknow
3400	„	Stephen Finn, contused wound of left hip by a round shot, January 28, Camp before Lucknow
3605	„	Calvin Worthen, contused wound of inner ankle of right leg by a round shot, January 28, Camp before Lucknow

F. S. GABB, Major,

Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

Adjutant-General's Office, Fort St. George,
February 26, 1858.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 9, 1858.

St. James's Palace, April 8, 1858.

HIS Royal Highness the Prince of Wales was confirmed upon Thursday, the 1st instant, at Windsor Castle, in the Private Chapel, by his Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury, and in the presence of Her Majesty the Queen, His Royal Highness the Prince Consort, and the rest of the Royal Family.

War-Office, April 9, 1858.

THE Secretary of State for War has received the following Nominal List of Casualties in the Royal Artillery serving in India:

Calcutta, 22nd February, 1858.

December 4, 1857, Gunner and Driver J. Coulter, 3rd Co., 8th Batt., died of wounds at Cawnpore.
December 17, 1857, Corporal J. Bird, 6th Co., 13th Batt., died of wounds at Allahabad.

J. E. DUPUIS, Major-General, Commanding Royal Artillery in India.

India Board, April 7, 1855.

THE following papers have been received at the East India House:

No. 1.

Brigadier Sage to Colonel R. J. H. Birch, C.B., Secretary to the Government of India in the Military Department.

Head Quarters. Sangor District, Fort Saugor, December 19, 1857.

SIR, No. 684.

IN continuation of my letter, No. 682, I have the honor to forward a copy of Captain Finch's letter, dated the 17th instant, but not received until the 18th. Ensign Sutherland is an enterprising zealous young officer, from whom much good is to be expected.

I have, &c.,
W. SAGE, Brigadier,
Commanding Saugor District Force.

No. 2.

Captain Finch to Major Lamb, Deputy Assistant-Adjutant-General.

Saugor District, Fort Saugor,
SIR, *December* 17, 1857.

IN the hurry of writing my report to you of the action that took place at Bhepul, I omitted to bring most prominently to the notice of the Brigadier Commanding the gallant behaviour of Ensign Sutherland, 42nd Light Infantry. It was that officer that led the 80 men referred to in paragraph 4 of my report; and I trust the Brigadier will make favorable mention of him to his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

I have, &c.,
H. FINCH, Captain,
Commanding Detachment in Field Force.

No. 3.

List of Casualties, by Death, &c., among the European Commissioned Officers of the Honorable Company's Army, in consequence of the Mutinies in Northern India, that have been reported to this Department from the 26th of January, 1858, up to this date.

10th Regiment Native Infantry—Captain Francis David Gordon, killed June 7, 1857. Shot at Jhansie by mutineers.

43rd Regiment Native Infantry—Ensign Robert Charles Æneas Stuart, died January 21, 1858, of wounds received in action on the 20th of January, 1858, near the village "Mandwar" Malligaum.

F. S. GABB, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

Adjutant-General's Office, Fort St. George,
February 11, 1858.

Nominal Roll of a Man of the Sappers and Miners Wounded at the Relief of Lucknow.

November 19, 1857—207, 2nd Corporal Samuel Baillie Brittain, very severely.

F. S. GABB, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army,

Adjutant-General's Office, Fort St. George,
February 11, 1858.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 6th day of *April*, 1858.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable Richard John, Earl of Donoughmore, and the Right

Honourable John Robert Mowbray, were, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took their respective places at the Board accordingly.

Her Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable William Philip, Earl of Sefton, to be Lord-Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the county of Lancaster, and the Right Honourable Thomas Charles, Lord Sudeley, to be Lord-Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the county of Montgomery, they this day took the oaths appointed to be taken thereupon, instead of the oaths of allegiance and supremacy.

Her Majesty in Council was this day pleased to appoint the Lord President of the Council, the Lord Keeper of the Privy Seal, the Right Honourable the Earl of Derby, First Lord Commissioner of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honourable Henry Edward Stanley (commonly called Lord Stanley), and the Right Honourable Spencer Horatio Walpole, two of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State; the Right Honourable Sir John Somerset Pakington, Bart., First Lord Commissioner of the Admiralty; the Right Honourable Benjamin Disraeli, Chancellor and Under Treasurer of Her Majesty's Exchequer; the Right Honourable Joseph Warner Henley, President of the Committee of Council for Trade; the Right Honourable Thomas Henry Sutton Sotheron-Estcourt, President of the Poor-Law Board; and the Right Honourable Charles Bowyer Adderley (Vice-President), to be a Committee of Council to superintend the application of any sums voted by Parliament for the purpose of Promoting Public Education.

Her Majesty in Council was this day pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Richard John, Earl of Donoughmore, to be President of the Committee

of Council appointed for the consideration of all matters relating to Trade and Foreign Plantations, in the absence of the President of the said Committee for the time being.

Windsor Castle, April 7, 1858.

This day had audience of Her Majesty ;

The Count de Persigny, Ambassador from His Majesty the Emperor of the French, to deliver his letter of recall :

To which audience he was introduced by the Earl of Malmesbury, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

Foreign-Office, April 8, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of M. Achille Bischoff as Consul at Melbourne for the Swiss Confederation.

Downing-Street, April 9, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Major-General Sir John Gaspard Le Marchant, Knt., to be Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Malta, and its dependencies.

Whitehall, April 9, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Goldwin Smith, Esq., M.A., Barrister-at-Law, to be Professor of Modern History in the University of Oxford, in the room of Henry Halford Vaughan, Esq., M.A., resigned.

Whitehall, March 31, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto Thomas Charlton, of Bush, in the county of Pembroke, Esquire, second son of St. John Chiverton Charlton, of Apley Castle, in the county of Salop, Esquire, by Jane-Sophia, his late wife, only child of Thomas Meyrick, late of Bush aforesaid, Esquire, deceased, Her royal licence and authority that he and his issue may, in compliance with an injunction contained in the last will and testament of his maternal grandfather, the said Thomas Meyrick, take and henceforth use the surname of Meyrick only, and that he and they may bear the arms of Meyrick quarterly with his and their own family arms; such arms being first duly exemplified according to the laws of arms, and recorded in the Heralds' Office, otherwise Her Majesty's said licence and permission to be void and of none effect:

And to command that the said royal concession and declaration be recorded in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

LIEUTENANCY OF LONDON.—ERRATUM.

The name of Major John Arthur Moore having been omitted by mistake from the Commission dated 4th November, 1857, it has since been inserted therein.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

1st or Royal East Middlesex Regiment of Militia.

Howard James Barton, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Worthy, resigned.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stafford.

1st Regiment of King's Own Staffordshire Militia.

Ensign Charles John Mott to be Lieutenant, vice Talbot, resigned. Dated 23rd March, 1858.

3rd Regiment of King's Own Staffordshire Militia.

Colonel Charles Bagot, Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant, to be Honorary Colonel. Dated 27th March, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Warwick.

Warwickshire Militia.

1st Regiment.

Ensign Henry John Yeatman to be Lieutenant, vice W. D. Lloyd Sparrow, resigned. Dated 3rd April, 1858.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 9, 1858.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 6th day of *April*, 1858.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament, held in the sixth and

seventh years of Her Majesty's reign, chapter seventy-nine, intituled "An Act to carry "into effect a Convention between Her Majesty "and the King of the French concerning the "Fisheries in the Seas between the British Islands "and France," it is enacted, by section four, that it shall be lawful for the Lords of the Committee of Her Majesty's Privy Council appointed for Trade and Foreign Plantations, from time to time, as may become necessary, to make and ordain such rules and byelaws as to them shall seem expedient for the more effectual performance of the said Convention, and of the articles set forth in the Schedule annexed to the said Act, and from time to time to annul or alter the same, and substitute others instead thereof; Provided always that all such rules and byelaws shall be approved by Her Majesty, with the advice of Her Privy Council.

And whereas by certain of the said articles it is provided (Articles six, seven, and nine) that all British fishing boats shall be distinguished by certain letters and numbers as therein specified, and (Article eight) that such letters and numbers shall be placed on each bow of the boat, and shall also be painted on each side of the mainsail of the boat in black oil colour on white sails, and in white oil colour on tanned or black sails; and by article fifteen it is forbidden to efface, cover, or conceal, in any manner whatsoever, the letters and numbers placed on the boats and their sails.

And whereas by Section six of the said Act, with the view not to interfere further than is necessary for giving full effect to the said Convention and articles with the provisions of an Act passed in the fifth year of the reign of her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to regulate the Irish Fisheries," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Lords of the said Committee, by a rule or rules to be made

by them from time to time, and approved of by Her Majesty in Council, with the advice of Her Privy Council, to suspend the operation of the said Act and articles with respect to the fisheries on the coast of Ireland.

And whereas a rule to that effect was accordingly made and duly approved of by Her Majesty in Council, on the twenty-third day of August, one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, and the same is still in force.

And whereas for the more effectual observance of the said Convention and articles, and of the said recited Act, and with a view to the better preventing the concealment of the letters and numbers on the sails of British fishing boats, the Lords of the said Committee have in pursuance of the powers vested in them by the said recited Act duly made and ordained, and have submitted for the approval of Her Majesty to the following rule or byelaw, that is to say:

"The letters and numbers which, by the articles set forth in the schedule annexed to the Act six and seven Victoria, chapter seventy-nine, intituled "An Act to carry into effect a Convention between "Her Majesty and the King of the French, con-"cerning the Fisheries in the Seas between the "British Islands and France," are required to be painted on each side of the mainsail of any British fishing boat, shall be painted of the dimensions and in the colour in that behalf specified in the said articles on each side of the cloth forming the substance of the mainsail, and not on any cloth or other thing sewn, or otherwise attached to, but not forming part of the substance of the mainsail, and shall be placed on each side of the central cloth, or cloths, of the mainsail, clear of and immediately above the close-reef, and so as to be at all times conspicuous whether the sail be reefed or not."

Now therefore Her Majesty by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, pursuant to the powers vested in Her by the said recited Act, doth hereby approve of the pregoing rule or byelaw, and doth hereby order and direct that the same shall take effect, and come into operation at the end of fourteen days from and after the first publication thereof in the London Gazette.

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, the Lords of the Committee of Council for Trade and Foreign Plantations, and the Commissioners of the Customs, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 6th day of *April*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council having taken into consideration a petition from Her Majesty's Justices of the county of Nottingham, and also a petition presented to Her by William Newton, one of the Coroners for the said county, has been pleased to comply with the prayer of the said petition of the said Justices; and to order, and it is hereby ordered that the said county of Nottingham be divided into three districts for the purposes of the Act of the seventh and eighth years of Her Majesty's reign, chapter ninety-two, intituled, "An Act to amend the law respecting the office of County Coroners, in the manner in the said petition proposed; and that the NOTTINGHAM DISTRICT of the said county (assigned to Mr. Christopher Swann, one of the Coroners of the said county), bounded on the south and east and part of the west by the county of

Leicester, on the remaining part of the west, by the county of Derby, and on the north-east by the Newark and Retford districts hereafter described, and comprising the following parishes and places, viz :—

Annesley, Arnold, Basford, Bulwell, Felley, Fulwood, Hucknall Torkard, Hucknall-under-Huthwaite, Kirkby, Linby, Mansfield, Mansfield Woodhouse, Newstead, Papplewick, Selston, Skegby, Sutton in Ashfield, Teversall, Beeston, Bilborough, Bramcote, Brewhouse Yard, Chilwell, Cossall, Eastwood, Greasley, Lenton, Nuttall, Radford, Standard Hill, Strelley, Stapleford, Toton, Trowell, Wollaton, Barton, Bradmore, West Bridgford, Bunney, Clifton, Edwalton, Keyworth, Normanton-on-the-Woulds, Plumtree, Ratcliffe-on-Soar, Ruddington, Stanton-on-the-Woulds, Thrumpton, Wilford, Costock, Gotham, Kingston, East Leake, West Leake, Normanton-on-Soar, Rempstone, Stanford, Sutton Bonnington, Thorpe, Widmerpool, Willoughby, Wysall, Blidworth, Heywood Oakes, Lindhurst, Bulcote, Burton Joyce, Calverton, Carlton, Caythorpe, Colwick, Gedling, Gunthorpe, Lambley, Lowdham, Oxton, Sneinton, Stoke Bardolph, Woodborough, Granby-cum-Sutton, Langar-cum-Barnston, Wiverton, Broughton-Sulney, Clipstone, Colston-Basset, Cotgrave, Cropwell Bishop, Cropwell Butler, Gamston, Hickling, Holme-pierrepont, Bassingfield, Lambcote and Adbolton, Kinoulton, Owthorpe, Radcliffe-on-Trent, Shelford Newton and Saxondale, Tithby, and Tollerton, form one district; and it is ordered that the Court for the election of a coroner, and the polling place for this district, be holden at Nottingham within such district.

That the NEWARK DISTRICT (assigned to Mr. William Newton, the other coroner of the said

county), bounded by the last described district on the south-west, by the county of Lincoln on the east, and by the Retford district next described, on the north, and comprising the following parishes and places, viz. —

Besthorpe, Brodholme, North Clifton South Clifton, Girton, Harby, Langford, South Scarle, Spalford Thorney, Wigsley, Winthorpe, Alverton, Balderton, Barnby, Coddington, Cotham, Elston, Farndon, Flawborough, Hawton, Kilvington, Shelton, Sibthorpe, North Collingham, South Collingham, Staunton, East Stoke, Syerston, Thorpe, Averham, Bathley, Carlton-on-Trent, Caunton, Cromwell, Fledborough, Grassthorpe, Holme, Kelham, Kersall, Kneesall, Maplebeck, Marnham, Meering, North Muskham, South Muskham, Normanton-on-Trent, Norwell, Norwell Woodhouse, Ossington, Rollestone, Park Leys, Staythorpe, Sutton-on-Trent, Weston, Epperstone, Gonalston, Bleasby, Edingley, Farnsfield, Fiskerton, Halam, Halloughton, Hockerton, Hoveringham, Kirklington, Morton, Southwell and Normanton, Thurgarton, Upton, Winkbourn, Aslockton, Bingham, East Bridgford, Car Colston, Elton, Flintham, Hawksworth, Kneeton, Orston, Scarrington, Screveton, Thoroton, Whatton, Bilsthorpe, Eakering, Laxton, Ompton, Rufford, and Wellow, form another district; and that the court for the election of a coroner, and the polling place for this district, be holden at Newark within such district.

That the Retford District (for which a coroner is to be elected), bounded by the Newark and Nottingham district on the south, by the county of Lincoln on the east and on part of the north, on the remaining part of the north by the county of York, and on the west by the counties of Derby

and York, and comprising the following parishes and places, viz.—

Aukley, Babworth, Barnby, Blyth, Bothamsall, Boughton, Budby, Carburton, Carlton in Lindrick, Clipstone, Cuckney, Holbeck, Langwith, and Norton, Edwinstowe, Elksley, Finningley, Harworth, Hodsack, Holbeck, Woodhouse Hall, Houghton, Lound, Mattersey, Misson, Ollerton, Ordsall, Perlethorpe, Ranskill, West Retford, Scrooby, Sookholme, Styrrup, Sutton, Taworth, Walesby, Wallingwells, Warsop, Welbeck, Worksop Osberton and Scofton, Beckingham, Bole, West Burton, Clarborough, Clayworth, Cottam, Everton, Gringley on the Hill, Habblesthorpe, Hayton, North, Leverton, South Leverton, Littleborough, Misterton, Saundby, Scaftworth, West Stockwith, Sturton, Walkeringham, North Wheatley, South Wheatley, Wiseton, Askham, Bevercotes, Darlton, East Drayton, West Drayton, Dunham, Eaton, Egmanton, Gamston, Grove, Headon-cum-Upton, Kirton, Laneham, East Markham, West Markkam, Ragnall, Rampton, Stokeham, Tresswell, Tuxford and East Retford, form the third district; and that the court for the election of a coroner, and the polling place for this district, be holden at East Retford within such district; and it is further ordered that in all cases such courts shall be holden in the manner directed by the said Act.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 6th day of *April*, 1858,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order and direct, by virtue of "The Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1855," that the accounts of all sums expended in the construction, repair, or maintenance of any lighthouse, buoy, or beacon in the British posses-

sions abroad for which dues are levied under the authority of "The Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1855," and of the dues received in respect thereof, shall be audited and passed by the Board of Trade, with power for the said Board to cause the said accounts to be vouched by such persons, and upon such evidence, and generally in such manner as the said Board shall from time to time think fit, and to allow or disallow all or any part of the said accounts and the allowance of any such account by the said Board, or of so much of any such account as may be allowed by the said Board, certified under the seal of the said Board, or the signature of one of the secretaries or assistant secretaries of the said Board, shall be final and conclusive for all purposes whatsoever.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 6th day of *April*, 1858,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the four hundred and tenth Section of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1854," it is enacted, that upon the completion of any new lighthouse, buoy, or beacon, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, fix such dues in respect thereof, to be paid by the Master or Owner of any ship which passes the same, or derives benefit therefrom, as Her Majesty may deem reasonable; and may, from time to time, alter the amount thereof; and that such dues shall be paid and collected in the same manner, by the same means, and subject to the same conditions in by and subject to which the Light Dues authorized to be levied by the said Act are paid and collected;

And whereas, the Port of Dublin Corporation have erected two new Lighthouses, and lights are already exhibited therein, at the undermentioned places on the Arran Islands, off the West Coast of the County of Galway, viz.,

1st, On Rock Island, at the North-West extreme of the Arran Islands;

2nd. On the South point of Inisheer, at the South-East extreme of the Arran Islands.

And the said Port of Dublin Corporation have caused the old light heretofore exhibited on the summit of Inishmore on the Great Island, one of the Arran Islands, to be discontinued.

Now therefore Her Majesty, in exercise of the powers vested in Her by the said recited Act, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to direct that there shall be paid in respect of the said Light on Rock Island for every British vessel, and for every Foreign vessel privileged to enter the ports of the United Kingdom upon paying the same duties as are payable by British vessels, for every time of passing or deriving benefit therefrom, and whether such vessel shall enter or leave Galway Bay by passing to the northward or to the southward of the said Light on Rock Island, or shall pass Galway Bay without entering or leaving the same, the toll of three-sixteenths of a penny per ton of the burthen of every such vessel if on an oversea voyage, and one-sixteenth of a penny per ton, if on a coasting voyage; and that there shall be paid in respect of the said light on Inisheer, for every British vessel and for every foreign vessel privileged to enter the ports of the United Kingdom, upon paying the same duties as are payable by British vessels, which shall enter or leave Galway Bay, and whether such vessel shall pass to the northward or to the southward of the said Light on Inisheer, for every time of passing or

deriving benefit therefrom, in addition to the hereinbefore mentioned toll payable by such vessel in respect of the said Light on Rock Island, the toll of three-sixteenths of a penny per ton, of the burthen of such vessel, if on an oversea voyage and one-sixteenths of a penny per ton, if on a coasting voyage; and in respect of the said Lights on Rock Island and Inisheer respectively, for every foreign vessel, not privileged in manner hereinbefore mentioned, double the amount of the respective tolls hereinbefore specified, according to the voyage on which she may be employed; and that the said tolls in respect of such Lights respectively, shall be levied by the port of Dublin Corporation, subject to the abatement or discount of twenty-five per centum on vessels engaged in oversea voyages, and of ten per centum on vessels engaged in coasting voyages, provided for by an Order in Council, dated the twenty-sixth June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five; and subject also to the further abatement or discount of fifteen per centum on vessels engaged in oversea voyages, and of fifteen per centum on vessels engaged in coasting voyages, provided for by an Order in Council, dated the twentieth day of March, one thousand eight-hundred and fifty-seven; and subject also to the regulations and exemptions contained in the consolidated tables of Light Duties, sanctioned by the said Order in Council, dated the twenty-sixth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 6th day of *April*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to approve the representa-

tions (as set forth in this Gazette) duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England.

For the assignment of District Chapelries

To the consecrated Church situate at Laxton, in the parish of Howden, in the county of York, and in the diocese of York, to be named "The District Chapelry of Laxton"

To the consecrated Church of All Saints, situate at Boyne-hill, in the parish of Bray, in the county of Berks, and in the diocese of Oxford, to be named "The District Chapelry of Boyne-hill."

To the consecrated Church of All Saints, situate at Stonebridge Common, in the district parish of Saint Mary, Haggerstone, in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London, to be named "The District Chapelry of All Saints, Haggerstone."

To the consecrated Church of Saint Thomas, situate at East Wells, in the parish of Saint Cuthbert Wells, in the county of Somerset, and in the diocese of Bath and Wells, to be named "The District Chapelry of Saint Thomas East Wells."

To the consecrated Church of Saint Mark, situate in the parish of Saint John the Baptist, Peterborough, in the county of Northampton, and in the diocese of Peterborough, to be named "The District Chapelry of Saint Mark, Peterborough."

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 6th day of *April*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order, with reference to the representations of the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State (as set forth in this Gazette), that no new burial-ground should be

opened in any of the undermentioned parishes without the previous approval of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and that burials should be discontinued in the same, with the following modifications, from and after the seventeenth of April instant (except as is herein otherwise directed), as follows ; viz. :

North Meols, Southport. — Under all the *churches* and *chapels* in the parish of North Meols, and in the *churchyards* of *Trinity* and of *Christ Church*, Southport, and in the burial-grounds of the *Roman Catholic* and *Independent Chapels*, in Southport, except in graves which are free from water and from remains to the depth of five feet ; and it is ordered that in the said churchyards and burial-grounds no coffin to be buried within a foot of any other coffin, or less than four feet below the surface, unless in a vault or walled grave, in which each coffin shall be embedded in charcoal, and separately entombed in an air-tight manner. Aberdare. —In the *Old Baptist* or *Carmel*, and in the *Independent* or *Siloa Burial-grounds*, in the town of Aberdare ; in the *Ebenezer*, *Baptist*, and *Unitarian Burial-grounds*, in *Mill-street*, and in the *Baptist Burial-grounds*, at *Hirwain Cwmbach*, and at *Aberamman*, and *Saron Burial-ground*, at Aberamman, except in vaults and walled graves which are free from water, in which each coffin shall be imbedded in charcoal, and separately entombed in an air-tight manner, and except in family graves, which are free from water and remains to the depth of five feet at least ; it is also ordered that no grave be opened within three yards of the *Baptist Chapel*, at *Hirwain*, or of any dwelling; also that interment be discontinued

in the *parish churchyard*, in the *New Baptist Chapelyard*, at Aberdare, in the *Independent Burial-grounds* at Hirwain, and at *Robert's Town*, except in family vaults and graves used with the above-named precautions, and except in graves never previously buried in; also that in the *New Churchyards* at *Mill-street*, and at *Hirwain*, the regulations for new burial-grounds be observed. SOWERBY, HALIFAX.—Beneath *Saint Peter's Church*, Sowerby, in the parish of Halifax, and in the churchyard, within three yards of all dwelling-houses; also in the *Burial-grounds* of the *Wesleyan Chapel*, *New-green*, and *Independent Chapel*, *West-green*, within three yards of all dwelling-houses; and from and after the first day of February, one thousand eight huudred and fifty-nine, in *Sowerby Churchyard*, with the exception of family vaults and walled graves which were in existence on the first of August, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and which can be opened without disturbing soil that has been already buried in, and in which each coffin shall be separately entombed in an air-tight manner. WHITBY.—From and after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, in the *Burial-ground* of *Sleight's Chapel*, in the parish of Whitby, with the exception of now existing vaults and brick graves which can be opened without disturbing soil that has been already buried in, and in which each coffin shall be separately entombed in brick or stone work properly cemented, and also with the exception of the reserved grave spaces within iron railing, provided that no body be buried without a covering of three feet of earth.

Also ACCRINGTON, IN WHALLEY, LANCASHIRE.

—In the church of *Saint James, Accrington*, and beneath the school of the *Independent Chapel*; also in such parts of the *Swedenborgian, Wesleyan, Baptist*, and *Independent* Burial-grounds as are within three yards of any building. Also in *Saint James's Churchyard*, and in the *Swedenborgian, Wesleyan*, and *Independent Burial-grounds*, except in vaults and brick graves existing on the thirtieth November, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, in which each coffin shall be imbedded in charcoal, and separately entombed in an air-tight manner, and except in earthen graves which can be opened to the depth of five feet without the exposure of remains, one body only to be buried in each, and no grave to be re-opened except to bury another member of the same family; it is also ordered that burials in *Christchurch* and *Baptist Burial-grounds, Accrington*, be conducted in conformity with the Official Regulations for New Burial-grounds. SNAITH, YORKSHIRE.—In the *Church* of *Carlton*, in the parish of Snaith, Yorkshire, and in the *Roman Catholic Chapel*, Carlton; and from and after the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, with the exception of now existing family vaults and brick graves, in all that part of the *churchyard* which lies on the south of the church. BARROW-UPON-HUMBER.—In the *Parish Church* of Barrow-upon-Humber, and also (with the exception of graves which can be opened without disturbing human remains, and in which the only bodies interred be those of the husbands and wives of persons already buried), in the *churchyard*. ALVERSTOKE.—in the *Military Cemetery*, and the *Convicts' Burial-ground*, in the vicinity of the Royal

Marine Barracks, *Forton*, in the parish of Alverstoke. WARNHAM. — Underneath the *church* of Warnham, including the two side chapels; and it is ordered that in the *churchyard* no burial take place in earth which is not free from water and human remains, and that no burial take place within four feet of the ordinary level of the ground, measuring from the top of the coffin. WEST HAM, ESSEX.—From and after the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, in the burial-ground of *Saint Mary's Church, Plaistow*, in the parish of West Ham, with the exception of family vaults and brick graves which were in existence on the first of December, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and which shall be used on the following conditions: That, when required, they be opened without disturbing soil that has been already buried in, that each coffin be embedded in a layer of powdered charcoal, four inches thick, and be separately entombed in an air-tight manner, and that the only bodies interred be those of the husband, wife, parents, unmarried children, and brothers and sisters of persons already buried in the said vaults and graves. WHALLEY. — In the consecrated *cemetery*, or detached *churchyard*, and in the *Public* or *Dissenters' Cemetery*, of *Padiham*, in the parish of Whalley, except so far as is compatible with the observance of the Regulations for New Burial-grounds, omitting tha numbered "three." WEST DEAN, SUSSEX.— In the *Parish Church* of West Dean, Sussex, and from and after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, in the *churchyard*, with the exception of now existing vaults and brick graves, which can be opened without disturbing soil which has

been already buried in, and in which each coffin shall be separately entombed in an air-tight manner; also with the exception of now existing family earthen graves, in which there is room for the interment of the husbands and wives of persons already buried, provided no coffins be buried within four feet of the surface. Box, WILTSHIRE.—In Box *Churchyard*, except in vaults and walled graves, existing on the eleventh January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, in which each coffin shall be embedded in charcoal, and separately entombed in an air-tight manner.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 6th day of *April*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order that the time for the discontinuance of burials in the undermentioned churchyards and burial-grounds be postponed as follows, viz. :—

In St. John's Churchyard, in St. Mary's additional Churchyard, in the Cemetery, in Ebenezer and Zion Burial-grounds, and in the Tabernacle and Bethany Burial-grounds, all in the borough of CARDIFF, from the first of April to the first of October, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight; in the churchyard of KIMBOLTON, Hunts, from the first of May to the first of September, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight; in the churchyard of LITTLEPORT, Cambridgeshire, from the first of April to the first of October, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight; in the churchyard of All Saints, POPLAR, from the first of May next, to the first of May, one

thousand eight hundred and sixty, provided that the burials therein be conducted in accordance with 7th, 8th and 9th Official Regulations for burial-grounds; that in all cases there shall be a covering of four feet and six inches of earth above the coffin, measuring from the general surface of the ground; and that, with the exception of now existing family vaults and graves, which shall only be used for the interment of persons whose relatives are already buried therein, no earth that has been already buried in shall be reopened; in the churchyard of RHUDDLAN, Flintshire, from the first of April to the first of September, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight; In the churchyard of All Saints, ROTHERHITHE, from the first of May to the first of November, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, on condition that only one body be buried in each grave, and that no ground which has been already buried in be reopened; in the burial-ground attached to Trinity Church, ROTHERHITHE, from the first of May to the first of November, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, on condition that only one body be buried in each grave; that no ground which has been buried in be reopened, except in the case of family vaults and graves; and that no body be buried within five yards of the National School; in the new parish burial-ground, and in Bechen Grove Chapel Burial-ground, in WATFORD, Herts, from the first of April to the first of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 6th day of *April*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order that the representations made by the Right Honourable Spencer Horatio Walpole, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that no new burial-ground should be opened in any of the undermentioned parishes without the previous approval of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and that interments in the same should be discontinued with the following modifications:

TAUNTON.—Forthwith in the *Silver-street Chapel Burial-ground*, in the parish of Saint Mary Magdalene, Taunton. ASHBY-DE-LA-ZOUCH.—Forthwith in the *Burial-ground* of *Trinity Church*, in the parish of Ashby-de-la Zouch, with the exception of now existing vaults and brick graves, which can be opened without disturbing soil that has been already buried in, in which each coffin shall be imbedded in a layer of powdered charcoal, four inches thick, and be separately entombed in brick or stone work properly cemented, and in which only the bodies of the husbands, wives, parents, and unmarried children of those already buried therein shall be interred. MANCHESTER.—Forthwith wholly in the *Roman Catholic Burial-ground*, *Livesey-street*, Manchester. HALIFAX.—Forthwith in the *Old Churchyard of Ripponden*, in the parish of Halifax, with the exception of now existing walled graves, which can be opened without disturbing soil that has been already buried in, and in which each body shall be separately entombed in an air-tight manner.

should be taken into consideration by a Committee

of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on the nineteenth day of May next.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 6th day of *April*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order, with reference to a petition from the Town Council of the borough of HANLEY, within the parish of Stoke-upon-Trent, in the county of Stafford, that powers be vested in the said Town Council for providing requisite places of burial, under the provisions of the said Act, intituled "An Act to make further pro- "visions for the burial of the dead in England "beyond the limits of the metropolis," or of any other Act of Parliament relating to burials, for the inhabitants of such part of the said parish of Stoke-upon-Trent, as is situate within the said borough of Hanley.

Council Office, Whitehall, April 6, 1858.

This Gazette contains the Ordinances framed by the Commissioners appointed for the purpose of the Act of the 17th and 18th Vict., cap. 81, intituled "An Act to make further provision for "the good government and extension of the Uni- "versity of Oxford, of the Colleges therein, and "of the College of St. Mary, Winchester," in relation to the CATHEDRAL or HOUSE OF CHRIST-CHURCH, the QUEEN'S COLLEGE, UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, and BRASENOSE COLLEGE; in the UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD.

Also, a STATUTE framed by the UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD, in relation to the Scholarships of Lord John Craven's Foundation, in exercise of the powers given to the said University by the Act of the 17th and 18th Vict., cap. 81.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 13, 1858.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, April 12, 1858.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Drawing-Room announced to be held at St. James's Palace, on Thursday the 6th of May next, will, by Her Majesty's command, be held on Wednesday the 5th of May next.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, April 5, 1858.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty will hold Drawing-Rooms at St. James's Palace, on the following days, at two o'clock:

Thursday the 22nd instant.
Wednesday the 5th of May next.

India Board, April 13, 1858.

THE following papers have been received at the East India House:

No. 1.

Captain Wroughton to the Major of Brigade, Benares.

Camp, Burrul Ghat,
SIR, *August* 20, 1857.

I HAVE the honour to report that the Goorka force, consisting of 4 regiments, was yesterday morning attacked by the rebels at a village, by

name Gugrate. The rebels were under the orders of Mahomed Hussun, who it is stated has entered the district with a large body of men from Oude, with a view to collecting the revenue.

2. I am happy to say the Goorkas behaved with their usual well-known gallantry, and drove the enemy off in first-rate style, killing, as far as I could judge, between 130 and 150 men. The loss on our side was 2 killed and 7 wounded. It is impossible for me to state the numerical state of the enemy, as they were mostly concealed in topes of trees, jungle, and villages, but their number was very great; I should say 3000 men, as they completely surrounded our camp. An individual of rank, whose name has not yet transpired, was killed in attempting to make his escape, and numerous documents and letters were found in his palanquin.

3. I cannot praise too highly the conduct of the Nepaulese force. The enemy was no doubt a contemptible one, but the style in which the Goorkas went a-head promises much for the future, should their services ever be required to compete with a foe worthy of opposing them.

I have, &c.,

F. J. WROUGHTON, Captain,
In Military Charge Goorkha Force.

No. 2.

The Officer Commanding Sumbulpore Field Force, to the Station Staff Officer, Cuttack.

Kulleebugah, November 5, 1857.

I HAVE the honour to state, for the information of the officer commanding Cuttack, that from reports brought in by the Senior Assistant Commissioner's spies and my own, I felt confident that the rebels were collecting in the direction of

Kheenda and Kolaberah, and that a large body of them, under Kuma Ghusteea, of Kolaberah, had taken possession of the Thur-Ghatty pass. I therefore determined to order out a detachment, for the purpose of dispersing them.

2. Lieutenant Hadow, of the Artillery, having joined me with two mountain-train howitzers yesterday, and the Senior Assistant Commissioner having placed under my command a jemadar and 30 men of the Ramghur Battalion, and 30 Sebundies, a detachment strength as per margin,* marched from Sumbulpore under my command this morning.

3. We proceeded in the direction of Thur Ghatty, The jungle either side of the road, particularly as we approached the pass, was so dense that it was with difficulty our flanking parties could force their way through it; at the same time I considered it necessary to proceed with every precaution.

4. On arriving at Sausan we learnt that no news of our coming had preceded us. Consequently we advanced with the utmost dispatch towards Thur Ghatty, our object being to reach that place before the rebels should gain information of our approach. In this we were entirely successful.

5. About half a mile from the pass the road wound round under a hill to our right; advancing along this road for about 100 yards, we came to a large swamp, with high thickly-wooded hills to our left and left rear, the pass itself being directly in our front.

6. As soon as we arrived under the hill first

* 2 mountain-train howitzers under 2nd Lieutenant Hadow; 2 companies 40th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, with Lieutenant and Acting Adjutant Hart and Ensign Nepean; 1 jemadar and 30 men Ramghor Battalion; 30 Seebundies.

mentioned, a tom-tom from the quarter was loudly beaten by the rebels, and some fire-arms were discharged at us, but no one was visible from my position, at the head of the two companies of the 40th Regiment of Madras Native Infantry.

7. At the same time, Lieutenant Hadow, who had ridden on a short distance in advance, came up to me, and reported that he could see about a dozen men under the trees at the foot of the hill to the left. As we continued advancing, he laid his guns and gave them two rounds of shell,—we halting in the meantime. We again advanced, and threw out skirmishers, when just at this moment the men of the Ramghur Battalion, getting excited, commenced firing from our right and right rear without order, and the firing becoming general I was forced to recall the skirmishers, and seeing people making off up the hill alluded to, to our left, and about 700 yards off, I directed Lieutenant Hadow to give them four rounds, which he did.

8. In the mean time the firing having ceased, I directed Lieutenant Hart to take a sub-division and scour the hill to the right. Ensign Nepean to take the same number of men and act in a like manner to the left, whilst I advanced along the swamp in the direction of the pass, with the main body, to support either party, should it appear necessary.

9. About a quarter of an hour elasped, and hearing no more firing, I took a party of the 40th, and proceeded to scour the hill in my front, accompanied by Lieutenant Hadow.

10. All three parties returned in the course of half an hour, without having met with any of the enemy. Lieutenant Hart and Ensign Nepean came upon several of the encampments, in many of which the rice was still boiling; and the latter

discovered what was evidently a depôt of supplies, consisting of rice and other grain, to the amount, he states, of 18 elephant loads. This he destroyed, as far as he was able.

11. We halted in the swamp for about three hours, and then advanced up the pass to Kutterbyah, as I did not consider Thur Ghatty, although for the present quite cleared of the rebels, a safe spot to encamp in.

12. We heard nothing more of the rebels, and arrived here about sunset.

13. Our loss in the engagement was 1 sepoy of the 40th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, wounded mortally, and another man of the same corps slightly, names and companies mentioned in the margin.*

14. The strength and loss of the enemy it is impossible to ascertain, owing to the density of the jungle in which they were concealed. All reports, however, go to prove that they were in great force, and we have reason to believe that from 5 to 12 of the rebels were killed, amongst whom was a near relation of the Ghuroteea of Kolaberah.

No. 3.

The Officer Commanding Sumbulpore Field Force to the Station Staff Officer, Cuttack.

November 9, 1857.

IN continuation of my letter No. 1, from Kutterbayah, dated the 5th of November, 1857, I have the honour to report that the field force under my command marched on the 6th instant to Samisingah.

* Mortally wounded Private General No. 1902, Narrainsawmy, B. Company; slightly wounded Private General No. 852, Appawah, C. Company.

2. On the 7th to Kurrcapollie, passing through Kolaburah, which appeared totally deserted by the villagers. On arriving in front of the Gurateea house I found it to be loop-holed for fire-arms and the gates closed. I therefore detached a party of skirmishers from the companies of the 40th under Ensign Nepean, to examine it. The gate was fastened from the inside, and an entrance was gained by one of the men climbing over the wall and opening it from the rear. There was no one in the house or grounds round it, but the walls were perforated for firing through, in all directions. I therefore directed Lieutenant Hadow to fire the building, and we marched on to our halting ground.

3. Private Narrainsawmy, whom I reported as mortally wounded on the 5th instant, expired to-day.

4. On the 8th, we marched to Salar, taking the town of Kunda in our route, and finding that, although the house of Simedersain and Codunt Sain was deserted, preparations had been made for defending it, I followed the same course with regard to burning it, as mentioned in paragraph 2.

5. Near Salur is a ghaut, which was, on the 5th instant in the possession of the rebels, and deserted by them on hearing the firing of our guns at Thur-Ghatty; we passed by several of their deserted encampments.

6. We returned to Sumbulpoore this day, and I have every reason to believe that the rebels are totally dispersed. The villagers, some of whom had been cruelly tortured by the rebels, crowded round as we passed, and loudly expressed their gratitude and joy.

7. It is my pleasing duty to report that all ranks composing the field force under my command performed their duties, both at Thur-Gatty,

on the 5th instant, and during our subsequent harassing marches, to my entire satisfaction.

8. At Thurgatty parties composed of the men of the 40th Regiment, Madras Native Infantry, sent to scour the hills, dashed into the jungle with the greatest alacrity and spirit; and the loss of their comrade, who fell at an early period of the day, aroused within them a creditable desire to avenge his death.

9. In conclusion, I beg to bring especially to the notice of the commanding officer the conduct of Privates G. C., No. 1959, Shaik Cawder Grenadier Company, 40th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, whom I employed as spies, first in the direction of Khundah, and subsequently in that of Thur-Ghatty, and upon whose information I was mainly led, in selecting the latter place as the point of attack.

No. 4.

The Officer Commanding Nagpore Moveable Column, to the Adjutant-General of the Army, Fort Saint George.

Camp, Jubbulpore, November 11, 1857.

No. 1453.

FOR submission to his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, I have the honour to enclose copies of despatches from Major Sullivan, 4th Light Cavalry, commanding a detachment* at Sehora, reporting the affair at Moowarrah on the 6th of November, and from Lieutenant Stewart, commanding a troop 4th Light Cavalry, reporting the affair of Ramkarra, when, I regret to say,

* One squadron, 4th Light Cavalry, 2 guns do. Company, 3rd Battalion 96 rank and file, 33rd Regiment Madras Native Infantry.

Captain Tottenham, 4th Light Cavalry, received his death wound.

No. 5.

The Officer Commanding Detachment Kamptee Moveable Column, to the Assistant Quartermaster-General, Nagpore Force, Jubbulpore.

Camp Goosulpore, November 7, 1857.

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of the officer commanding the column, that, finding it impossible to push on the dawk further than Kylwanah, where we arrived on the evening of the 4th, it being reported that the rebels were in force on the road in the neighbourhood of Iskai, and that the 52nd mutineers were also in our immediate vicinity, I deemed it prudent to retire on the evening of the 5th to Moowarrah.

On the morning of the 6th, the detachment had just resumed its march, and had only advanced about 400 yards, when we were surprised by a heavy fire upon us from two guns, ginjals, and matchlocks. As soon as the guns could be got into position we returned the fire with both our pieces, but unfortunately the axletree of one of our guns broke down at the second round. Some delay ensued of course in effecting the repairs which were accomplished, in the most admirable and cool manner, by Lieutenant Lane and his artillerymen under fire.

Seeing the enemy making attempts to surround us, I ordered the squadron of cavalry to attack the enemy by a flank movement from my left, and the infantry to accomplish a similar movement along the road to the right. This was done to my most perfect satisfaction. The cavalry previously on the right rear of the guns, passed in rear of them, crossed the road, and after getting through

two most difficult ravines, at a given signal from Lieutenant Lane of two guns, in rapid succession charged and captured one of the enemy's guns which were turned on them, as soon as they perceived the flank movement, moving onwards they sabred about thirty of the rebels, three of which fell under Lieutenant Clerk's sword. The 33rd Native Infantry entering the village, bayonetted several, and came on the second gun, which had been disabled and withdrawn before the cavalry charge.

In this engagement we lost one gun lascar killed; 1 naique, and 2 privates, 4th Light Cavalry severely wounded; and one private 33rd Native Infantry, and one grass cutter 4th Light Cavalry also severely wounded. Lieutenant Clerk received a slight graze from a sword.

The enemy are reported to have numbered from 1,500 to 2,000 men, with a fair proportion of matchlock men; (sixty) 60 of them were counted dead upon the field, and it is impossible to calculate the number of the wounded.

I cannot extol too highly the cool and gallant manner in which Lieutenant Lane, and the artillery under him, worked their one gun and repaired the other under a heavy fire of both grape and round shot, the squadron of the 4th, with Lieutenant Clerk, also did their work most gallantly, and Lieutenant New, with the infantry, entered the village in the most spirited manner, and aloug with some of the gunners cleared the village most effectually. My thanks are also due to Lieutenant Dick, 52nd Bengal Native Infantry, attached to the infantry, and to Assistant-Surgeon Adam, for his great attention to the wounded men.

I beg to enclose a return of casualties. The guns captured are brass guns of small calibre.

No. 6.

Return of Casualties in the engagement at Moowarrah, on the morning of the 6th of November.

CAVALRY.

1 naique
2 privates } severely wounded.
1 camp follower (grass cutter), severely.

ARTILLERY.

1 gun Lascar, killed.
1 private severely wounded.

No. 7.

Lieutenant Charles S. Stewart, 5th Troop, 4th Regiment Light Company, to the Brigade Major, Nagpore Moveable Column Jubbulpore.

Camp, Jubbulpore, November 11, 1857.

I HAVE the honour to stat^, for the information of the officer commanding Nagpore moveable column, that Captain Tottenham, having been ordered to take the 5th Troop 4th Madras Light Cavalry on special service to Ghousilpore, marched on the morning of the 7th instant. On getting news at Pownaghur (the first stage) that Ghousilpore was being looted, we galloped on, but arrived too late, as the lootees had all left and gone away to the right of the road, in which direction we followed, and after some time caught sight of nearly 1,000 people running towards a village called Ram-karra (they were about one mile or so from the village, we were more than three) we went after them, but owing to the bad nature of the ground they reached the village before we got up to them. We followed them into the village but nobody was to be seen, at last a man pointed out the rajah's house as one likely to conceal men, we

burst open the door and searched the house thoroughly, but could find nobody, at last Captain Tottenham (who was on foot) walked up to another door of the house to break it open, when four or five shots were fired through the door and from the balcony above at Captain Tottenham, who ran to his horse, mounted, and called to me to take the troop out of the village, which I did afterwards. We had to go back to fetch Captain Tottenham, who had fainted (on account of a wound which I then for the first time learnt he had received) in the middle of the village. I then posted the troop in small parties to watch the village all round, which they did till sunset, when I withdrew them as there were too few men with me to surround so large a village, so as to prevent any body getting away in the dark. I am unable to say whether there were many people concealed in the village Ram-karra, or whether they ran through it to the jungles on the other side. We killed seven or eight men, and took eighteen prisoners, one of whom died of wounds, the rest were hung.

No. 8.

G. U. Yule, Esq., Commissioner of the 12th or Bhaugulpore Division, to A. R. Young, Esq., Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Fort William.

SIR, *Dated, Camp Purneah, December* 11, 1857.

IN continuation of my letter of the 6th instant, I have the honour to state that, hearing, on the 8th instant, of the mutineers of the 11th Irregular Cavalry being within twenty-seven miles of Kishengunge, and feeling confident they would avoid us, I prepared for a start either north or south to intercept them, whichever road they might select. In the afternoon, information being brought

to me that they had proceeded south towards the Dinagepore and Purneah road, I started at sunset with the soldiers and sailors on elephants, and the guns on carts drawn by four bullocks each, and fitted up for the purpose at Kishengunge, and agreeing with Captain Burbank and Lieutenant Chapman that it would be advisable to proceed first to Purneah, we marched straight for that station, which the soldiers reached soon after sunrise, bnt the sailors, detained by the guns, not till the afternoon. I found the residents in considerable alarm, the treasure and magazines removed to the jail, where some of the residents slept, &c. No correct news of the movements of the mutineers could be had that day, with the exception of its being ascertained they had extorted money and supplies at Raneegunge; the residence of a once wealthy family, six miles on the other side of the Mahunuddee, but it was reported they had crossed that river. Next morning (10th) they were seen coolly marching towards the bazaar, and only a short distance from it, evidently, it would seem, unaware of our return from Kishengunge. We immediately went out leaving 20 men for the protection of the jail, unfortunately we were just ten minutes too soon, or we should have caught them in a spot where escape to most would have been impossible, as it was, shots were exchanged by the advanced guards with a fatal result to a poor villager only, and the mutineers rapidly retreated to the eastward by the road they came, and, after remaining near the town till we had made a wide exploration on horseback, to see that the scoundrels had not hidden in the extensive jungles in that direction, the soldiers and sailors returned to their barracks. At night scouts sent out by us returned, having ascertained where the mutineers had pitched for the night; and Captain Burbank, Lieutenant

Chapman, and I, immediately determined to try a night surprise as the only means of getting near them. We accordingly started at 2 A.M. on elephants, our party consisting of fifty sailors under Captain Burbank (the remainder and the guns being left to protect the station) forty-eight of Her Majesty's 5th Fusiliers, under Lieutenant Chapman, and nine volunteers, under the guidance of Mr. Burford, to whose thorough knowledge of the country the success of the expedition must be ascribed, we proceeded across country to a spot about a mile and a half south of the road where the mutineers were encamped ; here we halted for some time, in the hope that Captain Burbank, who, remaining in the rear to push on stragglers, had lost his road, would come up, but the dawn beginning to break, we could afford to wait no longer, and, the men having dismounted, the order to advance was given, the elephants being left in a bamboo jungle to await our return.

2. When within half a mile of their camp, we sighted the irregulars, apparently upwards of a hundred in number, mounted and ready to be off. The 5th were ordered to advance at the double to take possession of a bund between the enemy and us, which they immediately did, the sailors following close up. On topping the bund, the 5th formed in line and formed a volly. The irregulars hesitated a moment, and then influenced, I suppose, by the absence of our guns and our apparently small force, came down at the charge, gallantly headed by a native officer who alone touched our bayonets. The 5th, who received the brunt of the charge, were just in time to form square, and their volley, fired at close quarters, turned the enemy, who passed by our left. They then scattered over the maidan in small bodies at the distance of 3, 4, and 500 yards, and now the Enfields came into play, man

after man fell, and we had it our own way till a dense fog spread over us. Twice, under cover of this fog and some trees which lined the bund, they tried to come on us unawares, and twice they were sent back. For nearly an hour they hovered round us, occasionally creeping on and firing, but always ineffectually. The fog which hampered us proved the saving of Captain Burbank and his three companions, men of the 5th, who, under its cover, came uninjured into our squares. About an hour after sunrise, the fog cleared off, and, after two or three more telling shots, the enemy moved off to the north, carrying with them their wounded, and I suspect some of the killed whom the fog had enabled them to remove unmolested. Six sowars were found dead close to the squares, and several wounded were believed to be hiding in the dhan fields, whom the villagers are now searching for; I was unwilling to delay, to look for them, being apprehensive that the mutineers might make a raid on the Purneah Bazar, so we returned quick. It would be presumption in me to praise the 5th; they behaved as the regiment to which they belong has always done, the rapidity with which they formed square, and the cool deliberate way in which they received the charge, excited our warmest admiration. The coolness and steadiness of the sailors was also wonderful, they formed square nearly as quick as the soldiers, and Captain Burbank deserves the greatest credit for the amount of training he has contrived to give them, in so short a time. I ought to mention that, during Captain Burbank's absence at the commencement of the fight, the sailors were commanded by Serjeant Levers who managed them admirably.

3. I have just heard that seven dead bodies have been found, and that the mutineers were seen about 9 A.M. making their way rapidly to the

north; I expect they will cross the Coosee about Nathpore, and I am afraid they will not let us near them again. Without cavalry, no effectual check can be given to the scoundrels. We captured eight of their horses and killed about as many more.

I have, &c.
G. U. YULE,
Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit.

No. 9.

Captain the Honourable E. G. Curzon, Commanding a detachment of Europeans and Goorkhas, to the Station Staff Officer.

SIR, *Jelpigoree, December* 12, 1857.

I HAVE the honour to report for the information of the officer commanding, that in obedience to order of yesterday's date, I left my camp at ½ past 8 o'clock last night with 50 Europeans, 40 of the Sebundy Sappers, for the purpose of looking up, and if possible attacking the Dacca mutineers.

2. The information that I have received led me to believe that their position was 15 miles off, on the bank of a nullah, deep but not more than 200 yards in breadth. My intention therefore was to surprise them if possible by daylight, to keep up a heavy fire from my side, and if successful, and the result warranted it, to cross over the European part of the force (under cover of the Ghoorkas) and disperse them.

3. I arrived opposite the position of the mutineers a little before break of day, after a march of nearly 25 miles, and on reconnoitering the place, discovered the nullah to be ¾ of a mile broad, with two separate streams, the opposite bank being at least 20 feet higher than the bed of the river, and

perpendicular; their position a very strong one with only one flank open and heavy jungle close up to their rear. I also discovered a sand bank about 250 yards from the opposite bank which would afford shelter; and as, under the circumstance, to attack them on the flank was impossible, I determined to make a rush for this, and see if I could do them any damage with my fire. This we accomplished, but finding, after about 20 minutes firing, that very little could be done, and that close quarters was out of the question, I retired across the bed of the Nullah to my own side, and after halting some time, in the hope of their following, we marched back to this place, and arrived at 8 P.M., having accomplished a march of little short of 50 miles, in 24 hours.

4. I have the honour to enclose a return of wounded, and a rough sketch of the mutineers' position. Colonel Sherer will perceive how strongly they are posted, and with what great natural advantage in their favour. The jungle appears very heavy on their right and rear.

I have, &c.

E. G. CURZON, Captain,
Her Majesty's 52nd Light Fusiliers.

No. 10.

Return of Wounded on the 12th of December, 1857.

Camp, Jelpigoree, December 12, 1857.

Her Majesty's 10th Foot.—No. 2911, Jeremiah Haly, slight contusion of hip.

Her Majesty's 5th Foot.—No. 3138, Richard Chagar, slight contusion of leg.

I have, &c.

A. MACRAE, M.D.,
Assistant-Surgeon, 9th Lancers.

No. 11.

Lieutenant Chapman, Commanding Detachment Her Majesty's 5th Fusiliers, to the Assistant Adjutant-General, Dinapore Division.

SIR, *Purneah, December* 12, 1857.

I HAVE the honour to report that yesterday morning the detachment of Her Majesty's 5th Fusiliers, under my command, together with 50 of the brigade of seamen under Captain Burham, attacked and defeated the mutineers of the 11th Irregular Cavalry, about 200 strong, under the direction of Mr. Yule, the Commissioner of Bhaugulpore.

On the evening of the 8th inst. we left Kissengunge, having received intelligence that the mutineers were at Nowabgunge, and marched into Purneah on elephants the same night, without a halt.

On the morning of the 10th their advanced guard was surprised, and shots exchanged immediately outside the Purneah bazaar, and we shortly after came upon their main body, who retired upon our advancing.

The same evening we received intelligence of their being encamped at a short distance from Purneah, and marched down accordingly at 2 A.M.

We came upon them at daybreak, just as they were leaving their camp.

They immediately charged us most gallantly, riding right up to the bayonets, but having lost seven men, they refused to renew their attack, and remained hovering round us in detached parties for about an hour.

A dense mist prevented the rifles doing as much execution as they otherwise would have done.

The enemy, however, had 7 killed left on the field, and about 20 or 30 more were wounded

who, with one exception, made good their escape in the fog.

I am happy to say we have no casualties. The mutineers have gone in a north-westerly direction, and are making for Nathpore.

We start this morning after them on elephants. I beg to offer my thanks to those gentlemen who accompanied us as volunteers, who rendered essential service in pointing out the route, &c.

I have, &c.

G. H. CHAPMAN, Lieutenant,
Commanding Detachment Her Majesty
5th Fusiliers.

No. 12.

Lieutenant Mowbray Thomson, 53rd Regiment Native Infantry, Commanding Cawnpore Police, to the Adjutant-General of the Army.

Head Quarters,

SIR, *Dated Cawnpore, December* 21, 1857.

BEING the senior officer of the survivors of the Cawnpore garrison, and knowing of no other channel for bringing to the notice of Government the services of the officers and men who survived the massacre, I have the honour to address you direct on the subject, that his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief may have brought to his notice, the names of the officers and men now surviving, who formed part of the garrison under General Sir Hugh Wheeler.

The tale of the Cawnpore siege is too well known to render it necessary for me to dilate on the hardships suffered, or the gallantry displayed, and a detailed report on the subject has reached Government through other sources; but I trust I may be excused for bringing prominently to the notice of his Excellency, the gallantry of Lieu-

tenant Delafosse, of the 53rd Native Infantry, who held command of one of the batteries in our intrenchments, and of Privates Sullivan and Murphy, the latter of the 84th Regiment, and the former an artilleryman, who sustained the whole hardships of the siege, and were, with myself, the sole survivors of the massacre.

Private Sullivan, a most intelligent person, was selected afterwards for special duty in the ordnance department. I regret to say he subsequently fell a victim to cholera, and died at Cawnpore.

Lieutenant Delafosse, and the two privates above mentioned, owed their lives to being detailed on the hazardous duty of driving from the banks of the river a party of rebels at least ten times their number in strength, and they were thus cut off from the refugee party, and fortunately at last reached the protection of a friendly Rajah.

Knowing of no other way of placing the services of these men on record, I have thus presumed to intrude on your valuable time by addressing you in their behalf.

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 6th day of *April*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to approve the schemes duly prepared (as set forth in this Gazette) by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England—

For altering the boundaries of the District Chapelry of St. Peter, Clifton Wood, in the county of Gloucester, and in the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol; and for altering the boundaries of the District Chapelry called St. Peter's District, in the parish of Saint Mary, Islington, in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London.

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 6th day of *April*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to approve the Report of the General Board of Health, dated the 22nd day of March, 1858 (as set forth in this Gazette), and to order and direct that "The Public Health Act, 1848," and every part thereof, except the section numbered 50 in the copies of that Act printed by Her Majesty's Printers, shall be applied to, and be in force within and throughout the entire area, places, and parts of places comprised within the boundaries of the said hamlet of Brentwood, in the parish of South Weald, in the county of Essex, and that such area, places, and parts of places, shall constitute a district for the purposes of the said Public Health Act; and that a Local Board of Health shall be elected therein, in conformity to the regulations and instructions contained in the said reports.

Whitehall, April 10, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Seal appointed by the Treaty of Union to be made use of in place of the Great Seal of Scotland, nominating and appointing Dunbar James, Earl of Selkirk, to be Keeper of the said Seal.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,
13*th April*, 1858.

4*th Regiment of Light Dragoons*, Cornet Frederick Simpson to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Hunt, promoted. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Cornet Frank Hodgkinson to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Dated 13th April, 1858.

9*th Light Dragoons*, John Russell, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase. Dated 13th April, 1858.

The second Christian name of Cornet Bashford is *Brome*, not *Browne*, as stated in the Gazette of 30th March, 1858.

12*th Light Dragoons*. The fourth Christian name of Cornet Chichester is Churchill.

13*th Light Dragoons*, Lieutenant Thomas A. Southwell has been permitted to retire from the Service by the sale of his Commission. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Cornet Charles Keyworth to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Dated 13th April, 1858.

14*th Light Dragoons*, William Sandys Browne, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase. Dated 13th April, 1858.

18*th Light Dragoons*, Edmund Liebert, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Thomas Henry Williams, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase. Dated 14th April, 1858.

Royal Artillery, Assistant-Surgeon John Sarsfield Comyn, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Bell, who resigns. Dated 8th April, 1858.

2*nd Regiment of Foot*, Ensign Henry Waring to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Spencer, promoted. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Ensign Thomas Eman to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Hartford, appointed to 21st Foot. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Albert Frederick Twyford, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Waring. Dated 13th April, 1858.

3*rd Foot*, John Augustus Vivian, Gent., to be

Ensign, without purchase. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Henry Harrison, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Morony, promoted. Dated 14th April, 1858.

5th Foot, Lieutenant Philip FitzRoy to be Captain, by purchase, vice Withington, who retires. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Ensign Charles John Miles, from the 62nd Foot, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice FitzRoy. Dated 13th April, 1858.

7th Foot, Ensign A. Tibeaudo to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Anthony Gardner, appointed to the 22nd Foot. Dated 13th April, 1858.

10th Foot. The second Christian name of Ensign James is *Parry*, not *Perry*, as stated in the Gazette of 30th March, 1858.

11th Foot, Lieutenant George Toddington Osborn to be Adjutant. Dated 13th April, 1858.

The second Christian name of Ensign Oliver is *Farquharson*, and not *Farquhar*, as stated in the Gazette of 30th March, 1858.

12th Foot, Lieutenant Augustus J. Leeson to be Captain, by purchase, vice Ramsay, who retires. Dated 13th April, 1858.

13th Foot, Lieutenant John Bond to be Adjutant. Dated 13th April, 1858.

14th Foot,

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

James Stephen Johnson, Gent., vice Glancy, promoted. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Robert Langtry, Gent. Dated 14th April, 1858.

Francis Fox Robinson, Gent. Dated 15th April, 1858.

Francis Le Breton Butler, Gent. Dated 16th April, 1858.

William Bayford Lindsay, Gent. Dated 17th April, 1858.

John Lawrence, Gent. Dated 18th April, 1858.

To be Paymaster.

Captain John Christopher Villiers Minnett, late of the 1st Warwick Militia. Dated 19th March, 1858.

15*th Foot*, Henry William Knightley Hawks, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 13th April, 1858.

The surname of the Ensign appointed on the 27th March, 1858, is *Coëtlogon*, and not *Coëtlogan*, as then stated.

16*th Foot.*

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Daniel John Wood de Medewe, Gent. Dated 13th April, 1858.

George Lee Le Mesurier Taylor, Gent., vice Pinson, promoted. Dated 14th April, 1858.

Robert William May Wetherell, Gent. Dated 15th April, 1858.

Arthur Edward Cooch, Gent. Dated 16th April, 1858.

To be Quartermaster.

Quartermaster-Serjeant Richard Dent to be Quartermaster, vice Banyard, who retires upon half-pay. Dated 13th April, 1858.

17*th Foot*, Serjeant-Major Alexander Ross, from a Depôt Battalion, to be Ensign, without purchase, and Adjutant. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Hamilton Burnett, Gent., to be Ensign, without

purchase, vice Bradburne, promoted. Dated 14th April, 1858.

18*th Foot.* Major Archibald Neil Campbell to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase, vice Grattan, whose appointment to full pay, as stated in the Gazette of 9th March, 1858, has been cancelled. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Brevet-Major William Radcliff, from the 84th Foot, to be Major, without purchase, vice Campbell, promoted. Dated 13th April, 1858.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

William Fryer Thacker, Gent., vice Lumsden, whose appointment has been cancelled. Dated 13th April, 1858.

George Lawson Hall Poole, Gent. Dated 14th April, 1858.

William Edward Twyning, Gent. Dated 15th April, 1858.

To be Paymaster.

Paymaster John Cornes, from half pay 79th Foot. Dated 13th April, 1858.

19*th Foot,* Captain H. S. G. S. Knight, from 67th Foot, to be Captain, vice Arnold, who exchanges. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Lieutenant Frederick Montagu Alison, from 72nd Foot, to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 13th April, 1858.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

William Breton Kittson, Gent. Dated 13th April, 1858.

George Francis Vesey, Gent., vice Biddulph, promoted. Dated 14th April, 1858.

Thomas H. Kirby, Gent. Dated 15th April, 1858.

20th Foot.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Hubert Cecil Zouch de Stacpoole, Gent., vice Fahie, promoted. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Renouard Henry James, Gent. Dated 14th April, 1858.

21st Foot, Lieutenant V. H. Lee to be Captain, by purchase, vice Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Moore, who retires. Dated 13th April, 1858.

22nd Foot, Lieutenant Anthony Gardner, from the 7th Foot, to be Lieutenant. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Ernest Adolphus Carey, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 13th April, 1858.

23rd Foot, Quartermaster George Burden, from half-pay of the late 1st Jäger Corps, British German Legion, to be Quartermaster. Dated 13th April, 1858.

24th Foot, Lieutenant John Cusack, from half-pay of the late Land Transport Corps, to be Quartermaster. Dated 13th April, 1858.

25th Foot, Captain Archibald Robertson, from half-pay Unattached, to be Captain, vice W. Patterson, appointed Adjutant of the Royal Military College. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Lieutenant C. G. Harrison to be Captain, by purchase, vice Robertson, who retires. Dated 13th April, 1858.

32nd Foot, Ensign W. P. Walshe, from 80th Foot, to be Ensign. Dated 13th April, 1858.

34th Foot, Charles Michael Fox, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Dashwood, promoted in 5th Foot. Dated 13th April, 1858.

The late Ensign Grier should have been succeeded as *died of his wounds*, and not as *deceased* only, as stated in the Gazette of 16th March, 1858.

36*th Foot.* The Commission of Lieutenant C. D. James, as Adjutant, vice Stuart, promoted in 17th Foot, to bear date 10th instead of 26th March, 1858, as previously stated.

39*th Foot*, Chauncey Arthur Taylor, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Coventry, appointed to the 84th Foot. Dated 13th April, 1858.

47*th Foot*, George Vachell Boyd, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, in succession to Lieutenant Croker, promoted. Dated 13th April, 1858.

The promotion of Ensign John James Scott to a Lieutenancy, by purchase, as stated in the Gazette of 30th March, 1858, has been cancelled.

48*th Foot*, John Walter Keyworth, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Forster, appointed to the 84th Foot. Dated 13th April, 1858.

52*nd Foot.*

To be Lieutenants, without purchase.

Ensign Henry Richard Beattie, vice Hallam, deceased. Dated 7th September, 1857.

Ensign Thomas Simpson, vice Beattie, whose promotion on 15th September, 1857, has been cancelled. Dated 15th September, 1857.

Ensign William Owen, vice Simpson, whose promotion on 29th November, 1857, has been cancelled. Dated 27th November, 1857.

58*th Foot*, Lieutenant William Davies Shipley to be Captain, without purchase, vice Brevet-

Lieutenant-Colonel Laye, promoted in 24th Foot. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Ensign B. Maclaren to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Shipley. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Joseph Outram, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Maclaren. Dated 13th April, 1858.

60*th Foot*, Lieutenant W. N. Manners to be Instructor of Musketry. Dated 22nd March, 1858.

The first Christian name of Ensign Worsley, appointed without purchase, in the Gazette of 26th March, 1858, is *Pennyman*, and not *Benjamin*, as previously stated.

64*th Foot*, George Thompson, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Gardiner, promoted. Dated 13th April, 1858.

67*th Foot*, Captain W. S. Arnold, from the 19th Foot, to be Captain, vice Knight, who exchanges. Dated 13th April, 1858.

John Wortley Chaplin, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Lloyd, promoted. Dated 13th April, 1858.

73*rd Foot*, James Trench Turner, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Moffatt, whose appointment has been cancelled. Dated 13th April, 1858.

74*th Foot*, Robert Langley Clowes, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Wilson, appointed to the Royal Canadian Rifle Regiment. Dated 13th April, 1858.

78*th Foot*. The second Christian name of Ensign Sir Alexander Mackenzie, Bart., is "*Muir*."

80*th Foot*, Joseph Bramley Ridout, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Walshe, ap-

pointed to the 32nd Foot. Dated 13th April, 1858

83*rd Foot*, Major Edward Steele to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase, vice Kelsall, who retires upon full-pay. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel John Heatly to be Major, without purchase, vice Steele. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Lieutenant Frederick Dickinson to be Captain, without purchase vice Heatly. Dated 13th April, 1858.

84*th Foot*, Lieutenant George F. T. Whitlock to be Captain, without purchase, vice Brevet-Major W. Radcliff, promoted in the 18th Foot. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Lieutenant H. L. Brownrigg, from 89th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Whitlock. Dated 13th April, 1858.

86*th Foot*, George Edward Anstruther Hilliard, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, in succession to Lieutenant G. S. Nunn, promoted in 22nd Foot. Dated 13th April, 1858.

94*th Foot*, John Ingle, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Cox, promoted. Dated 13th April, 1858.

96*th Foot.*

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Henry Houghton, Gent., vice Johnston, promoted. Dated 13th April, 1858.

William Chaworth Musters, Gent., vice Lowry, promoted. Dated 14th April, 1858.

Edward Hogg, Gent., vice Thorp, appointed to the 98th Foot. Dated 15th April, 1858.

99*th Foot*, Ensign William A. Bond to be Lieu-

tenant, by purchase, vice Macaulay, who retires. Dated 13th April, 1858.

3rd West India Regiment, John Gillespie Richardson, Gent., to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Martelli, deceased. Dated 10th March, 1858.

St. Helena Regiment, William Cleather Gordon, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Phillips, appointed to the 10th Foot. Dated 13th April, 1858.

HOSPITAL STAFF.

To be Assistant-Surgeons to the Forces.

Walter Barnett Ramsbotham, M.B., vice Woodroffe, promoted on the Staff. Dated 10th March, 1858.

Donald Macpherson, Gent., vice Giraud, appointed to the 31st Foot. Dated 10th March, 1858.

Edward Hardinge, Gent., vice Lumsden, appointed to the 32nd Foot. Dated 10th March, 1858.

William Curran, Gent., vice Allen, appointed to the 99th Foot. Dated 10th March, 1858.

Jas Greer Cuppage, Gent., vice Quinlan, appointed to the 7th Foot. Dated 10th March, 1858.

James Hinton, Gent., vice Dauney, appointed to the 59th Foot. Dated 10th March, 1858.

John Anderson, M.B., vice Scott, appointed to the 73rd Foot. Dated 10th March, 1858.

James Davis, Gent., vice Gillespie, appointed to the 5th Foot. Dated 10th March, 1858.

John Henry Hunt, Gent., vice Sam, appointed to the 60th Foot. Dated 10th March, 1858.

Isaac Hoysted, Gent., vice Kerr, appointed to the 6th Foot. Dated 10th March, 1858.

Charles Hervé Giraud, Gent., vice Salter, appointed to the 61st Foot. Dated 10th March, 1858.

George Ralph Tate, M.D., vice Piper, appointed to the 9th Foot. Dated 17th March, 1858.

To be Acting Assistant-Surgeons.

George Hayward, Gent. Dated 5th April, 1858.
John Benbow, M.D. Dated 5th April, 1858.
George Cowper Rose, Gent. Dated 5th April, 1858.
John Craven, Gent. Dated 5th April, 1858.

CHAPLAIN'S DEPARTMENT.

Assistant-Chaplain to the Forces the Reverend Robert L. M'Ghee to be a Commissioned Chaplain to the Forces, vice the Reverend J. G. Boudier, resigned. Dated 13th April, 1858.

BREVET.

Colonel Hale Young Wortham, retired full-pay, Royal Engineers, to be Major-General, the rank being honorary only. Dated 1st April, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Aiskew Larcom, C.B., retired full-pay, Royal Engineers, to be Colonel, the rank being honorary only. Dated 1st April, 1858.

Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel H. J. M. Gregory, late of the 3rd West India Regiment, to be Colonel in the Army. Dated 15th May, 1857.

Lieutenant-Colonel E. R. Jeffreys, of a Depôt Battalion, having completed three years' actual service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, to be Colonel in the Army, under the Royal Warrant of the 6th October, 1854. Dated 1st April, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel John Kelsall, retired full-pay, 83rd Foot, to be Colonel in the Army, the rank being honorary only. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Captain Archibald Robertson, 25th Foot, to be Major in the Army. Dated 23rd November, 1841.

Brevet-Major Archibald Robertson, 25th Foot, to be Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army. Dated 11th November, 1851.

Quartermaster John Banyard, retired half-pay 16th Foot, to have the honorary rank of Captain, under the Royal Warrant of the 17th December, 1855. Dated 13th April, 1858.

To be Colonels in the Army.

Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable St. George Gerald Foley, C.B., upon half-pay as Major Unattached. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Lemon, Royal Marines. Dated 13th April, 1858.

To be Lieutenant-Colonels in the Army.

Major Arnold E. Burmester, 59th Foot. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Major the Honourable Hugh Clifford, Unattached. Dated 13th April, 1858.

To be Majors in the Army.

Captain G. Frederick Mann, Royal Engineers. Dated 13th April 1858.

Captain Thomas Knox, Royal Artillery. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Captain Joseph O. Travers, Royal Marines. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Captain Robert William Romer, 59th Foot. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Captain William F. Foote, Royal Marines. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Captain Richard Parke, Royal Marines. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Captain George E. O. Jackson, Royal Marines. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Captain Thomas James, 2nd Bengal Native Infantry. Dated 24th March, 1858.

The undermentioned Officers, having completed three years' service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, to be Colonels in the Army, under the Royal Warrant of the 3rd November, 1854, viz. :

Lieutenant-Colonel William Thomas Crawford, C.B., Royal Artillery. Dated 1st April, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel Pierrepont Henry Mundy, Royal Artillery. Dated 1st April, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Henderson, Royal Artillery. Dated 1st April, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel William James Smythe, Royal Artillery. Dated 1st April, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel Frederick Augustus Yorke, Royal Engineers. Dated 1st April, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Francis Skyring, Royal Engineers. Dated 1st April, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Gorges Hamilton Royal Engineers. Dated 1st April, 1858.

MEMORANDUM.

The exchange between Cornet George James Teevan, 3rd Light Dragoons, and Ensign D. W. B. Ogilvy, 34th Foot, as stated in the Gazette of 23rd March, 1858, has been cancelled.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Chester.

2nd Regiment of Royal Cheshire Militia.

Thomas Baskett Turner, Gent., to be Ensign,

vice W. R. Cockson, resigned. Dated 20th March, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the West Riding of the County of York, *and of the City and County of the City of* York.

3rd Regiment (Light Infantry) of West York Militia.

Frederick Arthur Verner, Gent., to be Ensign, vice William Samuel Bennett, resigned. Dated 7th April, 1858.

George Campbell, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Joshua Paul Barker, displaced. Dated 7th April, 1858.

5th Regiment of West York Militia.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held in this Regiment by Ensign George Goodwin Norris.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lincoln.

Royal North Lincoln Militia.

Edward Ashurst Marsland, Gent., to be Ensign, vice George Rooke, resigned. Dated 24th March, 1858.

Ensign Augustus Charles Short to be Lieutenant, vice W. S. Brown, appointed to the 4th Foot. Dated 6th April, 1858.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 16, 1858.

India Board, April 14, 1858.

THE following papers have been received at the East India House.

No. 1.

NOTIFICATION.

Camp Allahabad, February 22, 1858.

No. 150.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General has been pleased to direct that the following letters from Lieutenant-Colonel Hinde, commanding the Rewah and Nagode Forces, and from Lieutenant Osborne, Political Agent at Rewah, reporting the operations of the troops under the command of the former officer, be published for general information.

His Lordship considers, that the excellent services rendered by Lieutenant-Colonel Hinde and Lieutenant Osborne, and by the several sirdars and men of the Forces belonging to the Rajahs of Rewah and Nagode, are deserving of the high commendation of the Government of India.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor-General of India,

E. F. EDMONSTONE,
Secretary to the Government of India,
with the Governor-General.

No. 2.

Lieutenant-Colonel Hinde, commanding Rewah Forces, to Colonel Birch, C.B., Military Secretary of Government.

Camp Bijawurghur,
February 10, 1858.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of Government, that, in obedience to Captain Osborne, the Political Agent's orders, I left Rewah, with the levies under my command, on the 14th of December, to open the Jubbulpore road, and to attack the enemy's forts on the way.

In conjunction with His Highness the Maharajah of Rewah's troops, together with the Nagode Rajah, I have much pleasure in informing the Government that we took the forts of Kunchunpore, Goorah, Myhere, Jokai, Khunwara, and Bijawarghur.

We captured two standards,

Forty-two pieces of ordnance and a quantity of Government muskets, with large stores of grain and ammunition, and very many prisoners, amongst whom are many sirdars of note.

I take this opportunity of recording my sincere thanks to Lieutenant Matthian, my second in command, who has rendered me much valuable assistance throughout the campaign, and especially for the gallant manner in which he, in several instances, kept down the enemy's fire by a well directed fire of rifles and musketry.

My best thanks are also due to Mr. Kirke, my Interpreter, for his assistance afforded me.

I have, &c.,
CHARLES HINDE, Lieut.-Colonel,
Commanding Rewah Force.

No. 3.

The Political Agent Rewah to Colonel Birch, C.B., Military Secretary to the Government of India.

Camp Jokye, February 12, 1858.

SIR, No. 174.

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of the Government, that I purpose marching the Rewah troops back to their own territory; the objects for which they were required have been attained.

The force consists of Rewah and Nagode troops, without any discipline, and badly equipped, and the Rewah levies under Colonel Hinde also badly armed. The troops went into camp on the 14th of November, but owing to want of system and the delays consequent on any move in a native state, hardly any thing was done till the 14th of December, since which time six forts, 40 guns, two mortars, and two standards have been captured. The Deccan road has been opened, dauk and police chowkees have been re-established; order restored in the Myhere territory; the Bijanaghoghur territory annexed, tehseedaw and police appointed in it; and 101 prisoners taken have been sentenced to death, and forwarded to the nearest military out-post to be executed.

I cannot speak too highly of the services rendered by Colonel Hinde and his officers. The discipline, coolness under fire, cheerfulness and zeal of the men, and their admirable artillery practice, reflect the greatest credit on Colonel Hinde and his officers. They led the way on every occasion, and their battery was always the most advanced. Lieutenant Mathias, with his Enfield rifle and his skirmishers, was of great service, frequently preventing the enemy working his guns.

Among the Rajah's sirdars Dinbund Pandy, in chief command Rewah troops; Lullail Sing, &c., Sewgobind Pandy, in chief command Nagode troops; Davy Sing, Bissesshur Sing, have distinguished themselves.

Dinbund Pandy I have found active and zealous, always leading his men, and he has done his work well, though he had many difficulties to overcome, which have been thrown in his way by the unruly Sirdars.

Lullail Sing and Sewgobind Pandy have given me satisfaction, and have invariably been willing and zealous.

Davy Sing. This sirdar was instrumental in saving the life of one of the officers or myself, as a prisoner behind us, who had contrived to conceal a sword, made a cut which was fortunately warded off by this sirdar, whose sword however unfortunately broke, and he was severely wounded on the head.

Bissesshur Sing. This sirdar has been with me since the outbreak in October, remaining constantly by me. I have found him of great service.

My best thanks are due to Colonel Hinde; being in a bad state of health, and his every zeal and activity have been of the greatest assistance to me.

I have, &c.

W. OSBORNE, Political Agent.

No. 4.

Major-General Sir A. Wilson, Bart., K.C.B., Commandant of Artillery, to the Secretary, Military Department, East India House.

No. 172 A.

Head Quarters of Artillery,

SIR, *Camp Cawnpore, February* 23, 1858.

ADVERTING to my letter, No. 803, dated

the 14th of December last, to your address, I have now the honour to forward a Supplementary Nominal Roll of Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers of the regiment under my command, who have been either killed, or wounded, or have died since the commencement of the outbreak.

2. This roll, I beg to state, includes all the casualties of those troops and companies of Artillery, specified in the second and third paragraphs of my communication above noted.

I have, &c.,
A. WILSON, Major-General,
Commandant of Artillery.

No. 5.

SUPPLEMENTARY Nominal Roll of Men of the Regiment of Bengal Artillery who have been Killed, or who have Died, between the 1st of May and 31st of December, 1857.

Head Quarters of Artillery,
Camp Cawnpore, February 22, 1858.

6093 Corporal Cornelius Ryan, 4 Co., 5 Batt., killed at Dum Dum, May 28
8652 Gunner Robert Henderson, 3 Co., 5 Batt., died at Barrackpore, June 7
5612 Gunner Edward Coyle, 1 Co., 5 Batt., died at Calcutta, June 14
5799 Farrier-Serjeant John Edwards, No. 13 Battery, killed at Fyzabad, June 14
7445 Gunner John Lindsay, 2 Co., 3 Batt., died of wounds at Benares, June 20
6260 Gunner Timothy Coghlan, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died at Lucknow, June 24
3729 Gunner John Lavin, 4 Co., 1 Batt., killed at Lucknow, June 30

3482 Bombardier Thomas Smith, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died of wounds at Lucknow, July 1
3200 Gunner Thomas Ryan, 4 Co., 1 Batt., killed at Lucknow, July 1
8569 Gunner Thomas Murphy, 4 Co., 1 Batt., killed at Lucknow, July 1
7947 Bugler Benjamin Cowling, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died of wounds at Lucknow, July 6
5236 Gunner Vester Bright, 4 Co., 1 Batt., drowned at Lucknow, July 6
5265 Gunner Peter Ducklow, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died of wounds at Lucknow, July 8
6809 Gunner Alexander Stuart, 4 Co., 1 Batt., killed at Lucknow, July 9
1390 Serjeant Thomas Gray, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died at Lucknow, July 12
8896 Half-pay Bugler George Turner, 4 Co., 1 Batt., killed at Lucknow, July 14
5255 Gunner James Clark, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died at Lucknow, July 18
6813 Gunner William Thomson, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died of wounds at Lucknow, July 18
5896 Gunner Patrick Conner, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died at Lucknow, July 18
3992 Corporal George Shurgal, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died of wounds at Lucknow, July 18
7559 Corporal Thomas Maxwell, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died of wounds at Lucknow, July 20
8499 Gunner Simon Shehy, 4 Co., 1 Batt., killed at Lucknow, July 20
5881 Gunner John Brannan, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died at Darjeeling, July 20
6198 Staff-Serjeant James Williams, 1 Co., 3 Batt., died at Saugor, July 20
2341 Rough Rider Serjeant Peter Pender, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died of wounds at Lucknow, July 22
6039 Gunner James Hogan, 1 Co., 3 Batt., died at Saugor, July 23

2726 Gunner Patrick King, 4 Co., 1 Bat., died at Lucknow, July 26
3709 Staff-Serjeant Alexander Griffiths, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died at Lucknow, August 1
8169 Gunner Thomas Dickie, 1 Co., 5 Batt., died at Buxar, August 1
4738 Serjeant John Brown, 4 Co, 1 Batt., killed at Lucknow, August 2
6870 Gunner Thomas Hayes, 1 Co., 5 Batt., killed at Arrah, August 2
5176 Gunner Thomas Hickey, 1 Co., 5 Batt., killed at Arrah, August 2
3245 Corporal John Hamilton, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died of wounds at Lucknow, August 4
6119 Serjeant Michael Blanchfield, 1 Co., 3 Batt., died at Saugor, August 4
3277 Bombardier Henry Preston, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died at Lucknow, August 7
4177 Gunner Thomas Skelton, 2 Co., 3 Batt., died near Cawnpore, August 8
4746 Gunner Patrick Barry, 4 Co., 1 Batt., killed at Lucknow, August 12
7999 Gunner James Painter, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died at Lucknow, August 14
5399 Farrier Serjeant Patrick Walsh, 4 Co., 7 Batt., died at Delhi, August 14
4463 Gunner Patrick O'Laughlin, 2 Co., 3 Batt., died near Cawnpore, August 16
8434 Gunner James Dwyer, 2 Co., 3 Batt., died near Cawnpore, August 18
8037 Gunner William Douglas, 1 Co., 5 Batt., died at Ghazeepore, August 18
7426 Gunner Francis Hughes, 2 Co., 3 Batt., died near Cawnpore, August 22
5246 Gunner John Casey, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died of wounds at Lucknow, August 25
7527 Corporal Hugh Denny, 4 Co., 1 Batt., killed at Lucknow, September 1

3786 Gunner George Cook, 4 Co., 1 Batt., killed at Lucknow, September 1

6973 Serjeant George Dempsey, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died of wounds at Lucknow, September 2

8680 Gunner Robert Nisbet, 4 Co., 1 Batt., killed at Lucknow, September 6

5443 Gunner Timothy Collins, 4 Co., 5 Batt., died at Dinapore, September 12

3925 Serjeant Jacob Brown, 1 Co., 3 Batt., died at Saugor, September 14

8171 Corporal Joseph Howard, 1 Co., 5 Batt., killed near Cawnpore, September 21

5276 Gunner Timothy Flynn, 2 Co., 3 Batt., killed entering Lucknow, September 25

5826. Gunner John Shehan, 2 Co., 3 Batt., killed entering Lucknow, September 25

3149 Bugler Robert Tuncliffe, 2 Co., 3 Batt, killed entering Lucknow, September 25

7033 Bombardier William McNamara, 1 Co., 5 Batt., killed entering Lucknow, September 25

8669 Gunner Salmon Morris, 1 Co., 5 Batt., killed entering Lucknow, September 25

7510 Gunner Samuel Armistead, 1 Co., 5 Batt., killed entering Lucknow, September 25

7668 Gunner James Williams, 1 Co., 5 Batt., died of wounds at Lucknow, September 28

4886 Gunner Thomas Stringer, 3 Co., 5 Batt., died at Allahabad, September 29

6459 Gunner Francis Hartnett, 2 Co., 3 Batt., died at Alum Bagh, October 1

8641 Gunner Edward Fitzgerald, 1 Co., 5 Batt., died of wounds at Lucknow, October 2

1418 Gunner John Smart, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died of wounds at Lucknow, October 3

7757 Bombardier Thomas Davidson, 2 Co., 6 Batt., died at Mhow, October 4

6308 Gunner Henry Howard, 1 Co., 3 Batt., died at Saugor, October 6

6025 Gunner James Fisher, 4 Co., 5 Batt., died at Dinapore, October 13

7521 Gunner Edward Cartey, 1 Co., 5 Batt , died of wounds at Lucknow, October 16

6942 Bombardier Thomas Boland, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died from wounds at Lucknow, Oct. 19.

5243 Serjeant Cornelius Cronin, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died at Lucknow, October 22

4740 Staff-Serjeant Patrick Barrett, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died of wounds at Lucknow, November 14

3870 Serjeant Jeremiah R. Fielding, 2 Co., 3 Batt., died of wounds at Lucknow, November 18

5606 Gunner Richard Bearn, 1 Co., 5 Batt., killed in Lucknow, November 18

6556 Gunner Peter Kelagher, 1 Co., 5 Batt., died of wounds at Lucknow, Nov. 24.

6627 Gunner James McGreavy, 1 Co., 3 Batt., supposed to have been killed at Bhopayle, December 14

4482 Serjeant Robert Synam, 2 Co., 3 Batt., died of wounds at Lucknow, December 19

8290 Gunner Joseph Dyer, 1 Co., 5 Batt., died of wounds at Alum Bagh, December 25

5260 Gunner Daniel Donogan, 3 Co., 1 Batt., died of wounds at Meerut, December

6320 Gunner Thomas Lynch, 3 Co., 1 Batt., died of wounds at Cawnpore, December

7618 Gunner Thomas Walker, 4 Co., 1 Batt., died of wounds, December 27

6455 Gunner Thomas Foley, 3 Co., 5 Batt., died of wounds, December 28

A. WILSON, Major-General,
Commandant of Artillery.

St. James's Palace, April 14, 1858.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon John Barnard Byles, Esq., one of the Judges of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas.

Foreign-Office, April 12, 1858.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Frederic Doveton Orme, Esq., now Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires and Consul-General to the Republic of Bolivia, to be Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires and Consul-General to the Republic of Venezuela.

Buckingham-Palace, March 23, 1858.

His Royal Highness The Prince Consort has been pleased to appoint James Moncrieff Arnott, Esq., F.R.S., to be Surgeon in Ordinary to His Royal Highness, in the room of Benjamin Travers, Esq., deceased.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,
16*th April*, 1858.

69*th Regiment of Foot.*

Major-General Ernest Frederick Gascoigne to be Colonel, vice General Sir Ralph Darling, deceased. Dated 3rd April, 1858.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,
16*th April*, 1858.

2*nd Regiment of Life Guards*, Lieutenant the Honourable Charles Spencer Bateman Hanbury to be Captain, by purchase, vice Savile Savile, who retires. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Cornet and Sub-Lieutenant Francis Woodgate to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Hanbury. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Cornet and Sub-Lieutenant John W. H. Cunninghame to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice the Honourable T. H. G. Fermor, who retires. Dated 16th April, 1858.

4*th Light Dragoons*, William Norris Franklyn, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase, vice E. Simpson, promoted. Dated 16th April, 1858.

5*th Light Dragoons*, Robert Mather, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Richard Jacob Wyrley Birch, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase. Dated 17th April, 1858.

10*th Light Dragoons*, Charles B. Hartwell, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase, vice Gore, promoted. Dated 16th April, 1858.

13*th Light Dragoons*, Lieutenant Henry O. Munn to be Captain, by purchase, vice Purcell, who retires. Dated 16th April, 1858.

18*th Light Dragoons*, Edward Goldsmith, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Grenadier Guards, Brevet-Major Robert N. Curzon Drury Lowe, from the 74th Foot, to be Lieutenant and Captain, vice the Honourable J. B. J. Dormer, who exchanges. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Coldstream Guards, William Henry Phipps, Gent., to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Rogers, who resigns. Dated 16th April, 1858.

3*rd Regiment of Foot*, Serjeant-Major Andrew Jackson to be Ensign, without purchase, vice

Hurst, appointed to the 12th Foot. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Joseph James Boardman Haydock, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 17th April, 1858.

5th Foot, Lieutenant John Barnett Barker, to be Captain by purchase, vice Palmer, who retires. Dated 16th April, 1858.

6th Foot, Ensign I. S. Allfrey to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Ensign J. T. Nugent to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Lieutenant J. L. O. Mansergh to be Adjutant, vice Bartley, promoted. Dated 16th April, 1858.

8th Foot, Lieutenant Joseph Hamilton, from half-pay of the late Land Transport Corps, to be Quartermaster, vice Walker, whose appointment on 18th September, 1857, has been cancelled. Dated 16th April, 1858.

9th Foot, Ensign P. W. Hackett to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Hussey, who retires. Dated 16th April, 1858.

11th Foot, Joseph Mathers Gilbert, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 16th April, 1858.

The name of the Lieutenant appointed Adjutant on the 13th instant is *F. W. Osborne*, and not *G. T. Osborn* as then stated.

12th Foot, Ensign William Henry Crawhall, from the 28th Foot, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Leeson, promoted. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Ensign Charles Edward Hurst, from the 3rd Foot, to be Ensign. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Robert William Desanges, Esq., to be Paymaster. Dated 9th March, 1858.

15*th Foot*, George Luck, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Fitzmaurice, who retires. Dated 16th April, 1858.

George William Hayne, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 17th April, 1858.

Robert Savery Rouse, Esq., to be Paymaster. Dated 16th April, 1858.

16*th Foot*, Serjeant-Major James Bell, from a Depôt Battalion, to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Sydney Herbert Davies, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 17th April, 1858.

Staff-Surgeon of the Second Class James Richard Ffennell to be Surgeon. Dated 10th March, 1858.

19*th Foot*, Robert Biscoe, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 16th April, 1858.

20*th Foot*, William Glencross, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 16th April, 1858.

21*st Foot*, Ensign James Browne, from the 4th Foot, to be Ensign. Dated 16th April, 1858.

William Thorburn, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Quartermaster Patrick Francis Foley, from half-pay of the late Land Transport Corps, to be Quartermaster. Dated 16th April, 1858.

22*nd Foot*, William S. Ward, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 16th April, 1858.

23*rd Foot*, Lorenzo George Lysons, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 16th April, 1858.

24th Foot.

To be Captains, without purchase.

Lieutenant James Stewart, vice Bazalgette, promoted. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Lieutenant Richard Henry Holland. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Captain Richard B. T. Thelwall, from 5th Foot. Dated 17th April, 1858.

Captain Thomas Clark, from the Ceylon Rifles. Dated 17th April, 1858.

Captain F. C. D'Epinay Barclay, from half-pay Unattached. Dated 17th April, 1858.

Lieutenant Richard Barter, from 75th Foot. Dated 17th April, 1858.

Lieutenant William B. C. Goodison, from 6th Foot. Dated 17th April, 1858.

Lieutenant Montague Browne, from 98th Foot. Dated 17th April, 1858.

Lieutenant Thomas G. Peacocke, from 30th Foot. Dated 17th April, 1858.

To be Lieutenants, without purchase.

Lieutenant Henry J. Hitchcock, from 46th Foot. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Lieutenant A. T. Jones, from 31st Foot. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Lieutenant Edward Trevor Dunn, from 1st West India Regiment. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Ensign William Franklin, from 26th Foot. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Ensign James H. H. Landon, from 55th Foot. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Ensign Lucas Waring, from 41st Foot. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Ensign John Moore G. Tongue, vice Stewart. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Ensign J. C. Thomas, vice Holland. Dated 16th April, 1858.

32*nd Foot*, Lieutenant Henry Mant Gilby, from the 88th Foot, to be Lieutenant. Dated 16th April, 1858.

51*st Foot*, Captain William Henry Herrick, from the Royal Canadian Rifle Regiment, to be Captain, vice Houson, who exchanges. Dated 16th April, 1858.

74*th Foot*, Lieutenant and Captain the Honourable J. B. J. Dormer, from the Grenadier Guards, to be Captain, vice Lowe, who exchanges. Dated 16th April, 1858.

81*st Foot*, Henry Maturin, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, in succession to Lieutenant E. F. Foster, promoted in 19th Foot. Dated 16th April, 1858.

83*rd Foot*, William Blathwayt, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, in succession to Lieutenant Dickinson, promoted. Dated 16th April, 1858.

91*st Foot*. The Commission of Surgeon M. W. Murphy has been antedated to 3rd March, 1854, the antedate not to carry pay.

Rifle Brigade, Lieutenant Fitzroy Stephen to be Adjutant, vice Jeames, who resigns the Adjutancy only. Dated 10th February, 1858.

Royal Canadian Rifle Regiment, Captain Henry Basil Houson, from the 51st Foot, to be Captain, vice Herrick, who exchanges. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Lieutenant Oliver Goldsmith, from 93rd Foot, to be Lieutenant. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Serjeant-Major David Miller to be Ensign, without purchase, and Adjutant. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Ernest C. Wilford, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 17th April, 1858.

HOSPITAL STAFF.

Staff-Surgeon of the First Class George Stewart Beatson, M.D., from half-pay, to be Staff-Surgeon of the First Class, upon full pay and attached to the 22nd Foot. Dated 2nd April, 1858.

William Michell Trestrail, Gent., to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Power, resigned. Dated 16th April, 1858.

BREVET.

Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Sebastian Leith Hay, C.B., 93rd Foot, having completed three years' actual service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, to be Colonel in the Army under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Brevet-Major William Wood, retired full-pay, Royal Marines (Staff Officer of Pensioners), to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, under Her Majesty's Order in Council of 13th September, 1854. Dated 16th April, 1858.

The undermentioned promotions to take place, consequent upon the death of General Sir Ralph Darling, Colonel of the 69th Foot, on 2nd April, 1858:

Brevet-Colonel Charles Gascoyne, upon half-pay as Lieutenant-Colonel 17th Foot, to be Major-General. Dated 3rd April, 1858.

Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Leonard Morse Cooper, upon half-pay as Major Unattached, to be Colonel. Dated 3rd April, 1858.

Brevet-Major Edward Adams, upon half-pay as Captain Unattached, to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 3rd April, 1858.

Captain Charles Durie, upon half-pay Unattached (Staff Officer of Pensioners), to be Major. Dated 3rd April, 1858.

MEMORANDUM.

The Christian names of Surgeon Richardson, late of the Turkish Contingent, are *Charles Schofield.*

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stafford.

The Honourable William John Borlase Warren Vernon to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 12th April, 1858.

3rd Regiment of King's Own Staffordshire Militia.

Major Richard Byrd Levett to be Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant, vice Bagot, promoted to the rank of Honorary Colonel. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Devon.

Royal 1st Devon Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry.

Captain Frederic Courtenay Trower to be Adjutant. Dated 12th March, 1858.

1st Devon Regiment of Militia.

John Hawkesworth to be Ensign. Dated 11th March, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kent.

East Kent Regiment of Militia.

Ensign George Edward Arthur Holdsworth to be

Lieutenant, vice Wrench, resigned, and appointed to the 17th Foot. Dated 10th April, 1858.

Ensign William Tatham to be Lieutenant, vice Michell, resigned. Dated 11th April, 1858.

TREASURY WARRANT.

Whereas the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in exercise of the powers reserved to them in and by a certain Act of Parliament passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the regulation of the duties of postage," and a certain other Act of Parliament, passed in the eleventh year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled 'An Act for giving further facilities for the transmission of letters by post, and for the regulating the duties of postage thereon, and for other purposes relating to the Post Office," did, by a certain Warrant in writing, under the hands of two of them the said Commissioners (by the authority of the statute in that case made and provided) bearing date the 21st day of July, 1857, order, direct, and declare (amongst other things), that all packets consisting of books, publications, or works of literature or art, whether British, colonial, or foreign, and all packets consisting of printed votes and proceedings of the Imperial Parliament or the colonial legislatures, might be transmitted by the post between any part of the United Kingdom, and any part of the several places mentioned and set forth in the Schedule A to the said now reciting Warrant annexed; and that all packets consisting of books, publications, or works of literature or art, whether British, colonial, or foreign, and all packets consisting of printed votes and proceedings of the Imperial Parliament or the colonial legislatures might be transmitted by the post between

the several colonies and places mentioned and set forth in the Schedule B to the said now reciting Warrant annexed; and that all such respective packets should be so transmitted respectively in conformity with, and under and subject to, the several regulations, orders, directions, and conditions thereinafter respectively mentioned and contained. And that as respects certain of the said places in the said schedules respectively mentioned such transmission might also be by the routes mentioned against such places in such schedules respectively; and that the single rate of postage for the transmission thereof respectively should be that which was mentioned and set forth against the said places respectively in the said Schedules A and B. And that all such respective packets so transmitted should be subject to the several progressive and additional rates of postage thereinafter mentioned; and that the terms "books, publications, or works of literature or art," in the said now reciting Warrant used should, for the purposes of the said now reciting Warrant, mean and comprise all such articles as in their general character were either literary, or consisted of printed, written, engraved or lithographed matter (although not strictly literary), including books (whether printed, written or plain), publications or compilations (whether in print or in manuscript), almanacks, printed or lithographed letters, and such artistic productions as prints, maps (whether on paper or canvas or cloth, and whether printed or written), and photographs when not on glass, or in frames containing glass and any description of paper, parchment, or vellum (whether printed, lithographed, written upon or plain, or any mixture of the four), together with any binding, mounting, or covering of or upon or belonging to any such article or production, or any portion thereof, or of or belonging to any paper, parchment, or vellum, and including also any cases or rollers of prints or maps,

book-markers (whether of paper or otherwise), pencils, pens, or other thing usually appertaining to any such article or production, paper, parchment, or vellum, or necessary for its safe transmission, which should be sent in the same packet with any such article or production to which they or it should belong. Provided, nevertheless, that nothing in the said now reciting Warrant contained should extend to authorise the sending by the post, under the provisions of that Warrant, of any patterns, or books of patterns, or papers of patterns, of any article or thing whatsoever. And that nothing in the said now reciting Warrant contained should be construed to extend to any packets sent through France or any other foreign country to which a transit rate of postage would be liable thereon. And that the Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury might, by Warrant under their hands, or the hands of any two of them, at any time thereafter alter, repeal, or revoke any of the rates of postage thereby fixed or altered. or any of the orders, directions, regulations, and conditions thereby made, and might make and establish any new or other rates, orders, directions, regulations, and conditions in lieu thereof.

And whereas the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in exercise of the powers reserved to them in and by the said two beforementioned Acts of Parliament, and also a certain other Act of Parliament passed in the eighteenth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to the Stamp Duties on Newspapers, and to provide for the transmission by post of printed periodical publications," did by a certain other Warrant in writing, under the hands of two of them the said Commissioners (by the authority of the statute in that case made and provided), bearing date the

15th day of January, 1858, order, direct, and declare (amongst other things), that all packets consisting of printed newspapers, whether British, colonial, or foreign, and all packets consisting of books, publications, or works of literature or art, whether British, colonial, or foreign, and all packets consisting of printed votes and proceedings of the Imperial Parliament, or the Colonial or Sardinian Legislatures, posted in any of the respective countries and places mentioned and set forth in the first column of the Schedule A to the said now reciting Warrant annexed, addressed to any of the respective countries and places mentioned and set forth in the second column of the said Schedule A to the said now reciting Warrant annexed, might be transmitted by the post from any of the respective countries and places mentioned and set forth in the said first column of the said Schedule A to any of the respective countries and places mentioned and set forth in the said second column of the said Schedule A; and that all such respective packets should be transmitted in conformity with, and under and subject to, the several regulations, orders, directions, and conditions thereinafter mentioned and contained relating thereto. And that the single rate of postage for the transmission of such packets should be that which was mentioned and set forth against such respective countries and places in the said schedule A, and that all such respective packets so transmitted and chargeable with postage under that clause should be subject to the several progressive and additional rates of postage thereinafter mentioned. And that all packets consisting of British newspapers and all packets consisting of books, publications, or works of literature or art, whether British, colonial, or foreign, and all packets consisting of printed votes and proceedings of the Imperial Parliament, or the Colonial

or Sardinian Legislatures, posted in the United Kingdom, addressed to any of the respective countries and places mentioned and set forth in the first column of the Schedule B to the said now reciting Warrant annexed, might be transmitted by the post from the United Kingdom to any of the respective countries and places mentioned and set forth in the said first column of the said Schedule B; and that all such respective packets should be transmitted in conformity with and under and subject to the several regulations, orders, directions, and conditions thereinafter mentioned and contained relating thereto. And that the single rate of postage for the transmission of such packets respectively should be that which was mentioned and set forth respectively against such respective countries and places in the said Schedule B; and that all such respective packets transmitted under that clause should be subject to the several progressive and additional rates of postage thereinafter mentioned. And that every packet which should be so transmitted by the post as aforesaid should be so transmitted in conformity with and under and subject to the several regulations, orders, directions, and conditions thereinafter contained; and amongst others that the terms "books, publications, or works of literature or art," in the said now reciting Warrant used, should, for the purposes of the said now reciting Warrant, mean and comprise all such articles as in their general character were either literary or consisted of printed, engraved, or lithographed matter (although not strictly literary), including printed books, printed publications or compilations, almanacks, printed or lithographed letters, and such artistic productions as prints, printed maps, (whether on paper, or canvas, or cloth,) and photographs, when not on glass or in frames containing glass, together with any binding, mounting, or

covering of or upon or belonging to any such article or production, or any portion thereof, and including also any cases or rollers of prints or maps, book-markers, (whether of paper or otherwise), pencils, pens, or other thing usually appertaining to any such article or production, or necessary for its safe transmission, which should be sent in the same packet with any such article or production to which they or it should belong. Provided, nevertheless, that nothing in the said now reciting Warrant contained should extend to authorise the sending by the post under the provisions of that Warrant, of any patterns or books of patterns, or papers of patterns of any article or thing whatsoever, unless such patterns consisted merely of paper. And that the Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury might, by Warrant under their hands or the hands of any two of them, at any time thereafter alter, repeal, or revoke any of the rates of postage thereby fixed or altered, or any of the orders, directions, regulations, and conditions thereby made, and might make and establish any new or other rates, orders, directions, regulations, and conditions in lieu thereof.

And whereas the authorities of the French Post Office have lately consented to permit packets consisting of books, publications, or works of literature or art, and packets consisting of printed votes and proceedings of the Imperial Parliament or the Colonial Legislatures, which may be transmitted by the post under and by virtue of the said recited Warrant of the 21st day of July, 1857, to be sent through France, when sent in closed mails; and have also consented to permit such books, publications, or works of literature or art, as may be transmitted by the post under or by virtue of the said recited Warrant of the 21st day of July, 1857, when posted in any of the respective coun-

tries and places mentioned and set forth in the first column of the Schedule A to the said recited Warrant of the 15th day of January, 1858, annexed, addressed to any of the respective countries and places mentioned and set forth in the second column of the said Schedule A, and also when posted in the United Kingdom addressed to any of the respective countries and places mentioned and set forth in the first column of the Schedule B to the said recited Warrant of the 15th day of January, 1858, annexed, to be transmitted by the post to the several countries and places to which they shall be so respectively addressed through France when sent in closed mails; and it is expedient to alter the regulations contained in the said two recited Warrants of the 21st day of July, 1857, and the 15th day of January, 1858, respectively, for that purpose, and to make other regulations accordingly in the manner hereinafter mentioned.

Now we, the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in exercise of the powers reserved to us in and by the said several hereinbefore recited Acts and every of them, and of all other powers enabling us in this behalf, do, by this Warrant under the hands of two of us the said Commissioners (by the authority of the Statute in that case made and provided) order, direct, and declare as follows; that is to say:

1. All packets, consisting of books, publications, or works of literature or art, whether British, colonial, or foreign, and all packets consisting of printed votes and proceedings of the Imperial Parliament, or the Colonial Legislatures, which may be transmitted by the post, under and by virtue of the said recited Warrant of the 21st day of July, 1857, may when sent in closed mails, be transmitted through France, and all such respective packets shall in all other respects be trans-

mitted respectively in conformity with and under and subject to the several regulations, orders, directions, conditions, and rates of postage respectively mentioned and contained in the said recited Warrant of the said 21st day of July, 1857.

2. All packets consisting of such books, publications, or works of literature or art, whether British, colonial, or foreign, as are declared to be comprised in the terms "books, publications, or works of literature or art" used in the said recited Warrant of the 21st day of July, 1857, and which may be transmitted by the post, under and by virtue of the said last-mentioned Warrant may when posted in any of the respective countries and places mentioned and set forth in the first column of the Schedule A. to the said recited Warrant of the 15th day of January, 1858 annexed, addressed to any of the respective countries and places mentioned and set forth in the second column of the said Schedule A to the said last-mentioned Warrant annexed, or when posted in the United Kingdom addressed to any of the respective countries and places mentioned and set forth in the first column of the Schedule B to the said last-mentioned Warrant annexed, be transmitted by the post to the said several countries and places to which they are respectively addressed, through France, when sent in closed mails at the same rates of postage as are charged and chargeable under and by virtue of the said recited Warrant of the 15th day of January, 1858, for and in respect of packets consisting of books, publications, or works of literature or art, authorised to be transmitted by the post, under and by virtue of the said last-mentioned Warrant; and all packets consisting of books, publications, or works of literature or art, which shall be transmitted by the post from any of the countries and places to any of the other countries and places mentioned and

set forth respectively in the Schedules A and B to the said recited Warrant of the said 15th day of January, 1858 respectively annexed, when not sent in closed mails shall be so transmitted in conformity with, and under, and subject to, the several regulations, orders, directions, conditions, and rates respectively in the said last-mentioned Warrant mentioned and contained, relating thereto, and shall be such only as are declared to be comprised in the terms "books, publications, or works of literature or art," used in the said recited Warrant of the 15th day of January, 1858.

3. The Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury may, by Warrant, under their hands, or the hands of any two of them, at any time hereafter alter, repeal, or revoke, any of the rates of postage hereby fixed, or any of the orders, directions, regulations, and conditions hereby made, and may make and establish any new or other rates, orders, directions, regulations, and conditions, in lieu thereof, and from time to time appoint at what time the rates which may be payable are to be paid.

This Warrant shall come into operation on the first day of July, 1858.

Whitehall, Treasury Chambers, the thirteenth day of April, 1858.

H. G. Lennox.
Henry Whitmore.

TREASURY WARRANT.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intitled "An Act for the regulation of the duties of postage," power is given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury from time to time, by Warrant under their hands, to alter and fix any of the rates of British postage

or inland postage payable by law on the transmission by the post of foreign or colonial letters or newspapers, or of any other printed papers, and to subject the same to rates of postage according to the weight thereof, and a scale of weight to be contained in such Warrant, and from time to time, by Warrant as aforesaid, to alter or repeal any such altered rates and make and establish any new or other rates in lieu thereof, and from time to time, by Warrant as aforesaid, to appoint at what time the rates that may be payable are to be paid; and it is provided that the power thereby given should extend to any increase or reduction or remission of postage.

And whereas further powers are given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury by another Act of Parliament, passed in the eleventh year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for giving further facilities for the transmission of letters by post, and for the regulating the duties of postage thereon, and for other purposes relating to the Post Office."

And whereas certain powers are also given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury by another Act of Parliament, passed in the eighteenth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to the stamp duties on newspapers, and to provide for the transmission by post of printed periodical publications."

And whereas the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, by a certain Warrant in writing under their hands, bearing date the 8th day of March, 1849, did, amongst other things, order and direct, that on every letter not exceeding half an ounce in weight, transmitted by British packet-boat between a port in the United Kingdom and a port in the United States, there should be

charged and taken for the sea conveyance thereof, in lieu of any rates of British postage then payable by law on such respective letters, the uniform British packet rate therein mentioned; and that on every letter not exceeding half an ounce in weight posted at the port of departure of the packet conveying the same, or at any other part of the United Kingdom, and transmitted to the United States, or transmitted from the United States, addressed to the port of arrival of the packet conveying the same, or to any other part of the United Kingdom (whether conveyed by British or United States packet-boats), there should be charged and taken for the conveyance of every such letter within the United Kingdom, in lieu of any rates of British postage then payable by law on such respective letters, an inland rate of British postage of one penny half-penny in addition to the British packet rate therein mentioned on letters transmitted by British packet-boats, between the United Kingdom and the United States, and in addition to any foreign rate of postage charged or chargeable on letters transmitted by the United States packet-boats between the United Kingdom and the United States. And that on every letter not exceeding half an ounce in weight, posted in or addressed to the United States, transmitted by the post between the United States and any of Her Majesty's colonies or any foreign country through the United Kingdom (conveyed by British packet-boats between the United Kingdom and the United States), there should be charged and taken in lieu of any rates of British postage then payable by law on such letters, the British packet rate therein mentioned for the sea conveyance of every such letter between the United States and the United Kingdom, and on every such letter whether conveyed by British or

by United States packet-boats between the United Kingdom and the United States, there should be charged and taken over and above any British or foreign packet rate of postage, such a further or additional rate of British postage for the conveyance of every such letter between the port in the United Kingdom of the departure or arrival of the packet conveying the same between the United Kingdom and the United States, and the colony or foreign country to or from which the same should be forwarded, as should from time to time be charged and payable for British postage on letters not exceeding half an ounce in weight, posted or delivered at the port in the United Kingdom of the departure or arrival of the packet conveying the same between the United Kingdom and the United States, and transmitted between such port and such colony or foreign country. And that on every letter transmitted as mentioned in that Warrant, exceeding half an ounce in weight, there should be charged, taken, and paid, progressive and additional rates of postage, as therein mentioned. And that on every printed British newspaper posted in the United Kingdom, and transmitted to the United States, either by British or United States packet boats, there should be charged and taken an uniform rate of British postage of one penny. And that on every printed foreign newspaper posted in or addressed to the United States, and transmitted between the United States and any of Her Majesty's colonies, or any foreign country through the United Kingdom, and on every printed colonial newspaper transmitted between any of Her Majesty's colonies and the United States, through the United Kingdom (such respective newspapers being conveyed between the United Kingdom and the United States by British

or United States packet-boats), there should be charged and taken an uniform rate of British postage of one penny, except in any case in which a lower rate of postage was or should be provided by any treaty between the United Kingdom and any foreign country or state; and that every printed supplement or additional sheet to any newspaper should, for the purpose of charging the postage under that Warrant, be deemed a distinct newspaper, unless sent in the same cover or together with the newspaper to which it should be a supplement or addition; and that printed periodical publications (not of daily publication, and not being newspapers), published and posted in the United Kingdom, might be sent by the post from any part of the United Kingdom to the United States, and printed periodical publications (not of daily publication, and not being newspapers), published and posted in the United States, might be sent by the post from the United States to any part of the United Kingdom (the conveyance between the United Kingdom and the United States being by British or United States packet-boats), according to the rates and regulations therein mentioned; and that printed pamphlets published and posted in the United Kingdom or the United States might be transmitted between the United Kingdom and the United States by British or United States packet-boats at the same rates of postage for every such pamphlet as were lastly therein and herein before contained, in respect of printed periodical publications, not being newspapers; but no such printed pamphlet as should exceed eight ounces in weight should be forwarded by the post at such last-mentioned rates, and all printed pamphlets exceeding that weight should be charged with the letter rates of postage.

And whereas it is expedient to make regulations

for the conveyance of letters, printed newspapers, printed periodical publications, and printed pamphlets, respectively transmitted by the post between the United Kingdom and the United States, when the same shall be forwarded by Canadian mail packet-boats.

Now we, the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in exercise of the powers reserved to us in and by the said hereinbefore recited Acts of Parliament and every of them, and of all other powers enabling us in this behalf, do, by this Warrant under the hands of two of us the said Commissioners, by the authority of the statute in that case made and provided, order and direct as follows; that is to say:

1. On every letter which may be transmitted by the post between the United Kingdom and the United States, and on every letter which may be transmitted by the post between the United States and any of Her Majesty's colonies or any foreign country through the United Kingdom, there shall be charged and payable the same single and other rates of British inland postage, when the same are forwarded between the United Kingdom and the United States by Canadian mail packet boats, as are now payable thereupon under and by virtue of the said recited Warrant of the 8th day of March, 1849, when the same are forwarded by British or by United States' packet boats; and that every such letter forwarded between the United Kingdom and the United States by Canadian mail packet-boats, shall be so forwarded in conformity with, and under and subject to, the several regulations, orders, directions, and conditions respectively mentioned, contained, and set forth in and by the said recited Warrant of the 8th day of March, 1849, relating to the several letters therein mentioned and forwarded between

the United Kingdom and the United States by British or United States packet-boats.

2. No British rate of postage shall be charged or chargeable for or in respect of the sea conveyance of any letters between the United Kingdom and the United States by the Canadian mail packet-boats, but such letters shall be liable to and be charged with any rate or rates of postage which shall be chargeable thereon for or in respect of such sea conveyance by the Canadian Government.

3. On every printed British newspaper posted in the United Kingdom and transmitted by the post from the United Kingdom to the United States, and on every printed foreign newspaper posted in or addressed to the United States, and transmitted by the post between the United States and any of Her Majesty's Colonies or any foreign country through the United Kingdom, and on every printed colonial newspaper transmited between any of Her Majesty's Colonies and the United States through the United Kingdom, and on every printed periodical publication (not of daily publication and not being a newspaper) and on every printed pamphlet, such periodical publication and pamphlet being respectively published and posted in the United Kingdom or the United States, and transmitted by the post between the United Kingdom and the United States, there shall be charged and payable the same rates of British postage when the same are forwarded between the United Kingdom and the United States by Canadian mail packet-boats as are now payable thereupon, under and by virtue of the said recited Warrant of the 8th day of March, 1849, when the same are forwarded by British or by United States packet-boats ; and that every such printed newspaper, printed periodical publication, and printed pamphlet forwarded between

the United Kingdom and the United States by Canadian mail packet-boats shall be so forwarded in conformity with and under and subject to the several regulations, orders, directions, and conditions respectively mentioned, contained, and set forth in and by the said recited Warrant of the 8th day of March, 1849, relating to the several printed newspapers, printed periodical publications, and printed pamphlets therein mentioned, and forwarded between the United Kingdom and the United States by British or United States packet-boats.

4. The term "Canadian Mail packet-boats," used in this Warrant, shall mean and include vessels employed or used by the Government or Post-office of Canada under contract for the conveyance of post letters, and all other terms and expressions used in this Warrant shall be construed to have the like meaning in all respects as they would have had if inserted in the said Act passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty.

5. The Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury, may, by Warrant under their hands, duly made at any time hereafter, alter, repeal, or revoke, any of the rates of postage hereby fixed, or any of the orders, directions, regulations, or conditions hereby made, and may make and establish any new or other rates, orders, directions, regulations, or conditions in lieu thereof, and from time to time appoint, at what time the rates which may be payable are to be paid.

6. This Warrant shall come into operation on the 16th day of April, 1858.

Whitehall, Treasury Chambers, the fifteenth day of April, 1858.

H. G. Lennox.
Henry Whitmore.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 20, 1858.

India Board, April 20, 1858.

THE following papers have been received at the East India House :

No. 1.

The Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to Government, Secret Department, Bombay.

No. 2133.

SIR, *Bombay, March* 9, 1858.

IN continuation of previous correspondence, I have the honour, by direction of the Commander-in-Chief, to transmit for submission to the Right Honourable the Governor in Council the enclosed despatch, dated the 7th ultimo, from Major-General Sir H. Rose, K.C.B., commanding the Central India Field Force, detailing the operations of the force under his command before Rathghur.

2. In submitting the despatch the Commander-in-Chief desires me to request you will bring to the favourable notice of the Right Honourable the Governor in Council the names of the undermentioned officers and soldiers, who are specially noted by Sir Hugh Rose for their conduct on the occasion in question :—

Brigadier Stuart, Her Majesty's 14th Light Dragoons.

Lieutenant-Colonel Turnbull, Artillery.
Major Boileau, Madras Engineers.
Captain Forbes, 3d Regiment Light Cavalry.
Captain Lightfoot, Artillery.
Captain Hare and Lieutenant Westmacott, Hydrabad Contingent.
Lieutenant Moore, 3rd Regiment Light Cavalry.
Lieutenant and Quartermaster Thompson, Artillery, Hydrabad Contingent.
Private Daviss, 3rd European Regiment.

I have, &c.,
EDWARD GREEN. Colonel,
Adjutant-General.

No. 2.

Major-General Sir Hugh Rose, K.C.B., commanding Central India Field Force, to the Adjutant-General of the Army.

Head Quarters, Bombay,
SIR, *Camp Saugor, February 7*, 1858.

MY report of the 31st ultimo will have informed you, for the information of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, that the rebels had determined to defend the Fort of Rathghur, in order to prevent my force from relieving Saugor, and putting down rebellion in the Saugor and Bundlecund districts.

As I approached Rathghur, I received information of the assemblage of rebels at Oodepore, in Scindia's country, and in my front: in order to insure the safety of the siege train, which was a day's march in the rear, and not to lose time, I brought it up by a night march to my force, and adopted precautions against surprise.

In going through a pass over a range of hills, five miles from Rathghur, the officer commanding the leading flankers, embarrassed by the thick

jungle, took by mistake the right instead of the left road, as ordered, and crossing, in consequence, the river Beena by the upper, the wroug ford, got into a skirmish with the rebels posted in the suburbs of Rathghur. I had just arrived with the advance guard at the encamping ground ; to extricate the flankers from a position so unfavourable to cavalry I advanced and covered, with infantry, guns, and supports, their return to their proper position. In rectifying this mistake I had gained a good deal of ground to the right front, and a company of the 24th Native Infantry had taken, with spirit, one or two houses and gardens. On reconnoitring, I found that they were the commencement of the suburbs, and that to keep all this would compromise my right, and plan of attacking the fort from the left flank ; I therefore ordered the troops back to their camp.

The next day, I made with Major Boileau, commanding engineer, and a small party of the 3d Europeans and 3d Light Cavalry, under Captain Forbes, a complete reconnaissance of eighteen miles of the whole country round the rock of Rathghur.

I ascertained that the rock, one and a half miles in length, covered and surrounded with thick jungle, slopes from the west, where it is precipitous, to the east, where it is accessible. The north front of the fort was the only one which was habited ; the other fronts were merely fortifications. The river Beena was under the west face.

The reconnaissance confirmed in all essentials the information on which I had formed my plan of attack ; I carried it out by investing, the same evening, the rock of Rathghur, as clearly as the great extent, hills, thick jungle, and a difficult river would allow me ; but it was impossible, unless with a very much larger force than my own, to

invest completely such ground, because a great part of it is dense jungle, which, hiding all view of the enemy's motions, enable him by a feint to concentrate the vedettes and pickets on one point and then pass through the vacuum.

Sir Robert Hamilton had had the goodness to place at my disposal 600 or 700 troops of all arms of the Regiment of Bhopal, and I had requested their commander to invest the south-west of the fort, as being nearest to their country, and to take the village of Paltun, which they did with alacrity after firing a few shots.

The next day, as soon as the officers commanding the Artillery and Engineers had reported that they were ready for the siege, I attacked the fort from the left, at the south-west end of the rock, under cover of feint from the right, against the town, from which all possible advantage was to be derived.

Both succeeded.

Leaving a troop of the 3d Light Cavalry at the foot of the slope to cover our rear, accompanied by Captain Forbes, commanding the 3d Light Cavalry, who is always as zealous as he is useful, I mounted with the troops in the margin,* under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Liddell, the slope, two companies of the 3d Europeans skirmishing and covering the breadth of the rock; two companies supporting, and the rest in reserve; we made our way through thick jungle, and reached, without being discovered, the edge of the open ground in front of the east curtain of the fort, which

* Lieutenant-Colonel Liddell commanding 3d Bombay European Regiment; detachment of siege train, under Lieutenant Mallock; two 18-pounders, 16 men Bombay Artillery; two 5½-inch mortars, ten men Bombay Artillery; 90 Madras Sappers and Miners, two 6-pounder guns, Artillery Hydrabad Contingent, one troop 3d Light Cavalry, under Captain Forbes.

Major Boileau had selected for the breaching batteries.

I directed a road to be cut immediately by the Sappers and Miners from the foot of the slope to this battery; our left to open a communication down the south of the rock, with the troop of the 3d Cavalry investing the south of the rock; our right to open a communication down the north side of the rock with the camp, and rifle pits to be made at night in front of our attack, enfilading, as much as possible, the enemy's line of defences.

The enemy, having perceived our position, commenced rather a sharp fire on it from their jingals and small guns in the curtain and bastions, which I kept down with the fire of the 6-pounder of the Hydrabad Contingent and the 5½ mortars, the former firing at the loopholes and embrasures, the latter with half charges, dropping their shells on the banquette. I beg to mention for his devotion on this occasion Quartermaster Thompson, commanding a half battery of the Artillery of the Hydrabad Contingent, who has completed thirty-two years of meritorious service. Twice hit, he continued to fight his guns successfully to the close of the day. I thanked his battery on the ground.

The two 18-pounders, with elephant draught, were brought up the hill at 4 P.M., the 3d Europeans dragging them up the steep where the elephants could not go.

The feint against the town drove the enemy out of it into the fort, and enabled Brigadier Stewart, with the force in the margin,* to take possession

* Four 6-pounder guns Bombay Horse Artillery, six 9-pounder guns Bombay Light Field Battery, under Captain Lightfoot; 50 Bombay Sappers and Miners, detachment of siege train; two 8-inch mortars, one 8-inch howitzer, 26 men Bombay Artillery, all the artiillery under Lieutenant-Colonel Twinball; two troops of Her Majesty's 14th Dragoons, under Major Lendamore; 24th Regiment N.I.

of the "Eedgah," a Mussulman place of prayer, opposite to the north face, commanding the town and within range of the main gate of the fort, on this height, and another to the left: he skilfully placed Captain Lightfoot's 9-pounder battery, one 8-inch howitzer, and two 8-inch mortars. These batteries, forming the right or town attack, kept up night and day an effective fire on the line of defences and buildings of the fort.

On the 27th instant, I changed the 8-inch howitzer from the right to the left attack, in order to enfilade with its fire the defences and palaces of the north face.

I was constantly between the two attacks, which were $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles apart.

From the town attack I directed a detachment of the 3d Europeans, supported by another of the 24th Native Infantry, with two companies of the 24th Native Infantry in reserve, and under cover of houses and trees, and of a heavy fire from the Eedgah Battery, to take a low massive tower, close to the main gate, Captain Lightfoot being of opinion that a howitzer might be placed in it, which would batter the gate and strengthen and shorten the cordon of investment. I had a couple of 8-inch shells thrown into the tower to drive out the enemy, should they be there, when the storming party, gallantly led by Captain Lightfoot, who volunteered to accompany it, for which I beg to recommend him to his Excellency, entered the tower under a heavy fire from the walls, by the postern opposite the walls from which it was only fifty yards distant. Captain Lightfoot recommends Private Davies, of the 3d Europeans, for his gallantry and intelligence on this occasion.

Captain Lightfoot and Lieutenant Bonnas, of the Engineers, having, after a thorough examination of the tower, reported that the massive construction and nature of its defences prevented their

being used for the offensive, I withdrew the troops from it before daylight.

On the 28th instant, at eight, the sand-bag batteries of the left attack having been completed, the two 18-pounders and the 8-inch howitzer having been brought up to them, commenced their fire against the outer wall of the east curtain of the fort with such good effect that it was evident that a practicable breach would be soon made.

I had just returned to the camp from the battery, when the rebels, coming in force out of the thick jungle, crossed the river Beena, and attacked the videttes of the right rear of the camp. another large body of them appeared at the same time on the opposite bank, the two bodies amounting to 1500 or 2000 men, many of them sepoys and valaitees.

I moved rapidly with the outlying picket of Her Majesty's 14th Light Dragoons, who in less than a minute were in their saddles against the rebels, ordering two guns and the rest of the pickets to follow in support. The enemy, who were skirmishing with a picket of the 3d Light Cavalry, on seeing our approach, fired a discharge of muskets and rockets at us, and ran into a gorge of the Beena, and up its rocky banks; I directed Captain Hare, following in my rear, to move by a short line and cut off their retreat.

Brigadier Stuart, whom I had called up, advancing from the Eedgha, with a few rounds of artillery, sent the rebels on the other side of the river into the jungle, and the whole retreated rapidly to a precipitous ridge above the village of Chunderapore, four miles to the north-west of Rathghur, from whence they had started in the morning.

Captain Hare came up with the rear of the rebels before they reached the ridge, and cut up several of them.

Captain Hare and Lieutenant Westmacott, attached to the Hyderabad Cavalry, did good service on this occasion; and Lieutenant Moore, of the 3d Bombay Light Cavalry, who, on account of the few artillery, has served again with effect, deserves also to be mentioned.

After nightfall, the rebels made a feeble and unsuccessful attack on the left of the camp from the Saugor road. The rebels who had come from their fortified camp Noreonlee, and from the fort of Kooreye, failed completely in their attempt to surprise the camp and relieve Rathghur. During the whole time of their attack, the breaching batteries continued their fire. Colonel Turnbull reported that the breach would be practicable for an assault the next day at sunset.

Accounts now came in to me that the rebels from the Chunderapoor ridge had, early in the morning, attacked in the difficult pass mentioned in the first part of this report, a convoy of supplies coming for my force from the west, and had killed Scindia's Vakeel who was in charge of it.

The safety of my supplies rendered it necessary that the enemy should be driven from Chunderapoor. During the night, I was employed in making arrangements for attacking them, which was not easy, as my force was already engaged in an operation, for which, in former times, a force of four times their strength was considered necessary. However I was on the point of marching against Chunderapoor, when two spies I had sent out during the night, came in and reported that the enemy had left that place for Barodia

On visiting the Eedgah, Brigadier Stuart reported to me that about 4 o'clock A.M., the enemy had attempted to make a sortie from the main gate, which he had driven back with Captain Lightfoot's 9-pounders. A Bhopal officer came up, and reported that he had cut up twenty-five out

of fifty of the garrison, who had attempted to force their way by his patrol. Colonel Liddell reported also at the same time, that judging from the stillness in the fort that its garrison were escaping, he had entered it by the uncompleted breach with part of the 3rd Europeans, who after receiving some shots from the few rebels still there, had killed them and taken possession of the fort. The main body fled by an ancient sally-port and a hole dug under the parapet to the south west, from which, when I entered the fort, the ropes were hanging by which they had let themselves down. The reports of all the officers on duty state that these rebels, crossing a ford over the Beena, to the south-west, under the Bhopal camp, passed through the Bhopal lines into the jungle. The Bhopal troops fired a few shots at the fugitives; two or three of their dead baggage-animals in this ford showed the track they had taken. The Bhopal troops have been, and are still so useful to me, that I merely mention this circumstance, which is nothing out of the way, amongst oriental troops, out of justice to my own force.

The garrison, stated to be 400 or 500 in number, had, although many of them were warlike valaitees and pattians, despite of their determination that they would hold Ratghur or die, not been able to stand the shelling, or meet the approaching assault. I am glad to say that the investment of the rock prevented the escape, and caused the capture of most of the chief rebels, and of many of the rest. Mahomed Fazil Khan, a relation of the Regent of Bhopal, and the Military Chief of the rebels in these districts, and all his staff, such as they were, attempted to cross the Beena, but seeing the vedettes of Her Majesty's 14th Light Dragoons on the other bank, turned back, and hid themselves in a cave under the rock where they were captured. The vedettes and pickets round the rock, those of

Bhopal included, cut down, and took many of the fugitive garrison during the day. I made over eighty prisoners to Sir Robert Hamilton, of whom twenty-four were executed, and forty-eight more to the civil authorities.

Of the cavalry sent in pursuit of the fugitives, the Hyderabad Irregulars came up with, and killed forty of them, this being exclusive of the twenty-five killed by the Bhopal troops. Lieutenant Westmacott, on this occasion, again distinguished himself.

At sunset, Mahomed Fazil Khan, and the Nawab Kamdar Khan, a pensioner of the British Government, and a son of the Great Pindaree Chief, taken by Sir John Malcolm, were hung over the gate of the fort, in presence of detachments of my force. The next day seventeen more, most of them rebels of note, and all part of the garrison of Rathgur, were executed. Two of them, brothers of the Pindaree Chief, had taken part in the murder of the British Assistant at Bereiseeah. Kishen Ram, a secretary of Mohamed Fazil Khan, is stated to have been instrumental in atrocities committed on forty Christians; Wallidad Khan, who admitted on his trial "that he had done all he could, and three times urged Fazil Mahomed to go down, sword in hand, and attack the camp;" a Talaitre leader, &c.

The Shahzadah of Mundisore was not in the fort, as was proved by an unopened letter from the Rajah of Bampore to his address, found in the fort by an Officer of the 3rd Europeans; he had left it the day of our arrival. In this letter, which is curious, the Rajah gives him the title of King, and deplores that many native Chiefs do not venerate his kingly authority as they ought to do, but have the bad taste to prefer the rule of the Kafir and infidels.

The fort was provided with a fine tank, cut

out of the rock, fifty feet deep; and in it were found great stores of salt and grain, sufficient for a year's consumption, a few camels, cattle, and several horses, two of them belonging to Mahomed Fazil Khan, one with a silver bridle, and another to the Shahzadah of Mundisore; a mould for casting cannon and shot, and an immense mass of native correspondence, and English accounts, which I made over to Sir Robert Hamilton. One object was also found which excited indignation, the effigy of the head of a decapitated European female, which it appears these supporters of a change of rule in India, carried before their troops, as fitting emblems of their deeds. Notwithstanding this, and all that has passed, far worse than this, the 3rd Europeans, when they entered the fort, treated the women and numerous children of the rebels, who were left there, with the humanity which was to be expected from their discipline and their faith. I had enjoined the troops, for the honour of their country and the army, not to harm a woman or child.

I beg to bring to his Excellency's favourable consideration the zealous and able support which I have received before Rathghur from Brigadier Stuart, Lieutenant-Colonel Turnbull, commanding the Artillery, and Major Boileau, commanding the Engineers, and which contributed so materially to the success of the operations against it, as well as the discipline, courage, and thorough good will of the troops engaged in them.

Anxious not to lose a day in relieving Saugor, I made continued marches without a halt. The troops, on account of the difficulties of supply, were at times twenty-four hours without rations, and four days on duty before Rathghur without a relief, defending their camp against a numerous enemy, in a dangerous country on their flanks and rear, attacking with all their energy, and taking,

in three days, a fort, strong by nature and art, in their front, which Scindia, with a force of at least four times their strength, besieged for five months.

I shall have the honour to make favourable mention of the services of my staff in a future report.

I beg leave to enclose a return of the Oude Artillery found in the fort, and of the casualties in my force before Rathghur.

The troops took three large standards, two of which bore the red extended hand, the device of Mahomedan rebellion.

I beg to offer my excuses for the length of this report, which is caused by the varied nature of the operations. I cannot conclude it without returning my sincere thanks to his Excellency and to Lord Elphinstone for having made my force as complete as circumstances would possibly allow, and for the very great kindness with which you have attended to all my requests on this subject.

Enclosed is the extract of a memorandum from Sir Robert Hamilton to me.

I have, &c.,
H. ROSE, Major-General,
Commanding Central India Field Force.

Return of Killed and Wounded of the 2nd Brigade Nerbudda Field Force during the Siege and Attack of Rathghur.

1st Troop Horse Artillery.

Assistant Apothecary W. Conway, wounded dangerously, ball through head.

Gunner W. Wallace, wounded dangerously, ball through right arm.

14th Light Dragoons.

Private G. Traylen, wounded mortally (since dead).

Private R. Wycherley, wounded in the back of the head.

3rd Bombay European Regiment.

Private J. Woolaston, wounded mortally (since dead).
Private J. Daley, wounded in the head.
Private J. Levy, wounded in the foot.
Private H. Coombes, wounded in the left elbow.
Private R. Stewart, wounded in right thigh.
Private J. Lister, contusion of the foot.

Bombay Sappers and Miners.

Sergeant F. Leppe, wounded in leg.
Private Girthawrey, slightly wounded in fore-arm.
Naique Veeraswaney, slightly wounded in back by ball.

Madras Sappers and Miners.

Su. Naique Ramaswaney, wounded slightly in leg.
Private Chavathian, slightly wounded in thigh by ball.
Private Ramaswaney, severely wounded in left fore-arm by ball.

24th Regiment Native Infantry.

Subadar Bahadoor Sing, shot through right lung.

1st Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent.

Trooper Shaick Rymon, wounded severely in the leg.
Trooper Rama Khan, wounded severely in the thigh.
Trooper Hyderally Khan, wounded severely in the thigh.

2nd Com. Artillery.

Quartermaster Thompson, wounded slightly in the ear and chest.

Total killed 3 ; wounded 18.

H. H. A. WOOD, Captain,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Commanding Irregular Field Force.

Return of Horses killed and wounded.

1st Troop Horse Artillery—wounded 1.
Her Majesty's 14th Light Dragoons—killed 1 ; wounded 4.
1st Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent—killed 1 ; wounded 3.

Total killed 2 ; wounded 8.

H. H. A. WOOD, Captain,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Commanding Irregular Field Force.

Buckingham Palace, April 16, 1858.

This day had audience of Her Majesty ;

His Excellency the Marshal Duke of Malakoff, Ambassador from His Majesty the Emperor of the French, to deliver his credentials :

To which audience his Excellency was introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of Malmesbury, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Major-General the Honourable Sir Edward Cust, K.C.H., Her Majesty's Master of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall, April 19, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to constitute and appoint the Right Honourable William David, Earl of Mansfield, K.T., to be Her Majesty's

High Commissioner to the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland.

War-Office, April 17, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Captain Charles Edmunds, R.N., to be Captain of the port of Gibraltar.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, April 20, 1858.

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Acting Consul-General in Peru, reporting that British whaling vessels visiting the Peruvian ports are to enjoy the same privileges as are granted to American whalers.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, April 20, 1858.

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Wiborg, reporting that the privilege to export and import direct to and from foreign ports has been granted to the port of Knopis, on Lake Saima, in Finland.

War-Office, Pall-Mall, 20th April, 1858.

DEPOT BATTALIONS.

Major W. A. Armstrong, from half-pay Untached, to be Major. Dated 20th April, 1858.

Captain and Brevet-Major J. G. R. Aplin, from the 28th Foot, to be Major. Dated 20th April, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Brecknock.

Brecknock Royal Rifle Regiment of Militia.

Ensign Loftus Neynoe to be Lieutenant, vice Pocock, resigned. Dated 15th April, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Oxford.

Queen's Own Oxfordshire Yeomanry Cavalry.

Lieutenant Francis Horatio FitzRoy to be Captain, vice Hall, resigned Dated 13th April, 1858.

Lieutenant Clement Cottrell Dormer to be Captain, vice Dashwood, appointed Adjutant. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Cornet the Honourable John Fiennes Twisleton Wykeham Fiennes to be Lieutenant, vice Evetts, deceased. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Suffolk.

West Suffolk Regiment of Militia.

Captain Thomas Ross to be Second Major. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stafford.

1st Regiment of King's Own Staffordshire Militia.

Ensign Walter Richard Hickman to be Lieutenant, vice Saurin, resigned. Dated 8th April, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the West Riding of the County of York, *and of the City and County of the City of* York.

6th Regiment of West York Militia.

Lieutenant John Bradley Swann to be Captain. Dated 12th April, 1858.

3rd Regiment (Light Infantry) of West York Militia.

Henry Pyne Hiffirnan, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Edward Wright McCreary, resigned. Dated 7th April, 1858.

West York Rifle Regiment of Militia.

MEMORANDUM.

The Commission of Henry Shirley, Gent., as Assistant-Surgeon, is dated 1st January, 1858, and not 23rd February, 1858, as previously gazetted.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 23, 1858.

India Board, April 23*d*, 1858.

THE following papers have been received at the East India House.

No. 1.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

Camp Allahabad, February 12, 1858.

THE Right Honourable the Governor-General

of India is pleased to publish for general information, the following Despatch from Lieutenant-Colonel P. V. Maxwell, C.B., 88th Regiment, dated the 4th of February, 1858.

No. 2.

Lieutenant-Colonel P. V. Maxwell, C.B., 88th Regiment, Commanding Detachment, to Brigadier J. E. W. Inglis, Commanding at Cawnpore.

Camp Bhogneepore,
February 4, 1858.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report that the enemy from Calpee attacked our position at 5 o'clock this morning. From the nature of the ground, which is much broken, and from the cover afforded by the crops, which are high, it is impossible to compute their numbers; but, from the extent of ground which they occupied, they must have been in considerable force.

I advanced with 5 companies of the 88th Regiment, 2 guns of Royal Artillery (9-pounders) under Captain Talbot, and 50 sowars under Lieutenant Thompson. We defeated the enemy, and had a running fight of four hours. They disputed every inch of the ground, making a stand at Chowra, a village three miles from this place. We pursued them as long as possible, and they retreated across the river, keeping up the fire of their skirmishers to the very last

I am happy to say my casualties are but few. Lieutenant Thompson, commanding the sowars, was severely wounded in the leg, and his horse was twice wounded; 3 sowars are wounded (slightly); 1 private, 88th Regiment, dangerously wounded; 1 private, 88th Regiment, slightly wounded.

About 80 dead bodies of the enemy were counted by my officers—all sepoys.

Where all behaved well it is difficult to particu-

larise; but I think it due to Major the Honorable J. J. Bourke, to bear testimony to the gallant and able manner in which he led on the skirmishers, and drove the enemy out of the village of Chowra.

No. 3.

Notification by the Governor General of India.
Camp Allahabad, February 15, 1858.

THE exemplary conduct of the troops of His Highness the Maharajah of Nepal in engagements with the rebels, on the banks of the Gogra; at Mundooree in the Azimghur District; and in the capture and destruction of the Fort at Atrowlea, has been duly reported to the Government of India.

The Right Honorable the Governor-General has much pleasure in tendering to Colonel Shumshere Singh and the troops under his command, as well as to Captain Boileau and the British officers associated with him, the cordial thanks of the Government of India for their gallantry on the several occasions above specified, and for the discipline and good order which have been maintained in the force throughout the period of its employment in the British provinces.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor-General.

G F. EDMONSTONE,
Secretary to the Government of India,
with the Governor-General.

No. 4.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

Fort William, February 19, 1858.
No. 340 of 1858.

THE Honorable the President of the Council of

India in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following reports of two actions fought by the troops under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel T. Seaton, C.B., commanding a moveable column, with a large body of rebels, near Gungeree and Puttiallee, in the Etah district.

No. 5.

The Deputy-Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to the Government of India,

Military Department.
Head Quarters, Camp, Futtehgurh.
No. 44, A.

SIR, *January* 29, 1858.

I HAVE the honor, by desire of the Commander-in-Chief, to forward, in original, a letter from Major-General N. Penny, C.B., commanding the Delhi Field Force, No. 1729, of the 22nd ultimo, (which, owing to the direct dawk communications being closed, was sent by a circuitous route, and has only now reached Head Quarters) enclosing copies of two reports, dated the 15th and 18th idem, from Lieutenant-Colonel T. Seaton, C.B., commanding a moveable column, of two actions fought by the troops under his orders, in both of which his force achieved decisive successes.

2. His Excellency is desirous of expressing his unqualified approbation of the manner in which these affairs were conducted, and of the behaviour of the officers and troops engaged; but he deeply laments the loss of three brave officers of the Carabineers—Captain Wardlaw, Lieutenants Hudson and Vyse—in the brilliant and successful charge made by the detachment of this regiment under Captain Wardlaw's command, and a party of the 9th Lancers under Captain Head, who was dangerously wounded. I have, &c.,

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 6.

Major General N. Penny, Commanding Field Force, to Major-General W. R. Mansfield, Chief of the Staff, Head Quarters.

Field Force Staff Office,
SIR, *Delhi, December* 22, 1857.

HEREWITH I have the honor to transmit, for submission to his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, copies of two despatches* from Lieutenant-Colonel T. Seaton, C.B., detailing the particulars of engagements with considerable bodies of rebels near Gungeree and Puttialee in the Etah district.

The Lieutenant-Colonel's arrangements appear to have been most skilful and judicious. I trust they will meet with his Excellency's approbation.

I have, &c.,
N. PENNY, Major-General,
Commanding Field Force.

No. 7.

Lieutenant-Colonel Seaton, Commanding Moveable Column, to Captain Stewart, Deputy Assistant-Adjutant-General.

No. 5.

SIR, *Camp Khasgunge, December* 15, 1857.

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of Major-General Penny, C.B., commanding Delhi Field Force, that I reached Gungeree, with the column under my command, on the 15th instant, where I found Lieutenant-Colonel Farquhar with his detachment as per margin.†

Immediately after encamping, I sent a party of

* Dated 15th and 18th December, 1857.

† 2 6-pounder guns. 200 Affghan Horse 300 Belooch Battalion.

horse, under Captain Hodson, to reconnoitre the road in the direction of Khasgunge, as far as Bilram, a village within four miles of that town. Shortly after the party set out, Captain Light, my orderly officer, returned with information that the party had discovered the enemy's horse advancing at some distance towards our flanks, and presently Captain Hodson himself brought intelligence that the enemy was approaching in force.

I had kept the Dragoon Horses saddled, so the troop speedily mounted and moved out in support of the reconnoitring party that was showing front to the enemy. In the meantime, the line turned out. The Troop Horse Artillery, under Captain Bishop, came to the front, speedily followed by 2 guns under Lieutenant Griffin.

As the enemy's infantry and artillery were now plainly visible, I directed Lieutenant Colonel Kinleside to move forward with the artillery and engage the enemy, in order to check their advance, and give time for the infantry to disengage itself from the mass of ravines in front and form up.

The artillery engaged in the most gallant style; but, as the ememy's horse continued to advance, taking ground to the left, apparently with the intention of cutting off the Troop Horse Artillery, I called up the Dragoons in support, and directed Captain Wardlaw, commanding, to charge the enemy if a favourable opportunity offered.

In the meantime the whole force moved out and were formed up by Lieutenant-Colonel Farquhar, of the Belooch Battalion; and Captain Hodson, serving the enemy's horse, advancing still against our left, anticipated the order I sent him, and moved up with his whole regiment. The enemy's fire now began to slacken, and Captain Wardlaw, seeing his opportunity, charged with the Cara-

bineers and Lancers, and captured 2 guns ; whilst, Captain Hodson advancing immediately against the enemy's right, they were driven in utter confusion from the field, hotly pursued by our cavalry and artillery.

The enemy were completely and utterly routed ; they abandoned their last gun and 2 ammunition waggons, and numbers of their infantry threw away their arms, and hid themselves in the fields, or continued their headlong flight over the country. Numbers were shot in the fields, and many, rendered desperate by their situation, defended themselves fiercely and were killed.

The enemy had evidently not expected to meet any force, except the small detachment under Colonel Farquhar ; they were therefore astounded by the fire of so many guns, and by the appearance, on their right, of the large body of horse under Captain Hodson, so that, when charged by Captain Wardlaw, they were instantly routed, and I was unable consequently to bring the infantry into action ; but their presence near at hand enabled me with confidence to order the cavalry and artillery to continue the pursuit of the enemy for several miles, and with great effect.

From my own observation, and the report of others, I estimate the loss of the enemy as over 200 killed, and, as we subsequently learnt, numbers crept away wounded, and died.

My own loss was in the Cavalry solely, and amounted to 48. Of these 22 are slightly wounded ; but I deeply regret to report the death of that good and gallant soldier, Captain Wardlaw ; his brave brothers in arms, Captain Hudson and Lieutenant Vyse, of the 6th Carabineers ; and also the severe wound of Captain Head, who commanded the detachment of 9th Lancers.

The charge executed by the Carabineers and

Lancers, led by Captain Wardlaw, was so truly dashing and brilliant, that I could not do otherwise than make most prominent mention of it, and I am sure the Major-General will regret, as deeply as myself, that he and his gallant comrades were not spared to serve their country on future occasions.

The General will see by the list of casualties that Captain Hudson's newly raised body of horse was not at all backward. It rendered excellent service; less it could not do under its distinguished commander, whom I beg particularly to mention to the Major-General as having, on every possible occasion, rendered me the most effective service, whether in gaining information, reconnoitring the country, or leading his regiment.

The troop of Horse Artillery, under Captain Bishop, and the 2 guns, under Lieutenant Griffin, the whole commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Kinleside, mainly contributed to the defeat of the enemy, and the Major-General will duly appreciate their coolness and skill. I received the most efficient aid from my Brigade-Major, Captain French, and from my orderly officer, Captain Light, of the Artillery, who conveyed my order to the Dragoons to charge, and went in with them, and I may say I never saw greater zeal and alacrity displayed than by the officers who accompanied me to the field either as Field Engineers or as volunteers. I could almost regret the enemy did not make a greater show of resistance.

I have, &c.,

T. SEATON, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Commanding Moveable Column.

No. 8.

General Return of Killed and Wounded of the Moveable Column under command of Colonel Seaton, C.B.

Camp, December 14, 1857.

Detachment Her Majesty's 6th Dragoon Guards.

Killed in action—2 Captains, 1 Lieutenant, 3 privates—Total 6.
Wounded mortally—1 private.
Wounded severely 2 serjeants, 2 privates—Total 4.
Wounded slightly—1 farrier, 8 privates—Total 9.

Detachment Her Majesty's 9th Lancers.

Killed in action—2 privates.
Wounded dangerously—1 Captain.
Wounded slightly—2 privates.

Hodson's Horse.

Killed in action—1 resaldar, 3 sowars—Total 4.
Wounded dangerously—1 duffadar, 1 sowar—Total 2.
Wounded severely—6 sowars.
Wounded slightly—1 duffadar, 10 sowars—Total 11.
Grand Total—3 Captains, 1 Lieutenant, 2 serjeants, 1 farrier, 18 privates, 1 resaldar, 2 duffadars, 20 sowars—Total 48.
Captain Wardlaw, Her Majesty's 6th Dragoon Guards, killed.
Captain Hudson, Her Majesty's 6th Dragoon Guards, killed.
Lieutenant Vyse, Her Majesty's 6th Dragoon Guards, killed.
Captain Head, Her Majesty's 9th Lancers, dangerously wounded.

J. B. BROUGHAM, Medical Surgeon,
Senior Surgeon with the Force.

No. 9.

Lieutenant-Colonel Seaton, C.B., Commanding Moveable Column, to Captain Stewart, Deputy-Assistant Adjutant-General.

SIR, *Camp, Puttiallee, December* 18, 1857.

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of the Major-General commanding Delhi Field Force, that I marched with the force, as per margin,* from Suhawur, at daylight yesterday.

Having reason to believe the enemy might be at Puttiallee, I strengthened my advanced guard with Cavalry and 2 Horse Artillery guns, whilst Captain Hodson went forward with a large party of his regiment, throwing out reconnoitring parties on each flank, so as to give timely notice and prevent all chance of a surprise.

Soon after the column had cleared the village of Serai Nawabgunge, about four miles west of this place, I received intimation from Captain Hodson that the enemy's videttes were close in his front, had fired on his party, and retired slowly as he advanced. I immediately sent on the two Horse Artillery guns attached to the advance guard under Lieutenant Deroin to join Captain Hodson, at the same time forming the infantry up in quarter distance columns, at deploying distance to the right of the road, with guns on each flank, and the whole of my cavalry on my extreme right.

Having sent orders to Captain Hodson not to engage the enemy further, I took the opportunity of serviug out the bread and grog to the men; thus

* ARTILLERY. — 2 18-pounder guns. 1 8½-pounder howitzer. 6 9-pounder H. A. guns. 2 6-pounder H. A. guns.

CAVALRY.—1st Troop 6th Carabineers. Detachment 9th Lancers. Hodson's Horse.

INFANTRY.—1st Bengal Fusiliers. 100 3rd Europeans. 7th Punjaub Infantry. 2 Cos. Sappers.

allowing time for the heavy guns, under Lieutenant Gillespie, to arrive. By this time the enemy had opened fire from three guns at Captain Hodson's party, unreplied to by us, until I had got my infantry near enough to act effectively, should the enemy stand. I now directed Lieutenant-Colonel Kinleside to bring his artillery into action, which was at once and most effectually done.

Four Horse Artillery guns, under Lieutenants Deroin and Griffin, dashed to our immediate front, whilst four more, under Lieutenant Bishop, taking a detour to the right and wheeling into line, took the enemy in flank. The enemy, meantime, had shown his strength, and opened eleven guns, some of heavy calibre, upon us. By this time the infantry and heavy guns topped the rise which had previously hidden them, and the sun, being to the back of the foe, shone directly on us, exposing a front so formidable as to deprive him of all further courage to resist. His fire slackened, and at last ceased altogether, and the Horse Artillery, limbering up, charged, with some of Hodson's Horse, right into the enemy's camp, capturing several guns in position, all the camp, magazine, &c., and cutting down numbers of the gunners.

My object in keeping so large a body of my cavalry on my right was now attained, as, instead of going through the town, and being checked by the numbers of enclosures, gardens, &c., which extend for more than a mile to its east, they went round, and thus came into the open plain beyond, on more even terms with the enemy. Colonel Kinleside got quickly through the town, and, joining the cavalry beyond, carried on the pursuit with them. This was kept up for seven miles. The enemy were cut down on all sides, whilst many were drowned in endeavouring to cross the jheels of the Boor Gungha to our left, or shot in the

water. Several guns, tumbrils, &c., were taken in this pursuit.

Meantime, directing Captain Stafford with his regiment to take charge of the enemy's camp and the captured guns, I requested Major Eld to skirmish through the gardens with the infantry. This was most efficiently performed, and numbers of the enemy killed.

In this engagement 12 guns and many tumbrils were captured, a list of which I have the honor to enclose, and I estimate the loss of the enemy to be over 700 killed. I might with safety estimate their loss much higher.

My own loss, as the Major-General will perceive from the accompanying return, was most trifling.

In this, as in the late affair at Gungeree, the artillery and cavalry were principally engaged, and in fact the action was fought by them. I cannot speak too highly in their praise, and I beg to mention to the Major-General, Colonel Kinleside, who commanded the whole of the artillery, and Lieutenants Bishop, Deroin, and Griffin, who served under him.

To Lieutenant Russell, who commanded the Dragoons, and his brave comrades, my thanks are specially due for their gallantry in action, and the vigour of their pursuit.

After the action at Gungeree, I specially mentioned Captain Hodson and his regiment. I can but repeat what I then said, and beg that the Major-General will be good enough to bring this officer, and his great and important services, to the special notice of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief. The infantry had no opportunity of coming in contact with the enemy; but I must beg to mention to the Major-General that, on all occasions, I have met with the most zealous and efficient sup-

port from that good officer, Major Eld, who on this occasion took command of the line.

From my staff officers, Captain French and Captain Light, I received all that active and zealous assistance I expected from two such efficient officers. They shared in the pursuit of the enemy; and I must not omit to mention how much obliged I felt to Captains Taylor and Greathed, who went forward with Captain Hodson to reconnoitre the enemy's position, protected by a party of Hodson's Horse under Lieutenant McDougall, to whom my thanks are due.

I have, &c.,
T. SEATON, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Commanding Moveable Column.

No. 10.

General Return of Killed and Wounded with the Moveable Column under Command of Colonel Seaton, C.B.

Camp, Puttealee, December 17, 1857.

3rd Troop 3rd Brigade Horse Artillery.

Severely wounded—1 farrier.

1st European Bengal Fusiliers.

Severely wounded—1 private.
Slightly wounded—1 private.

Hodson's Horse.

Killed in action—1 duffadar.
Slightly wounded—1 sowar.
Total—1 farrier, 2 privates, 1 duffadar, 1 sowar —Total 5.

J. B. BROUGHAM, Surgeon,
Senior Surgeon with the Force.

No. 11.

Return of Ordnance captured from the Enemy in the Actions of Gungeree on the 14th, and of Puttealee on the 17th of December, 1857, by the Column detached from Delhi Field Force, commanded by Colonel Seaton, C.B.

Camp, Puttealee, December 18, 1857.

1 9-pounder brass gun, weight 9cwt. 3q. 6lb ; No. 483 A Broome, 1854, Cossipore. Captured at Gungeree on 14th December, 1857.

1 6-pounder brass gun, weight 6cwt. 0q. 9lb. ; No. 84 Hutchinson, Fort William, Captured at Gungeree on 14th December, 1857.

1 6-pounder brass gun, 6cwt. 0q. 5lb. ; No. 76 Hutchinson, Fort William. Captured at Gungeree on 14th December, 1857.

1 9-pounder iron gun, weight 25cwt. ; No. 55184 Carron, 1797.

1 6-pounder iron gun, weight 17cwt. 3q. ; No. 54571 Carron, 1796.

1 24-pounder howitzer brass gun, weight 9cwt. 3q. 8lb. ; No. 3 Hutchinson, 1837, Cossipore.

1 12-pounder howitzer mountain train gun, weight 2cwt. 1q. 2lb. ; No. 44 Sherwood, 3rd July, 1818.

1 3-pounder brass mountain train gun, weight 2cwt. 1q. 9lb. ; No. 19 Hutchinson, 1838, carriage disabled.

1 12-pounder howitzer brass gun,* weight 6cwt. 2q. 1lb. ; No. 98 Hutchinson, 1833, Fort William.

1 3-pounder iron gun, weight unknown ; of native manufacture, on a new English carriage, disabled.

* This gun was dismounted, and apparently one of the native guns mounted on its carriage. Besides, ten large tumbrils and three strong carts laden with ammunition of all sorts were captured.

1 3-pounder brass gun, weight 3cwt. 2q. 8lb.; of native manufacture, on a new English carriage, disabled.
1 12-pounder howitzer brass mountain train gun, weight unknown; of native manufacture, on a new English carriage, disabled.
1 3-pounder brass gun, weight unknown; of native manufacture, on a new English carriage, disabled.
1 1-pounder small iron gun, weight unknown; of native manufacture, on a new English carriage, disabled.
1 2-pounder long iron gun, weight unknown; of native manufacture, on a new English carriage, disabled.

T. SEATON, Colonel,
Commanding Moveable Column.
B. KINLESIDE, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Commanding 3rd Brigade Horse Artillery.

No. 12.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

No. 315 of 1858.

Fort William, Feb. 22, 1858.

THE Honorable the President of the Council of India in Council directs the publication of the following report of the operations of the cavalry brigade under Brigadier, now Brigadier-General, Hope Grant, C.B.:

No. 13.

Brigadier-General Hope Grant, C.B., to Major H. W. Norman, Assistant Adjutant-General of the Army, Head Quarters.

SIR, *Camp, Futtyghur, Jan.* 10, 1858.

IN compliance with the orders received from his

Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, through you, I have the honor to forward a report of the operations of the Cavalry Brigade at Delhi, in pursuit of the mutineers down the Doab, and up to the time his Excellency joined the force on the other side of the Ganges, on the way to Lucknow.

When this serious disturbance broke out, Her Majesty's 9th Lancers and two troops of Horse Artillery constituted the European portion of the force at Umballa, the remainder consisting of the 4th Light Cavalry (Lancers), the 5th, and 60th Regiments Native Infantry.

Shortly after the news of the proceedings at Meerut and Delhi reached the station, symptoms of disaffection on the part of these two Native Infantry Regiments became apparent; doubts also were entertained regarding the spirit of the Native Cavalry, and it behoved that the greatest watchfulness should be maintained by the European troops, in expectation of an outbreak. They were, therefore, constantly, day and night, under arms, and at all times ready for immediate action, had such been necessary; indeed, on Sunday the 10th of May, and on two or three other occasions, these troops actually were in saddle.

The probability of any movement of these native troops wore off as portions of the European infantry regiments in the hill stations moved down to Umballa. By the end of the month of May, a small compact column had been assembled, and Her Majesty's 9th Lancers formed the Cavalry of this force. The 4th Light Cavalry (Lancers) were detached on duty to Saharunpore and other places in the vicinity of Umballa, except the head quarters and one squadron, which accompanied the force as far towards Delhi as Allipore, whence it proceeded to Meerut viâ Baghput.

At Allipore, early in June, this force, commanded by Major-General Sir H. Barnard, K.C.B.,

was joined by that from Meerut, under Brigadier A. Wilson, and two squadrons of the 6th Dragoon Guards, Carabineers, under Lieutenant-Colonel Custauce, were added to the cavalry.

These squadrons had already, on the banks of the Hindun, had the opportunity, twice, of meeting the mutineers, and had, under their able commander, rendered essential service on each occasion.

The rebels and mutineers having taken up a strong position, defended by artillery, at a place named Badul-ke-Serai, about five miles from Delhi, the force moved to its attack on the morning of the 8th June. Three squadrons of the 9th Lancers, commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Yule, and two troops of Horse Artillery were detached very early in the morning by the bank of the canal to turn the enemy's left. These troops attained their point shortly after the attack commenced in front, and were soon in action. Two squadrons and a portion of the Horse Artillery were very gallantly and successfully led by Lieutenant-Colonel Yule. The cavalry charged the rebels, and rode through them. Lieutenant Jones, of the 9th Lancers, with his squadron, captured one of their guns, killing the drivers, and, with Lieutenant-Colonel Yule's assistance, turned it upon a village occupied by the rebels, who were quickly dislodged. This was a well-conceived act gallantly executed. The remainder of the Horse Artillery, for a short period, got into very difficult ground, from which they took time to extricate themselves. The other squadron of the 9th Lancers was left for their protection.

The squadrons of the Carabineers and 4th squadron of the 9th Lancers were with the main body of our troops, and did good service. The Carabineers, from the right of our line, drove the rebels after they had broken across the canal. The rebels

having been driven out of Badul-ka-Serai, a hot pursuit towards Delhi was taken up, but chiefly by the infantry and horse artillery, as the ground on each side the road was covered by houses and enclosures.

The operations of the day terminated by the firm possession, by the British troops, of the heights before Delhi.

From this period, during all the siege, nearly the whole of the outpost duties fell to the lot of the cavalry. This duty was a very arduous one. The rebels were constantly threatening our right flank in particular, and our rear, so that both by day and night the cavalry were liable to be, and were frequently, turned out, and were necessarily held always in readiness.

On the 12th June the Guide Corps joined the camp,—a very fine body, numbering about 260 men of Irregular Cavalry, commanded by Captain Daly. This corps had already achieved a high renown by its excellent service in the Punjaub; and had, soon after reaching Delhi, an opportunity of displaying its excellent qualities, as on the 19th a very serious attack was made on our rear, about four o'clock in the afternoon, by a strong force of the rebels with a numerous artillery, who had posted their main body in a village beyond the Ochterlony Garden. Immediately on the commencement of the attack, I moved out with the cavalry and a portion of the artillery; parties of whom, acting on either flank of the garden named, drove the enemy's skirmishers back upon their position, and held them in check, until the rest of the artillery and the whole of the available portion of our small force of infantry could come up.

The ground was very disadvantageous for cavalry, being much intersected by walls of gardens, &c.; but two squadrons of the gallant 9th

Lancers and the Guide Cavalry on our left delivered a most successful charge, right at the enemy, and drove them back completely. In this charge, I grieve to say, the 9th Lancers lost their gallant leader, Lieutenant-Colonel Yule, who was killed—an excellent officer, full of military ardour and zeal. The regiment has to mourn in him the loss of one of its very bravest and most efficient officers. Captain Daly also, leading his Guides, was severely wounded by a musket shot, which, for the rest of the siege, deprived the corps and the service at large of a most energetic, experienced officer.

Ere the above was accomplished, evening had closed in, and soon it became too dark to distinguish friend from foe. The enemy retired to their village, leaving a gun and limber, with its ammunition carriage, on the gronnd. These were brought into our camp on the following morning.

In my despatch reporting this action, I had the sincere gratification of naming two privates of the 9th Lancers, who had displayed signal gallantry in the fight—Privates Thomas Hancock, who lost an arm on the occasion, and John Purcell, who had his horse shot under him, and was, I regret to say, afterwards killed at the assault of Delhi. Sir Henry Barnard was pleased to recommend that the Victoria Cross should be conferred on both. A private sowar also, named Roopur Khan, of the 4th Irregular Cavalry, my orderly at the time, displayed great bravery and devotion in offering me his horse when my own had been killed under me, and was chiefly instrumental in aiding my escape from the midst of the enemy. I am happy in being able to record his promotion to duffadar, and his admission to the Order of Merit in reward of such excellent conduct.

About this period, other regiments joined the

cavalry force; portions of the 1st, 2d, and 5th Regiments of Punjaub Cavalry, and Hodson's Horse. The latter consisted entirely of new levies; but have since greatly improved and become useful troops. The squadron commanded by Lieutenant Gough has, under my own observation, performed very valuable service, and their gallantry has been conspicuously noticed in a despatch of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief. The Punjaub corps, under their distinguished leaders, Lieutenant Watson, Lieutenant Nicolson afterwards, and at the present time Captain Probyn and Lieutenant Younghusband, have proved themselves admirable soldiers. Confident in their officers and assured of victory, these troops have never hesitated to attack the Hindustani horsemen in any odds, and have invariably forced them to give way.

On the 9th of July, a party of the 9th Irregular Cavalry, whose conduct I had been for some time doubtful of, proved themselves false to their oath of allegiance, and a picquet on duty on the right flank of the camp admitted a force of the enemy's cavalry within their post. These horsemen entered the camp, fought desperately, and tried to take away a battery of guns. They also rode up to a picquet where we had two heavy guns placed in position, intending to spike them; but they were gallantly withstood by a party of the 9th Lancers, under command of Lieutenant Martin, who prevented the attack being made. I beg to be allowed to copy part of a letter written to me by Captain Light of the Bengal Artillery, the officer in command of the picquet:—

"I believe that to the prompt manner in which Lieutenant Martin got his party under arms, and the bold way in which he placed them between the enemy and the rear of my battery, both myself and the party of Artillery under my command are in-

debted for escaping from an attack which must have been disastrous."

The cavalry were frequently employed during the siege of Delhi in escort and patrolling duties, occasionally making distant reconnoissances; and in the month of August, Lieutenant Hodson, with 200 of his own men and a squadron of Guide Cavalry, proceeded to Rohtuck, where he fell in with a party of the rebels and discomfited them, killing several,—on one occasion, a ressaldar and 25 men of Irregular Cavalry whom he had surprised. Lieutenant Hodson displayed great intelligence and alacrity in this duty, extricating himself from more than one perilous position, and on his return to camp was able to give valuable information of the state of the districts he had passed through.

The cavalry were also able to afford assistance to the artillery in the trenches, in consequence of numerous casualties and sickness having reduced their numbers and rendered the duties very severe. I was requested by Major-General Wilson, at this time in command, to furnish men from the Carabineers and 9th Lancers, and I ordered 10 of the former and 60 of the latter daily, under Lieutenants Blair and Evans, of the 9th Lancers, who volunteered their services on this duty. Nothing could be better or more praiseworthy than the way in which the men of these two regiments vied with each other, day and night, in the performance of this severe work, and I beg to be allowed to record here extracts from the despatches of Major-General A. Wilson, commanding the force, and of Major Brind, of the Artillery, who commanded in the batteries and witnessed their conduct:—

"I should neither be fulfilling the repeatedly expressed wishes of the artillery officers attached to this force, nor following the dictates of my

own inclination, if I failed to acknowledge the valuable assistance which has, throughout the operations before Delhi, been most cheerfully given by the non-commissioned officers and men of Her Majesty's 9th Lancers and the 6th Dragoon Guards in working the batteries. Without it, owing to the comparatively small number of artillerymen, I should have been quite unable to man the batteries efficiently, or keep up the heavy fire which, aided by these men, I have happily been able to do.

"A. WILSON, Major-General,
"Commanding Delhi Field Force."

"In expressing the high satisfaction I experienced in observing the zealous performance of duty on the part of the Foot Artillery with the army of Delhi, I consider it incumbent on me to bring to the special notice of Major-General A. Wilson, the officers and men of the 9th Lancers, who were employed in the batteries as artillerymen under my command and observation; Lieutenants Evans and Blair are deserving of honourable mention for the zealous and cheerful performance of their duties.

"The coolness and bravery of officers and men in situations of extreme danger, whilst engaged in a novel duty, called forth the admiration of all who witnessed it, and especially of those who had the satisfaction of serving with them.

"T. BRIND, Major.
"Commanding Foot Artillery and
"No. 1 Battery."

At 2 o'clock, on the morning of the day of assault, all the artillerymen, with the exception of two serjeants, had been withdrawn for other duties, and the guns in the 24-pounder breaching battery were manned by 30 men of the 9th Royal Lancers.

Their services were acknowledged by the Assistant Adjutant-General of Artillery in the following letter to myself, a part of which I have the honour to copy:—

"Taking advantage of the darkness, the enemy had, during the night, crowned the breach in the Cashmere curtain with gabions and fascines, which we discovered at daybreak, and, as they would have presented a very serious obstacle to our assaulting parties, it was absolutely necessary to clear them away before the attack took place.

"Through the zeal and intelligence of your men, who worked like trained artillerymen, I was enabled to accomplish this with perfect success, and Sir Archdale Wilson personally thanked them, when he came down to the battery, for the very admirable services they had performed.

"G. B. JOHNSON, Assistant Adjutant
"General of Artillery,
"Late Commanding 24-pounder Battery.'

A few men of the Carabineers and 10 men of the 9th Lancers also did permanent duty,—the former with Major Tombs' and the latter with Major Turner's troops of Horse Artillery, in which they took their regular tour of all duties, and rendered, by their ready willingness and intelligence, most useful and efficient aid, for which these officers have expressed their thankfulness.

On the 14th of September, the assault on the city of Delhi commenced, in which 600 of the cavalry,—200 of whom were of the 9th Lancers, and the rest Punjaub Irregular Cavalry,—took part. To their lot it fell to cover the attacking columns and our principal batteries from the enemy without the walls of the place, and strongly posted near the Lahoree gate and in the Kishengunge suburb. Nothing could exceed the noble conduct of all, both native and European. In a position whence,

from the nature of the ground, they could make no attack, these gallant troops were exposed for two hours to a very severe fire, both of artillery and infantry. In their front, the enemy, flushed with success after having maintained their position at Kishengunge, in face of an attempt to dislodge them by a small column of our troops from the right of camp, moved down and occupied a small village about a hundred yards from the walls, with two 18-pounders, which were in time silenced and spiked by our Horse Artillery; but, on our right flank, the fire of artillery and musketry from the Kishengunge suburb, which could not be kept down, as also from the Lahoree bastion, which had not fallen into our possession, was most galling. My aide-de-Camp, Captain the Honourable A. Anson, was wounded in the hand, and Captain Prosser, 6th Dragoon Guards, Acting Aide-de-Camp, was dangerously wounded in the hand by a musket ball. The 9th Lancers were in first line supported by the Punjaub Cavalry, and nothing could be finer than the unflinching coolness with which all these gallant soldiers held this trying position. Nothing daunted by the numerous casualties and the certainty that they had only to endure, when I felt it my duty to praise their steady behaviour, they declared their willingness and determination to stand fire as long as need be. The conduct of all—European and native, officers and men—was most admirable. On this occasion, the 9th Lancers were commanded, with great coolness and judgment, by Captain Drysdale, a most gallant officer, whose name I wish to bring under the favourable notice of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief. The remainder of the cavalry, under command of Captain Anson, 9th Lancers, stopped behind for the protection of the camp, which required the greatest vigilance and attention, and which was successfully performed. Until the

final and complete fall of the city of Delhi on the 20th, the cavalry were employed in protecting the camp and covering the road leading therefrom to the Cashmere gate, and on two occasions a force made reconnoissances towards the southern face of the city.

Hodson's Horse was employed in following up the retreat of the enemy from Delhi, and, owing to the activity and keen intelligence of their leader, succeeded in capturing the King of Delhi, who was brought in a prisoner; and, a few days after, three of the King's sons were killed by them near Hummayun's tomb. This officer, with his horsemen, was exceedingly useful in beating up the hiding-places of the rebels in the immediate neighbourhood of the city, and rendered most valuable service.

The portion of Her Majesty's Carabineers were shortly detached with the column under Brigadier Showers that operated to the west of the Jumna, and I regret to say I have no means at this time of placing on record the nature of the service they met with. Their previous history warrants me in the belief that they have surely sustained the good name they have so long and deservedly borne.

After the capture of Delhi, a moveable column, under command of Brigadier Greathed, was despatched across the Jumna, and the following corps of cavalry formed part:—Her Majesty's 9th Lancers, commanded by Captain Drysdale, and a squadron each of the 1st Punjaub Cavalry under Lieutenant Watson, 2nd Punjaub Cavalry under Lieutenant Probyn, 5th Punjaub Cavalry under Lieutenant Younghusband, Hodson's Horse under Lieutenant Gough, the whole under command of Major Ouvry, of the 9th Lancers, a most energetic, useful, and brave officer.

The column left Delhi on the 24th of September, and on the 28th encountered the rebels and muti-

neers at Bolundshuhur, where they had taken up a formidable position among the gardens and enclosures of the Civil Cantonment, having the town in their rear. After having been beaten out of their position, the cavalry were ordered to drive them out of the town, and part of the 9th Lancers proceeded down one street, while another portion of the same regiment, under Lieutenant Sarel, supported by Younghusband's Horse, took another road, the remainder of the Punjaub Cavalry moving round outside the town. This hazardous duty for cavalry was ably executed. Captain Drysdale's column pushed its way through, and discovered the enemy reforming outside the town. Preparing to return they were instantly charged and dispersed. In this charge Captain Drysdale's horse was killed, and in falling that officer's collar-bone was broken. Two men of the 9th Lancers—Lance-Corporal Kells and Private Jordan—most gallantly extricated and brought away their Commander. Lieutenant Sarel was also successful, and cleared the portion of the town through which he led his squadrons; but, in the act of running a sepoy through, was shot in the hand and arm, and had one of his fingers blown away. Cornet Thonger was also wounded in the arm slightly. A most gallant feat was here performed by Lieutenant Blair, since exchanged into the 2nd Dragoon Guards, who was ordered to take a party of 1 serjeant and 12 men* and bring in a deserted ammunition waggon. As his party approached, a body of 50 or 60 of the enemy's horse came down upon him from a village where they had remained unobserved. With-

* Serjeant R L. Shaw: Lance Corporal Andrews; Lance Corporal Neden; Lance Corporal Newman; Trumpeter Corkery; Private Donohoe; Private Bowhay; Private Howlett; Private Kelly; Private Fannon; Private Whelan; Private Clayton. Lance Corporal Clancey was left as a vidette at a nullah a short distance off.

out a moment's hesitation, he formed up his men, and regardless of the odds, gallantly led them on, dashing through the rebels. He made good his retreat without losing a man, leaving 9 of them dead upon the field. Of these he killed 4 himself; but, to my deep regret, after running a native officer through the body with his sword, he was severely wounded, the joint of his shoulder being nearly severed. This gallant young officer is, I am thankful, doing well at Meerut, and will, I trust, be shortly restored to the Service in which his early career gives promise of distinction. Serjeant Shaw, of this party, also behaved in the most gallant manner. One of the men, Lance Corporal Andrews, lost his horse from falling with him. The serjeant pulled up between him and the enemy, and enabled him to effect his escape. The serjeant's horse was wounded on the occasion, and, if it had not been for a party of the 1st Punjaub Cavalry, under Lieutenant Watson, coming up at the moment to their support, both these men would undoubtedly have lost their lives. Lieutenant Younghusband's squadron charged a large body, and killed about 80 of the enemy; and the remainder of the Punjaub Cavalry cut up many more outside the town.

On the 6th of October the column again attacked the mutineers and rebels at Allygurh, and the cavalry, commanded by Major Ouvry, passing round the town, fell in with them in retreat, and cut down about 200.

On the 8th, the Punjaub Corps were sent to a village named Akbarpore, belonging to two notorious rebels, Mungul Sein and Acbar Sein, whom they hoped to surprise. This was so well accomplished, that both these chiefs were killed, and upwards of a hundred of their armed followers, our cavalry having completely surrounded the village ere their approach was known.

On the following morning the column moved to Bidgguhr, about forty-four miles distant from the parade ground at Agra, whence, at the urgent summons of the Chief Commissioner for its immediate march, it proceeded with the utmost rapidity, and reached the station on the 10th, after a long and harassing march. Every thing had been reported quiet there, and, although a strong force of the enemy was believed to be within ten or eleven miles of the place, no apprehension of any immediate attack existed.

The regiments had hardly arrived and taken up the encamping ground on the grand parade, when four men, described as *fakirs*, beating tom-toms, came up to the quarter-guard of the 9th Lancers. The serjeant desired them to go away, but one of the villains drew a tulwar and cut him down, then attacked another serjeant and a corporal, both of whom were wounded; but, the guard then moving out, all were killed. Hardly had this transpired, when Artillery, concealed in the high Bajra Fields, opened from different positions a cross fire upon the few tents pitched, causing some loss. In a moment every soldier stood to his arms. The Artillery from their parks, while their horses were being put to, returned the fire. The cavalry were quickly mounted, and, ere a few minutes had elapsed, the troops were prepared to repel the attack.

The enemy's cavalry, about 300 in number, hoping to find us unprepared, came round by our left flank, and made a rush upon the camp, but were most gallantly met and repulsed by a squadron of the 9th Lancers, led by Captain French. This enabled the artillery and the remainder of the force to prepare to attack the enemy's position; but I grieve to state that this advantage was purchased at the cost of Captain French's life, who fell, mortally wounded, in this charge, and the 9th

Lancers lost a brave, daring officer, of ripe judgment, highly valued by the regiment. Lieutenant Jones also, whom I have before mentioned, was severely wounded; he was wounded by a shot, cut down, and afterwards received twenty-two sword cuts in different parts of his body. This young officer had so far through this campaign given evidence of the possession of many high military qualities. Ever foremost in danger, ready to undergo any hardship or fatigue at duty's call, he has exhibited intelligence and judgment on every occasion of his having been employed. He will, I have every hope, be restored to health.

About this period of the action, one of our guns, of which all the drivers and gunners had been wounded, fell into the hands of the enemy; but was recovered by a gallant charge of a squadron of the 9th Lancers, under Lieutenant Wilkinson, detached for this object from the rest of the corps by Captain Anson, who moved in support.

After this our troops being well in hand, moved to an organized attack, and drove off the enemy, capturing their guns in different places, until their camp was reached, whence the enemy, being in full retreat, were pursued by the artillery and cavalry as far as the Kharee Nuddee, ten miles, capturing baggage, the remainder of their guns, killing many, and entirely dispersing the whole force. The Irregular Cavalry made a most dashing charge at a regiment of infantry, drawn up to cover three heavy guns. They drove them away, cut up a number, and took the guns.

Their intended surprise of our troops turned out evidently a surprise to themselves, as they could not have calculated on the presence of Brigadier Greathed's column. Guns, ammunition, stores, and standing camp, all fell into our hands. The victory was complete.

On the 14th the column recrossed the Jumna,

and proceeded by the Mynpoorie road towards Cawnpore.

Having been appointed to the command, I was enabled, after some difficulty, accompanied by my Brigade Major, Captain Hamilton, to join the force on the 18th of October.

The column moved on by forced marches, and arrived near Kanouj on the 22nd, when information reached me that a small force of the enemy, with 4 guns, had that morning left the town with the purpose of crossing the Kali Nuddee, about two miles off. I immediately ordered off one squadron 9th Lancers, with Watson's, Probyn's, and Younghusband's squadrons, with 2 guns, the whole under Major Ouvry's command, myself following in support with another squadron of the 9th Lancers and 2 other guns. Major Ouvry came up with them attempting to cross the Nuddee. The enemy opened fire, which was quickly replied to, and silenced, and their guns taken. Major Ouvry had most successfully and with his usual gallantry, attacked them in a position where little resistance could be made. The cavalry after this pursued them to the banks of the Ganges, executing great slaughter among them, and finally driving them into the river, in which several were drowned.

The column pursued its march to Cawnpore, where it arrived on the 26th of October, crossed the Ganges into Oude, and was engaged at Banterah on the 2nd of November. In this skirmish the cavalry and horse artillery endeavoured to come to close combat with the enemy; but they would not stand; a nine-pounder gun was however captured.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief shortly after assumed command of the troops in the field, and the career and conduct of the cavalry since have been under his own observation. I must,

however, before closing this report, beg permission to bring prominently forward, for his Excellency's consideration, the names of four very gallant young officers, whose acts of bravery may, I trust, be deemed by the Commander-in-Chief such as to merit his recommending the bestowal of the Victoria Cross.

These officers are Lieutenant Blair, 2nd Dragoon Guards, and Lieutenant Jones, 9th Lancers. The particular instances of acts of bravery on their part I have already mentioned. The other two are Captain Probyn, of the 2nd, and Lieutenant Watson, of the 1st Punjaub Cavalry. Captain Probyn has been distinguished for gallantry and daring throughout this campaign. At the battle of Agra, when his squadron charged the rebel infantry, he was some time separated from his men and surrounded by five or six sepoys. He defended himself from the various cuts made at him, and, before his own men joined him, had cut down two of his assailants. At another time, in single combat with a sepoy, he was wounded in the wrist by the bayonet, and his horse also slightly wounded; but, though the sepoy fought desperately, he cut him down. The same day he singled out a standard-bearer, and, in the presence of a number of the enemy, killed him and captured the standard. These are only a few of the gallant deeds of this brave young officer. Skilful in the use of his sword and spear, and an excellent horseman, his active courage and coolness in conflict have borne him safely through many combats.

Lieutenant Watson, on the 14th of November, with his own squadron, and that under Captain (then Lieutenant) Probyn, came upon a body of the rebel cavalry. The ressaldar in command of them—a fine specimen of the Hindustani Mussulman,—and backed up by some half-dozen equally brave men,—rode out to the front. Lieutenant

Watson singled out this fine-looking fellow and attacked him. The ressaldar presented his pistol at Lieutenant Watson's breast, at a yard's distance, and fired; but, most providentially, without effect; the ball must, by accident, have previously fallen out. Lieutenant Watson ran the man through with his sword and dismounted him; but the native officer, nothing daunted, drew his tulwar, and with his sowars, renewed his attack upon Lieutenant Watson, who bravely defended himself until his own men joined in the melée and utterly routed the party. In this rencontre, Lieutenant Watson received a blow on the head from a tulwar, another on his left arm which severed his chain gauntlet glove, a tulwar cut on his right arm which fortunately only divided the sleeve of his jacket, but disabled the arm for some time; a bullet also passed through his coat, and he received a blow on his leg which lamed him for some days afterwards. His charger too was grazed by a bullet. On many other occasions, his good sword, wielded by a strong arm, directed by a brave heart and cool head, has laid low many an opponent in fair combat.

Nothing could have exceeded in gallantry and daring the conduct of all the four officers whom I have thus prominently brought to notice.

I beg also to mention the excellent service and assistance I have on all occasions received from my Brigade Major (now Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General of Division), Captain W. Hamilton, 9th Lancers, throughout the whole campaign. His exertions have been unceasing. He is brave, cool, and collected in action, and at all times unremitting in attention to his duties, from which, in spite of the severity of the hot season and rains upon the constitution of so many, he was never day or night absent when called upon.

My aide-de-camp also, Captain the Honourable

A. Anson, I wish to bring particularly to the favourable notice of his Excellency. His conduct has been most praiseworthy throughout the whole campaign. Animated by a most soldier-like spirit, active and intelligent, I have found him a most useful aid, and on all occasions my orders have been delivered with precision; and his own gallantry and bravery have been universally remarked upon. He was wounded at the assault of Delhi by a musket-ball in the hand; but has, I am happy to say, some time since recovered and returned to his duty.

In conclusion, I desire to express my obligation to the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of both European and native cavalry under my command for their excellent conduct and ready obedience under all circumstances. Their qualities as soldiers have been fully tested by exposure to hardships during all seasons of the year in this trying climate, and by all other vicissitudes of a soldier's career, and in no instance have they failed to fulfil their duty, and deserve my highest commendations. I have, &c.

J. HOPE GRANT, Brigadier-General,
Commanding Field Force,
Late Commanding Cavalry Brigade

No. 14.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

Camp, Allahabad, February 22, 1858.

No. 11 of 1858.

THE Right Honourable the Governor-General has great satisfaction in publishing, for general information, the subjoined Reports of an action fought with the rebels at Annutram on the 7th instant, by Alexander's Horse, and a body of

Zemindaree troops, led by Mr. A. O. Hume, Magistrate of Etawah, the whole under the command of Captain Alexander.

The Governor-General entirely concurs with his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in considering this affair to reflect the highest credit on Captain Alexander and Mr. Hume, as well as Mr. Maconochie, who, with conspicuous bravery and cool determination, led their men against the very superior numbers of the rebels, and obtained a signal victory over them.

No. 15.

The Deputy Adjutant General of the Army to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, with the Governor-General.

Head Quarters, Camp Cawnpore.
February 19, 1858.

SIR, (No. 92 A.)

I AM desired by the Commander-in-Chief, to transmit in original, the documents noted in the margin,* for the information of the Right Honourable the Governor-General, and to request you will be good enough to bring to the especial notice of his Lordship, the extremely gallant conduct of Mr. Hume and Captain Alexander, under the circumstances detailed by these officers. His Excellency considers the whole affair to reflect much credit on them, and on those who acted with such bravery under their orders.

2. The return of the enclosures is requested when no longer required. I have, &c.,

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

* Letter No. 59, dated 12th February, from Brigadier T. Seaton, C.B. Letter No. 36, dated 8th February, from

No. 16.

Brigadier Seaton to Major-General Mansfield, Chief of the Staff, Army Head Quarters, Cawnpore or elsewhere.

Brigade Head Quarters, Fort Futtehgurh, February 12, 1858.

SIR, (No. 59 of 1858.)

I HAVE the honor to forward, for the information of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, the accompanying despatches in original (two in number), received from Captain Alexander, commanding Irregular Horse at Etawah, and Mr. Hume, magistrate at that station, giving an account of an action fought by them with the rebels at Anuntram near Etawah, over whom they gained a complete victory.

2. The despatches speak for themselves, and I need not bring to the notice of his Excellency the great gallantry and judgment displayed by Messrs. Hume and Maconochie, or Captain Alexander's nerve in consenting to the attack against such odds.

3. I think Captain Alexander could not have received a letter I sent him, prohibiting an attack on these people ; but, as it has turned out, the victory will be most useful, and tend in a great measure to ensure the tranquillity of the Etawah district.

I have, &c.,
T. SEATON, Brigadier,
Commanding the Futtehgurh District.

Captain Alexander. Letter dated 8th February, and plan of ground, from A. O. Hume, Esq. With report of an action fought by Alexander's Horse with the rebels at Anuntram.

No. 17.

Captain Alexander to Captain Hawes, Major of Brigade, Futtehgurh.

Camp, Etawah, February 8, 1858.

SIR, (No. 36.)

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of the Brigadier commanding, that, deeming it advisable to visit my outpost at Bukewar, and also reconnoitre the enemy's position at Anuntram, I proceeded yesterday morning at daylight, with a party of 30 sowars of my regiment, and accompanied by Mr. Hume, Magistrate, and Mr. Maconochie, the Deputy Magistrate of Etawah.

Ordering the picquet of 30 rank and file of my regiment, and 80 sowars of the Etawah Local Horse, stationed at Bukewar, to fall in, we proceeded to Anuntram, distant six miles. We arrived there about half-past 9 A.M., and found about 700 matchlockmen, belonging to different loyal Zemindars, ready to join us.

We moved on at once to the enemy's position, which was about a mile from Anuntram, and found them very strongly posted, stronger than we were led to believe from reports. Their right resting on the Cawnpore road, occupied a large tope of mangoe trees with a wall of six feet all round, and a small ditch in front; their left on a village (Phoolpore), and every grove and field between occupied by them. Their right was the chief position, and looked most formidable, the enclosure swarming with the enemy, and one gun facing down the road towards us.

Having reconnoitred, and having been offered the loan of a gun from Anuntram, we came to the decision of attacking the place. Having shown ourselves to the enemy, it appeared to us that the effect on the country around would be very bad, did we retire without attempting something; so I

formed the cavalry into three troops ; my own men I took opposite the right rear of the enemy's entrenchment, and within 300 yards ; one troop I directed to go to the right, and the third to remain in the centre as a support for the gun, which had by this time come up, and was planted as near as we could judge opposite the enemy's.*

Mr. Hume having with some difficulty collected about 200 or 300 matchlockmen out of the 700, advanced most gallantly with them towards the entrenchment. The fire of the enemy had been directed towards my troop ; but, seeing the advance of our matchlockmen, they turned it towards them. Our gun then opened, advancing nearer at each discharge. About the fifth discharge, our gun was close up to the wall, and, a rush being made, headed in the most gallant manner by Mr. Hume, the enemy began to retreat.

Having already got to their right rear with my troop of 60 men, the time came for us to act. The word 'charge' was given by me, and in a few seconds we were in the midst of them, sweeping round the rear of the entrenchment to the village on the enemy's left. Many of the enemy escaped owing to the great height of cultivation and the villages, where it was impossible for cavalry to follow, and, had the Local Horse acted on the right, when they saw my troop coming round, the victory would have been most complete ; but they rendered no assistance at first. However, the enemy were completely routed, their only gun, with a quantity of ammunition, baggage, ponies, matchlocks, swords, &c., captured, and about 125 killed in the field and six hanged. We followed them up for about three miles, and then gave up further pursuit, the enemy

* Strength in action of our force—60 troopers, including commissioned and non-commissioned officers, Alexander's Horse. 80 Etawah L. Horse. 300 matchlockmen. Total 440. 1 3-pounder brass gun.

dispersing in all directions, and my party of cavalry being too small to detach after them; besides, we had then come about twenty-five miles, and had to return to Etawah the same evening, which we reached about 7 P.M.

The number of the enemy could not certainly have been under 1200 or 1300 men, including a few sowars.

Our casualties were:

Killed—12 matchlockmen.
Severely wounded—2 sowars. Alexander's Horse.
Severely wounded—3 horses. Alexander's Horse.
Slightly wounded—1 horse. Alexander's Horse.
Slightly wounded—1 sowar of Local Horse.
Severely wounded—4 horses of Local Horse.
Wounded—15 matchlockmen.
Missing—2 horses.

A copy of Mr. Hume's report to Government is enclosed for the Brigadier's information, and shows the active and gallant part taken by that officer and his matchlockmen.

I now beg to bring to the notice of Brigadier Seaton, C.B., the able assistance I received from Mr. Hume, who gallantly led the assault, and Mr. Maconochie, who accompanied my troop of cavalry throughout the day, and was always to the front.

The conduct of my men was admirable, and many individual acts of gallantry were performed. Some of the sowars of the Local Horse did their duty well, and the conduct of the matchlockmen who went to the assault, after they once got in to the enemy, Mr. Hume reports to have been excellent.

I beg to bring all parties concerned to the favourable notice of the Brigadier commanding, and trust he may deem the affair worthy of being reported to his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

I trust the Brigadier will not consider I exceeded my duty in attacking a position I had previously reported as being too strong for the whole of our force. I think, however, Anuntram will be free from Roop Sing and his followers, for some time to come.

The information regarding the enemy's regular troops at Ajeetmul, and mentioned by Mr. Hume, was only brought to-day; and it is fortunate as things have turned out, that we did not know of it yesterday, for we should not have gone out, and this victory would not have been gained.

I have, &c.,

W. R. E. ALEXANDER, Captain,
Commanding Alexander's Horse, and at Etawah.

No. 18.

A. O. Hume, Esq., Officiating Magistrate and Collector of Etawah, to the Secretary to Government of the N. W. P., Agra.

SIR, *Februarg* 8, 1858.

I HAVE the honor to report that we yesterday obtained a signal success over the enemy near Anuntram

2. At 6 A.M. the 7th of February, Captain Alexander, Mr. Maconochie and myself left Etawah with 30 sowars to visit the picquet at Bukewar, and reconnoitre the enemy's position beyond. At Bukewar, we were joined by the picquet, viz., 30 of Alexander's Horse, and about 80 of the Etawah Local Horse. We then pushed on to Anuntram, a small town on the main Oreyah and Cawnpore road, distant about twenty-one miles from our camp at Etawah. At Anuntram I called out about 700 of the matchlockmen posted there to keep the enemy in check, aud, taking a small gun of Rao Juswant Rao's, advanced along the main

road. About a mile from Anuntram, we found the enemy posted in several dense mango topes, surrounded by high earth-banks, and occupying the intermediate Urhur and Castor Oil plant fields, in skirmishing order. As we drew near, the enemy concentrated themselves in the two enclosures C and B (see sketch), still keeping, however, some hundreds of men out as skirmishers in the field immediately surrounding their position. As the banks surrounding the enclosure were not less than six feet high from outside as there were no entrances, and the branches of the trees come down to within two feet of the top of the bank, Captain Alexander, finding that his cavalry could not attack them with any reasonable chance of success, halted them at D. After consulting him I posted the Local Horse at E, and then leaving them there with orders to cut up any fugitives, drew the men up in a sort of line at GG, with the gun in the centre. The enemy by this time had opened a smart fire on us, and Captain Alexander, to whom I reported what I had done, as well as the nature of the position which I had closely inspected from N, desired me to advance with the gun and matchlockmen. Koour Lutchmun Sing and three or four of my own sowars assisting me manfully, I succeeded in bringing up about 350 of the matchlockmen into a position KKK, still keeping the gun in the centre G. Our matchlockmen nevertheless were no cowards; they fought bravely, a little later, hand to hand, but they were new to the system of going straight a-head at our enemy, were immensely outnumbered, and were obliged to advance under a very heavy fire, which, as they could, under the most favourable circumstances, see only the heads of their opponents, they could not return with any effect.

3. By degrees, taking advantage of a number of small ridges intervening between us and the point

which I had chosen for the attack, I pushed the men on to within twenty yards of the entrenchment, keeping up, as we advanced, a fire from the Rao's gun in answer to that of the enemy. I then ran the gun up to the little knoll A, which, distant about five yards from the entrenchment, gave me the command of the interior. By this time some 300 or 400 of the enemy ran out of the opposite side of the enclosure in the direction NN, and were promptly pursued by Captain Alexander and his sixty troopers, who cut up a considerable number of them, though not without some casualties, as even single fugitives, almost without exception, turned and fought. The Local Horse did not assist; they had no European officer (I have applied in vain for one), and either would not, or thought they ought not to move without an order to do so. At A we fired one round, and, all the men lining that particular portion of the "moorcha" beginning to run, the matchlockmen made a rush, and to the number of 150 or 200 got in. Just as they did so, the enemy fired their gun in our faces, doing, however, no damage, and then, for the most part throwing away their guns, both parties went at it with swords. In less than a minute the main body of the enemy, some 600 strong, ran out in the direction SSS; a few still stood by the gun. These, in a very short time, were dispersed, and, as I thought, either cut up or driven out; but in this I was mistaken (without uniform it was difficult to distinguish foes from friends), and we had not proceeded fifty yards in pursuit, when we were stopped by shouts from the rear, and found that the enemy had retaken and loaded the gun. We re-took it, however, before they could fire it. Lutchmun Sing and I then pushed on with some half dozen sowars; but the rebels were too far a-head, and we picked up only a few stragglers. Captain Alexander then returned from the pursuit

in the direction NN ; the Local Horse came up at last, the enemy was pursued some three miles, and a number more accounted for ; one and all, however, fighting to the last. Nine prisoners were also taken, of whom six were hanged. I ought to add that the enclosure C was evacuated directly we took the gun.

4. The enemy was certainly not less than 1,200 strong when we advanced from the position K K K, and probably numbered not less than 2,000. They had a few irregular cavalry, and, it is reported, about 50 sepoys ; but I saw none of the latter. The former as usual kept well out of range, and ultimately disappeared without showing fight. They lost 125 men killed, their gun (an iron one) and limber, matchlocks, swords, bundles of clothes, burtons, ponies, &c., in fact their whole baggage. Our loss was not severe ; 12 matchlockmen were killed, a few (amongst them the brave leader of the Chowdrayan of Binsea's men, Bhowanee Sing) wounded ; 2 of Alexander's men and 3 of his horses ; 1 of the local horsemen and 4 of the horses badly wounded, and several other men and horses scratched more or less.

5. The pursuit over, we returned with the captured gun to Etawah, having accomplished the whole affair, including the 50 miles' ride in 12 hours. It may be worth mentioning that the very time we made the attack, Lallpooree Goosaeen, the Nana's Pirohit, with a considerable force of regular mutineers, was at Ajeetmul, scarcely more than 6 miles from the battle field, so that we rather stole a march on him.

6. I having been chiefly with the matchlockmen, my account is necessarily a one-sided one ; but it must not be supposed that I wish to ignore the services rendered by the rest of the force. It is true that, owing to the nature of the position,

the brunt of the assault fell upon the footmen; but the great loss sustained by the enemy is chiefly owing to the energetic pursuit of Captain Alexander and his horse. About 20 were killed in the entrenchment and within a few yards of it by the matchlockmen; 11 were killed by the small party with me; but the rest were, I believe, to a man cut up by Alexander's Horse; the fugitives, be it remembered, fighting most resolutely, and using swords, spears, and matchlocks, but too successfully.

7. The gallant conduct of Koour Lutchmun Sing, my Deputy Magistrate; of Raheem Buksh, a Duffadar, formerly of the Gwalior Contingent, now of the Etawah Local Horse; and of Bhowanee Sing, the leader of the Binsea men, deserves especial notice. I have, &c.,

A. O. HUME, Magistrate.

P.S.—I enclose a copy of Captain Alexander's Report, with whom Mr. Maconochie (whom I have therefore not mentioned) served.

A. O. HUME.

No. 19.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

Fort William, January 15, 1858.

No. 70 of 1858.

THE Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council has much satisfaction in publishing the following Report from Major-General Penny, C.B., Commanding Delhi Field Force, dated the 24th of November, 1857, with its enclosures, relative to the action fought at Narnool on the 16th of that month. His Lordship in Council concurs in the commendations given by

his Excellency of the Commander-in-chief to the troops on this occasion.

No. 20.

The Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to the Government of India,

Military Department.

Head Quarters Camp, Merun ka Serai, December 29, 1857.

SIR, No. 45 A.

I HAVE the honor, by direction of the Commander-in-Chief, to forward, for submission to the Right Honorable the Governor-General in Council, a copy of a Report* from Major-General N. Penny, C.B., commanding the Delhi Field Force, dated the 24th of November last, with its enclosures, relative to the action fought at Narnool on the 16th idem.

His Excellency considers that the troops behaved very well in this action, but more especially the detachment of the carabineers, under Captain Wardlaw, and the Guide Cavalry, under Lieutenant Kennedy, which were highly distinguished.

I have, &c. H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 21.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE HONORABLE THE PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

Fort William, February 26, 1858.

No. 344 of 1858.—Erratum.

IN the despatch from Captain Caulfield† to the address of the Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General,

* See "Gazette of February 22, 1858.
† See "Gazette" February 22, 1858.

dated the 18th of November, 1857, published in Government General Order, No. 70, of the 15th of January, 1858, *for* Captain Osborn, *54th Native Infantry, read* Captain Osborn, *45th Native Infantry,* as Orderly Officer. Order books to be corrected accordingly. F. D. ATKINSON, Major,
Officiating Secretary to the Government of India in the Military Department.

No. 22.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE HONORABLE THE PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

Fort William, February 26, 1858.

No. 346 of 1858.

THE Honorable the President of the Council of India in Council is pleased to direct that the name of Assistant-Surgeon Robert Bird, M.D., be added to the Nominal List of Officers attached to the Artillery of the Garrison of Lucknow, published in Government General Order, No. 1665,* of the 30th of December, 1857, and that it be inserted after that of Lieutenant Cunliffe.

F. D. ATKINSON, Major,
Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, in the Military Department.

No. 23.

Brigadier-General G. H. MacGregor, C.B., Military Commissioner, to the Secretary to Government with the Governor-General, Foreign Department.

Allahabad, Camp, Phoolpore Manja, February 24, 1858.

SIR, No. 177.

I HAVE the honor to enclose for the informa-

* See "Gazette" February 17, 1858.

tion of the Right Honorable the Governor-General in Council, a copy of a letter from Colonel Rowcroft, commanding Sarun Field Force, giving cover to a Report from Captain Sotheby, R.N., commanding the escort of the fleet of boats for the bridging of the Gogra, of a most gallant and creditable affair between the enemy and the escort under the command of Captain Sotheby, which resulted in the capture of the strong fort of Chundeepore and the safe passage of the fleet.

2. I would beg to bring to the notice of his Lordship in Council the gallant and spirited conduct of all the officers and men engaged on this occasion, and particularly that of Captain Sotheby, R.N., whose performance of the very arduous duty of escorting that large fleet up so rapid and difficult a river, with one bank crowned with forts manned by the enemy, has been such as to merit the very best acknowledgments that I can bestow. The crowning exploit of attacking and capturing the strongest fort on the river, with his handful of men, will recommend itself at once to the notice of his Lordship in Council.

3. I would also beg particularly to mention the name of Captain Weston, attached to the Ramdall Regiment, who, I regret to say, was severely wounded and who is spoken of in such high terms of praise by Captain Sotheby.

4. To Lieutenant Burlton, in command of the Seikhs, and Captain Davee Dass Opadeeah, in command of the Goorkhas, my best thanks are due, as well as to all the officers and men of the force.

I have, &c.
G. H. MACGREGOR,
Brigadier-General and Military
Commissioner.

No. 24.

Colonel H. Rowcroft, Commanding Sarun Field Force, to Brigadier-General MacGregor, C.B., Military Commissioner and Agent to Governor-General with Maharajah Jung Bahadoor.

Camp, Phoolpore, right bank of the Gogra, February 23, 1858.

SIR, No. 171.

I HAVE the honor to transmit to you the accompanying letter, No, 28, Phoolpore, 22nd instant, from Captain Sotheby, R.N., of Her Majesty's steam frigate Pearl, reporting a very gallant and successful affair on the 17th instant in taking the fort of Chundeepore, on the right bank of the river Gogra, by a detachment of the Sarun Field Force under his command while giving escort to a fleet of boats and the Jumna steamer proceeding up the river, to be made available for crossing into Oude the Nepalese Army under the command of his Highness Maharajah Jung Bahadoor.

2. I shall esteem it a favor your bringing the same to the favorable notice of the Right Honorable the Governor-General and his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief

3. I beg to express my great regret at losing the useful and active services of Captain Weston, 36th Regiment Native Infantry, severely wounded.

4. I beg to annex a list of casualties and of the ordnance and stores captured on the 17th instant.

I have, &c.
H. ROWCROFT, Colonel,
Commanding Sarun Field Force.

No. 25.

Captain E. Sotheby, R.N., commanding Naval Brigade, to Colonel Rowcroft commanding Field Force, Phoolpore.

No. 28.

Camp, Phoolpore,
Feb. 22, 1858.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to acquaint you, whilst escorting the fleet of 150 boats up the Gogra I received information that the village and fort of Chandeepore, on the right bank, were strongly held by the enemy, who intended to resist the progress of the boats. I therefore landed on the 17th instant, at 10 A.M., two miles below, with the force named in the margin,* to attack the fort and clear away all obstruction. Line being formed by the seamen, with a mountain howitzer in the centre under Lieutenant Turnour, preceded by a strong body of marines and seamen as skirmishers, with supports of Seikhs and other seamen. under Captain Weston, 36th Regiment Native Infantry, and a reserve of Goorkhas, I quickly advanced through the thick cover and high growing crops, passing through the village, found it deserted, but on emerging from it, the skirmishers were received by a heavy fire of musketry and guns from men concealed in rifle pits, in the thick prickly jungle of bambo, which surrounded the fort. Captain Weston gallantly dashed forward, and whilst trying to force in the wicker gate, was badly wounded in the shoulder by a villain, who had just implored mercy, and was carried to the rear. Mr. Ingles, mate, then took charge of the skirmishers, and a good fire was kept up on both sides, our men getting shelter in the village. The gun was quickly pushed up within 100 yards of the entrance, and plied the jungle

* 130 of the Naval Brigade, 35 Seikhs, 60 Goorkhas.

well with grape; at the same time I ordered Mr. Fowler, in the Jumna steamer, to advance and enfilade the fort with grape, which made it too hot, and the Goorkhas threatening the right flank, the rebels being afraid of their retreat being cut off, fled through the jungle in the rear as we entered in the front, leaving behind them 2 guns, with spare waggon, ammunition, &c., and a quantity of silk dresses, silver-mounted swords, ornaments, money, &c., which evidently belonged to some influential men. The action commenced at 11, and firing ceased at 12.15.

The enemy is supposed to have been about 300, but, probably not many killed, as they were perfectly concealed; our casualties were, 4 wounded, 2 severely. I did not attempt to pursue them from the smallness of my force, and the object being perfectly accomplished. Having passed up the fleet, I burnt the fort and adjacent buildings, withdrew the pickets, re-embarked on the steamer, and proceeded up the river, but it being dark without a pilot, we shortly grounded, and remained exposed to the shore till the next morning.

I have now much pleasure in bringing to your notice the cheerful manner of all under my command, and especially I beg to recommend to the consideration of the Commander-in-Chief the gallant conduct of that fine soldier, Captain Weston, whose temporary loss, from his severe wound, every one in the camp most deeply deplores. Lieutenant Burlton, 40th Native Infantry, with his Sikhs, were as usual well forward, and the Goorkhas, under Captain Daveedass Opadeeah, rendered good service. I am also much indebted to Captain Reid, 37th Native Infantry, for his valuable service, who landed as a volunteer from his charge of the boats. Doctors Shore, R.N., and Wilson, Honourable East India Company's service, were in close attendance with the wounded.

It is nearly impossible to describe the strength of the fort, peculiar to Oude. Surrounded by a thick jungle of prickly bamboo, nearly impassable, with high banks; inside was a line of rifle pits and loop-hole breastworks, with a zig-zag path with gates leading to a second set, and in front of the fort were bastions with a sort of parapet, all loop-hooled, as were all the other buildings in the place, all round which was thick cover.

The following officers were also present :—Lord Charles Scott, Mr. Foot, Mr. Stephenson, and Mr. Cooley, Boatswain; and the Jumna steamer, Captain Williamson, was well handled.

I have, &c.
E. SOTHEBY, Captain, R.N.
Commanding Naval Brigade.

No. 26.

Return of Casualties incurred in the attack on the Fort at Chandeepoor on February 17, 1858.

Royal Naval Brigade.

John Whelan, Private, Royal Marines, severe gunshot wound of thigh.

Alfred Land, Private, Royal Marines, slight gunshot wound of leg.

E. SOTHEBY, Captain,
Commanding Naval Brigade.

WM. JAS. SHORE,
Assistant-Surgeon, R.N.,
in Medical Charge Naval Brigade.

No. 27.

List of Ordnance Stores taken at Chandeepoor, February 17, 1858.

1 6-pounder gun.

1 4-pounder gun, with limbers and spare waggon with ammunition.

E. SOTHEBY, Captain R.N.
Commanding Naval Brigade.

H. ROWCROFT, Colonel,
Commanding Field Force.

No. 28.

Memorandum of Casualties which occurred at the capture of the Fort of Chandeepoor on February 17, 1858.

Ramdul Regiment, Goorkhas.

Chas. S. Weston, Captain, 36th Native Infantry, severely, gun-shot wound of left shoulder.

Bengal Police Battalion, Sikhs.

Golab Sing, sipahi, 2nd Company, slightly, contusion of left thigh.

Abstract.

Wounded, severely, 1 ; slightly, 1 ;—Total, 2.

A. H. WILSON, M.D.,
Assistant-Surgeon in Medical Charge Ramdul Regiment Goorkhas.

R. SOTHEBY, Captain Commanding

No. 29.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

No. 256.

Allahabad, March 9, 1858.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General has the gratification of publishing the following report of an action fought on the banks of the Gogra, near the village of Phoolpore, in which

the Sarun Field Force, under Colonel Rowcroft, reinforced by the 2nd Brigade, 1st Division of the Nepalese troops, under the command of Maharajah Jung Bahadoor, overthrew and dispersed a rebel force under the guidance of Gholam Hossein, capturing their guns, camp equipage, &c., and securing the passage of the river. In this engagement his Excellency the Maharajah Jung Bahadoor himself laying a gun from one of his own batteries, blew up one of the enemy's tumbrils.

To Colonel Rowcroft, commanding the Sarun Field Force, to Brigadier Junga Doje, commanding the Goorkha Brigade, and to all the officers and men under them, the Right Honorable the Governor-General offers his cordial acknowledgments of their gallant exertions on this occasion.

G. F. EDMONSTONE,
Secretary to the Government of India
with the Governor-General.

No. 30.

Brigadier-General G. H. MacGregor, C.B., to the Secretary to Government with the Governor-General.

Camp, Moharuckpore, February 25, 1858.

SIR, (No. 178.)

I HAVE the honor to enclose, for the information of the Right Honorable the Governor-General in Council, the report of an action fought about two miles in front of the village of Phoolpore, between the Saran Field Force, under Colonel Rowcroft, reinforced by the 2nd Brigade of the 1st Division of the Nepalese Army, and the enemy, under command of Gholam Hossein, son of Mahomed Hossein.

2. The enemy, about 2,000 strong, with some cavalry and 5 guns, occupied a position on the right bank of the river, with their left resting on it. Colonel Rowcroft marched to attack them,

and after an action of an hour, the details of which are given in his own despatch, the enemy was completely defeated and driven from the field, with the loss of three of his five guns, camp equipage, &e.

3. Colonel Rowcroft's attack was materially aided by the fire of a battery which was disposed on the left bank of the river by his Excellency Maharajah Jung Bahadoor in person, who rode down to the bank on hearing the firing, and observing that the position of the battery enfiladed the left of the enemy's position, he immediately ordered it to open fire. The fire was most effective. It silenced the enemy in that part of the line before the action ceased on the right, and a shot from a gun laid by his Excellency himself, blew up one of the rebel's tumbrils.

4. In conclusion, it is my pleasing duty to bring to the notice of his Lordship in Council, the names of the officers who distinguished themselves in this gallant. and, as affecting the crossing the river, very important action.

5. Brigadier Junga Doje, commanding the 2nd Goorkha Brigade, Colonel Turke Khau, commanding Sereenath Regiment, Colonel Shreekissna Sohaee, commanding Lungenath Regiment, Major-Captain Sreebukbt Kunka, commanding Ramdul Regiment, zealously exerted themselves in the field and did good service. Colouel Lall Sing, commanding the battery on the left bank of the river, Major-Captain Soojin Sing, commandiug Ghoorkha Artillery, with the 2nd Brigade, and Lieutenant Tuckman Jassee, in charge of a half battery, all distinguished themselves by their zeal and precision of fire. To all these officers and the whole Goorkha troops engaged, my best acknowledgements are due.

6. I beg to bring prominently to the notice of his Lordship in Council, the services of Colonel Rowcroft, commanding the Sarun Field Force. The

skilful dispositions which he made, and the admirable manner in which he carried them out, left nothing to be desired. His complete success secured the passage of the river.

7. To Captain Sotheby and Lieutenant Turnour, R.N., the Hon. V. A. Montague, Acting Aide-de-Camp to Colonel Rowcroft, Lieutenant Pyne, commanding Royal Marines, and all the officers and men of the Naval Brigade, my best thanks are due for their zeal and bravery.

8. Captain Morgan, Field Force Staff, is most honorably mentioned by Colonel Rowcroft and Lieutenant Burlton, commanding detachment of Sikhs ; to both these officers my acknowledgments are due.

9. Captain Brooks, attached to the Ramdull Regiment greatly distinguished himself. This officer's leading of the attack on the left attracted the particular notice of his Excellency the Maharajah, who personally mentioned it to me.

10. Lieutenant Sankey, Engineers, was on the field, and made himself useful, carrying orders for Colonel Rowcroft.

11. The officers attached to Brigadier Doje's Brigade, Captain Montgomery and Lieutenants Francis and Gibb, are also honorably mentioned.

I have, &c., G. H. MACGREGOR,
Brigadier-General and Military Commissioner.

No. 31.

Colonel Rowcroft, to Brigadier-General MacGregor, C.B., Military Commissioner with Maharajah Jung Bahadoor.

Camp, near Phoolpore, right bank of the Gogra, February 22, 1858.

SIR, (No. 172.)

I HAVE the honor to report to you, for the

information of the Right Honorable the Governor-General and his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, the following movements and operations of the Field force under my command.

2. Late on the evening of the 18th instant, it was decided not to give up the preparations for crossing the River Gogra at Chupra Ghat, with the whole Field force then under my orders, my force having been reinforced by the 2nd Brigade of three regiments and six guns, of the 1st Division of Nepalese troops, as likely to cause much delay in the upward progress of the fleet of boats. The necessary orders were issued for the fleet of boats, under charge of Captain Reed, with escort, as formerly, of a detachment of the Naval Brigade and Sikhs Detachment, with the addition of two companies of the Ramdull Goorkha Regiment, and two 12-pounder howitzers, under the command of Captain Sotheby, R.A., of Her Majesty's steam frigate Pearl, to continue progress next morning. I ordered two companies and three guns of the 2nd Brigade to march early the next morning up the bank of the river about three miles, to cover and protect the fleet of boats and steamer Jumna while passing the fort of Chihora, on the right bank of the river, reported to be occupied by the enemy. I marched the next morning at 9 o'clock with the remainder of the Naval Brigade, and four Goorkha Regiments with Artillery for the village and fort of Nourainee, to cover and protect the fleet of boats and steamer at that point. After a nine hours' march of 20 miles, arrived on the left bank of the river opposite Nourainee at $5\frac{1}{4}$ P.M., the latter part of the march being through very heavy deep sand, at the same time with the leading boats. I wrote to Captain Sotheby on the steamer, then a little lower down the river, to move up and prepare for disembarking the detachment of Naval Brigade, to cross the river

that night at 10 o'clock, the Naval Brigade and 2 12-pound howitzers, under the command of Captain Sotheby, R.N. Five companies of Ramdull Goorkha Regiments and detachments of Sikhs embarked in boats, and we crossed the river to right bank, the Naval Brigade men having to pull the guns through a long deep sand assisted by some Goorkhas of the Ramdull Regiment, and about 12 o'clock we had seized and occupied the village and fort of Nourainee, finding it evacuated by the enemy. We remained close to the village and fort in bivouac till morning. Captain Reid and Lieutenant Sankey accompanied the troops.

3. That same day, the 20th instant, prepared to move to attack the enemy reported to be encamped near Phoolpore, about six miles distant, on right bank. Every exertion was made by Captain Sotheby, officers, and men of the Naval Brigade to ferry over spare ammunition, &c. Captain Montgomery, in military charge of 2nd Brigade, under command of Brigadier Junga Doje, and with the Goorhka officers, exerted themselves to cross their men and guns, not having arrived the night before. About 10 o'clock P.M., 20th instant, I marched with the force as per margin,* after a march of some six miles through fields and heavy cultivation and woods, found the enemy in position in a wood on the banks of the river, beyond Phoolpore. Gholam Hossein, son of the Nazim Mahomet Hossein, being the chief officer present, with Ali Hyder, in immediate command, were in position near and in a wood, with some broken ground in their front, and their left on the river. The enemy then kept up a sharp cannonade for nearly an hour, which was briskly replied to by the Naval

* Royal Marines, 30; Naval Column, 140; 12-pounder howitzers, 4; Surunath Regiment, 450; Junganauth Regiment, 450; Ramdull Regiment. 450; guns, 6; Detachment of Seikhs, 44.

Brigade Artillery, under charge of Lieutenant Turnour, R.N., a most zealous, active officer, and most actively and zealously superintended by Captain Sotheby, commanding the Naval Brigade, of the Pearl, whose fire was most effective. Lieutenant Pym, R.N., in charge of the Royal Marines of Her Majesty's steam frigate Pearl, skirmished to the front, doing excellent service with their rifles, pressing forward most gallantly, capturing one gun, turning it on the enemy and firing nine rounds of grape, also capturing a second gun, aided by a few Seikhs and Goorkhas, a third gun being captured by the Goorkhas. The Goorkha skirmishers I had ordered out early on the right flank having pressed on rapidly into action. Lieutenant Pym, R.N , brings to notice the gallant bearing of Acting Sergeant Francis Butler, of the Woolwich Division, during the action, who rendered him great assistance ; also the admirable conduct of all the Marines. The Goorkha Artillery in the centre. and on the right flank, by a flank movement I made to the left were somewhat thrown to the right rear, but rapidly pushed into action through a village and heavy cultivation, opening their guns with effect upon the enemy. In about an hour the enemy gave way, and were speedily in full retreat, defeated and routed with the loss of three of their five guns and a portion of their camp equipage. The enemy were reported to be 2000 strong, including 200 sepoys, a few hundred cavalry, and five guns in the field ; some having gone off earlier in the day with their heavy baggage. Being nearly dark when the action ceased, and the cultivation very heavy, it was impossible to ascertain the number of the enemy killed, but many were found afterwards in the different fields; and the enemy are reported to have carried away a number of their wounded,—their commandant, Ali Hyder, being severely wounded in the thigh.

Our casualty list, I am happy to say, is very light. The action ceased a little earlier on the right by the river; the Naval Column and guns and part of Ramdull Regiment pursued the enemy till nearly dark. We then moved to our right rear, to rejoin the other portion of the force; one hour more of daylight would have given us greater success.

4. Captain Brooks, in military charge of the Ramdull Regiment, zealously exerted himself during the action; Captain Montgomery, in military charge of 2nd brigade of Goorkhas, and Lieutenant Francis, attached to the Junganath Regiment, greatly exerted themselves. Captain Morgan, my field force staff, was most zealous in giving his services wherever required. Lieutenant Burlton, in charge of the detachment of Seikhs, was most useful and active, and skirmishing to the front with his active, ready men. The Honourable P. A. Montague, R.N., my Acting Aide-de-Camp, was active and zealous, carrying orders; and Lieutenant Sankey, of Engineers, afforded me every assistance, and in passing orders in the field.

5. Brigadier Junga Doje, commanding 2nd Goorkha Brigade, Colonel Turke Khan, commanding Junganath Regiment, Major Captain Suree Vakht Kanka, commanding Ramdull Regiment, zealously exerted themselves in the field. First Lieutenant Gibb, Bengal Artillery, attached to the Goorkha Artillery, was very active and zealous in affording every assistance to bring the guns rapidly into action, and he reports Major Captain Loogin Singh, commanding Goorkha Artillery, and Lieutenant Iuckman Jaisee, in charge of a half battery, evinced much zeal during the action, the latter forcing his guns through a village and difficult to bring them into action.

6. A battery of six guns, placed on the left bank of the river by his Highness Jung Bahadoor, did ex-

cellent service under the orders of his Excellency, playing on the left flank of the enemy, and one shot breaking up one of their tumbrils.

7. Drs. Stone and Dickinson, Naval Brigade, Drs. Morton and Playfair, attached to the 2nd Brigade of Goorkhas, and Dr. Wilson, attached to the Ramdull Regiment, were present and active in the field and ready for any emergency. The Naval Chaplain the Rev. Mr. Williams, was present in the field.

8. I shall esteem it a favour if you will bring to the favourable notice of the Right Honorable the Governor-General and his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief the officers and troops mentioned, and engaged in the action and operations reported in the despatch, attended with such complete results and the attainment of the urgent object you had in view, the safe and easy construction of a bridge of boats over the Gogra at Phoolpore, for the passage of the troops under the command of his Highness Maharajah Jung Bahadoor, into Oude.

9. I beg to annex a casualty list, and a list of guns and ordnance stores captured.

I have, &c.

H. ROWCROFT, Colonel, commanding Sarun Field Force.

No. 32.

Return of Ordnance, &c., captured at Phoolpore on the 20th of February, 1858.

1 iron gun, 7-pounder, marked "Clyde, 1795."
2 long iron guns, 2-pounders.
2 limbers, native.
1 hackery load of fixed ammunition, grape.

H. ROWCROFT, Colonel,
Commanding Sarun Field Force.

Camp Phoolpore, February 22, 1858.

No. 33.

Return of Killed and Wounded in the Action at Phoolpore on the 20th of February, 1858.

Killed.

Ramdull Regiment Goorkhas Sarun Field Force, 1 private; 2nd Brigade, 1st Division, Nepalese Army, 1 ditto.—Total killed, 2 privates.

Wounded.

Naval Brigade, Sarun Field Force—2 privates, namely, Hugh O'Donnel, Royal Marines, slightly; John Brown, A.B., slightly.

2nd Brigade, 1st Division, Nepalese Army—1 havildar, slightly, viz., Mainh Doge Bhumaree and 2 Golundazes, severely, and 1 Clashee.

Total wounded—2 European privates, 1 havildar, 2 Golundazes, and 1 Clashy.

Total killed 2
Total wounded 6

H. ROWCROFT, Colonel,
Commanding Sarun Field Force.

Camp Phoolpore, February 22, 1858.

Foreign-Office, April 20, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Don Antonio Mathé as Consul at Belize for the Republic of Salvador.

Foreign-Office, April 21, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Nathaniel Solomon as Consul at St. Helena for His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Mecklenburgh Schwerin.

St. James's Palace, April 22, 1858.

Her Majesty has been pleased, on the nomination of Earl Talbot, to appoint Arthur Palliser, Esquire, to be one of the Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, vice Captain Thomas Robert McCoy, resigned.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, April 22, 1858.

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul-General at Tripoli, stating that the restrictions upon the exportation of corn from all parts of that Regency have been removed.

War-Office, Pall-Mall, 23rd April, 1858.

4*th Regiment of Light Dragoons*, Troop Sergeant-Major Robert Davies from the 11th Light Dragoons, to be Cornet, without purchase. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

10*th Light Dragoons*, Lieutenant Arthur Herbert Cass to be Captain, without purchase, vice J. W. Thompson, whose Brevet Rank has been converted into Substantive Rank under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

18*th Light Dragoons*. The second Christian name of Cornet Liebert, appointed on the 13th April, 1858, is *Bernhard*.

Military Train, Lieutenant C. W. McNiell to be Captain, by purchase, vice McCourt, promoted. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Ensign G. J. C. Whittington to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice McNiell. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Frank F. Perceval, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Whittington. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Grenadier Guards, Lieutenant and Captain and Brevet-Major Sir Charles Russell, Bart., to be Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel, by purchase, vice Brevet-Colonel, R. C. S. Clifford, who retires. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Ensign and Lieutenant Alfred Walter Thynne to be Lieutenant and Captain, by purchase, vice Sir C. Russell, Bart. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

The Honourable Frederick Arthur Stanley to be Ensign and Lieutenant by purchase, vice Thynne. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

1*st Regiment of Foot*, Lieutenant Edward Andrew Stuart to be Captain, without purchase, vice Brevet-Major Whitmore, whose Brevet Rank has been converted into Substantive Rank under the Royal Warrant of the 6th October, 1854. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

3*rd Foot*, Horace William Scriven, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice G. E. Martin, whose appointment on 26th March, 1858, has been cancelled. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

5*th Foot*, Ensign William Enderby, from 17th Foot, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Barker, promoted. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Herbert Silverthorne Williams, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Charles Williams, appointed to 2nd Dragoons. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

In lieu of the promotion of the following Officers,

as stated in the Gazette of the 15th January, read :

To be Lieutenants, without purchase.

Ensign E. S. Lewis, vice Haig, killed in action. Dated 24th September, 1857.

Ensign J. B. Barker, vice Adair, promoted. Dated 29th September, 1857.

Ensign E. J. Oldfield, vice Leach, promoted. Dated 6th October, 1857.

Ensign E. M. Mason, vice Carter, died of his wounds. Dated 19th October, 1857.

Ensign G. A. Shegog to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Simmons, promoted in succession to Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Kirkland, promoted. Dated 26th December, 1857.

Ensign H. Bathe to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Shegog, whose promotion on the 3rd January, 1858, vice Brown, deceased, has been cancelled. Dated 3rd January, 1858.

6*th Foot*, Lieutenant William Henry Hamilton, from half-pay 14th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Goodison, promoted in 24th Foot. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Ensign P. B. Simpson to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Hamilton, who retires. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

James FitzGerald, Gent., vice Allfrey, promoted. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Gustavus Wheatley Berry Collis, Gent., vice Nugent, promoted. Dated 24th April, 1858.

Charles Henry Marchant, Gent., vice Mac Carthy, whose appointment on 30th December, 1857, has been cancelled. Dated 25th April, 1858.

10*th Foot*, George Henry Wynn Tremenheere,

Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

11*th Foot*, George Augustus Eliot, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

12*th Foot*, Ensign David Seymour, from 17th Foot, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Miller, promoted. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

13*th Foot*.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Arthur Brooks, Gent. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Henry King Fenwick, Gent. Dated 24th April, 1858.

14*th Foot*, William Jarvis Willis, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Lieutenant John Glancy, to be Adjutant. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

15*th Foot*, Ensign M. J. C. Browne to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

George Onslow Churchill, Gent., vice Browne. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Francis Henry Garnett, Gent. Dated 24th April, 1858.

John Joseph Forsyth Grant, Gent. Dated 25th April, 1858.

16*th Foot*, Ensign Albert Neame to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Rendall, promoted. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

William Ford Longbourne, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Neame. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Currer Fothergill Busfield, Gent. Dated 24th April, 1858.

Charles Henry Woodmass, Gent. Dated 25th April, 1858.

Clifton de Neufville Orr Stockwell, Gent. Dated 26th April, 1858.

To be Paymaster.

Mark Teversham, Esq. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

17*th Foot.*

To be Ensigns, by purchase.

Richard Follett Bros, Gent., vice George Thompson, whose appointment, as stated in the Gazette of 26th March, 1858, has been cancelled. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

George Wildman Yates FitzGerald, Gent., vice Seymour, promoted in 12th Foot. Dated 24th April, 1858.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Alexander McNeil Caird, Gent. Dated 25th April, 1858.

Owen Clark Weir, Gent. Dated 26th April, 1858.

Henry Charles Deane, Gent. Dated 27th April, 1858.

Edward Arthur Elgin, Gent. Dated 28th April, 1858.

18*th Foot.*

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

John Francis O'Reilly, Gent. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Edward Ashurst Marsland, Gent. Dated 24th April, 1858.

George Augustus Nicolls, Gent. Dated 25th April, 1858.

The surname of Captain John *Swinburn* is spelt *Swinburne*.

19*th Foot.*

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Henry Walter Hope, Gent. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Horace Arthur Wells, Gent. Dated 24th April, 1858.

Marcus William O'Rorke, Gent. Dated 25th April, 1858.

Philip Downes Williams, Gent. Dated 26th April, 1858.

20*th Foot*, Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Archibald Campbell, from 30th Foot, to be Major, without purchase. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Harry Russell Bowlby, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

21*st Foot*, Edward Frederick Pole, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

22*nd Foot.*

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Richard Nathaniel Cartwright Foll, Gent. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

William Cunliffe Powys, Gent. Dated 24th April, 1858.

Octavius Brown, Gent. Dated 25th April, 1858.

23*rd Foot.*

To be Lieutenants, without purchase.

Ensign W. J. Twyford. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Ensign H. J. Richards. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

To be Ensigns, by purchase.

Henry Edmund Stanley, Gent. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

George William Lewis, Gent. Dated 24th April, 1858.

24*th Foot*, Thomas Pierce Butler, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Richard Archibald Farquharson, Gent. Dated 24th April, 1858.

Francis Massey Pearson, Gent. Dated 25th April, 1858.

Charles Henry Fellowes, Gent., vice Tongue, promoted. Dated 26th April, 1858.

William Bannatyne, Gent., vice Thomas, promoted. Dated 27th April, 1858.

26*th Foot*, Ensign William Henry Salwey to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Givins, who retires. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Oswald Cresswell, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Salwey. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

28*th Foot*, Ellis Houlton Ward, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Crawhall, promoted in the 12th Foot. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

31*st Foot*, Captain Colin Campbell, from half-pay Unattached, to be Captain, vice Greenwood, who exchanges. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Lieutenant Richard Weld Litton to be Captain, by purchase, vice Campbell, who retires. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

39*th Foot.* The first Christian name of Ensign Taylor, appointed without purchase, on 13th

April, 1858, is spelt *Chauncy* not *Chauncey* as previously stated.

41*st Foot*, Edward Francis Brown Brooke, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Waring, promoted in the 24th Foot. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

47*th Foot*, Ensign George Henry Powell, from 90th Foot, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice De Lancey, promoted, by purchase, to an Unattached Company. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

60*th Foot*, Lieutenant Henry Pardoe Eaton to be Captain, without purchase, vice Paterson, appointed Captain of Companies of Gentlemen Cadets at the Royal Military College. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Ensign C. H. Borrer to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Eaton. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

John Gustavus Crosbie, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Borrer. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

84*th Foot*, Assistant-Surgeon William Henry Jenkins, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Cruice, deceased. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

91*st Foot*, George Francis Robertson, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice D'Eye, whose appointment has been cancelled. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

98*th Foot*, Ensign G. W. Smith to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Browne, promoted in 24th Foot. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Ceylon Rifle Regiment, Lieutenant G. A. Tranchell to be Captain, without purchase, vice Clarke, appointed to the 24th Foot. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Ensign B. S. Du Jardin to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Tranchell. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Henry Dickson Denman, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Du Jardin. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

UNATTACHED.

Brevet-Major John Wyclyffe Thompson, 10th Light Dragoons, to have his Brevet Rank converted into Substantive Rank, under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

HOSPITAL STAFF.

Staff-Surgeon of the First Class William Leslie Langley, M.D., from half-pay, to be Staff-Surgeon of the First Class upon full-pay, and attached to the 17th Foot. Dated 14th April, 1858.

Staff-Surgeon of the First Class Frederic Foaker, from half-pay, to be Staff-Surgeon of the First Class upon full-pay, and attached to the 15th Foot. Dated 12th April, 1858.

Staff-Surgeon of the First Class Joshua Paynter, from half-pay, to be Staff-Surgeon of the First Class upon full-pay, and attached to the 19th Foot. Dated 9th April, 1858.

Staff-Surgeon of the First Class John Davies, from half-pay, to be Staff-Surgeon of the First Class upon full-pay, and attached to the 23rd Foot. Dated 12th April, 1858.

Acting-Assistant-Surgeon Charles O'Callaghan to be Assistant-Surgeon to the Forces, vice Davys, promoted. Dated 6th November, 1857.

To be Acting Assistant-Surgeons.

Thomas Wilson Caird, Gent. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Joseph Henry Jeans, Gent. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Martin Fauchie, Gent. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Francis Levison Gower Gunn, Gent. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

BREVET.

Lieutenant-Colonel James Pattoun Sparks, 38th Foot, having completed three years' actual service, on 9th March, 1858, in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, to be Colonel in the Army, under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854. Dated 9th March, 1858.

Captain Colin Campbell, 31st Foot, to be Major in the Army. Dated 20th June, 1854.

The Brevet Rank of Major of the following Officers, to be antedated to 19th January, 1858 :—

Captain and Brevet-Major Alexander Cunningham Robertson, 8th Foot.

Captain and Brevet-Major Edwin G. Daniell, 8th Foot.

Captain and Brevet-Major John Robert Wilton, 60th Foot.

Captain and Brevet-Major R. H. C. D. Lowe, 74th Foot.

Captain and Brevet-Major J. R. Turnbull, 13th Foot.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

5th or Royal Elthorne Light Infantry Regiment of Middlesex Militia.

Charles Harris, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Lloyd, promoted. Dated 14th April, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Dorset.

Queen's Own Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry.

Lieutenant Marwood Shuttleworth Yeatman to be Captain, vice Hussey, resigned. Dated 20th April, 1858.

Lord Richard de Aquila Grosvenor to be Lieutenant, vice Yeatman, promoted. Dated 20th April, 1858.

Cornet Lionel Seymour William Dawson Damer to be Lieutenant, vice St. Lo, resigned. Dated 20th April, 1858.

Sir Ivor Bertie Guest, Bart., to be Cornet, vice Damer, promoted. Dated 20th April, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the Tower Hamlets.

King's Own Light Infantry Regiment of Militia.

Edward Vernon, late a Lieutenant in the County Dublin Militia, to be Lieutenant, vice Howes, who retires. Dated 17th April, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Warwick.

Warwickshire Militia.

2nd Regiment.

George Goodwin Norris, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Harcourt James Lees, resigned. Dated 15th April, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lancaster.

2nd Regiment of the Duke of Lancaster's Own Royal Lancashire Militia.

Le Gendre Starkie, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 17th April, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant and High Steward of the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

Galloway Rifles Militia.

Thomas Henry Pearse Kennan, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Parrott, resigned. Dated 17th April, 1858.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 27, 1858.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, April 24, 1858.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty will hold Drawing-Rooms at St. James's Palace, on the following days, at two o'clock:

Wednesday, 5th May next.

Saturday, 15th May next, to celebrate Her Majesty's Birth-day.

N.B. The Knights of the several Orders are to appear in their Collars at the Drawing-Room on the 15th of May next.

War-Office, 24th April, 1858.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to signify Her intention to confer the Decoration of the Victoria Cross on the under-mentioned Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Men of Her Majesty's and of the East India Company's Armies, who have been recommended to Her Majesty for that Decoration, in accordance with the rules laid down in Her Majesty's Warrant

instituting the same, on account of Acts of Bravery performed by them in India, as recorded against their several names ; viz. :

Bengal Artillery.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Tombs, C.B., and Lieutenant James Hills.—For very gallant conduct on the part of Lieutenant Hills before Delhi, in defending the position assigned to him in case of alarm, and for noble behaviour on the part of Lieutenant-Colonel Tombs in twice coming to his subaltern's rescue, and on each occasion killing his man.—Date of Act of Bravery, 9th July, 1857.

(See despatch of Lieutenant-Colonel Mackenzie, Commanding 1st Brigade Horse Artillery, dated Camp, near Delhi, 10th July, 1857, published in the Supplement to the London Gazette of the 16th January, 1858.)

24th Bombay Native Infantry.

Lieutenant William Alexander Kerr.—On the breaking out of a mutiny in the 27th Bombay Native Infantry in July, 1857, a party of the mutineers took up a position in the stronghold, or paga, near the town of Kolapore, and defended themselves to extremity. "Lieutenant Kerr, of the Southern Mahratta Irregular Horse, took a "prominent share of the attack on the position, "and at the moment when its capture was of "great public importance, he made a dash at one "of the gateways, with some dismounted horse-"men, and forced an entrance by breaking down "the gate. The attack was completely successful, "and the defenders were either killed, wounded, "or captured, a result that may with perfect "justice be attributed to Lieutenant Kerr's dash-"ing and devoted bravery." (Letter from the

Political Superintendent at Kolapore, to the Adjutant-General of the Army, dated 10th September, 1857.)—Date of Act of Bravery, 10th July, 1857.

Bengal Sappers and Miners.

Serjeant John Smith.—"For conspicuous gallantry, in conjunction with Lieutenants Home and Salkeld, in the performance of the desperate duty of blowing in the Cashmere Gate of the fortress of Delhi in broad daylight, under a heavy and destructive fire of musketry, on the morning of the 14th September, 1857, preparatory to the assault."—Date of Act of Bravery, 14th September, 1857.

(General Order of Major-General Sir Archdale Wilson, Bart., K.C.B., dated Head Quarters, Delhi City, September 21, 1857.)

52nd Regiment.

Bugler Robert Hawthorne.—"Bugler Hawthorne, who accompanied the explosion party not only performed the dangerous duty on which he was employed, but previously attached himself to Lieutenant Salkeld, of the Engineers, when dangerously wounded, bound up his wounds under a heavy musketry fire, and had him removed without further injury."—Date of Act of Bravery, 14th September, 1857.

(General Order of Major-General Sir Archdale Wilson, Bart., K.C.B., dated Head Quarters, Delhi City, September 21, 1857.)

Lance-Corporal Henry Smith.—"Lance-Corporal Smith most gallantly carried away a wounded comrade under a heavy fire of grape and musketry on the Chaundee Chouck, in the city of Delhi, on the morning of the assault on

"the 14th September, 1857."—Date of Act of Bravery, 14th September, 1857.

(General Order of Major-General Sir Archdale Wilson, Bart., K.C.B., dated Head Quarters, Delhi City, September 21, 1857.)

Bengal Horse Artillery.

Serjeant Bernard Diamond, and Gunner Richard FitzGerald.—"For an act of valour performed "in action against the rebels and mutineers at "Boolundshur, on the 28th September, 1857, "when these two soldiers evinced the most deter-"mined bravery in working their gun under a "very heavy fire of musketry, whereby they "cleared the road of the enemy, after every "other man belonging to it had been either "killed or disabled by wounds."—Date of Act of Bravery, 28th September, 1857.

(Despatch of Major Turner, Bengal Horse Artillery, dated Boolundshur, 2nd October, 1857.)

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 6th day of *April*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to approve the representations of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England (as set forth in this Gazette.)—

As to the assignment of a consolidated chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint John the Baptist, situate at Tidebrook, in the parish of Wadhurst, in the county of Sussex, and diocese of Chichester, to be named "The Consolidated Chapelry of Tidebrook."

As to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Paul, situate in the township and chapelry district of Tranmere, in the parish of Bebington, in the county of Ches-

ter, and in the diocese of Chester, to be named "The District Chapelry of Saint Paul, Tranmere."

And as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Paul, situate in the Westminster Road, in the parish of Saint George the Martyr, Southwark, in the county of Surrey, and in the diocese of Winchester, to be named "The district Chapelry of Saint Paul, Southwark."

St. James's Palace, April 27, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Reverend Edward Meyrick Goulburn, D.D., to be one of the Chaplains in Ordinary to Her Majesty.

St. James's Palace, April 27, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Reverend Foster Barham Zincke, Vicar of Wherstead, in the county of Suffolk, to be one of the Chaplains in Ordinary to Her Majesty.

St. James's Palace, April 27, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Reverend Charles Féval Tarver, Rector of Ilketshall St. John's, near Bungay, Suffolk, to be one of the Chaplains in Ordinary to Her Majesty.

Downing Street, April 27, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Robert

Aitken, John Audain, and Robert Chapman, Esqrs., to be Members of the (Legislative) Council of St. Vincent, and William McKenzie and John Audain, Esqrs., to be Members of the Executive Council of that Island.

NOTICE.

Foreign Office, April 21, 1858.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in order to facilitate still further the obtaining of passports by British subjects desiring to proceed to the Continent, passports will henceforth be issued to any British subject who shall produce or send to the Passport Department of the Foreign Office, or to any one of the undermentioned agents at the outports, a certificate of his identity, signed by any mayor, magistrate, justice of the peace, minister of religion, physician, surgeon, solicitor, or notary, resident in the United Kingdom. Every such certificate must bear the signature of the person in whose behalf it is granted ; and when it is forwarded to the Foreign Office by post, it must, if it be required that the passport should be sent by return of post to the person who granted the certificate, in order that he may deliver it to the applicant for the passport, be accompanied by a Post Office order for the amount of the fee ; or if forwarded by post to an agent at an outport, the postage must be prepaid. But an agent at an outport will only deliver passports to persons applying for them there in pursuance of such certificate, and will not send them by post to any persons whatever. The application for the passport if addressed to "Her Majesty's Secretary of State, Foreign Office, London," should have the word "PASSPORT" conspicuously written upon the cover. The names of the agents who have been

appointed to issue Foreign Office passports at the under-mentioned ports, are :—

At Dover .....Samuel Metcalfe Latham, Esq.
At Folkestone.....Francis M. Faulkner, Esq.
At Southampton...W. J. Le Feuvre, Esq.
At Liverpool .....Nathan Litherland, Esq.

The certificate of identity should be worded in the following form, and must be signed and sealed by the person giving it :—

(Date of place and day of the month.)

The Undersigned,

Mayor of _____

Magistrate for _____

Justice of the Peace for _____

Minister _____

Physician _____

Surgeon _____

Solicitor _____

Notary _____

Residing at _____

hereby certifies that *A. B.*, (*Christian and surname to be written at length*) whose signature is written at foot, is a British subject / a naturalized British subject and requires a Passport, to enable him to proceed to _____ to travel on the Continent (*accompanied, as the case may be, by his wife and children, with their tutor, named C. D.*, (*Christian and surname to be written at length*) *a British subject / a naturalized British subject,*

and governess, and maid servant [or servants], and man servant [or servants], named E. F., a British subject [or subjects], and a courier, named G. H., a naturalized British subject.

Signed _____

(with the usual signature.)

(Seal.)

Signature of the above-named _____

If the applicant for a passport be a naturalized British subject, his certificate of naturalization, with his signature subscribed to the oath printed on the third page of it, must be forwarded to the Foreign Office with the certificate of identity granted on his behalf; and his certificate of naturalization will be returned with the passport, to the person who may have granted the certificate of identity, in order that he may cause such naturalized British subject, not being a servant included in his employer's passport, to sign the passport in his presence. But the agents at the outports are not authorised to grant passports to naturalized British subjects, nor to citizens of the Ionian States.

The charge on the issue of a passport, whatever number of persons may be named in it, is, for the present, six shillings, and that sum is to be paid on the delivery of the passport; or if it is desired that the passport should be sent by post, then that sum must be forwarded with the application for the passport, by Post Office order made payable to the "Chief Clerk of the Foreign Office," at the Post Office, Charing Cross.

The necessary instructions upon this point have been sent by the General Post Office to every money-order office throughout the kingdom.

But any person whose certificate of identity has been received from the country, may obtain his passport by calling for it at the Foreign Office on the day following the receipt of the application, either in person or by deputy—the deputy, in the latter case, exhibiting a signed authority from his principal, in order that the signature may be compared with the signature in the certificate ; but in this case the words "Passport will be applied for at the Foreign Office," must be added to the certificate of identity.

The form of application heretofore adopted by banking firms will continue to be used by them.

The general Regulations for Passports as now amended are as follows :

1. Applications for Foreign Office Passports must be made in writing ; and inclosed in a cover addressed to "Her Majesty's Secretary of State Foreign Office, London," or to an agent at one of the specified outports, with the word "PASSPORT" conspicuously written on the cover.

2. The charge on the issue of a passport, whatever number of persons may be named in it, is, for the present, six shillings, which sum includes five shillings stamp-duty.

3. Foreign Office Passports are granted only to British-born subjects, or to citizens of the Ionian States, or to such foreigners as have become naturalized either by Act of Parliament or by a certificate of naturalization granted by the Secretary of State for the Home Department. When the party is a "Naturalized British subject," he will be so designated in his passport ; and if his certificate of naturalization be dated subsequently to the 24th of August, 1850, his passport will be marked as good for one year only ; but this regulation will not preclude any person whom it affects from obtaining, at any future period, on his producing his

old passport, a fresh passport for a further limited period of one year, without being required to pay a fresh charge.

4. Passports are issued at the Foreign Office between the hours of eleven and four, on the day following that on which the application for the passport has been received at the Foreign Office; but the passport will be issued at the outports immediately on application, accompanied by the production of a certificate of identity, within such hours as may be fixed with regard to the convenience of persons desirous of embarking for the continent.

5. Passports are granted to all persons either known to the Secretary of State, or recommended to him by some person who is known to him, or upon the application of any *Banking Firm* established in London, or in any other part of the United Kingdom; or upon the production of a certificate of identity, signed by any Mayor, Magistrate, Justice of the Peace, Minister of Religion, Physician, Surgeon, Solicitor, or Notary, resident in the United Kingdom.

6. Passports cannot be sent by the Foreign Office, or by an agent at an outport, to a person already abroad; such person should apply for one to the nearest British Mission or Consulate.

7. Foreign Office Passports must be countersigned at the Mission in London, or at some Consulate in the United Kingdom, of the Government of the country which the bearer of the passport intends to visit.*

* It is requisite that the bearer of every passport granted by the Foreign Office should sign his passport before he sends it to be *viséd* at any Foreign Mission or Consulate in England; without such signature either the *visa* may be refused, or the validity of the passport questioned abroad. And Travellers who may have any intention of visiting the

8. A Foreign Office Passport granted to a British-born subject or to a citizen of the Ionian States, or to a "Naturalized British subject" whose certificate of naturalization is dated previously to August 24, 1850, is not limited in point of time, but is available for any time, or for any number of journeys to the continent, *if countersigned afresh* by the Ministers or Consuls of the countries which the bearer intends to visit; but a passport granted to a "Naturalized British subject" whose certificate is dated subsequently to the 24th of August, 1850, is only available for the period for which the passport was originally granted.

Foreign Office, April 21, 1858.

List of the Principal Foreign Passport Offices in London, where Foreign Office Passports are to be viséd.

Austrian Legation, Chandos-house, Cavendish-square.
Bavarian Legation, 3, Hill-street, Berkeley-square.
Belgian Consulate, 53, Gracechurch-street.
French Consulate, 36, King William-street, City.
Netherlands Consulate, 20½, Great Saint Helen's.
Portuguese Consulate, 5, Jefferey's-square.
Russian Consulate, 32, Great Winchester-street.
Sicilian Consulate, 15, Cambridge-street, Edgware-road.
Spanish Legation, 17, Hereford-street, Park-lane.
Turkish Embassy, 1, Bryanston-square.

Austrian States at any time in the course of their travels on the Continent, are particularly and earnestly advised not to quit England without having their passports *viséd* at the Austrian Mission in London; but there is no necessity for the *visa* to a Foreign Office Passport of either the Prussian or Sardinian authorities in the United Kingdom.

Board of Trade, Whitehall,
April 26, 1858.

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Lisbon, reporting that the Board of Health at that capital, had ordered that no vessel having had yellow fever on board, during her last voyage, shall be admitted to free pratique in Portuguese Ports, without having first undergone a thorough purification.

Board of Trade, Whitehall,
April 26, 1858.

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul-General at Tangier, reporting that the Moorish Government has fixed the duty upon articles of native produce exported from Mogador at one okheea per cantar, in consideration of the discount of two per cent. being authorized upon purchases.

Treasury Chambers, April 27, 1858.

The Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury hereby give notice, that the Principal and Interest of the Exchequer Bonds, Series A, will be paid at the Bank of England on Saturday, the 8th of May next.

The Bonds must be left at the Bank of England, for examination, not later than Tuesday, the 4th May next.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,

27*th April*, 1858.

10*th Light Dragoons*, Lieutenant James John Wynniatt, from the 52nd Foot, to be Lieutenant, paying the difference, vice Suckling, who exchanges. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

52*nd Foot*, Lieutenant F. H. Suckling, from the 10th Light Dragoons, to be Lieutenant, vice Wynniatt, who exchanges. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Ceylon Rifle Regiment. The surname of the Ensign appointed on the 23rd instant, is *Demain*, not *Denman*, as therein stated.

Commission signed by the Queen.

2nd or Eastern Regiment of Norfolk Militia.

Robert Charles Holmes, Esq., late Captain 10th Hussars, to be Adjutant, vice Browne, retired. Dated 22nd March, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Inverness.

76th, or Highland Light Infantry Regiment of Militia.

James Andrew MacRae, Esq., to be Captain, vice the Honourable James Grant, promoted. Dated 24th March, 1858.

John Archibald Young, Esq., to be Lieutenant, vice MacRae. Dated 24th March, 1858.

John Grant, Esq., to be Ensign, vice Young, promoted. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

Commissions signed by Her Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy of the County of Lanark.

2nd Royal Lanarkshire Militia.

Ensign John David Campbell to be Lieutenant, vice Lipscombe, appointed to 18th Foot. Dated 5th April, 1858.

Hector Samuel McNeill, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Wilson, resigned. Dated 7th April, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Essex.

The Essex Rifles.

Waldron Edward Roper Kelly, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Wadling, resigned. Dated 15th April, 1858.

William Roberts Knobel, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Edwardes, resigned. Dated 15th April, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the West Riding of the County of York, *and of the City and County of the City of* York.

West York Rifle Regiment of Militia.

Lieutenant Thomas Joseph Hercy to be Captain, vice Micklethwaite, resigned. Dated 15th February, 1858.

Ensign Christopher John Lloyd to be Lieutenant, vice Hercy, premoted. Dated 15th February, 1858.

Ensign Fitzhugh Bathurst Henderson to be Lieutenant, vice Whiteside, appointed to the 11th Foot. Dated 1st April, 1858.

Ensign John Arbuthnot Goldicutt to be Lieutenant, vice Chawner, appointed to the 21st Foot. Dated 1st April, 1858.

Thurston Archibald Whittle, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Lloyd, promoted. Dated 1st April, 1858.

1st West Regiment of Yorkshire Yeomanry Cavalry.

Cornet Samuel Jackson to be Lieutenant, vice Bamforth, resigned. Dated 22nd April, 1858.

Edmund Winn, Gent., to be Cornet, vice Jackson, promoted. Dated 22nd April, 1858.

Edward Heathcote, Gent., to be Cornet, vice Nicholson, resigned. Dated 22nd April, 1858.

MEMORANDUM.

The Commission lately held by Ensign George Goodwin Norris, the resignation of which was notified in the list gazetted on the 13th instant, was in the 6th Regiment of West York Militia, and not in the 5th Regiment, as previously gazetted.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 30, 1858.

St. James's Palace, April 28, 1858.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the Honour of Knighthood upon Adam Bittleston, Esquire, Judge of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Madras.

War-Office, April 30, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint

His Grace the Duke of Newcastle,
The Right Honourable Earl Grey,
The Right Honourable Lord Panmure, K.T., G.C.B.,
Major-General the Lord Rokeby, K.C.B.,
The Right Honourable Sidney Herbert,
The Right Honourable Edward Ellice,
Major-General Sir William Fenwick Williams, Bart., K.C.B.,
Major-General the Honourable Sir James Yorke Scarlett, K.C.B.,
Major-General Sir John Mark Frederic Smith, K.H.,
Colonel Sir Henry Knight Storks, K.C.B., and
Colonel Henry Eyre,

to be Her Majesty's Commissioners to inquire into the working of the system recommended in the Report of the former Royal Commission of inquiry into the several modes of promotion and retirement in the Army, and also into the question of promotion and retirement in the higher ranks of the Army, commencing with the rank of Major.

Whitehall, April 28, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Charles Bowyer Adderley to be the Fourth Charity Commissioner for England and Wales, in the room of the Right Honourable Matthew Talbot Baines, resigned.

Whitehall, April 28, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Alexander Maclean to the church of Croick, in the presbytery of Tain, and shire of Ross, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend

John Macdonald to the church and parish of Rogart.

11, *Whitehall-Place, April* 30, 1858.

The Archbishop of Canterbury has, under the authority of the Act of the 13th and 14th years of Her Majesty's reign, chapter 94, appointed William Deedes, Esquire, M.P., to be a Church Estates Commissioner, in the place of The Right Honourable Spencer Horatio Walpole, resigned.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,

30*th April*, 1858.

1*st Dragoon Guards*, Captain George Paynter to be Major, by purchase, vice Thomson, who retires. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Lieutenant Evelyn Harpur Crewe to be Captain, by purchase, vice Paynter. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Cornet C. R. K. Hubback to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Crewe. Dated 30th April, 1858.

4*th Dragoon Guards*, Cornet R. D B. Cuninghame to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Baumgarten, appointed to 10th Light Dragoons. Dated 30th April, 1858.

5*th Dragoon Guards*, William George Proctor, Esq., formerly Paymaster in the Turkish Contingent, to be Paymaster vice E. O. Pearse, who reverts to half-pay Royal Marines. Dated 30th April, 1858.

10*th Light Dragoons*, Lieutenant Edward P. Baumgarten, from the 4th Dragoon Guards, to be Lieutenant, vice Cass, promoted. Dated 30th April, 1838.

Thomas Shirley Ball, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase, vice Hudson, promoted. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Military Train, William Townley, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice R. B. Foster, who resigns. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Grenadier Guards, Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Hume, C.B., from the 95th Foot, to be Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel, vice the Honourable F. A. Thesiger, who exchanges. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Scots Fusilier Guards, Lieutenant and Captain George Grant Gordon to be Adjutant, vice Brevet-Major Robert James Lindsay, who resigns the Adjutancy only. Dated 30th April, 1858.

4*th Foot.* The first Christian name of Ensign Bridson, appointed, without purchase, on the 30th March, 1858, is *William.*

5*th Foot*, Captain John Jermyn Symonds, from half-pay Unattached, to be Captain, vice Thelwall, appointed to the 24th Foot. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Lieutenant Edward Wildman B. Villiers, to be Instructor of Musketry. Dated 17th April, 1858.

10*th Foot.*

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Richard Johnson, Gent. Dated 30th April, 1858.

John Lovel Kelly, Gent. Dated 1st May, 1858.

11*th Foot.*

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

William Magill, Gent. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Owen Campobello Robinson, Gent. Dated 1st May, 1858.

13*th Foot*, Ensign Charles Edwards Palmer to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Robert Henry Burrell Airey, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Pritchard, who resigns. Dated 30th April, 1858.

15*th Foot*, Lieutenant R. Clancy, from 98th Foot, to be Captain, without purchase, vice Young, appointed Adjutant of a Depôt Battalion. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Edward J. Boultbee, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 30th April, 1858.

16*th Foot*. The surname of the Gentleman appointed to an Ensigncy, in the Gazette of the 23rd April, 1858, is *Busfeild*, and not *Busfield*.

18*th Foot*.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Charles Goring Minnitt, Gent. Dated 30th April, 1858.

St. George Alexander Smith, Gent. Dated 1st May, 1858.

Thomas Boyle Meredith, Gent. Dated 2nd May, 1858.

The second Christian name of Ensign Marsland, appointed without purchase in the Gazette of 23rd April, 1858, is spelt *Ashhurst*, and not *Ashurst*, as then stated.

19*th Foot*, Lieutenant John Henry Kirke to be Captain, by purchase, vice Amiel, who retires. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Brumhead Rogers, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 30th April, 1858.

20th Foot.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Robert Fraser, Gent. Dated 30th April, 1858.

George Edward Bolger, Gent. Dated 1st May, 1858.

Charles Henry Webster, Gent. Dated 2nd May, 1858.

Charles Engs, Gent. Dated 3rd May, 1858.

22nd Foot.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Michael Fenton, Gent. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Percy Sandford Nevile, Gent. Dated 1st May, 1858.

Lieutenant George Turner to be Instructor of Musketry. Dated 20th April, 1858.

George Montgomerie Davidson, Esq., formerly a Paymaster in the Turkish Contingent, to be Paymaster. Dated 30th April, 1858.

23rd Foot, John Henry Tulloch, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 30th April, 1858.

24th Foot, Edward Henry Bridgman Sawbridge, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase. Dated 30th April, 1858.

William Richardson Bigsby Chamberlin, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 1st May, 1858.

30th Foot, Lieutenant J. P. Campbell to be Captain, without purchase, vice Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Archibald Campbell, promoted in 20th Foot. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Ensign Charles Tyner to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Campbell. Dated 30th April, 1858.

39th Foot, Anthony Lucas Calcraft, Gent., to be

Ensign, by purchase, in succession to Lieutenant Thackwell, promoted. Dated 30th April, 1858.

54*th Foot*, Ensign Joshua G. Jebb to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Herrick, deceased. Dated 13th February, 1858.

55*th Foot*, Brevet-Major Robert Hume to be Major, without purchase, vice Frend, deceased. Dated 20th April, 1858.

Lieutenant John William Trevor to be Captain, without purchase, vice Hume. Dated 20th April, 1858.

Ensign Mark M. Gillies to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Trevor. Dated 20th April, 1858.

Charles F. Faber, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Landon, promoted in the 24th Foot. Dated 30th April, 1858.

59*th Foot*, John Trohear Rudd, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Leighton, who retires. Dated 30th April, 1858.

60*th Foot*, Captain S. W. Bligh to be Major, without purchase, vice Douglas, deceased. Dated 24th April, 1858.

Lieutenant F. D. Farquharson to be Captain, without purchase, vice Bligh. Dated 24th April, 1858.

Ensign H. S. Hodges to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Farquharson. Dated 24th April, 1858.

62*nd Foot*, Charles W. Brown, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice C. J. Miles, promoted in the 5th Foot. Dated 30th April, 1858.

67*th Foot*. The second Christian name of Ensign Chaplin, appointed, without purchase, on the

13th April, 1858, is *Worthy*, and not *Wortley* as then stated.

69*th Foot*, Lieutenant Richard Alexander Skues, from the 3rd West India Regiment, to be Lieutenant, vice De la Poer Beresford, who exchanges. Dated 30th April, 1858.

72*nd Foot*, Brevet-Major Richard Rocke to be Major, without purchase, vice Mackenzie, deceased. Dated 7th March, 1858.

Lieutenant John Campbell Stewart to be Captain, without purchase, vice Rocke. Dated 7th March, 1858.

Ensign John Pennefather to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Stewart. Dated 7th March, 1858.

Ensign James Robert Kildahl to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Pennefather, whose promotion, on the 23rd March, 1858, is to be cancelled. Dated 23rd March, 1858.

76*th Foot*. The second Christian name of Major Brewster is *Craigie*.

77*th Foot*, Lieutenant G. E. Leggett to be Captain, by purchase, vice MacHenry, who retires. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Ensign John Jordan to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Leggett. Dated 30th April, 1858.

78*th Foot*, Ensign Thomas Mackenzie to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Dated 30th April, 1858.

James Thomas Stewart Richardson, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Mackenzie. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Lieutenant Andrew Cathcart Bogle to be Adjutant, vice Macpherson, promoted. Dated 24th February, 1858.

85*th Foot*, Lieutenant D. Herbert Mytton to be

Captain, by purchase, vice Bruce, who retires. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Ensign F. A Thomas to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Mytton. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Loftus Lewis Cooper, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Thomas. Dated 30th April, 1858.

95*th Foot*, Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable F. A. Thesiger, from the Grenadier Guards, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Hume, who exchanges. Dated 30th April, 1858.

96*th Foot*, Lieutenant Rouse Douglas Douglas to be Captain, by purchase, vice Pierce, who retires. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Ensign Edmund John Scovell to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Douglas Douglas. Dated 30th April, 1858.

100*th Foot*, Captain and Brevet-Colonel George de Rottenburg, from half-pay Unattached, to be Captain. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Captain and Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel James Henry Craig Robertson, from half-pay Unattached, to be Captain. Dated 30th April, 1858.

George Grant, Gent., from Assistant Storekeeper in the Commissariat Department, to be Quartermaster. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Rifle Brigade.

To be Captains, without purchase.

Lieutenant J. P. Carr Glyn, vice W. F. Thynne, died of wounds. Dated 12th March, 1858.

Lieutenant James Singer. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Lieutenant John Simpson Knox. Dated 30th April, 1858.

To be Lieutenants, without purchase.

Ensign Frederick Ames, vice Carr Glyn. Dated 12th March, 1858.

Ensign Edward Palmer, vice Ames, whose promotion on the 26th of March, 1858, has been cancelled. Dated 26th March, 1858.

Ensign E. H. Buller, vice Singer. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Ensign P. L. C. Phillips, vice Knox. Dated 30th April, 1858.

1*st West India Regiment*, Ensign Richard Brew to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Dunn, appointed to the 24th Foot. Dated 30th April, 1858.

3*rd West India Regiment*, Lieutenant H. C. De la Poer Beresford, from 69th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Skues, who exchanges. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Hugh Deane Massy, Gent., to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Manners, resigned. Dated 10th March, 1858.

For William Gair, *Gent.*, to be Ensign, without purchase, as stated in the Gazette of 18th December, 1857,

Read, *Deputy Assistant-Commissary* William Gair, *from half-pay of the Field Train Department*, to be Ensign, &c.

Cape Mounted Rifles. The second Christian name of Ensign Cumberlege, is *Altham*, not *Allham*, as stated in Gazette of 23rd March, 1858.

Royal Canadian Rifle Regiment, Thomas Harman Bond, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Gold Coast Artillery Corps, Ensign Francis John Bolton to be Adjutant, vice Taylor, promoted. Dated 1st January, 1858.

Depôt Battalion, Captain and Adjutant George King to be Major without purchase, vice Sir J. E. Alexander, promoted in the 23rd Foot. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Captain R. Young, from the 15th Foot, to be Adjutant, vice King, promoted. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Paymaster Monkhouse Graham Taylor, from half-pay of a Depôt Battalion, to be Paymaster, vice Charles Scarlin Naylor, transferred to the Invalid Depôt at Yarmouth. Dated 1st April, 1858.

For MEMORANDUM.

Major and Brevet-Colonel Wm. C. E. Napier, upon half-pay Unattached, to be Superintendent of Studies at the Royal Military College, Sandhurst, vice McDougall, which appeared in the Gazette of 5th February, 1858,

Read,

ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE.

Major and Brevet-Colonel William C. E. Napier, upon half-pay Unattached, to be *Major and* Superintendent of Studies, vice McDougall. Dated 5th February, 1858.

HOSPITAL STAFF.

Staff-Surgeon of the First Class, William Sall, M.D., from half-pay, to be Staff-Surgeon of the First Class, upon full-pay, and attached to the 20th Foot. Dated 13th April, 1858.

Francis Henry Preston, Gent., to be Assistant-Surgeon to the Forces, vice Franklyn, appointed to the Royal Artillery. Dated 10th March, 1858.

To be Acting Assistant-Surgeons.

Henry James Shirley, Gent. Dated 30th April, 1858.

James William Crow, Gent. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Merrick Lloyd Burrows, Gent. Dated 30th April, 1858.

John Augustine Young, Gent. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Fitzgerald Edward Scanlan, Gent. Dated 30th April, 1858.

BREVET.

The undermentioned Officers, having completed three years' actual service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, to be Colonels in the Army under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854.

Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel J. J. Bissett, Cape Mounted Rifles. Dated 23rd March, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry D. O'Halloran, 1st West India Regiment. Dated 24th April, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Salop.

South Salopian Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry.

Arthur Philip Lloyd, Gent., to be Cornet, vice Hunt, resigned. Dated 28th April, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Huntingdon.

Huntingdonshire Militia.

The Honourable Henry Stevenson Blackwood to be Ensign. Dated 24th April, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the of the Isle of Wight.

Isle of Wight Militia Artillery.

Benjamin Whitmore Puckle, Gent., to be First Lieutenant, vice Manners, resigned. Dated 1st April, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Southampton.

Hampshire Regiment of Militia.

Charles James Brett, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 5th April, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Chester.

2nd Regiment of Royal Cheshire Militia.

Richard Henry Salkeld, Gent., to be Ensign, vice W. A. Fetherstonhaugh, promoted. Dated 30th March, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lancaster.

4th or Duke of Lancaster's Own (Light Infantry) Regiment of Royal Lancashire Militia.

Ensign William Selby Fraser Taunton to be Lieutenant, vice Bridson, appointed to the 4th Foot. Dated 24th April, 1858.

Ensign Hallowes Henry Bolton to be Lieutenant, vice Crawford, promoted. Dated 24th April, 1858.

Ensign Robert Edward Howarth to be Lieutenant, vice Todd, resigned. Dated 24th April, 1858.

Henry Vawell, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Jefferson, appointed to the 16th Foot. Dated 24th April, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kent.

East Kent Regiment of Militia.

Ensign Duncan Tylden Chisholm to be Lieutenant, vice Wilford, resigned. Dated 26th April, 1858.

Alfred David Barry, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Holdsworth, promoted. Dated 26th April, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northampton.

Northamptonshire Militia.

Ensign George Alfred Lawrence to be Lieutenant, vice Charles Wollaston Hutton, resigned. Dated 19th day of April, 1858.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 30, 1858.

India Board. April 28, 1858.

THE following papers have been this day received at the East India House.

No. 1.

GENERAL ORDER BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

Military Department,
Camp, Allahabad, March 1, 1858.

No. 21 of 1858.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General

of India is pleased to publish, for general information, the following despatch from the Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army, No. 105 A, dated the 24th of February, 1858, with a report from Colonel J. K. McCausland, Commanding in Kumaon, of the entire defeat of the rebels at Churpoorah, on the 10th of February, by the troops under his command. The Governor-General offers his thanks to Colonel McCausland and the officers under him, to the civil officers who accompanied the troops, and to the whole of the men engaged on this occasion.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor-General.

R. J. H. BIRCH, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, with the Governor-General.

No. 2.

The Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, with the Governor-General.

Head Quarters, Camp, Cawnpore, February 24, 1858.

SIR, No. 105 A.

IN forwarding for the information of the Right Honorable the Governor-General, copy of a despatch, No. 66, dated the 12th instant, from Colonel J. K. McCausland, Commanding in Kumaon, reporting his defeat of the rebel troops at Churpoorah, on the 10th idem,* I am directed to express his Excellency's entire approval of the arrangements made by Colonel McCausland in the conduct of this affair, and his extreme satisfaction

* With report from Colonel McCausland, of the defeat, by the troops under his command, of a body of rebels at Churpoorah, on the 10th instant.

with the behaviour of the officers, non-commissioned officers and soldiers engaged on the occasion.

2. The reports of subordinate officers referred to in Colonel McCausland's report, and the copy of his order, contain no further information, and are therefore not forwarded.

I have, &c.,
H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

Colonel J. K. McCausland Commanding in Kumaon, to the Chief of the Staff.

Army Head Quarters, Camp. Huldwanee, February 12, 1858.

SIR. No. 66.

I HAVE already reported, for the information of his Excellency the Commander-in-chief, my having formed a camp at this place, with the view, first, of protecting the Kumaon Hills; second, of clearing the Barbur and Turaee Pergunnahs of rebels.

2. On my arrival here, I found the position of the enemy as follows:

A force of 3,000 infantry, with 800 cavalry, and 6 guns, commanded by Fuzul Huq, was encamped at Sunda in a strong position on the banks of the Sookhee River, about fifteen miles from my camp.

Another force, commanded by Khali Khan, of 4,000 infantry, 800 cavalry, and 4 guns, was encamped at Bundea, but within the last few days had advanced in this direction, and formed a camp at Churpoorah, on the Paha Nuddee, sixteen miles from here.

3. From the best information I was able to obtain, it appeared the intention of the enemy was to make a combined attack on Huldwanee

with a view, if successful, of endeavouring to force the hill passes; my arrangements were made to act on the defensive, and there can be no doubt, had they attempted such a move, it would have ended in their utter defeat.

4. On the afternoon of the 9th instant, reliable information having been obtained that the army under Fuzul Huq was about to effect a junction with Khali Khan's force, I considered it advisable, if possible, to crush the latter before such junction could be effected. My great fear was, that the enemy might hear of my movements, and escape the impending blow, so my preparations were conducted with the greatest secresy. At 9 P.M. of the 9th instant, nothing in camp indicated an intended move. At that hour the tents were quietly struck, and removed to the Mundee, an enclosed square, barricaded and capable of being held by the force I could spare for its protection, for some time at least, against very superior numbers.

5. At 11½ P.M. I moved from camp with the troops as per. margin,* and marching all night through the forest, came on the enemy's camp, at Churpoorah, shortly after day-break, on the morning of the 10th.

I found his position a strong one, about 900 yards off the road, which was commanded by his guns. His rear and left were protected by the Paha Nuddee, which wound round his camp. The only approach to his front and right flank was over rough broken ground, intersected by Nullahs, and covered with thick jungle grass and bushes; a small village filled with infantry was on his right flank. His force, from 4 to 5,000 infantry, about 1,000 cavalry with 4 guns.

* Two 6-pounder guns, 500 rank and file 66th Goorkhas, 150 Nepal Contingent, 60 Kumaon Levies, 200 Rohilcund Horse. Total, 710 infantry, 200 cavalry, 2 guns.

6. The surprise was complete ; the only portion of my force at first visible to the enemy was an advanced guard of the Rohilcund Horse, and a party of their sowars, galloping towards us, asked if we were Fuzul Huq's army, which they expected that morning to join them. Wheeling back the cavalry, I fired a few rounds, which undeceived them, and drew on us a heavy artillery fire. Directly I ascertained their position, I drew up the guns on the road, and opened on those of the enemy, and ordered Captain Ross, commanding the 66th Goorkhas (leaving two companies to protect the artillery), and Captain Baugh, commanding the Nepal Contingent and Kumaon Levies, to advance on the enemy's right flank, supported by the Rohilcund Horse, under Captain Crossman.

During this advance, the fire on our artillery was very severe, the enemy's guns being served with the greatest rapidity and precision ; their largest gun was quickly disabled, and after about forty minutes of very sharp firing, during which the cavalry and infantry were gradually nearing their right, they turned their guns on them, and plied them with grape and round shot. Our guns, thus relieved from the fire of the enemy's, were enabled to commit immense execution in their large bodies of cavalry, into which they poured shrapnel with beautiful precision and tremendous effect.

7. The advance of our line was steady and uninterrupted. The enemy's infantry and cavalry, though offering opposition from every point of advantage which the nature of the ground gave them, and though they appeared in strength and fought with resolution, could not check the 66th and Nepal Goorkhas, who gained ground, firing with a rapidity and resolution they could not withstand.

In about an hour from their first advance, the village and right flank had been gallantly carried by the infantry, who sweeping down the front, carried the guns with a rush, cutting down every artilleryman at his gun. The resistance was very severe, and I believe that with hardly an exception, every European officer in this charge had hand to hand encounters with the enemy.

The Rohilcund Horse made a gallant charge during this advance, repulsing a very superior body of the enemy's cavalry, taking a standard, and cutting up a great number. They entered the camp with the infantry, and were most useful in cutting up stragglers.

8. As from the jungly nature of the ground it was impossible for me to witness all that was going on, I called for reports from officers commanding corps, which, with a camp order issued by me on the occasion, I have the honour to forward for his Excellency's information, and have now only the pleasant duty of reporting the complete success of our operations, and bringing to the notice of the Commander-in-Chief the gallant conduct of all engaged.

9. The enemy's standing camp and baggage fell into our hands and was burnt; the whole of his ammunition was destroyed; of his guns one was completely disabled and left on the field; the other three, with four tumbrils, we brought with us into camp. Their exact loss I am unable to state; the killed must exceed 300, and the wounded more than twice that number. The loss in their cavalry must have been very heavy from the constant fire to which they were exposed.

It would have been imprudent for me to make any delay on the ground: it was quite possible that Fuzul Huq might have heard of our move, and pushed on to make an attack on this place

before I could return. Our first shot was fired at a quarter to 6 A. M.; at 8 A. M. we began to move back, and reached our camp here shortly after noon, the force under my command having marched 34 miles, and fought a severe action, in 13 hours.

10. The blow thus struck must be a severe one to the rebels in this quarter, and though Fuzul Huq keeps his force together, I am watching him closely, and will attack if a favorable opportunity offers. His present position in the heart of a dense jungle renders it unadvisable to do so at .present.

11. My best thanks are due to Captain Kirby, who commanded the Artillery, and to Captain W. Maxwell, of the Artillery, who having returned to his Civil duties in the Suraie Pergunnah, served as a volunteer with the guns and rendered invaluable assistance. The services of this Officer I have already brought prominently to the notice of his Excellency, and when I state that it is by his unremitting exertions the Goorkha Artillery Company was trained, that limbers were made for the guns, and that we were able to take the field with Artillery at all, I feel that the Commander-in-Chief will fully appreciate his merits. Captain Ross, commanding 66th Goorkhas, led the Regiment with great gallantry. His coolness and judgment were conspicuous, and I would beg to recommend him to the favorable notice of his Excellency. Lieutenant and Adjutant Tytler, 66th Goorkhas, severely wounded; Lieutenant Miles, 66th Goorkhas; Lieutenant Gepp, 66th Goorkhas, mortally wounded on the field and since dead, have been brought to my notice as having prominently distinguished themselves. Captain Ross also mentions the gallant behaviour of Quartermaster-Sergeant Delahoy, 66th Goorkhas, and the gallantry of Jusbahadoor Goo-

rung, sepoy, Lieutenant Miles' Company, was conspicuous.

Captain Baugh, commanding the Nepaul Contingent, to which I attached two companies of the 66th Goorkhas, gallantly charged the right flank of the enemy and carried the guns. The efficiency of the Contingent is greatly due to his exertions for the past six weeks in drilling and equipping them. Captain Baugh speaks in high terms of Captain Bodee Maun Singh, who commands the Goorkhas; Lieutenant Boree Gorung, and Adjutant Phulwan Sing. My best thanks are due to Captain Crossman, commanding the Rohilcund Horse; this corps has been organized and equipped by him within the last three months. He charged and dispersed at their head, a very superior body of Patan Cavalry across a country, and under a fire that would have tried the metal of any troops. The officers and men mentioned by him I would recommend to the favourable notice of his Excellency.

Captain Brownlow, my Major of Brigade, afforded me every assistance, and I would beg to recommend him to the notice of the Commander-in-Chief as a good and efficient Staff Officer. Captain Warde, late 68th Native Infantry, acted as my Orderly Officer, and was most active and useful.

Surgeon H. Irwin, 66th Goorkhas, accompanied the force, and I am much indebted to him for his unremitted exertions for the comfort of the wounded on the field, and their removal to camp, which he effected with very inadequate means.

I cannot close this Report without recording, though I fear I may not do so in adequate terms, the assistance rendered to me on this and every occasion, during the last eight months, by Major H. Ramsay, the Commissioner of Kumaon. His exertions to equip, maintain, and feed this force

have been unceasing. Suffering still from the effects of a severe accident which deprived him of the use of an arm, be accompanied me to the field, where his local knowledge was invaluable. It is not for me to record the services he has rendered to Government in his district; but I may say that the general feeling of security that has prevailed in the Kumaon hills was mainly due to his watchfulness and untiring energy.

Mr. C. Carmichael, of the Civil Service, and Mr. Reed, Inspector of Forrests, accompanied the troops, and made themselves most useful in pointing out the positions of the enemy.

I inclose a Return of the Ordnance captured, and a Casualty Return of the Force, which I trust may not be considered excessive, considering what has been accomplished, and the strength and position of the enemy.

No. 4.

Nominal Roll of Officers and Men who were killed and wounded in Action, on the 10th instant, in the Kumaon Brigade, under the command of Colonel McCausland.

Camp, Huldwanee, February 11, 1858.

66TH OR GOORKHA REGIMENT.

Officers.

Lieutenant and Adjutant Tyler, severe wound; gun shot wound, ball extracted from left arm opposite side, severe sword cut in left arm.

Lieutenant Gepp, dangerous wound; gun shot wound in chest, ball extracted. (Since dead).

Men.

Purbal Goorung, havildar, 8th Company, killed.

Gunnoo Alliea, scpoy, 4th Company, killed.

Kurbeer Goorung, naick, 8th Company, dangerous wound; grape shot extracted from thigh.
Bhojee Chund, sepoy, 4th Company, severe wound.
Matbur Sing Thappa, sepoy, 5th Company, severe wound.
Ooday Sing Bhist, sepoy, 3rd Company, slight wound.
Munbeer Saie, sepoy, 8th Company, severe wound.
Kaloo Rana, sepoy, 10th Company, slight wound.
Kaloo Rana, sepoy, 7th Company, severe wound.
Kissur Chund, sepoy, 10th Company, slight wound.

Total 12.

Rohilcund Horse.

Men.

Sooruj Persaud, sowar, 1st Troop, severe wound.
Nutha Sing, sowar, 1st Troop, slight wound.
Ramsahai, sowar, 2nd Troop, slight wound.
Narain Sing, sowar, 2nd Troop, slight wound.
Gunness Sing, sowar, 3rd Troop, severe wound.
Dhun Sing, sowar, 3rd Troop, severe wound.
Geerund Sing, sowar, 3rd Troop, killed.
Coorwur Sen, sowar, 3rd Troop, slight wound.
Oorie Lall, sowar, 3rd Troop, slight wound.
Sobha Sing, sowar, 5th Troop, slight wound.
Gajraj Sing, sowar, 6th Troop, very severe wound; left forearm amputated.
Mahomed Ally, duffadar, killed.
Allayar Khan, sowar, slight wound.

Total 13.

Kumaon Levies.

Men.

Rutton Sing, sepoy, severe wound.
Mone Sing Naigee, sepoy, very severe wound.
Kurruck Sing Putmar, sepoy, dangerous wound arm will require amputation at shoulder joint.

Booreah Rawul, sepoy, killed.
Luchee Choomal, sepoy, killed.
Total 5.

NEPAUL LEVIES.

Men.

Hunsia Sing, sepoy, 3rd Troop, very severe wound.
Kanseeram Bist, sepoy, Gr., dangerous wound; since dead.
Hurrey Bugt Bist, Naick, 4th Troop, severe wound.
Bulbeer Kurka, havildar, 5th Troop, severe wound.
Tillock Sing Bhundary, sepoy, 4th Troop, slight wound.
Kurbeer Boka, sepoy, 5th Troop, slight wound.
Futtah Sing Thappa, sepoy, 5th Troop, slight wound.
Total 7.

Grand Total of officers and men killed and wounded, 37.

Total European officers wounded ..	2
Total men killed	6
Total men wounded	29
Grand Total of officers and men killed and wounded	37

P.S.—Since this Roll was prepared, Lieutenant Gepp, 66th, and a sepoy of the Nepaul Levies, have died from their wounds.

Rohilcund Horse.—Horses killed, 4; horses wounded, 10.
Total, 14 horses killed and wounded.

H. IRWIN, Surgeon,
66th or Goorkha Regiment.
J. K. McCAUSLAND, Colonel,
Commanding the Kumaon Force.

No. 5.

Return of Ordnance and Ammunition captured on the morning of the 10th of February, 1858, in the Action of Churpoorah.

Camp, Huldwanee, February 11, 1858.

1 9-pounder brass field gun with carriage (native manufacture).

1 6-pounder brass field gun with carriage (native manufacture), 4 feet long, 3-7 inch diameter of bore.

1 4-pounder brass field gun with carriage (native manufacture), 3 feet 10 inches long, 3-2 inch diameter of bore.

1 4-pounder brass field gun with carriage (native manufacture), 3 feet 10 inches long, 3-2 inch diameter of bore.

1 9-pounder limber, 34 cartridges, 34 hammered round shot, 12 canister shot, 12 port fires, half size.

1 6-pounder limber, 42 cartridges fixed with hammered round shot, 19 cartridges, 13 canister shot, 8 chain shot, 13 port fires, half size.

1 4-pounder limber, 54 cartridges fixed with hammered round shot, 15 cartridges, 14 canister shot, 2 chain shot, 22 port fires, half size.

1 4-pounder limber, 37 cartridges fixed with hammered round shot 28 cartridges, 17 canister shot, 48 port fires, half size.

Total, 133 cartridges fixed with hammered round shot; 96 cartridges; 34 hammered round shot; 56 canister shot; 10 chain shot; 95 port fires, half size.

The carriage of the 9-pounder gun having been disabled by our fire, the gun could not be brought away; the muzzle of this gun was beaten in by a shot. These guns are of very fair construction,

the limbers well made, and the ammunition very well got up.

16 gun bullocks were captured with the above.

J. K. McCAUSLAND, Colonel,
Commanding Kumaon Force.
GRAVENOR KIRBY, Captain,
Commanding Artillery.

No. 6.

GENERAL ORDER BY THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

Camp, Allahabad, March 1, 1858.

No. 22 of 1858.

The Right Honourable the Governor-General of India has much satisfaction in publishing the following report by Major-General Sir J. Outram, G.C.B, of the repulse of an attack on his position at Alum Bagh, on the morning of the 21st of February, 1858, in which the arrangements made by Sir J. Outram were most judicious and effectual, and the conduct of the troops engaged was highly creditable to them.

No. 7.

Major-General Sir J. Outram, G.C.B., Commanding 1st Division, to the Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

Camp, Alum Bagh,
February 21, 1858.

SIR, No. 83.

I HAVE the honour to report that this morning the enemy attacked my position, and with the usual result.

2. Having filled all their trenches with as many

men as they would hold, and placed large masses of infantry in the topes all along our front in support of them, they commenced a simultaneous movement round both our flanks, at the same time threatening the whole length of our position, and attacking the north-east corner of the Alum Bagh, and also the picquet and fort of Jellalabad, against which they brought 4 guns.

3. I immediately, on perceiving their intention, re-inforced the posts of Alum Bagh and Jellalabad, which easily repulsed the attacks made on them, and inflicted much loss on the assailants, who had advanced under cover of long grass and underwood within grape shot range of both these posts.

4. I detached about 250 cavalry and 2 field guns to the rear of the fort of Jellalabad, under command of Captain Barrow, Volunteer Cavalry, where they suddenly came on about 2,000 of the enemy's cavalry. Our guns immediately opened on them, killing several, which caused them to withdraw to the immediate vicinity of the infantry, attacking the fort in number about 5,000; they remained there until the attack was abandoned, when they all withdrew towards the city.

5. The attack on our left flank was made by about from 8 to 10,000 infantry and 500 cavalry, to oppose whom I sent out the remaining 4 field guns available, supported by the Military Train (120 in number) under command of Major Robertson, of the Military Train, keeping the 2nd Infantry Brigade in reserve. The cavalry and guns soon drove back the enemy's cavalry, and their infantry then halted, and on the guns being turned on them, soon commenced to retreat also, and were followed up by us until within range of their batteries.

6. A large convoy was on the road at the time, the escort required for which materially crippled our small cavalry force, and prevented any thing

more being effected than frustrating their attempts to gain our rear and molest the convoy.

7. The reports from the city state the enemy to have lost 60 killed and 200 wounded in their attack on Alum Bagh, and about 80 or 90 killed and wounded in front of Jellalabad. This was exclusive of their loss on the left flank, and along our front, where our heavy artillery had constant opportunities of firing shell and shrapnel into the midst of their moving masses. I consider their loss to have been heavier than on any of their previous attacks.

8. I have the pleasure to state, that, as on all former occasions, the conduct of the troops engaged, both officers and men, was admirable.

9. Majors Tinling, 90th Light Infantry, and Nicholson, Royal Engineers, commanded respectively at Alum Bagh and Jellalabad, and defended their posts with much spirit. Major Nicholson particularly praises the energy with which Lieutenant Ford, of the Royal Artillery, opposed the fire of the enemy's 4 guns with the only gun that could be brought to bear on them.

10. Our loss amounted to nine wounded.

A nominal roll is transmitted herewith.

No. 8.

Return of Casualties in the Field Force under the Command of Major-General Sir James Outram, G.C.B., on the 21st of February, 1858.

1st Company 5th Battalion Artillery—3 rank and file wounded; gunner William Lockhart, slightly; gunner William Shaw, slightly; gunner Owen McGany slightly.

Military Train—Sergeant Bunks, slightly wounded.

Her Majesty's 5th Fusiliers—Private John Scanlon, slightly wounded.

Her Majesty's 90th Light Infantry—Private James Sullivan, severely wounded.
Muzbee Pioneers—2 rank and file wounded.
Delhi Pioneers—1 rank and file wounded
Lieutenant Ward, 48th Native Infantry, doing duty with Artillery; charger killed under him.
1 artillery horse killed; 3 ordnance bullocks killed.

Total—9 rank and file wounded.

J. OUTRAM, Major-General,
Commanding 1st Division.

No. 9.

GENERAL ORDER BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

Military Department,
Allahabad, March 11, 1858.

No. 31 of 1858.

The Right Honorable the Governor-General has great pleasure in publishing the accompanying despatch, from Major-General Sir James Outram, G.C.B., reporting the particulars of an unusually resolute attack on his position, on February 25th, 1858, and of its gallant repulse by the troops under his command, to whom, as well as to their distinguished leader, his Lordship offers his thanks for the good service rendered on this occasion

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No. 10.

Major-General Sir J. Outram, G. C. B., commanding 1*st Division, to the Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army,*

Camp, Alum Bagh, February 26, 1858.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report the particulars of a

repulse of a determined demonstration, which the enemy made on our position yesterday, the 25th instant.

2. The principal attack was on our right, against which 24 regiments of regular infantry, 6 Nujeeb corps, 1,000 cavalry and 8 guns moved out from the trenches; of this number about one-half, with 2 guns, advanced towards our right rear, and having occupied the "topes" immediately to the east of Jellalabad, commenced shelling that post heavily, evidently in the hope of igniting the large quantity of combustible stores at present collected there, while the remainder held in support the villages and "topes" directly in front of the enemy's out-works.

3. Large bodies of infantry and cavalry, with 3 guns, simultaneously menaced our left, and the trenches in front of our position were occupied in force.

4. Soon after 10 a.m., I moved out with detachments of artillery, cavalry, and infantry, as per accompanying return, to intercept the column which had opened its guns on Jellalabad, having previously sent Barrow's volunteers and Wale's horse round, *viâ* Nowrungabad to co-operate in the rear.

5. As we advanced, a portion of the enemy's reserve made a demonstration against our left; but were speedily driven back, and afterwards held in check by the 4 guns of Remmington's troop, supported by a squadron of the 7th Hussars, under Colonel Hagart, and by Brasyer's Seikhs.

6. The column then moved forward, flanked on the left by Brigadier Campbell with the native cavalry, which pushed on in advance to intercept the enemy's retreat, which, owing to their having heard the fire of Remmington's guns, proved more sudden than we had anticipated. The manœuvre

was completely successful, and speedily converted their retreat into a rout, Brigadier Campbell's detachment assailing them on one side, while Barrow's and Wale's horse appeared on the opposite quarter, and the Military Train, under Captain Robertson, dashed into the middle of the flying enemy, and captured their 2 guns. The rapidity of their flight prevented the infantry from taking a prominent part in the action. At 1 p.m., when we finally left the field, the foe had vanished.

7. In the mean time the hostile forces on the left of my position had retired before the very effective fire of Moir's guns, not liking the looks of the arrangements which had been prepared by Brigadier Franklyn, who had been left in command of the Camp, for their reception.

8. Judging from the corpses which strewed the field where the cavalry had charged, and from the dense masses upon which our guns repeatedly opened, the enemy's casualties must have been heavy. Our loss consisted of 4 men killed, 5 officers and 20 men wounded.

9. My cordial acknowledgments are due to all the officers and men who conducted and took part in these operations, but especially to the Military Train, whose brilliant charge excited the enthusiasm of all who witnessed it.

10. Colonel Berkeley, my able and zealous Military Secretary, whose knowledge of the ground was of great service to Brigadier Campbell in cutting off the enemy's retreat, was wounded while gallantly charging at the head of Hodson's Horse, as was Lieutenant Moorsom while rendering to Barrow and Wale assistance similar to that which Colonel Berkeley afforded the brigadier.

11. About 4 p.m., the enemy again moved out against us. On this occasion they directed their principal efforts against our left, and evinced more spirit and determination than they have

hitherto done. Repeatedly they advanced within grape and musket range, and as they ever met with a warm reception from our guns and Enfields, especially from those of the left front picket, commanded by Major Master, of the 5th Fusiliers, they must have suffered severely.

* They renewed their fire from time to time during the night; but solely, I believe with the object of covering the parties engaged in removing their dead. Our loss in this subsequent operation amounted to 1 man killed and 14 wounded. In all 5 men killed, and 35 officers and men wounded.

12. The conduct of the troops throughout the entire day and night was excellent at every point, and merits the highest commendation.

The usual returns of ordnance captured and of casualties are hereby forwarded. I have, &c.,

J. OUTRAM, Major-General,
Commanding 1st Division.

No. 11.

RETURN *showing the number of Troops in the Field, on the 25th instant, at the attack on the right.*

Cavalry, Brigadier Campbell, Commander.

Her Majesty's 7th Hussars—Colonel Hagart, Commander; 92 sabres.

Military Train—Major Robertson, Commander; 111 sabres.

Voluuteer Cavalry—Captain Barrow, Commander; 42 sabres.

Wale's Horse—Captain Wale, Commander; 112 sabres.

Hodson's Horse—Captain Hodson, Commander; 374 sabres.

* Information has since been received, which states the enemy's loss throughout the day to have been between 400 and 500.

Oude Irregular Cavalry—Lieutenant Graham, Commander; 24 sabres.
12th Irregular Cavalry—Lieutenant Hay, Commander; 16 sabres.

Artillery, Captain Olpherts, Commander.

1st Troop 1st Brigade Bengal Horse Artillery—Captain Remmington, Commander; 6 guns.
No. 12 Light Field Battery—Captain Olpherts, Commander; 6 guns.

Infantry.

1st Brigade—Brigadier Russel, Commander.
Her Majesty's 5th Fusiliers—Colonel Guy, Commander; 288 bayonets.
Her Majesty's 84th Regiment—Captain Lightfoot, Commander; 320 bayonets.
Madras Fusiliers—Major Galwey, Commander; 132 bayonets.
Regiment of Ferozepore—Captain Brasyer, Commander; 134 bayonets.

Total—sabres 771; bayonets 874; guns 12.

J. OUTRAM, Major-General,
Commanding 1st Division.

Numerical Return of Casualties in the Field Force, under the Command of Major-General Sir James Outram, G.C.B., on the 25th of February, 1858.

Staff—wounded 1 Field Officer and 1 subaltern, total 2.
No. 12 Light Field Battery—wounded 1 rank and file, total 1.
7th Hussars—none.
Military Train—wounded 1 subaltern, 3 serjeants, and 6 rank and file, total 10; horses wounded 13.
Volunteer Cavalry—none.

Captain Hodson's Horse—killed 3 rank and file, total 3; horses killed 5. Wounded 1 subaltern and 6 rank and file, total 7; horses wounded 23.
Captain Wale's Horse—none.
12th Irregular Cavalry—killed 1 serjeant, total 1; horses wounded 2.
Oude Irregular Cavalry—1 horse killed.
Her Majesty's 5th Fusiliers—killed 1 rank and file, total 1; wounded 4 rank and file, total 4.
Her Majesty's 78th Highlanders—wounded 1 drummer and 1 rank and file, total 2.
Her Majesty's 84th Foot—wounded 1 subaltern and 5 rank and file, total 6.
Her Majesty's 90th Light Infantry—wounded 1 serjeant and 2 rank and file, total 3.
1st Madras Fusiliers—none.

Total killed, 1 serjeant and 4 rank and file; horses killed 5. Wounded 1 Field Officer, 4 subalterns, 4 serjeants, 1 drummer, and 25 rank and file, total 35; horses wounded 38. J. OUTRAM, Major-General.
Commanding 1st Division of the Army.

No. 13.

Corresponding List of Casualties (Europeans).

Alum Baugh, February 25, 1858.

Colonel C. A. F. Berkeley, Her Majesty's 32nd Foot, Chief of the Staff, severely wounded.
Lieutenant W. R. Moorsom, Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General, slightly wounded.
Lieutenant and Adjutant Hugh Gough, Hodson's Horse, severely wounded.
Lieutenant Pierce Chute, Her Majesty's 84th, slightly wounded.
Captain H. A. Inglefield, Military Train, slightly wounded.
Quartermaster-Sergeant John Connolly, Military Train, slightly wounded.

Sergeant Edward P. Barnes, Military Train, slightly wounded.
Sergeant John Halnan, Military Train, slightly wounded.
Private James Clark, Military Train, slightly wounded.
Private John Keiley, Military Train, dangerously wounded.
Private Patrick Lynch, Military Train, slightly wounded.
Private George Quin, Military Train slightly wounded.
Private John Steer, Military Train, slightly wounded.
Private William Tuppin, Military Train, slightly wounded.
Private Robert Smith, Artillery, slightly wounded.
Private H. Messinger, Her Majesty's 5th, killed.
Private J. Eaton, Her Majesty's 5th, dangerously wounded.
Private William Buck, Her Majesty's 5th, slightly wounded.
Private Patrick Reilly, Her Majesty's 5th, slightly wounded.
Private Daniel Henry, Her Majesty's 5th, severely wounded.
Private R. Smith, Her Majesty's 78th, severely wounded.
Drummer J. Webb, Her Majesty's 78th, slightly wounded.
Private James Cassidy, Her Majesty's 84th, slightly wounded.
Private John Smith, Her Majesty's 84th, slightly wounded.
Private Patrick Curley, Her Majesty's 84th, slightly wounded.
Private John Young, Her Majesty's 84th, slightly wounded.

Lance-Corporal A. McHenry, Her Majesty's 84th slightly wounded.
Sergeant R. Hitcham, Her Majesty's 90th, slightly wounded.
Private J. Brunsden, Her Majesty's 90th, slightly wounded.
Private J. Watson, Her Majesty's 90th, slightly wounded.

J. OUTRAM, Major-General,
Commanding 1st Division

No. 14.

Return of Ordnance, Ammunition, &c., captured from the Insurgents on the 25th of February 1858.

Camp, Alum Bagh, February 27, 1858

1 ordnance brass gun, 9-pounder, with carriag and limber, serviceable.
1 ordnance howitzer, 24-pounder, with carriag and limber, serviceable.
11 sets of harness and saddlery, incomplete, un serviceable.
2 cartridges filled priming with Curwah cases unserviceable.
39 cartridges filled native powder of sorts, un serviceable.
14 portfires, unserviceable.
8 shells, spherical, filled and fixed, 24-pounde serviceable.
7 shot case fixed to wooden bottoms, gun 9 pounder, repairable.
1 shot case fixed to wooden bottoms, gun 6 pounder, repairable.
9 shot case fixed to wooden bottoms, howitze 24-pounder, repairable.

L. F. C. THOMAS, 1st Lieutenant,
Deputy-Commissary of Ordnanc

No. 15.

Fort William, March 16, 1858.

GENERAL ORDER BY THE HONORABLE THE PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

No. 452 of 1858.—*Erratum.*—In Government General Order No. 1546, of the 10th of December, 1857, publishing Despatches from His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, regarding the relief of the Lucknow Garrison, *for* Mr Cavenagh of the Uncovenanted Civil Service, *read* Mr. T. H. Kavanagh. Order books to be corrected accordingly.

F. D. ATKINSON, Major,
Officiating Secretary to the Government of India in the Military Department.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 4, 1858.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 6th day of *April*, 1858

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to approve the representations duly prepared (as set forth in this Gazette) by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England—

For the assignment of a District Chapelry to the consecrated church of St. Michael, situate at Boldmere, in the parish of Sutton Coldfield, in the county of Warwick, and in the diocese of Worcester, to be named "The District Chapelry of Saint Michael, Boldmere."

Also a scheme duly prepared by the said Commissioners, for authorizing the sale of certain property belonging to the prebend of Brewood annexed to the deanery of the cathedral church of Lichfield.

Also a representation of the said Commissioners for the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint John, situate at Ellel in the parish of Cockerham, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Manchester, to be named "The District Chapelry of Saint John, Ellel."

Whitehall, May 1, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint The Right Honourable Lord Justice Turner to be one of the Commissioners for the purposes of the "Act "to make further provision for the Good Govern- "ment and Extension of the University of Cam- "bridge, of the Colleges therein, and of the Col- "lege of King Henry the Sixth, at Eton," in the room of The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Lichfield, resigned.

Whitehall, May 1, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend James Strachan to the church and parish of Barvas, in the presbytery of Lewis, and Shire of Ross, vacant by the death of the Reverend John Reid.

Whitehall, May 3, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Richard Bond, M.A., to the Rectory of Pulham, Saint Mary the Virgin, in the county of

Norfolk, and diocese of Norwich, void by the death of the Reverend William Leigh.

Whitehall, May 3, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to nominate the Reverend Frederick William Freeman, M.A., to the Perpetual Curacy of Pulham Saint Mary, Magdalen, in the county of Norfolk, and diocese of Norwich, void by the death of the Reverend William Leigh.

War-Office, May 4, 1858.

The Secretary of State for War has received the following Nominal List of Casualties in the 32nd Regiment of Foot, serving in India.

32ND REGIMENT OF FOOT.

Return of Officers of the above Regiment who have been Killed in Action, Massacred, or Died of Wounds, during the Month ended 28th February, 1858, *or whose Deaths having happened previously have been ascertained in the course of the current month, also of Officers whose Deaths were ascertained and reported in previous Returns.*

Major William Case, 30th June, 1857, killed in action at Chinhut

Captain Charles Stevens, 30th June, killed in action at Chinhut

Captain John Moore, 27th June, massacred at Cawnpore

Captain J. W. Mansfield, 13th September, Lucknow

Captain William Power, 10th August, died of wounds at Lucknow

Captain Bernard McCabe, 1st October, died of wounds at Lucknow

Captain Edmund de L. Joly, 30th September, died of wounds at Lucknow
Lieutenant J. D. Thomson, 30th June, died of wounds at Lucknow
Lieutenant Frederick Wainwright, 27th June, massacred at Cawnpore
Lieutenant P. C. Webb, 26th August, killed in action at Lucknow
Lieutenant W. M. Crowdy, 23rd January, 1858, Lucknow
Lieutenant Joseph Brackenbury, 30th June, 1857, Killed in action at Chinhut
Lieutenant E. C. Hill, 27th June, massacred at Cawnpore
Lieutenant W. H. Studdy, 9th August, died of wounds at Lucknow

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Return of Non-Commissioned Officers, Trumpeters, Drummers, and Privates of the 32nd Regiment of Foot who have been Killed in Action, Massacred, or died of Wounds, during the month ended 31st January, 1858, or whose Death having happened previously have been ascertained in the course of the current month, also of Non-Commisioned Officers and Men whose Deaths were ascertained and reported in previous Returns.

N.B. Records of the Regiment lost, and Regimental Number (with a few exceptions) cannot be given.

Orderly-room Clerk John Connors, August 8, died of wound at Lucknow
Colour-Serjeant Alexander Acheson, July 21, died of wound at Lucknow
„ Richard Dodsworth, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut

Colour-Serjeant James Fane, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ Edward Holmes, August 12, died of wound at Lucknow
„ Robert D. O'Reilly, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
Serjeant James Campbell, August 10, killed in action at Lucknow
„ George Cole, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ Dennis Dunn, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ James Farrell, September 27, killed in action at Lucknow
„ William Hillier, October 19, died of wound at Lucknow
„ Joseph Lancashire, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ Archibald McCurry, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ Thomas Purtill, October 6, killed in action at Lucknow
„ James Simpson, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ Benjamin Warren, August 2, died of wound at Lucknow
Corporal Thomas Allett, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ James Blundell, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ Henry Bowers, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ William Cooney, September 27, killed in action at Lucknow
„ Henry Dymock, July 18, died of wound at Lucknow
„ William Finn, September 25, died of wound at Lucknow

Corporal John Forrest, September 1, died of wound at Lucknow
" Samuel Gerry, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Walter Hamilton, December 11, died of wound at Allahabad
" Charles Jones, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" John Mortimore, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" John M'Gannon, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Henry Norman, December 15, died of wound at Allahabad
" Thomas Pearce, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" John Phillips, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" William Rennison, September 30, died of wound at Lucknow
" William Simpson, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Thomas Veron, September 26, killed in action at Lucknow
" William Vockings, September 2, died of wound at Lucknow
" Edwin Williams, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
Drummer William Conway, November 18, died of wound at Lucknow
" James Grimes, September 29, killed in action at Lucknow
" John Jones, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Edward Lawton, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" James May, September 20, killed in action at Lucknow

Drummer James Murtagh, September 7, died of wound at Lucknow

Private John Allcock, July 11, killed in action at Lucknow

" Robert Adamson, November 14, died of wound at Lucknow

" William Alland, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut

" James Allsop, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut

" James Anderson, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut

" William Arlett, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut

" Patrick Austin, July 25, killed in action at Lucknow

" George Bates, August 5, killed in action at Lucknow

" John Bee, September 12, died of wound at Lucknow

" George Bowers, July 20, killed in action at Lucknow

" George Bramley, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut

" William Briggs, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut

" John Burchill, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut

" John Burke, November 7, died of wound at Lucknow

" James Burns, October 7, died of wound at Lucknow

" John Burton, September 26, killed in action at Lucknow

" Daniell Campbell, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut

" Patrick Carberry, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut

Private Anthony Carroll, September 26, killed in action at Lucknow
" Charles Carton, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" William Clarricoates, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" John Cleal, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Thomas Connoran, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Daniel Connors, July 26, died of wound at Lucknow
" Frederick Cox, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" John Cox, October 9, died of wound at Lucknow
" John Cronan, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" James Cullen, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Edward Curry, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" John Curry, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Daniel Daly, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Cornelius Darcey, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" James Dark, October 2, died of wound at Lucknow
" John Dawkins, July 18, died of wound at Lucknow
" Peter Dennett, August 18, died of wound at Lucknow
" Thomas Dempsy, July 20, killed in action at Lucknow
" Thomas Donlan, August 22, killed in action at Lucknow

Private Daniel Duffy, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" George Duffy, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Henry Dunster, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" James Ede, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" William Elms, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" William Farrell, October 2, died of wound at Chinhut
" Henry Farthing, July 5, died of wound at Chinhut
" John Finnell, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Patrick Finnigan, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" James Fleming, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Florence Flinn, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Laurence Geoghegan, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Patrick Geoghegan, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" John Gilday, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Henry Gill, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Frederick Gillard, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" John Gillmore, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" William Goddard, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" John Gore, September 17, killed in action at Lucknow

Private William Grey, August 10, killed in action at Lucknow
" James Halcy, August 10, killed in action at Lucknow
" Cornelius Hanley, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" William Harding, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" James Hewes, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Robert Hickey, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" John Hobson, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Thomas Hogan, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" James Holder, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" George Hollands, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Edward Holding, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Charles Hooman, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" William Hooper, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" John Hopkins, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Dominic Horan, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" James Horan, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Phillip Hughes, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Edward Hurcombe, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Nathan Huson, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut

Private John Huston, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Charles Jennings, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Thomas Jones, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Thomas Jordan, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" John Kelly (3817), June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Dennis Kennelly, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" William Lacey, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" William Lancaster, July 6, killed in action at Lucknow
" Luke Lattimore, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" John Lendrigan, July 22, killed in action at Lucknow
" John Lewis (3796), June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Patrick Logan, July 6, killed in action at Lucknow
" John Magwood, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" John Maher, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Bartholomew Mahoney, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" John Mannion, July 7, died of wound at Lucknow
" Thomas Mansfield, August 11, died of wound at Lucknow
" John Maycock, July 30, died of wound at Lucknow
" John McArdie, August 25, died of wound at Lucknow

Private George McKey, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ Patrick McNamara, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ John Miller, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ Henry Mortashed, July 12, killed in action at Lucknow
„ Patrick Munnelly, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ Francis Murphy, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ Thomas Myers, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ Charles Newham, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ Charles O'Keefe, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ Thomas Ogden, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ James Pearce, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ Francis Perry, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ Charles Pratt, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ John Quinlivan, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ John Rice, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ Thomas Sandray, September 29, killed in action at Lucknow
„ James Smith (3688), June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
„ Michael Smith, September 27, killed in action at Lucknow
„ Samuel Smith, November 7, died of wound at Lucknow

Private John Steeples, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Francis Sudbury, September 13, died of wound at Lucknow
" Owen Sweeney, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" John Synes, September 27, died of wound at Lucknow
" George Taylor, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" James Tomlinson, August 18, killed in action at Lucknow
" Edward Towers, August 28, died of wound at Lucknow
" Bernard Tully, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Samuel Vickerstaff, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" James Walsh, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" John Walsh, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" John Widdowson, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" John Williams, June 30, killed in action at Chinhut
" Alfred Wilmot, July 20, killed in action at Lucknow
" Thomas Wood, September 27, killed in action at Lucknow
" James Thorpe, June 27, massacred at Cawnpore

E. W. D. LOWE, Major,
Commanding Officer.

Board of Trade, Whitehall,
May 3, 1858.

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Minister at St. Petersburgh, enclosing a translation of a Russian Imperial Oukase, to come into operation on the $\frac{1st}{13th}$ July, 1858, and imposing a duty of 5 copecs per rouble on all articles of European export and import, except raw and refined sugar.

Board of Trade, Whitehall,
May 3, 1858.

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Superintendent of Trade in China, reporting that the ports of Manila, Sual, Iloilo, and Zamboauga, in the Philippine Islands, will be open during the present year for the free importation of foreign rice, paddy, wheat, beans, and cocoa-nut oil.

Commission signed by the Queen.

2nd Royal Cheshire Militia.

William Ley Hunt, Gent., to be Paymaster, vice John Francis Collier, resigned. Dated 10th November, 1857.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Surrey.

Sir Walter Rockliffe Farquhar, Bart., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 1st May, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Dumbarton.

Humphrey Ewing Crum Ewing, Esq., M.P., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 29th April, 1858.

John Murray Gartsbore, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 29th April, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Worcester.

Queen's Own Regiment of Worcestershire Yeomanry Cavalry.

Charles Perrott Noel, Esq., to be Captain, vice Harward, resigned.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Oxford.

Oxfordshire Regiment of Militia.

Ensign Thomas Mosley Crowder to be Lieutenant, vice Brown, appointed to the 48th Regiment of the Line. Dated 28th April, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stafford.

1st Regiment of King's Own Staffordshire Militia.

Ensign Francis Lambarde to be Lieutenant, vice Barnett, resigned. Dated 23rd April, 1858.

3rd Regiment of King's Own Staffordshire Militia.

Captain Peter Broughton to be Major, vice Levett promoted. Dated 26th April, 1858.

Commissions signed by Her Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy of the County of Lanark.

Lanarkshire Yeomanry Cavalry.

Lieutenant Hugh Mossman to be Captain, vice Brown, resigned. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Cornet William Allan Woddrop to be Lieutenant, vice Monteith, resigned. Dated 30th April, 1858.

Cornet Hector Frederick McLean to be Lieutenant, vice Mossman, promoted. Dated 1st May, 1858.

William Collyer, Gent., to be Cornet, vice Rankine, promoted.

Commission signed by the Vice Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

5th or Royal Elthorne Light Infantry Regiment of Middlesex Militia.

Ensign William Thomas Llewellyn Lloyd to be Lieutenant, vice Hensley, resigned.

REGISTRY OF ORDERS OF PROTECTION OF PROPERTY OF DESERTED MARRIED WOMEN.

THE Lords of the Treasury have directed that a Registry is to be kept in every County Court, of all Orders for the Protection of Property of Deserted Married Women entered under the 21st section of the 20th and 21st Vict., cap. 85, with the Registrar of the Court, where the same may be inspected by any person desirous of so doing; and further that a copy of the entry in the County Court shall be sent to the office of the Central Registry of County Court Judgments, at No. 2, New-street, Spring-gardens, London, S.W., to be there registered, so as to enable for the

future creditors and others to ascertain whether a married woman has obtained protection of her property, and to render unnecessary inquiry at the several County Courts within the districts of which she may have dwelt since 1857.

Wolverhampton Union.—Bilston Township.

An Order of the Poor Law Commissioners to the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the township of Bilston, in the county of Stafford, and to all others whom it may concern, dated the 16th April, 1858 (as set forth in this Gazette), directs that so much of the Act passed in the fourteenth year of the reign of Her Majesty, entitled "An Act to prevent the holding of vestry or other meetings in churches, and for regulating the appointment of vestry clerks, as relates to the appointment of a vestry clerk only, shall forthwith be applied to, and be put in force within, the said township of Bilston.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 4, 1858.

War-Office, Pall-Mall, 4th May, 1858.

THE Secretary of State for War has received from His Royal Highness The General Commanding-in-Chief the following List of Casualties during the Siege and Capture of Lucknow.

Nominal Roll of Officers Killed and Wounded in the Army under the Command of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, from the 2nd to the 21st of March, inclusive.

Adjutant-General's Office, Head Quarters, Camp Lucknow, March 26, 1858.

GENERAL STAFF.

Lieutenant F. R. S. Flood, Extra Aide-de-Camp to Chief of Staff, wounded severely

ARTILLERY DIVISION.

Lieutenant O. D. Thackwell (15th N.I.), Divisional Staff, Assistant Baggage Master, killed

Acting Mate Henry O'Garvey, Naval Brigade, Her Majesty's ship Shannon, killed

Captain Sir W. Peel, K.C.B., Naval Brigade, Her Majesty's ship Shannon, wounded severely

Major W. W. Barry, Royal Artillery Siege, wounded severely (burnt)

Lieutenant H. A. Tracy, Royal Artillery Siege, wounded slightly

Veterinary Surgeon T. Hickman, 3rd Brigade Bengal Horse Artillery, Field, wounded slightly

ENGINEER BRIGADE.

Lieutenant Jonathan Cape (30th N.I.), Assistant Baggage Master, Brigade Staff, killed

Captain A. J. Clerke, Royal Engineers, died from the effects of a gunpowder explosion

Lieutenant E. P. Brownlow, Bengal Engineers, doing duty with the Royal Engineers, died from the effects of a gunpowder explosion

Major A. Taylor, Bengal Engineers, wounded severely

Lieutenant A. G. Forbes, Bengal Engineers, wounded slightly

Ensign Knowles, Punjab Pioneers, gun shot in knee

Cavalry Division.

Brigadier A. Little, 1st Cavalry Brigade, Staff, wounded severely
Captain T. W. H. Hutchinson, Her Majesty's 9th Lancers, wounded dangerously (since dead)
Major C. A. Sanford, 5th Punjab Cavalry, killed
Captain F. Wale, Commandant, 1st Seikh Irregular Cavalry, killed
Lieutenant A. R. D. Mackenzie, 1st Seikh Irregular Cavalry, wounded slightly
Lieutenant Goodby, 1st Seikh Irregular Cavalry, wounded
Lieutenant Montgomerie, 1st Seikh Irregular Cavalry, wounded
Lieutenant Sandeman, 1st Seikh Irregular Cavalry, wounded

2nd Cavalry Brigade Staff.

Major J. P. Smith, Her Majesty's 2nd Dragoon Guards, killed
Lieutenant P. W. A. Carnegie, Her Majesty's 2nd Dragoon Guards, wounded slightly
Captain W. H. Slade, Her Majesty's 7th Queen's Own Hussars, wounded slightly
Lieutenant H. J. Wilken, Her Majesty's 7th Queen's Own Hussars, wounded slightly
Cornet W. G. H. Bankes, Her Majesty's 7th Queen's Own Hussars, wounded very severely
Major W. S. R. Hodson, Hodson's Horse, wounded dangerously (since dead)

1st Infantry Division.

Lieutenant W. R. Moorsom, Her Majesty's 52nd Light Infantry, Deputy Assistant-Quartermaster-General, Divisional Staff, killed

1st Infantry Brigade.

Ensign J. A. Cubitt, Her Majesty's 1st Battalion 5th Fusiliers, wounded slightly

2nd Infantry Brigade.

Captain L. G. Da Costa (58th Native Infantry), Regiment of Ferozepore, killed

Major J. Brasyer, Regiment of Ferozepore, wounded severely

2ND INFANTRY DIVISION.

Captain R. Stewart, Deputy Assistant-Adjutant-General, Divisional Staff, wounded severely

3rd Infantry Brigade.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. J. Loftus, Her Majesty's 38th Regiment, wounded severely

Lieutenant-Colonel T. C. Kelly, Her Majesty's 38th Regiment, wounded slightly

Brevet-Major E. T. Gloster, Her Majesty's 38th Regiment, wounded dangerously

Captain G. R. Hopkins, Her Majesty's 53rd Regiment, wounded severely

Lieutenant H. Helsham, Her Majesty's 53rd Regiment, wounded severely

4th Infantry Brigade.

Lieutenant F. E. H. Farquharson, Her Majesty's 42nd Highlanders, wounded severely

Captain C. W. Macdonald, Her Majesty's 93rd Highlanders, killed, previously slightly wounded

Lieutenant C. W. Sergison, Her Majesty's 93rd Highlanders, killed

Lieutenant R. V. S. Grimstone, Her Majesty's 93rd Highlanders, wounded slightly

Ensign C. Hastie, Her Majesty's 93rd Highlanders, wounded slightly

Major A. T. Wilde, 4th Punjab Rifles, wounded dangerously
Captain J. Hood, 4th Punjab Rifles, wounded dangerously
Lieutenant A. M'L. Stewart, 4th Punjab Rifles, wounded slightly
Lieutenant O. L. Smith, 4th Punjab Rifles, wounded severely

3rd Infantry Division.

Captain H. T. Macpherson, 5th Infantry Brigade Staff, wounded severely
Captain G. P. Prevost, Her Majesty's 23rd Fusiliers, wounded slightly
Lieutenant G. W. H. Bussell, Her Majesty's 23rd Fusiliers, wounded severely
Lieutenant A. L. Tobin, Her Majesty's 23rd Fusiliers, wounded severely
Captain G. M. Miller, Her Majesty's 79th Highlanders, wounded severely
Ensign G. G. Thain, Honourable East India Company's Service attached, Her Majesty's 79th Highlanders, wounded slightly
Captain F. O. Salusbury, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, wounded slightly
Captain E. St. George, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, wounded dangerously
Lieutenant N. Ellis, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, wounded slightly

6th Infantry Brigade.

Captain W. F. Thynne, 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade, killed
Ensign L. E. Cooper, 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade, wounded dangerously, since dead
Ensign J. A. Drake (H.E.I.C. Service attached), doing duty 3rd Battallion Rifle Brigade, wounded slightly

Lieutenant A. J. Anderson (38th N.I.), 2nd Punjab Infantry, killed
Lieutenant P. W. Poulett, 2nd Punjab Infantry wounded severely

4th Infantry Division.

Lieutenant J. Wall, Deputy Assistant Quarter-master-General, Divisional Staff, killed
Lieutenant S. Chalmers (53rd Native Infantry Sub-Assistant Commissary-General) Divisional Staff, wounded severely
Lieutenant Ogilvie (Madras Sappers and Miners) Divisional Staff, wounded slightly

7th Infantry Brigade.

Captain J. Cator, Her Majesty's 10th Foot wounded severely
Major W. Radcliffe, Her Majesty's 20th Regiment, wounded severely
Captain A. R. Warren, Her Majesty's 20th Regiment, wounded slightly
Lieutenant-Colonel T. O. W. Ingram, Her Majesty's 97th Regiment, killed

ABSTRACT.

19 Officers killed or died of wounds.
48 Officers wounded.

Total 67

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

FROM THE

SECOND SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 4, 1858.

India Board, May 6, 1858.

THE following papers have been received at the East India House:

No. 1.

The President of the Council of India in Council to the Court of Directors of the East India Company.

Fort William, Foreign Department, February 8, 1858.

No. 7.

IN continuation of the letter to your address from this Department, No. 3, dated 23rd ultimo, we have the honour to transmit herewith additional lists of persons killed or wounded by the rebels, as noted in the margin.*

* From Officiating Agent, Central India, dated December 3, 1857. From Officiating Secretary, North-Western Provinces, dated December 26, 1857, No. 865. From Officiating Agent, Rajpootana, dated December 29, 1857. From Secretary, Central Provinces, dated January 20, 1858. From Secretary, Government of Bengal, dated January 29, 1858. From Officiating Secretary, Punjab, dated January 19, 1858.

No. 2.

Captain W. R. Shakespear, Officiating 1st Assistant, Governor-General for Central India, to G. F. Edmonstone, Esq., Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department.

Indore Residency, Camp, Mhow, December, 3, 1857.

SIR, No. 273.

I AM directed by the officiating Agent, Governor-General for Central India, to acknowledge the receipt of your circular letter, No. 4372, dated 3rd ultimo, and to forward for submission to the Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council, a return of Europeans and their families who fell victims to the mutineers during the outbreak at Gwalior, Indore, and Mhow, prepared according to the prescribed form.

2. A more complete statement of Europeans killed and wounded by the hands of rebels, will be furnished in the course of a short time, or as soon as particulars are received on the subject from other military stations subordinate to this agency.

I have, &c.,

W. R. SHAKESPEAR, Officiating 1st Assistant Agent, Governor-General.

3.

LIST of Europeans who fell Victims to the Mutineers during the Outbreak at Gwalior, Indore, and Mhow.

Killed by the Moorar Mutineers, at Moorar Cantonment, June 14 and 15, 1857.

Major Blake, Commanding 2nd Regiment, Gwalior Contingent.

Major Sherif, 4th Regiment, Gwalior Contingent.
Captain Hawkins and two of his children, 1st Company Artillery, Gwalior Contingent.
Captain Stewart, Commanding 2nd Company Artillery, Gwalior Contingent.
Mrs. Stewart and one child.
Lieutenant Proctor, Adjutant, 4th Regiment, Gwalior Contingent.
Doctor K. W. Kircke, Superintending Surgeon, Gwalior Contingent.
Mr. Coopland, Chaplain.
Serjeant-Major Twitchen, Serjeant-Major, 4th Regiment, Gwalior Contingent.
Mr. Pike, Serjeant-Major, 2nd Regiment, Gwalior Contingent.
Mrs. Pike, wife of the above.
Mr. Webb, Quarter-Master Serjeant, 4th Regiment, Gwalior Contingent.
Drummer Collins, Veteran Establishment.
Gunner Hill, Veteran Establishment.
Mr. Cronan, Park Serjeant, Gwalior Magazine.
Mr. Kelly, Staff Serjeant, No. 1 Company Artillery, Gwalior Contingent.
Mrs. Burrows, wife of the late Mr. A. Burrows, of the Ordnance Department.
Mrs. Quick, wife of Serjeant Quick, at the Chumbul River, June 14 and 15, 1857, died on her way to Agra from fatigue and exposure.

Killed by the Indore Mutineers, Indore, July 1, 1857.

Mr. Avery, Superintending Telegraph Office.
Mrs. Avery, wife of the above.
Mr. Bone, Inspector, Telegraph Department.
Mrs. Bone, wife of the above.
Mr. Butler, Assistant in charge of Telegraph Department.
Mrs. Butler and child.
Mr. Brooks, Telegraph Department.

Mr. McBeth, Veteran Establishment.
Mrs. McBeth and five children
Mr. Murray, Clerk in the Opium Department.
Mrs. Moran.
Mrs. Beauvais.
Mrs. Crawley and child.
Mr. W. W. Norris, Clerk in Residency Office.
Mrs. Norris, wife of the above.
Mr. Macmahon. Civil Engineer.
Mr. Alphonso, Band Master.
Mr. Payne.
Colonel J. Platt, Commanding 23rd N.I., Mhow, killed by the Mhow mutineers.
Major A. Harris, Commanding 1st Battalion Light Cavalry, Mhow, killed by the Mhow mutineers.
Captain J. Fagan, Adjutant, 23rd N.I., Mhow, killed by the Mhow mutineers.
Lieutenant G. Mills, United Malwa Contingent, Mehidpore, November 8, killed by Welaytie and Mukranee insurgents.
Dr. Carey, United Malwa Contingent, Mehidpore, November 8, killed by Welaytie and Mukranee insurgents.
Serjeant-Major Manson, United Malwa Contingent, Mehidpore, November 8, killed by Welaytie and Mukranee insurgents.
Serjeant-Major O'Connor, United Malwa Contsngent, Mehidpore, November 8, killed by Welaytie and Mukranee insurgents.

W. R. SHAKESPEAR, Officiating 1st Assistant Agent, Governor-General, Central India.

Indore Residency, Camp, Mhow,
December 3, 1857.

No. 4.

C. B. Thornhill, Esq., Officiating Secretary to Government, North-Western Provinces, to G. F. Edmonstone, Esq., Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department.

No. 865. *Fort Agra, December* 26, 1857.

SIR,

IN continuation of my letter,* No. 566, dated 23rd ultimo, I am directed to forward herewith six copies of a printed list of the officers and servants of Government, and other Christians, who have been killed, or have died, from 10th May, 1857, to 13th December, 1857.

2. The list has been corrected as far as the information in possession of this Government extends, but the continued absence of information regarding those who have been preserved in Rohilcund and Oude renders it still only an approximation to the truth.

I have, &c.

C. B. THORNHILL,
Officiating Secretary to Government,
N.W. Provinces.

LIST of Officers of Her Majesty's and the East India Company's Service, and others, who have been Killed, also those who have Died since the 10*th May*, 1857, *serving on the Bengal Establishment, as far as known in Agra up to December* 15, 1857.

List of Killed and Missing of the Officers in Her Majesty's Service, also of those who have died since May, 1857.

General Anson, died at Kurnaul, of cholera.

* Not received.

General Barnard, died before Delhi, of cholera.
Major-Gen. Sir H. Havelock, died at Alumbagh.

6th Dragoon Guards.

Captain G. Wardlaw, killed at Gungaree.
Lieut. Hudson, do.
Lieut. C. P. Rosser, killed at Delhi.
Lieut. S. Vyse, died of wounds.
Lieut. Wheatcroft, killed at Lucknow.
Lieut. C. J. H. Ellis, died of cholera.
Assistant-Surgeon S. Moore, killed at battle o
Hindun.

9th Lancers.

Lieut.-Colonel R. I. Pratt, died at sea.
Major R. A. Yule, killed at Delhi.
Captain L. Freneh, killed at Agra.

8th Regiment Foot.

Lieut. W. W. Pogson, killed at Delhi.
Lieut. T. B. Grierson, died at Umballa.
Lieut. W. R. Webb, killed at Delhi.
Lieut. Vincent, killed at Cawnpore.
Ensign W. H. Mountsteven, killed.

10th Regiment Foot.

Captain C. Dunbar, killed at Arrah.
Ensign H. J. Erskine, do.

24th Regiment Foot.

Captain F. Spring, killed at Jhelum.
Captain T. M. Greensill, killed before Delhi.

27th Regiment Foot.

Lieut.-Colonel H. D'A. Kyle, died at Simla.

29th Regiment Foot.

Captain S. Fisher, Commanding 15th Irregula
Cavalry, killed at Fyzabad, Oude.
Captain J. E. Duncan, died at Calcutta.

32nd Regiment Foot.

Lieut.-Colonel W. Casey, killed at Lucknow.
Captain J. Moore, killed at Cawnpore.
Lieut. F. Wainwright, do.
Ensign E. C. Hill, do.

52nd Regiment Foot.

Lieut. Bradshaw, killed at Delhi.

53rd Regiment Foot.

Lieut.-Colonel T. S. Powell, C.B.

Her Majesty's 1st Battalion 60th Rifles.

Captain F. Andrew, killed at Ghazeeoodeen Nugger.
Lieut. Napier, died of wounds at Meerut.
Lieut. Conyers, died at Allahabad.

61st Regiment Foot.

Captain R. Hunt, died at Kussowlie.
Captain W. A. Dely, died at Landour.
Lieut. T. Gabbitt, killed at Delhi.
Lieut. Pattown, died at Simla.

75th Regiment Foot.

Colonel R. D. Halifax, died from exposure.
Captain Knox, killed at Delhi.
Captain A. Chancellor, do.
Lieut. A. Harrison.
Lieut. C. R. Rivers, died of cholera.
Lieut. J. R. S. Fitzgerald, killed at Delhi.
Lieut. E. V. Briscoe, do.
Lieut. G. C. N. Faithfull, do.
Ensign W. Crozier.
Surgeon J. Coglan, died of cholera.

84th Regiment Foot.

Captain E. Currie, died of wounds.
Lieut. F. G. E. Saunders, killed at Cawnpore.

90th Regiment Foot.

Colonel R. R. Campbell, killed at Lucknow.

93rd Highlanders.

Captain Dalzell, killed at Lucknow.

Royal Artillery.

Captain Headly, killed at Lucknow.

Naval Brigade.

Midshipman Mr. A. Daniel.

List of Killed and Missing Officers of the Honourable East India Company's Service, also of those who have Died since May, 1857.

Artillery.

Colonel C. G. Dixon, died at Ajmere.
Colonel Sir H. M. Lawrence, K.C.B., killed at Lucknow.
Colonel F. Brind, killed at Sealkote.
Colonel J. L. Mowat, died of cholera, near Delhi.
Colonel F. K. Bazeley, killed at Lucknow.
Major A. Robertson, Gun Carriage Agent, died of wounds at Futtehgurh.
Major G. Larkins, killed at Cawnpore.
Major G. L. Cooper, killed at Lucknow.
Major V. Mackenzie, died of wounds.
Captain A. W. Hawkins, killed at Gwalior.
Captain J. Mill, drowned in the "Ghogra," Oude.
Captain E. A. C. D'Oyly, killed at Agra.
Lieut. W. Stewart, killed at Gwalior.
Lieut. C. Dempster, killed at Cawnpore.
Lieut. G. D. Willoughby, supposed to be murdered by villagers while escaping from Delhi.
Lieut. H. G. Perkins, killed at the Hindun.
Lieut. F. H. Turnbull, killed at Jhansie.

Lieut. St. G. Ashe, killed at Cawnpore.
Lieut. J. H. Lamb, died of wounds at Agra.
Lieut. E. H. Hildebrand, killed before Delhi.
2nd Lieut. S. E. Townsend, killed at Nowgong.
2nd Lieut. J. N. Martin, killed at Cawnpore.
2nd Lieut. G. W. M. Sotheby, do.
2nd Lieut. J. H. Knox, died at Meerut.
2nd Lieut. T. E. Dickins, killed at Delhi.
2nd Lieut. J. A. H. Eckford, killed at Cawnpore.
2nd Lieut. W. Clephane, died at Umritsur.
2nd Lieut. W. T. Somerville, died before Delhi.

Engineers.

Captain E. Fraser, killed at Meerut.
Captain P. F. S. Salkeld, died of wounds before Delhi.
Captain F. Whiting, killed at Cawnpore.
Lieut. K. Home, killed by explosion at Allyghur.
Lieut. C. D. Innes, killed at Allahabad.
Lieut. J. R. Monckton, killed at Futtehghur.
Lieut. S. C. Jervis, killed at Cawnpore.
Lieut. E. Walker, died at Delhi of cholera.
2nd Lieut. E. Jones, died of wounds before Delhi.
2nd Lieut. F. L. Tandy, killed at Delhi.
Ensign H. Rigby, died of cholera before Delhi.

Sappers and Miners.

Conductor R. Vernal, died of cholera before Delhi.
Overseer C. Hardy, do.
Overseeer J. Fullerton, do.
Overseer W. McGilvray, (Artillery), do.
Overseer H. Cryan, do do.

CAVALRY.

1*st Regiment*—Mutinied at Mhow.

Major A. Harris, killed at Mhow.
Captain Stewart Beatson, died at Cawnpore.

2nd Regiment—Mutinied at Cawnpore.

Major E. Vibart, killed at Cawnpore.
Captain E. J. Seppings, do.
Captain R. N. Jenkins, do.
Lieut. R. O. Quin, do.
Lieut. C. W. Quin, do.
Lieut. J. H. Harrison, do.
Lieut. W. J. Manderson, do.
Lieut. F. S. M. Wren, do.
Lieut. M. G. Daniell, do.
Lieut. M. Balfour, do.
Riding Master D. Walsh, do.
Veterinary Surgeon E. G. Chalwin, do.

3rd Regiment—Mutinied at Meerut.

Lieut. C. J. E. McNabb, killed at Meerut.
Veterinary Surgeon J. Phillips, do.
Veterinary Surgeon C. J. Dawson.

4th Regiment—Disarmed at Umballa.

Lieut.-Col. T. Quin, died at Simla.
Lieut. C. J. Hunt, killed at Mehidpore.
Veterinary Surgeon Jeffery, died at Umballa.

6th Regiment—Part Mutinied at Jullunder.

Captain A. Mactier, died at Jullunder.
Lieut. F. G. Willock, died before Delhi.

7th Regiment—Mutinied at Lucknow.

Cornet W. C. R. Raleigh, killed at Lucknow.

8th Regiment—Disarmed at Lahore.

Lieut.-Col. T. F. Tucker, missing at Futtehghur

9th Regiment—Wing Mutinied, annihilated.

None of the officers killed.

10*th Regiment*—Disarmed and Mutinied.

Veterinary Surg. V. Nelson, killed at Ferozepore.

EUROPEAN INFANTRY.

1*st Regiment.*

Major J. Pond, died.
Major G. O. Jacob, killed at Delhi.
Captain Howell, died of cholera at Delhi.
Lieut. W. J. D. Cairns, died at Delhi.

2*nd Regiment.*

2nd Lieut. S. Jackson, killed at Delhi.
2nd Lieut. D. Sheriff, do.

3*rd Regiment*—Agra Fort.

Major G. P. Thomas, died of wounds at Agra.

NATIVE INFANTRY.

1*st Regiment*—Mutinied at Cawnpore.

Colonel Ewart, killed at Cawnpore.
Captain Athill Turner, do.
Captain F. Elms, do.
Lieut. H. S. Smith, do.
Lieut. R. M. Satchwell, do.
Lieut. G. R. Wheeler, do.
Lieut. F. Redman, do.
Ensign J. C. Supple, do.
Ensign C. Lindsay, do.

2*nd Regiment*—Disarmed at Barrackpore.

Captain A. C. Lister, died.

3*rd Regiment*—Mutinied at Phillour.

Lieutenant J. Yorke, killed.
Lieutenant R. W. Alexander, killed.

6*th Regiment*—Mutinied at Allahabad.

Captain J. Plunket, killed at Allahabad.
Lieut. R. Stewart, do.
Lieut. G. H. Hawes, do.
Ensign G. L. Munro, do.
Ensign G. S. Pringle, do.

7*th Regiment*—Mutinied at Dinapore.

Lieut. F. B. Boyd, died at Dunhoosa.

8*th Regiment*—Mutinied at Dinapore.

Captain C. F. Simpson, killed by accident, Delhi.
Lieut. G. H. Griffiths, died at Fort Mitchnie.

9*th Regiment*—Mutinied at Allyghur and Mynpoorie.

Lieut. S. Ross, died of cholera before Delhi

10*th Regiment*—Mutinied at Futtehghur.

Lieut.-Colonel G. A. Smith, missing.
Major W. Lindsay, killed at Cawnpore.
Captain R. Munro, missing.
Captain J. Phillott, do.
Captain F. D. O. Bignell, do.
Captain W. T. Phillimore, do.
Captain W. Law, killed at Delhi.
Lieut. H. J. Fitzgerald, missing.
Lieut. J. R. Simpson, do.
Lieut. C. W. Swetenham, do.
Ensign D. Henderson, do.
Ensign R. Eckford, do.
Ensign R. S. Byrne, do.

11*th Regiment*—Mutinied at Meerut.

Lieut.-Colonel J. Finnis, killed at Meerut.

12*th Regiment*—Mutinied, Nowgong and Jhansi.

Major Kirke, died from exposure.
Captain J. Dunlop.

Lieut. J. H. Ewart, killed at Cawnpore.
Ensign S. B. Taylor.
Lieut. J. H. Barber.

13*th Regiment*—Mutinied at Lucknow.

Lieut. E. W. Barwell, killed at Hansi.

14*th Regiment*—Jhelum (totally destroyed).

Lieut. H. Smith, died at Jhelum.
Lieut. C. Battine, killed at Cawnpore.

15*th Regiment*—Mutinied at Nusseerabad.

Lieut. J. Campbell, killed at Nusseerabad.

16*th Regiment*—Disarmed at Lahore.

Lieut. F. C. Angelo, D. P. W., killed at Cawnpore.
Ensign Marsh, killed in action near Allyghur.

17*th Regiment*—Mutinied at Azimghur.

Lieut.-Colonel R. McNair, died.
Lieut. P. Hutchinson, killed.
Lieut. R. P. Homfray, died from accident, Delhi.

18*th Regiment*—Mutinied at Bareilly.

Major H. E. Pearson, missing.
Captain Richardson, do.
Captain Hathorn, do.
Lieut. Stewart, do.
Ensign Dyson, do.

19*th Regiment*—Disbanded at Barrackpore.

Lieut. Sir N. Leslie, Bart., killed in Sonthal district.

20*th Regiment*—Mutinied at Meerut.

Captain J. H. Taylor, killed at Meerut.
Captain D. McDonald, do.
Lieut. D. Henderson, do.
Lieut. W. Pattle, do.

Lieut. C. D. Barbor, killed near Allyghur.
Lieut. M. A. Humphreys, killed before Delhi.

21st Regiment.

Lieut. F. W. Brodie, killed at Mehidpore.

22nd Regiment—Mutinied at Fyzabad, Oude.

Lieut. Bright, killed near Fyzabad.
Lieut. A. F. English.
Lieut. T. E. Lindesay.
Lieut. W. H. Thomas.
Lieut. G. L. Cautley.
Lieut. J. W. S. Anderson.
Lieut. T. L. Ritchie.

23rd Regiment—Mutinied at Mhow.

Lieut.-Colonel J. Platt, killed at Mhow.
Major and Bt. Colonel C. Chester, killed at Delhi.
Captain Warden, died.
Lieut. J. Fagan, killed at Mhow.
Lieut. Hilliard, killed at Hissar.

25th Regiment—Mutinied at Dinapore.

Major A. C. G. Sutherland, died at Akyab.
Captain C. G. Brodie, killed at Mehidpore.

26th Regiment—Lahore (totally destroyed).

Major B. Evans, died.
Major Spencer, killed.
Lieut. Davidson, killed at Delhi.

27th Regiment—Peshawur, disarmed.

Captain G. T. Gowan, killed in Oude.
Lieutenant G. W. Fraser, missing.

28th Regiment—Mutinied at Shajehanpore.

Captain Guise, killed at Benares.
Captain James, killed at Shajehanpore.
Captain H. W. T. Sneyd, do.

Captain C. Lysaght, killed near Mohumdee on the road to Seetapore.
Captain M. Salmon, do.
Lieut. A. Key, do.
Lieut. C. A. Robertson, do.
Lieut. C. F. Scott, do.
Lieut. W. W. Pitt, do.
Lieut. G. W. Rutherford, do.
Ensign Spens, and 3 other Ensigns, do.

30*th Regiment*—Mutinied at Nusseerabad.

Captain J. T. Lumsden, killed at Lucknow.

31*st Regiment*—Saugor, Staunch and doing good service, having fought and beaten the mutineers, 42nd Regiment and Irregular Cavalry, out of Saugor.

Colonel A. Jack, C. B., killed at Cawnpore.
Captain T. C. Birch, killed at Allahabad.
Ensign U. G. P. Spens, blown up by accident in Bundlekund.

32*nd Regiment*—Sonthal District.

Captain the Honourable E. P. Hastings, died at Shahabad.
Captain C. R. G. Douglas, killed in Delhi.
Lieutenant E. J. Travers, killed before Delhi.

33*rd Regiment*—Disarmed at Hosheyarpore.

Lieut. J. Brown, killed before Delhi.

35*th Regiment*—Disarmed at Sealkote.

Major Moorhouse, died at Allahabad.
Captain G. A. Crommelin, died at sea.

36*th Regiment*—Mutinied at Jullundur.

Lieut. Bagshaw, died of wounds at Jullundur.
Ensign W. R. Waudy, died at Delhi.

38*th Regiment*—Mutinied at Delhi.

Lieut.-Colonel P. Goldney, missing at Fyzabad.
Major Hollings, died at Landour.
Captain H. C. Gardner, died at Kussowlie.
Captain Gibbins, killed at Fyzabad, Oude.
Lieut. A. J. Anderson, died in Europe.

39*th Regiment*—Disarmed at Jhelum.

Lieutenant A. Proctor, killed in Gwalior.

40*th Regiment*—Mutinied at Dinapore.

Major C. E. Burton, killed at Kotah.
Lieutenant E. J. Wild, killed.

41*st Regiment*—Mutinied at Seetapore, Oude.

Colonel Sibbald, killed at Bareilly.
Major F. W. Birch, killed at Seetapore.
Captain W. Williamson, killed at Cawnpore.
Lieutenant Smalley, killed at Seetapore.

42*nd Regiment*—Mutinied at Saugor.

Lieut.-Colonel T. Dalyell, killed.
Lieut. A. W. Murray, killed at Delhi.

44*th Regiment*—Disarmed at Agra.

General Skardon, died.
Major G. M. Prendergast, died at Agra.
Lieut. J. Smith, killed at Mozuffurnuggur.

45*th Regiment*—Mutinied at Ferozepore.

Lieut. Trotter, died at Mussouri.
Ensign L. Wavell, died of coup de soleil.

46*th Regiment*—Disarmed at Sealkote.

(Totally destroyed.)

Colonel Goldie, Military Auditor-General, missing at Futtehghur.

Captain W. L. M. Bishop, killed.
Captain J. E. Sharpe, died.

48th Regiment—Mutinied at Lucknow.

Major-General Sir H. M. Wheeler, killed at Cawnpore.
Lieut. G. I. Bax, killed at Seetapore.

51st Regiment—Disarmed and mutinied at Peshawur.

Lieut.-Colonel D. Ross, died, Punjab.
Lieut. J. C. Cooper, died, Peshawur.
Lieut. A. B. Bowie, died.

52nd Regiment—Mutinied at Jubbulpore.

Lieut.-Colonel Wiggins, killed at Cawnpore.
Captain F. M. H. Burlton, died of cholera at Agra Fort.
Lieut. F. A. R. Macgregor, killed near Jubbulpore.

53rd Regiment—Mutinied at Cawnpore.

Major W. Hillersdon, killed at Cawnpore.
Captain J. H. Reynolds, do.
Captain H. Belson, do.
Lieut. Jellicoe, do.
Lieut. Armstrong, do.
Lieut. Master, do.
Lieut. Bridges, do.
Lieut. W. Prole, do.
Ensign A. Dowson, do.
Ensign Forman, do.

54th Regiment—Mutinied at Delhi.

Lieut.-Colonel J. P. Ripley, killed.
Major Blake, killed at Gwalior.
Captain C. W. Russell, killed before Delhi.
Captain R. M. Smith, killed in Delhi.
Captain C. Burrowes, do.

Lieut. C. J. Butler, do.
Lieut. E. A. Edwards, do.
Lieut. W. Waterfield, do.
Ensign C. B. Wheatly, killed before Delhi.
Ensign A. Angelo, do. between Delhi and Meerut.

55*th Regiment*—Nowshera.

(The men of this corps have been totally destroyed.)

Lieut.-Colonel H. Spottiswoode, died.
Captain G. G. McBarnett, killed at Delhi.

56*th Regiment*—Mutinied at Cawnpore.

Lieut.-Colonel S. Williams, killed at Cawnpore.
Major W. R. Prout, do.
Captain W. Halliday, do.
Captain J. Delamain, killed before Delhi.
Captain G. Kempland, killed at Cawnpore.
Lieut. Q. Battye, killed at Delhi.
Lieut. C. R. Goad, killed at Cawnpore.
Lieut. W. A. Chalmers, do.
Lieut. H. Fagan, do.
Lieut. W. L. G. Morris, do.
Lieut. J. G. Warde, do.
Ensign J. Henderson, do.
Ensign R. Browne, do.
Ensign R. Stevens, do.

59*th Regiment*—Disarmed at Umritsur.

Major J. G. Holmes, killed at Segowlie.

60*th Regiment*—Mutinied at Umballah.

Lieut. G. A. Doyne, died at Simla.

61*st Regiment*—Mutinied at Jullundur.

Lieut. J. Powys, killed at Jhansi.
Ensign H. Durnford, killed at Jullundur.

62*nd Regiment*—Disarmed.

Captain F. C. Hayes, killed near Bhowgong.
Lieut. O. McC. Span, died in Agra Fort.

64*th Regiment*—Disarmed at Peshawur.

Major F. Knyvett, died.
Lieut. G. Snell, killed at Seetapore, Oude.

65*th Regiment*—Disarmed at Ghazeepore.

Colonel R. W. Wilson, died in Europe.
Brevet-Major Shirreff, killed at Gwalior.
Lieut. E. Speke, killed at Delhi.

67*th Regiment*—Disarmed at Agra.

Lieut.-Colonel Cotton, died at Dehra.
Lieut. P. H. Jackson, killed at Cawnpore.
Lieut. P. H. C. Burlton, killed at Muttra.

68*th Regiment*—Mutinied at Bareilly.

Captain A. Skene, killed at Jhansi.
Lieut. A. H. Alexander, killed at Allahabad.
Lieut. W. H. Lumsden, killed before Delhi.
Ensign R. G. Tucker, killed at Bareilly.

69*th Regiment*—Disarmed at Mooltan.

Major W. S. Menteath, died.

71*st Regiment*—Mutinied at Lucknow.

Lieut. A. P. Grant, killed at Lucknow.

72*nd Regiment*—Mutinied at Neemuch.

Brigadier J. Handscomb, killed at Lucknow.
Lieut. R. O. Dowda, killed at Augur.

73*rd Regiment.*

Ensign P. S. Codd, 73rd Regiment Native Infantry.

74*th Regiment*—Mutinied at Delhi.

Major Sir G. Parker, Bart., killed at Cawnpore.
Captain C. Gordon, killed in Delhi.
Captain F. Burgess, killed in Jhansi.
Captain J. W. B. Blagrave, died at Saugor.
Lieut. M. Reveley, killed in Delhi.
Lieut. J. D. Smith, do.
Lieut. the Hon. H. Addington, killed in escaping from Delhi to Meerut.
Lieut. H. Hyslop, do.

Ensigns not joined.

Ensign Marshall D. Smith, killed at Allahabad on his way up the country to join his corps.
Ensign T. L. Bailiff, do.
Ensign A. S. Scott, do.
Ensign A. M. Cheek, do.
Ensign Beaumont, do.
Ensign E. M. Smith, do.
Ensign C. G. Way, do.

Unattached.

Lieut. P. Mara, killed at Jounpore.
Lieut. E. A. Powis, died from exposure, Buxar.

Officers belonging to the Madras and Bombay Armies.

General Neill, 1st Madras Fusiliers, killed at Lucknow.
Colonel Penny, Bombay Lancers, killed at Nusseerabad.
Captain Spottiswoode, do.
Cornet Newbury.
Captain Gordon, Madras Army, killed at Jhansi.
Major Renaud, 1st Madras Fusiliers, died of wounds.
Lieut.-Colonel Cecil, died, Agra Fort.

Pension Establishment.

Captain J. H. Ferris, died from exposure while being dragged to Gwalior.
Lieut. F. Warwick, killed at Moradabad.
Lieut. E. S. Whish, murdered at Darjeeling.

Ecclesiastical Department.

Reverend M. J. Jennings, killed at Delhi.
Reverend E. T. R. Moncrieff, killed at Cawnpore.
Reverend G. W. Coopland, killed at Gwalior.
Reverend Hubbard, killed at Delhi.
Reverend Hunter, killed at Sealkote.
Reverend W. H. Haycock, killed at Cawnpore.
Reverend F. Fisher, Futtehghur, missing.

Medical Establishment.

Senior Surgeon Spilsbury, died at Calcutta.
Senior Surgeon J. Graham, killed at Sealkote.
Surgeon Garbett, killed at Cawnpore, Officiating Superintending Surgeon.
Surgeon H. H. Bowling, missing, 28th Regiment, Shahjehanpore.
Doctor Kirke, killed in Gwalior.
Surgeon Collyer, killed in Cawnpore, 53rd Regiment, N. I.
Doctor R. Boyes, killed in Cawnpore, 2nd Light Cavalry.
Surgeon Newenham, killed in Cawnpore, 1st Regiment N. I.
Surgeon W. A. Roffe, died at Calcutta.
Doctor Hay, killed at Bareilly.
Doctor H. Graham, killed at Sealkote.
Doctor R. Allan, missing, Cawnpore.
Doctor McEgan, killed in Jhansi.
Doctor McAuley, killed in Cawnpore.
Assistant-Surgeon Bowling, killed in Cawnpore, 56th Regiment N. I.

Assistant-Surgeon R. Lyell, killed in Patna.
Assistant-Surgeon H. P. Harris, killed in Cawnpore, Officiating Civil Surgeon.
Assistant-Surgeon A. Dopping, killed at Delhi 54th N. I.
Assistant-Surgeon J. Kirke, died at Attock.
Assistant-Surg. James, killed at Augur, Gwalior
Assistant-Surgeon T. H. Woodward, died at Delhi.
Assistant-Surgeon H. T. Cavey, killed, Mehidpore.
Dr. Hansbrow, killed at Bareilly.
Dr. Mawe, died from exposure, 12th Regt., N. I.
Surgeon T. Smith, Invalided Establishment, killed at Meerut.

Civil Servants.

Honourable J. R. Colvin, Lieutenant-Governor, died at Agra.
Simon Fraser, Esq., Commissioner, killed at Delhi.
D. Robertson, Esq., Judge, Bareilly.
T. K. Lloyd, Esq., Magistrate, murdered at Humeerpore.
R. T. Tucker, Esq., Judge, Futtehpore.
G. D. Raikes, Esq., Judge, Bareilly.
R. B. Thornhill, Esq., Judge of Futtehpore, missing.
J. P. McWhirter, Esq., killed, Magistrate of Paneeput.
C. G. Hillersdon, Esq., Magistrate, Cawnpore.
J. R. Hutchinson, Esq., Magistrate, Delhi.
A. Galloway, Esq., Assistant Magistrate, Delhi.
G. J. Christian, Esq., Commissioner, Oude, missing.
J. Wedderburn, Esq., Magistrate, Hissar.
W. C. Watson, Esq., Magistrate, Allyghur, died at Agra.
M. Ricketts, Esq., Magistrate, Shahjehanpore.
J. McKillop, Esq., Magistrate, Cawnpore.

A. Johnstone, Esq., killed by a fall from his horse at Meerut.
J. G. Thomason, Esq., Deputy Commissioner, Oude, missing.
A. Block, Esq., Deputy Commissioner, Oude.
C. J. Jenkins, Esq., Assistant to Magistrate, Futtehghur, missing.
W. R. Moore, Esq., Magistrate.
D. Grant, Esq., Joint Magistrate, murdered at Humeerpore.
J. B. Thornhill, Esq., Assistant Commissioner, died at Lucknow.
A. C. Smith, Esq., Assistant, Rohilkund division.
M. C. Ommaney, Esq., killed in Oude.
H. H. Greathed, Esq., died at Delhi.
E. T. Colvin, Esq., died at Calcutta.
H. B. Thornhill, Esq., killed in Oude.
R. M. Lowis, Esq., killed in Futtehghur.
B. R. Cuppage, Esq., killed in Jaunpore.
H. E. Cockerell, Esq., killed in Bandah.
C. W. Cunliffe, Esq., killed in Oude.
G. S. Benson, Esq., killed at Lucknow.
R. H. Pomeroy, Esq., killed.
Bransby H. Cooper, died at Mymensing.

List of People killed at Meerut on the night of the 10th May, 1857.

Mrs. Captain Chambers, 11th Regiment N. I.
Mrs. Captain Macdonald, 20th Regiment N. I.
Mrs. Dawson and 2 children.
Mrs. Courtney and 3 children.
Mr. V. Tregear, Inspector of Schools.
Pensioners Mc. Kinlay and Blanco.
Corporal Mortimer, Rifles.
Corporal Edwards and Private Fitzpatrick, Rifles, and wives.
Mr. Newland, Photographer.

Riding Master Langdale's child, Cavalry.
Overseer Serjeant Law, cap manufactory, Dum Dum, and 2 children.
Overseer Serjeant Mc. Phee, Department Public Works.
Overseer Serjeant Bingley, Department Public Works.
Overseer Serjeant Grant, Department Public Works, and wife.
Overseer Serjeant Brooks, Department Public Works, and wife.
Gunner Donohoe, Horse Artillery.
Gunner Connolly, Horse Artillery.
Gunner Benson, Horse Artillery.
Gunner Cairns, Horse Artillery.

List of People belonging to the late Delhi Magazine reported to have been murdered in Delhi, on and after the 11th May, 1857.

Conductor W. G. Shaw, wife and 4 children.
Conductor J. Nolan, wife and 5 children.
Conductor J. Scully, wife and 4 children.
Sub-conductor R. N. Settle, wife and 3 children.
Sub-conductor W. Crow, wife and 2 children.
Sub-conductor G. Connor.
Mrs. E. Buckley, and 3 children.
Mr. J. Smith, head clerk.
Serjeant B. Edwards, wife and 3 children.
Serjeant P. Stewart, and 1 child.
Serjeant J. Hoylè.

List of Persons murdered in Agra on the 5th and 6th July, 1857.

Christie Leveret.
Alexander Derridon from Allyghur, his wife and 3 children.
B. A. Piaggio, clerk in the Civil Auditor's office.
J. Hawkins.

Louis Maxwell, a Government Pensioner.
Zacharias Parsick, clerk in the Secretariat, and his mother.
John Anthony, clerk in the Secretariat.
J. Lamborne and his daughter.
H. Hare and his son, Government clerks.
J. Danselme, junr.
Mrs. Nowlan.
Mrs. Mathias, burnt to death.
C. R. Thornton, Assistant Patrol.
Major John Jacob, late of Scindiah's service.
F. C. Hubbard, Professor at the Agra College.
T. Delisle, Drummer, 9th Native Infantry.
G. Turvy, Bandmaster.
T. Allen, Pensioner.
Mr. Gray's mother-in-law.
R. Dennis, Compositor, Mofussilite Press.
Mrs. Dennis, ditto.
Thakoor, a Catechist of the Kuttra Church.
Peter, living at the Kuttra Church.
Roostum, Christian, living ditto.
Mr. Tandy, killed at Allyghur.
Mr. O'Connor, Mounted Militia, killed in action.
Mr. C. Horn, in action.
Mr. P. Horn, in action.
Mr. Carleton, in action.
Mr. R. Smith, in action.
Mons. Jourdan, in action.
Mr. Deeds, in action.
Mr. Wells, killed at Toll-gate, Mynpoorie-road.

Murdered at Bhurtpore.

Mr. A Sharpley.

Murdered at Delhi.

Mrs. McGuire, residing with Serjeant Edwards.
Mr. T. Davis, Commissioner's Office.
Mr. J. Davis, Commissioner's Office.

Miss Davis.
Mrs. Wilson and son.
Mrs. E. Ryley and 2 children.
Mrs. E. Prince.
Mrs. A. Ives.
Mr. and Mrs. Foulon (Department Public Works).
Mrs. Sheehan and two children (widow of late Riding Master Sheehan).
Mr. Hanly, wife and 4 children.
Mr. McNally.
Mrs. Colonel Foster.
Mrs. Captain Fuller.
Mrs. Hickey.
Mr. T. W. Collins (late Deputy Collector) wife and 4 children.
Mr. J. Staines and 2 children.
Mrs. E. P. Staines, son and daughter.
Mrs. A. M. Hunt and 3 children.
Mrs. Cochrane and 1 child.
Mrs. Leeson's three children.
Mrs. Thompson and 2 daughters (relict of late Rev. J. Thompson).
Mr. and Mrs. Thomas, Agent for Dawk Carriages.
Mr. McKay, Baptist Missionary.
The Rev. Father Zacharias, Catholic Priest.
Mr. J. A. Todd, Telegraph.
Mr. Bayley, Postmaster.
Mr. Dalton, P. O. Inspector.
Mr. and Mrs. George, 2 sons and a daughter.
Miss Jennings, daughter of Rev. R. M. Jennings.
Miss Clifford, staying with Rev. R. M. Jennings.
Rev. Mr. Sandys, Church Mission.
Rev. Mr. Koehe, ditto.
Mr. F. Taylor, Principal of College.
Mr. Roberts and son, College.
Mr. R. Stewart, wife and 2 children, College.
Mr. and Mrs. Beresford and 5 daughters, Bank Secretary.

Mr. H. F. B. Churcher.
Mrs. Morgan and grandchild.
Mr. Clarke.
Mr. and Mrs. Burrows and 2 children.
Mr. aud Mrs. Heatly, and child, Delhi Gazette.
Mrs. Harton.
Mr. M. Daniells, Customs.
Master H. Herdon.
Master W. H. Herdon.
Mrs. Morley and 3 children.
Mr. and Mrs. Clarke and 1 child.
Mr. Nixon, Commissioner's Office.
Miss Lumley.
Overseer Sergeant Dennis, wife and 2 children.
Mr. J. Rennell, wife and 3 children.
Mr. P. Greenway, Clerk, Commissioner's Office.
Mr. and Mrs. Corbett and child.
Mr. Edward Marshall.
Mr. McNally.
Mr. Vere, Music Master, and wife.
Mr. Montreau, Commissioner's Office.
Mr. John Wilton.
Mr. T. Jones, Collector's Office.
Mr. T. Leonard, Collector's Office.
Mr. W. Fleming, Commissioner's Office.
Mr. and Mrs. G. R. White and 4 children.
Mr. Aidwell, junr.
Infant child of Captain E. Fraser, Engineers, died from exposure on road to Kurnaul.

A list of persons murdered at Cawnpore follows, the names comprised in which have been previously published in the Gazette.

A list of the people butchered at Cawnpore on the night of the 16th July, taken from the Calcutta papers of the 20th of August, also repeats the names which have already been published.

Murdered at Bareilly—

Mr. Smith and 5 children.
Mr. Jeffreys.
Mr. Barell.
Miss Thompson.
Mr. Wyatt, Deputy Collector.
Mr. Orr, ditto.
Serjeant Hardy, wife and 5 children, missing.

Lahore—

Serjeant-Major 26th Regiment Native Infantry.

Sultanpore—

Mrs. Stroyan.
Mr. Black.

Neemuch—

Wife of Staff-Serjeant Supple and children, burn to death in boxes.

Patna—

Dr. Lyall.

Moradabad—

Mrs. Warwick.
Mrs. Kitchen and son.
Mrs. Carbery.

Benares—

Mr. Jackson.

List of persons massacred at Jhansi.

Mr. C. Purcell.
Mr. J. Purcell.
Mr. A. Scott.
Mr. G. Young.
Mr. T. Munrowd.
Mr. W. Palgreyman.

Mr. Carshore, Collector of Customs.
Mr. G. D. Davies, father and mother.
Mr. Crawford.
Mr. Fleming.
Mrs. McEgan and 3 children.
Mr. and Mrs. Mutloo.
Mrs. Carshore and 4 children.
Serjeant Newton, wife and 4 children.
Mrs. Captain Powys and baby.
Serjeant Lucas.
Mrs. Langdale.
Mrs. Smalley.
Mr. Browne.
Miss Browne.
Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Wilton and 2 children.
Two Miss Wiltons.
Mr. and Mrs. R. Andrews, and 3 children.
Mr. T. Andrews, Sudder Ameen.
Mr. and Mrs. J. Young.
Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Blyth and 3 children.
Serjeant and Mrs. Millard and 3 children.
Mr. W. Bennet.

Hansi—
Mrs. Major Milne and 2 children.
Mrs. Hallett.

Segowlie—
Mrs. Major Holmes, killed.
Mr. Scott.

Sealkote—
Mrs. Hunter and child.

Fyzabad—
Serjeant-Major Busher, 22nd Regiment.
Mr. Hurst and Mr. Fitzgerald.

Gwalior—
Serjeants-Major Twicheum and Cronin.
Quartermaster Mr. Serjeant Webb.

Mr. Collins.
Mrs. Stewart and children.

Futteyghur—
Mrs. G. Smith.
Mrs. Major Robertson and 2 children, and European maid.
Mrs. R. N. Lowis and child.
Mrs. Goldie and family.
Mrs. T. Tucker and 3 children.
Mrs. Fisher and 2 children.
Mrs. H. Collins, Sen.
Mr. P. H. Churcher.

Nusseerabad—
Mr. Paul and 6 children.

Allahabad—
Mr. Boilard and family.
Mr. Fulow.
Mrs. M. Thomas.
Mr. C. B. Jones.
Mr. F. M. P. Jones.
Mrs. Major Ryres.
Mrs. J. H. Williams.
Mr. and Mrs. Hodson, died of cholera.
Mrs. Ed. Purcer, ditto.

Seetapore—
Mrs. Captain Gowan, 27th Regiment.
Mr. Christian, wife and family.

Indore—
Mr. Murray.
Mr. and Mrs. McBeth and 7 children.
Mr. Payne.
Mr. and Mrs. Avery.
Mr. Brooke.
Mr. and Mrs. Norris.
Mr. Alphonge.
Mr. and Mrs. Bone.

Mr. and Mrs. Butler and child.
Mrs. Beauvais.
Mrs. Crawley.
Miss Crawley.
Mr. McMahon, Civil Engineer.
Mrs. Moran, wife of Overseer, D.P.W.
Mr. Butler, wife and child.
Mr. J. E. Martin, formerly of the Agra Bank, died from exposure.
Together with several Native Christians, Parsees, &c., names not known.

Kotah—
Arthur Robert Burton.
Francis Clarke Burton.

No. 6.

Brigadier-General G. St. P. Lawrence, Officiating Agent to the Governor-General for the States of Rajpootana, to G. F. Edmonstone, Esq., Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 438 A.

SIR, *Ajmere, December*, 29, 1857.

IN reply to your Circular, No. 4,372, dated 3rd of November, 1857, I have the honour to enclose the Return called for, of all Europeans, whether belonging to the East India Company's Service or not, who have been killed or wounded by the hands of rebels in Rajpootana, during the present revolt.

I have &c.,
G. ST. P. LAWRENCE, Officiating Agent to the Governor-General for the States of Rajpootana.

No. 7.

Return of all Europeans who have been Killed or Wounded in Rajpootana by the hands of Rebels.

Ajmere, December 27, 1857.

Captain H. Spottiswoode, 1st Light Cavalry, Nusseerabad, May 28, killed whilst charging the guns of the 2nd Company, 7th Battalion, Bengal Artillery, then in the possession of the mutineers.

Cornet R. W. Newberry, 1st Light Cavalry, Nusseerabad, May 28, killed whilst charging the guns of the 2nd Company, 7th Battalion, Bengal Artillery, then in the possession of the mutineers.

Private Robert Chambers, H.M.'s 83rd Regiment, Neemuch, August 12, killed when capturing mutineers of the 2nd Bombay Light Cavalry.

Captain and Pol. Agent, Jodhpoor, 74th B.N.I., Awah, September 18, killed by the mutineers of the Jodhpoor Legion, while on his way to join General Lawrence's force, in action before Awah.

Gunner Friderick Montgomery, 2nd Troop Horse Artillery, Awah, September 18, killed in action with the mutineers of the Jodhpoor Legion.

Private Thomas Young, H.M.'s 83rd Regiment, Nimbhera, September 19, killed in action at Nimbhera.

Major and Pol. Agent, Kotah, C. E. Burton, Kotah, 40th B.N.I., October 15, murdered at Kotah by the mutineers, troops of the Ras Rajah of Kotah.

Arthur Burton and Frank Burton (sons of Major Burton), Kotah, October 15, murdered at Kotah by the mutineers, troops of the Ras Rajah of Kotah.

Sub-Assistant-Surgeon M. Sadler, Kotah Agency,

Kotah, October 15, murdered at Kotah by the mutineers, troops of the Ras Rajah of Kotah.

Saviel Conteur, Native Doctor (Christian), Kotah Agency, Dispensary, Kotah, October 15, murdered at Kotah by the mutineers, troops of the Ras Rajah of Kotah.

Captain N. B. Tucker, 2nd Light Cavalry, Jeerun, October 23, killed in action at Jeerun.

Captain Samuel Read, H.M.'s 83rd Regiment, Jeerun, October 23, killed whilst leading his men in action at Jeerun.

Captain E. A. Hardy, 1st Light Cavalry, Nusseerabad, May 28, wounded whilst charging the guns of the 2nd Company, 7th Battalion, Bengal Artillery, then in possession of the mutineers.

Lieutenant and Adjutant F. A. E. Lock, 1st Light Cavalry, Nusseerabad, May 28, wounded whilst charging the guns of the 2nd Company, 7th Battalion, Bengal Artillery, then in possession of the mutineers.

Private William Maddison, H.M.'s 83rd Regiment, Neemuch, July 23, wounded at an outbreak in the Bazaar.

Private Thomas Wood, H.M.'s 83rd Regiment, Neemuch, July 23, wounded at an outbreak in the Bazaar.

Private Thomas Mason, H.M.'s 83rd Regiment, Neemuch, July 23, wounded at an outbreak in the Bazaar.

Lance-Serjeant John Clifford, H.M.'s 83rd Regiment, Neemuch, August 12, wounded when capturing mutineers, 2nd Bombay Light Cavalry.

Private Patrick Boyle, H.M.'s 83rd Regiment, Neemuch, August 12, wounded when capturing 2nd Bombay Light Cavalry.

A. J. Lawrence, B. C. S., Mount Aboo, Neemuch, August 21, wounded by the mutineers of the Jodhpoor Legion.

Private Patrick Dunn, H.M.'s 83rd Regiment, Awah, September 18, wounded in the attack on Awah.

Private Michael Sweeney, H.M 's 83rd Regiment, Awah, September 18, wounded in the attack on Awah.

Private John Thompson, H.M.'s 83rd Regiment, Awah, September 18, wounded in the attack on Awah.

Gunner James Smith, 2nd Troop Horse Artillery, Awah, September 18, wounded in action with the mutineers of the Jodhpoor Legion.

Gunner William Armstrong, 2nd Troop Horse Artillery, Awah, September 18, wounded in action with the mutineers of the Jodhpoor Legion.

H. C. Miles, Assistant-Surgeon, H.M.'s 83rd Regiment, Nimbhera, September 19, wounded in action.

Serjeant — Marshall, Bengal Horse Artillery, Nimbhera, September 19, wounded by a bullet in the head.

Serjeant — Nesbitt, 7th Gwalior Contingent, Nimbhera, September 19, wounded slightly by a bullet in the knee.

Serjeant — Lane, 7th Gwalior Contingent, Nimbhera, September 19, wounded slightly by a bullet in the thigh.

Captain M. J. Stoppitt, 12th B.N.I., Jeerun, October 23, wounded severely, left leg broken below the knee.

Captain E. H. Simpson, 2nd Light Cavalry, Jeerun, October 23, badly wounded, 2 sword cuts in the head.

Captain S. Blair, 2nd Light Cavalry, Jeerun, October 23, wounded severely with a sword cut on right arm.

Lieutenant W. E. Lesseyt, 2nd Light Cavalry,

Jeerun, October 23, wounded with a bullet in the groin.

Private William Ryan, H.M.'s 83rd Regiment, Jeerun, October 23, wounded at Jeerun.

Private William Fitzpatrick, H.M.'s 83rd Regiment, Jeerun, October 23, wounded at Jeerun.

Captain J. Lawrie, 21st B.N.I., and Line Adjutant, Jeerun, October 23, wounded in three places, sword cuts in the back and on left ear, spear wound in the chest.

Lieutenant R. Williams, 21st B.N.I., Commissary Agent, Neemuch Fort, November 9, wounded by a matchlock ball in the forehead during the siege.

Lieutenant C. H. Barnes, Bengal Horse Artillery, Neemuch Fort, November 10, severely wounded by bullets in right breast.

Ensign W. V. Davenport, 21st B.N.I., Neemuch Fort, during siege, wounded slightly.

Serjeant J. Cunningham, 2nd Light Cavalry, Neemuch Fort, November 12, bullet wound in the cheek whilst working the guns.

List of Europeans, not of the Public Service, who have been Killed or Wounded by the hands of Rebels.

Charles Burton (son of the late Major Burton, Pol. Agent, Kotah), Nimbhera, September 19, wounded in the left arm while serving as a volunteer at Nimbhera,

Wife and 3 children of Serjeant Supple, Bengal Horse Artillery, Neemuch, June 3, killed on the occasion of the mutiny of the Bengal troops.

G. St. P. LAWRENCE,
Officiating Agent to the Governor-General, Rajpootana.

No. 8.

Lieutenant-Colonel R. Strachey, Secretary to Government, Central Provinces, to G. F. Edmonstone, Esquire, Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 693.

Foreign Department, Allahabad, January 20, 1858.

SIR,

IN continuation of my letter, No. 319, of 12th instant, forwarding a list of Europeans killed in the Benares Division during the late mutinies, I am directed to forward a similar one for Allahabad.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor regrets to observe that the return for Cawnpore, though large, is still incomplete, and the Commissioner has this day been addressed for a Supplementary Statement, which will be transmitted immediately on its receipt.

I have, &c.,
R. STRACHEY,
Secretary to Government, Central Provinces.

A Nominal Roll of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, Men, Women, and Children of Her Majesty's 32nd Regiment, composing a depôt at Cawnpore, follows. The names have been published in previous lists.

No. 10.

Return of Europeans Killed and Wounded by the Rebels in the Allahabad Division, between June 6 *and* 26, 1857.

Allahabad.

Captain Plunkett, 6th N.I., shot on parade by regiment

Captain Birch, 31st N.I, Fort Adjt., shot by guard of 6th N.I., at Pophamon.

Captain Jones, Bengal Ex-Engineer, shot by guard of 6th N.I. at Pophamon

Lieutenant Stewart, 6th N.I., shot on parade by regiment.

Lieutenant Haines, 6th N.I., shot on parade by regiment.

Ensign Pringle, 6th N.I., shot on parade by regiment.

Ensign Munro, 6th N.I., shot on parade by regiment.

Lieutenant Alexander, 68th N.I., 2nd in command 3rd Oude Irregulars, shot and sabred by 6th N.I. and 3rd Oude Irregulars in charge at rebels.

Unposted Ensign Cheek, doing duty with 6th 6th N.I., murdered in mess house of regiment by mess guard

Unposted Ensign Codd,	do	do
Unposted Ensign Way,	do	do
Jnposted Ensign Beaumont,	do	do
Jnposted Ensign Bailiff	do	do
Jnposted Ensign Smith (1)	do	do
Jnposted Ensign Smith (2)	do	do
Jnposted Ensign Scott	do	do

Ir. Birbard, Merchant, murdered by rebels.

Irs. Collins, wife of Cattle Serjeant Collins, shot by Gholab Khan.

Ir. Archer, Merchant, shot by Gholab Khan.

Ir. Fulow, Merchant, shot by Golab Khan.

Irs. Thomas, Widow, murdered by rebels.

Irs. Jones's 2 children, boy and girl do

Ir. D. Costa, Pensioned Writer do

onductor Coleman, Magazine Conductor, wounded and taken prisoner from magazine-boat at Bulwa Ghat, escaped and died of his wounds in fort.

uar.-Master Serjeant Watkins, 6th N.I., shot by Sepoys.

Serjeant-Major Foley, 6th N.I., shot by Sepoys.
Julius Cosar, Pensioner, shot by Sepoys.
Mrs. Benson.
Mr. Thomas, Inspector of Railway, killed at Nowdeeha.
Mr. Smyth, Inspector of Railway, wounded in company with above.
Mr. Lancaster, in Mr. Norris's service, killed at Russia.
Mr. George.
Six drummers, 6th regiment N.I., by Sepoys whilst attempting to bury officers.
Two children of Railway Inspector Smyth, by rebels at line, at Lohundo.
Pensioner Barrett, Pensioned Serjeant, Collector of Toll Dues, killed by villagers at Byrageenullah toll-gate.

M. H. COURT, Magistrate and Collector.
Allahabad Magistracy, Nov. 23, 1857.

Futtehpoor.

Robert Tudor Tucker, Esq., Civil and Sessions Judge of Futtehpoor.
Mr. J. R. Collins and his wife (name unknown) Inspecting Postmaster of the Cawnpore Division, Hata Pergunneh Suppehjar.

W. J. PROBYN, Officiating Magistrate.

Hummeerpoor.

Mr. T. K. Loyd, Magistrate and Collector murdered by the mutineers
Mr. D. Grant, Lt. Magistrate and Deputy Collector, murdered by the mutineers.
Mr. Crawford, Head Clerk of the Hummeerpoor Collectorate, murdered by the mutineers.
Mr. Bunter, with his wife, Clerk of the Fougdaree Office, Hummeerpoor, murdered by the mutineers.

Mr. Murray, Zemindar in Zilla, Hummeerpoor, murdered by the mutineers.

Mr. J. Anderson, with his wife and four children, Pensioners of the Lower Orphan School, living with Mr. Bunter, murdered by the mutineers.

F. B. GUBBINS, Officiating Commissioner.

N.B.—This statement has been prepared from the best information available in this office, and after reference to the Bengalee Clerks of the Hummeerpoor Collectorate.

Banda.

Horace Edmond Cockerell, Lt. Magistrate of Banda, stationed at Kirwee, murdered.

St. George Benjamine, Captain in Nowab Ally Bahadoor's service, killed.

— Benjamine, wife of the above, killed.

H. A Bruce, Manager of Nowab Ally Bahadoor's villages, killed.

— Bruce, mother of the above, killed.

— Loyd, Mekletegar of Nowab Ally Bahadoor, killed.

— Loyd, daughter of Mr. Loyd. killed.

— Loyd, daughter of Mr. Lloyd, killed.

F. O. MAYNE, Lt. Magistrate and Deputy Collector.

Camp, Hunoman Gunj, Nov. 21, 1857.

Cawnpoor.

Captain F. Whiting, Ex-Engineer, 5th Division, G.C., in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat at Suthee Chowrah Ghat.

Lieutenant S. C. Jervis, Ex-Engineer, 7th Division Public Works, in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat at Suthee Chowrah Ghat.

Artillery.

Major G. Larkins, A Bat. Ft. Artillery.

Mrs. Larkins, Lady of Major Larkins, and children.
Lieutenant and Adjutant C. Dempster, 7th Bat. Foot Artillery, General Wheeler's garrison.
Mrs. Dempster, Lady of Lieutenant Dempster, and children.
Lieutenant Ashburner.
Lieutenant Eckford.
Lieutenant Ashe, in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat at Suthee Chowrah Ghat.
Second Lieutenant Burney.
Lieutenant Martin.
Lieutenant Fotherby.
Assistant-Surgeon R. W. Macauley, M.D., in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat at Suthee Chowrah Ghat.

2nd Light Cavalry.

Major E. Vibart, in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat at Suthee Chowrah Ghat
Mrs Vibart, Lady of Major Vibart, and children, in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat at Suthee Chowrah Ghat.
Captain E. J. Seppings, Acting Dep. Paymaster Cawnpoor, in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat at Suthee Chowrah Ghat.
Mrs. Seppings, Lady of Captain Seppings, and child, in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat at Suthee Chowrah Ghat.
Captain R. U. Jenkins, General Wheeler's garrison.
Lieutenant R. O. Quinn, General Wheeler's garrison.
Lieutenant C. W. Quinn, in boat off Suthee Chowrah Ghat
Lieutenant J. H. Harrison, in boat off Suthee Chowrah Ghat
Lieutenant W. J. Manderson.

Lieutenant F. S. M. Wren.
Lieutenant M. G. Daniel, in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat at Suthee Chowrah Ghat
Lieutenant Balfour, in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat at Suthee Chowrah Ghat.
Lieutenant Mainwaring, 6th Lt. Cavalry, in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat, at Suthee Chowrah Ghat.
Lieutenant Boulton, 7th Lt. Cavalry, in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat, at Suthee Chowrah Ghat.
Lieutenant Sterling, 3rd Lt. Cavalry.
Captain John Moore, in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat at Suthee Chowrah Ghat.
Mrs. Moore, Lady of Captain Moore, in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat at Suthee Chowrah Ghat.
Lieutenant Frederick Wainwright.
Mrs. and Miss Wainwright.
Lieutenant E. C. Hill.
Mrs. Hill, Lady of Lieutenant Hill.

H.M.'s 84th Regiment.

Lieutenant Saunders.

2nd Bengal Fusiliers.

Lieutenant G. J. Glanville, in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat at Suthee Chowrah Ghat.

1st Regiment N.I.

Colonel John Ewart.
Mrs. Ewart, Lady of Colonel Ewart, and child.
Captain Athill Turner, in boat at Suthee Chowrah Ghat.
Mrs. Turner, Lady of Captain Turner, died of fever from exposure to the weather.
Captain E. J. Elms.
Captain H. S. Smith, General Wheeler's garrison.

Lieutenant R. M. Satchwell, died of wounds i
boat off Suthee Chowrah Ghat.
Lieutenant Frederick Redman, in boat off Suthe
Chowrah Ghat.
Lieutenant Supple, in boat off Suthee Chowra
Ghat.
A. W. R. Newenham, Doctor, and children.
Mrs. Newenham, died of fever from exposure t
the weather.

53rd Regiment N.I.

Major W. R. Hillersdon.
Captain J. H. Reynolds.
Mrs. Reynolds, Lady of Captain Reynolds, an
child, died of fever from exposure to weather.
Captain H. Betson and children.
Mrs. Betson, Lady of Captain Betson, died o
fever from exposure to the weather.
Miss Campbell.
Miss Glasgow (Two).
Lieutenant F. G. Jellicoe, and children.
Mrs. Jellicoe, Lady of Lieutenant Jellicoe, died o
fever from exposure to the weather.
Lieutenant H. H. Armstrong.
Lieutenant O. S. Bridges.
Lieutenant G. A. Master, in Lieutenant Dela-
fosse's boat at Suthee Chowrah Ghat.
Lieutenant W. G. Role, Entrenchment.
Ensign A. Dowson.
Ensign T. W. Forman.
N. Collyer, Surgeon, died of fever from exposure
to the weather.
Mrs. Williams, Lady of Colonel Williams, died o
apoplexy from exposure to the weather.
Miss Williams died of fever from exposure to th
weather.
Miss Williams (Two).
W. R. Prout, died from exposure to the weather.
Mrs. Prout, Lady of Major Prout.

Captain W. L. Halliday and child, General Wheeler's garrison.
Mrs. Halliday, Lady of Captain Halliday, died of small pox.
Captain C. Kempland.
Mrs. Kempland, lady of Captain Kempland, and children.
Lieutenant C. R. Good, in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat at Suthee Chowrah Ghat.
Lieutenant W. Arthur Chalmers, in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat at Suthee Chowrah Ghat.
Lieutenant W. L. G. Morris.
Lieutenant H. J. Gregory Ward.
Lieutenant Henley Fagan, in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat at Suthee Chowrah Ghat.
Lieutenant Henderson, in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat at Suthee Chowrah Ghat.
Lieutenant Henderson.
Lieutenant P. H. Jackson, 67th Regiment N.I.
Mrs. Jackson, 14th Regiment, N.I.
C. Battine, in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat at Suthee Chowrah Ghat,
Major-General Sir H. M. Wheeler, K.C.B., Commanding Cawnpoor Division.
Lady Wheeler, wife of Sir H. M. Wheeler.
Two Miss Wheelers, daughters of do.
Brigadier-General A. Jack, Commanding Cawnpore Station, died of fever from exposure to the weather.
— Jack, Esq., General Wheeler's garrison.
Colonel E. Wiggins, 52nd N.I., Advocate-General, died of fever from exposure to the weather.
Mrs. Wiggins, lady of Colonel Wiggins, General Wheeler's garrison.
Major W. Lindsay, Assistant Adjutant-General, died of fever from exposure to the weather.
Mrs. Lindsay, lady of W. Lindsay, died of fever from exposure to the weather.

Captain J. Williamson, 49th Regiment, N.I., died of fever from exposure to the weather.
Mrs. Williamson, wife of Captain Williamson, and one child.
Rev. E. T. Moncrieff, Assistant Chaplain of Cawnpoor
Mrs. E. T. Moncrieff, wife of Reverend Moncrieff, and one child.
H. P. Harris, Civil Assistant-Surgeon, Cawnpoor.
Mrs. Harris, wife of Dr. Harris.
C. Garbett
Doctor Allen.
Mrs. Allen, Wife of Doctor Allen.
Sir G. Parker, Bart., 74th Regiment N.I., Canton. Joint Magistrate of Cawnpoor, General Wheeler's garrison, died from exposure to the weather.
Miss Brightman.
Doctor Bonding.
Mrs. Bonding and child
— Colvin, Esq., Veterinary Surgeon.
Mrs. Chobrin.
Miss White
Lieutenant Harris and child
Mrs. Wade, died of fever from exposure to the weather.
Mrs. G. Lindsay.
Three Miss Lindsays.
Ensign Lindsay.
Mrs. Blair.
Two Misses Blairs.
Mrs. Fraser, wife of Lieutenant G. W. Fraser 27th Regiment N.I., in Lieutenant Delafosse's boat at Suttee Chowrah Ghat.
Mrs. Evans.
Mrs. Darby and infant.
Miss Bisset
Miss Cripps.

C. G. Hillersdon, Collector and Magistrate of Cawnpoor, General Wheeler's garrison
Mrs. Hillersdon, wife of Mr. Hillersdon, and two children, died of fever from exposure to the weather.
J. R. Mackillop, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Cawnpoor.
Captain F. E. Angelo, 16th N.I., Deputy Collector of Ganges Canal, Mizapore.
— Baynes, in boat at Suttee Chowrah Ghat.
A. M. Miller, Resident Engineer, Railway Department, in boat at Suttee Chowrah Ghat.
Solewchii.
Doctor Boyes.
Mrs. Boyes, wife of Dr. Boyes.
Mr. Cox, late of the 1st Fusiliers.
— Carr, in boat at Suttee Chowrah Ghat.
— Anderson.
Mrs. Anderson, wife of Mr. Anderson.
— Cook.
— Campbell.
Rev. W. H. Haycock, Missionary.
Mrs. Haycock
Mrs. H. Christie and children, wife of Mr. H. Christie, died of fever caught from exposure to the weather.
— Christie, Merchant, General Wheeler's garrison, died of fever caught from exposure to the weather.
J. Fagan, Manager to Messrs. Begg, Christie, and Co.
— Shira.
— Sherman.
Mrs Shore.
Mrs. Gekford.

Fugitives from Futtehghur killed at Cawnpoor.

Colonel Smith; Mrs. Smith; Mrs. Goldie; Miss Mary Goldie; Miss Ellen Goldie; Mrs. Tucker,

wife of Colonel Tucker; Miss Tucker; Miss Louisa Tucker; Mr. George Tucker; Mr. Tudor Tucker; Mr. Sutherland Tucker; Mr. and Mrs. Thornhill; Mr. Charles Thornhill; Mary Thornhill; Mr. Heathcoat, Surgeon; Mrs. Heathcoat; Godfrey Heathcoat; Baby Heathcoat; Mr. Malthby, Surgeon; Mrs. Malthby, Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Lowis; Emma Lowis; Eliza Lowis; Mr. Fisher; Mr. E. M. James; Mr. Donald; Mr. Donald, jr.; Major. Munroe, 10th N.I.; Lieutenant Swetenham, 10th N.I.; Captain Vibart, 2nd Cavalry; Ensign Henderson, 10th N.I.; Mr. and Mrs. Roach and family; Mr. and Mrs. Best and family; Miss Stuart; Drummer Knowles and family; Mr. Wrixen, Band 10th N.I.; Mr. Wrixen, jr. Band 10th N.I.; Mr. Anderson; Mrs. Kohanand and children.

J. W. SHERER, Magistrate.

Zillah, Cawnpoor, Magistrate's Office,
December 31, 1857.

No. 11.

A. R. Young, Esq., Secretary to the Government of Bengal, to the Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 304.

Foreign Department, Fort William, January 29, 1858.

SIR,

IN continuation of my letter No. 2556, dated the 7th November last, I am directed by the Lieutenant-Governor to forward to yon the accompanying statement, prepared from returns furnished by the local authorities, of Europeans in the lower Provinces, who have been killed or wounded by the rebels during the present disturbances.

2. It will be observed that most of the names included in this statement have been already reported in my letter above mentioned.

I have, &c.,

A. R. YOUNG,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

No. 12.

List of Europeans Killed or Wounded by the hands of Rebels in the Lower Provinces, between July 23 and October 9.

Major J. G. Holmes, Commanding 12th Irregular Cavalry, killed, Segowlie.

Mrs. Holmes, wife of Major Holmes, killed, Segowlie.

Assistant-Surgeon H. S. Garner, 12th Irregular Cavalry, killed, Segowlie.

Mrs. Garner, wife of Dr. Garner, killed, Segowlie.

An infant child of Dr. Garner, killed, Segowlie.

Mr. E. Bennett, Deputy Provost-Marshal of Segowlie, killed, Segowlie.

Dr. R. Lyell, Principal Assistant to the Opium Agent of Behar, killed, Muchrattu, in the city of Patna.

Mr. J. Smail, Indigo Planter, wounded, near Hurdosspoor Perg Sasseeran

Mrs. Smail, wife of the above, wounded.

Messrs. Cavell and Platt, Railway and Steam Service, killed, in retreat from Arrah.

Mr. W. F. Mac Donell, Civil Service, wounded in retreat from Arrah.

Mr. J. W. Garstin, Deputy Magistrate, Buxar, wounded in retreat from Arrah.

C. D. Mangles, Civil Service, wounded in retreat from Arrah.

Lieutenant Sir N. R. Leslie, Bart., 19th Regiment, N.I., Adjutant of 5th Irregular Cavalry, killed, Rohinee.

Major J. Mc Donald, 66th Regiment N.I., commanding 5th Irregular Cavalry, wounded at Rohinee.

J. Grant, Medical Officer 5th Regiment Irregular Cavalry, wounded at Rohinee.

R. E. Ronald, Esq., Assistant Commissioner Sonthal Pergunnahs, killed at Deoghur.

Lieutenant H. C. A. Cooper, commanding Detachment 32nd Regiment N.I., killed at Deoghur.

Assistant-Surgeon T. Moore, M.D , appointed to the Medical Charge of a wing of the 40th N.I., at Sumbulpore, killed at Jogeemarah, near Sumbulpore.

THOS. JONES,
Registrar, Bengal Secretariat.

No. 13.

Lieutenant E. H. Paske, Officiating Secretary to Chief Commissioner for the Punjab, to G. F. Edmonstone, Esq., Secretary to Government of India, Foreign Department, Fort William.

No. 29.

SIR, *Lahore, January* 18, 1858.

IN reply to your circular, No. 4372, of the 3rd November last, I am directed by the Chief Commissioner to submit for transmission to the Honourable Court of Directors, a Return of those who have been killed and wounded in the Punjab territories, by the hands of rebels during the late insurrection. Lists of the casualties in the Delhi and Hissar Districts, temporily attached to the Punjab, are included in this return.

2. This return has been rendered as complete as the data available would admit of.

I have, &c.,
EDWARD PASKE,
Officiating Secretary to Chief Commissioner.

No. 14.

List of Europeans Killed by the hands of Rebels, as per Return furnished by the Magistrate of Delhi, between May 11 and October 24, 1857.

Mr. S. Fraser, Commissioner, Palace, Delhi.
Captain C. R. G. Douglas, Commandant, Palace Guard, Palace, Delhi.
Reverend M. J. Jennings, Chaplain, Palace, Delhi.
Miss Jennings, Palace, Delhi.
Miss Clifford, Palace, Delhi.
Mr. Hutchinson, Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Delhi.
Mr. A. Galloway, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Kutcherry.
Rev. A. Hubbard, Missionary, Mission School, Delhi.
Mr. L. Sandys, Head Master Delhi Mission School, Mission School, Delhi.
Mr. L. Cock, 2nd Master Delhi Mission School, Mission School, Delhi.
Mr. F. Taylor, Principal Delhi College, Delhi.
Mr. E. Roberts, Head Master Delhi College, Palace, Delhi.
Mr. R. Stewart, 2nd Master Delhi College, Magazine, Delhi.
Master C. Roberts, Palace, Delhi.
Mrs. S. S. Stewart, Palace, Delhi.
Miss T. Stewart, Palace, Delhi.
Miss E. Stewart, Palace, Delhi.
Master Stewart, Palace, Delhi.
Mr. Heatly, Editor Delhi Gazette, Delhi.

Mrs. Heatly.
Miss Heatly.
Mr. R. Nixon, Head Clerk, Commissioner's Office, Palace, Delhi.
Mr. J. Mc Nally, 2nd Clerk, Commissioner's Office, Delhi.
Mr. F. Davies, 3rd Clerk, Commissioner's Office, Bullock shed, Delhi.
Mr. Montreaux, 5th Clerk, Commissioner's Office, Delhi.
Mr. W. Fleming, 6th Clerk, Commissioner's Office, Delhi.
Mr. T. Davies, Head Clerk, Agency Office, Bullock shed, Delhi.
Mr. J. B. Hanley, 2nd Clerk, Agency Office, Bullock shed, Delhi.
Mrs. Wilson, Bullock shed, Delhi.
Master E. Wilson, Bullock shed, Delhi.
Miss J. Davies, Bullock shed, Delhi.
Mrs. Hanly, Bullock shed, Delhi.
Master J. Hanly, Bullock shed, Delhi.
Master Hanly, Bullock shed, Delhi.
Miss F. Hanly, Bullock shed, Delhi.
Miss Hanly, Bullock shed, Delhi.
Mr. G. Beresford, Manager, Delhi Bank, Bank, Delhi.
Mrs. Beresford, Bank, Delhi.
3 Misses Beresford, Bank, Delhi.
2 Misses Beresford, Palace, Delhi.
Mr. H. Churcher, Sub-Deputy Manager, Delhi Bank, Bank, Delhi.
Mr. Dalton, Inspector, Post Offices, Jullunder, Delhi Bank, Dak Bungalow.
Mr. C. Bayley, Deputy Postmaster, Post-Office.
Mr. C. Todd, Head Assistant Telegraph Department, Bridge of Boats.
Captain Willoughby, Commissary of Ordnance, Hindun

Mr. Shaw Conductor, Ordnance Department, Delhi.
Mrs. Shaw, Palace, Delhi.
Miss Shaw, Palace, Delhi.
Master Shaw, Palace, Delhi.
Mrs. Glynn, Palace, Delhi.
Mr. Nolan, Conductor, Ordnance Department, Durriagunge.
Mrs. Nolan, Bullock shed.
5 Masters and Miss Nolan, Bullock shed.
Mr. Settle, Conductor of Ordnance, Bullock shed.
Mrs. Settle, Bullock shed.
Miss Settle, Bullock shed.
Mr. Scully, Conductor of Ordnance, Magazine, Delhi.
Mrs. Scully, Palace, Delhi.
3 Misses Scully, Palace, Delhi.
Master Scully, Palace, Delhi.
Mr. Crow, Sub-Conductor of Ordnance, Palace, Delhi.
Mrs. Crow, Bullock shed.
2 Misses Crow.
Mr. Edwardes, Serjeant, Ordnance Department, Magazine, Delhi.
Mrs. Edwardes, Palace, Delhi.
Miss Edwardes, Palace, Delhi.
2 Master Edwardes, Palace, Delhi.
Mr. Conner, Serjeant, Ordnance Department, Bullock shed.
Mr. Stewart, Serjeant, Ordnance Department, Bullock shed.
1 child of the above, Bullock shed.
Mr. Hoyle, Serjeant, Ordnance Department, Delhi.
Mrs. Buckley, Bullock shed.
Master Buckley, Bullock shed.
2 Misses Buckley, Bullock shed.
Mr. J. Smith, Head Clerk, Delhi Magazine, Palace, Delhi.

Mr. T. Corbet, Sub. Medical Department, Delhi.
Mrs. Corbet and 1 child, Palace, Delhi.
Mrs. E. P. Staines, Palace, Delhi.
Mr. T. W. Collins, Pensioner, Kutcherry.
Mrs. Collins, College Compound.
3 Master and Miss Leesons, College Compound.
Mr. J. W. Staines, Head Clerk, Treasury Office Kutcherry.
Master W. Staines, Durriagunge.
Master L. Staines, Durriagunge.
Mrs. Hunt, Delhi.
Miss M. T. Hunt, Palace, Delhi.
Miss M. Hunt, Palace, Delhi.
Master G. Hunt, Palace, Delhi.
Mrs. Cochrane, Pensioner, Palace, Delhi.
Mr. G. White, Head Clerk, Aboo Police Agency Office, Delhi.
4 Master Whites, Palace, Delhi.
Miss White, Palace, Delhi.
Mr. Dennis, Serjeant, Canal Department, Delhi Canal.
Mrs. Dennis, Delhi Canal.
Mrs. White, Delhi Canal.
Miss C. Staines, Delhi.
Master Dennis, Canal, Delhi.
Master Dennis, Bullock shed, Delhi.
Mrs. E. Prince, Pensioner, Bullock shed, Delhi.
Mrs. E. Ryley, Bullock shed, Delhi
Master Frederick Ryley, Bullock shed, Delhi.
Miss Louisa Ryley, Palace, Delhi.
Mrs. A. A. Ives, Bullock shed, Delhi.
Mr. T. Jones, Collector's Office, Delhi.
Mr. T. Leonard, Magistrate's Office, Delhi.
Mrs. Leonard, Delhi.
Master Leonard, Delhi.
Mr. C. Leonard, Delhi.
Mr. J. Rennell, Pensioner, Delhi.
Mrs. Rennell, Delhi.

2 Miss Rennells and son-in-law, Delhi.
Mr. G. Skinner, Delhi.
Mr. A. G. Aldwell, Bullock shed.
Mr. J. Foulan, Serjeant, Deputy Public Works, near Hindun.
Mr. Georsetty, Italian Showman, near Hindun.
Mrs. Georsetty, near Hindun.
Mr. Thomas, Agent, Inland Transit Company, near Hindun.
Mrs. Foulan, Bullock shed.
Mrs. Molloy, wife of the Band Master, 54th N.I., Palace, Delhi.
2 Master Molloys, Palace, Delhi.
Mrs. Shehan, a Government Pensioner, Palace Delhi.
Miss Sheehan, Palace, Delhi.
Mr. O'Brien, Nephew of the above, Delhi.
Mr. J. George, received some pay from the king's service unknown, Delhi.
Mr. George, Delhi.
Master George, Delhi.
Mr. Perris (Perez), a Portuguese music master, Delhi.
Mr. Mackey, Baptist missionary, Bullock shed.
Father Zacharias, Roman Catholic priest, Delhi.
Mrs. Major Forster, Delhi.
Mrs. Fuller, Delhi.
Mrs. Hickie, Delhi.
M. S. Chummum Lall, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Civil Department.
Mr. C. Phillips, Pensioner, Delhi.
Mrs. Clarke, Pensioner, Delhi.
Mr. E. Staines, Draftsman, Railway Department, Delhi.
Mrs. Thompson, widow of a Baptist Missionary, Delhi.
Two Misses Thompson, Delhi.

As per Return furnished by the Magistrate—
PANEEPUT.

J. P. Macwhirter, Esq., Collector and Magistrate, Zillah Paneeput, Delhi.

As per Return furnished by the Magistrate—
GOORGAON.

Mr. Taylor, employed on East India Railway, Arrivan, village about 8 miles from Pulwul.
Mr. Beun, employed on East India Railway, Arrivan, village about 8 miles from Pulwul.

As per Return furnished by Officiating Commissioner—HISSAR.

J. Wedderburn, Esq., Collector and Magistrate, Hissar, killed.
Mrs. Wedderburn and child, Hissar, killed.
Lieutenant Barwell, Adjutant, Hurianna Regiment, Hissar, killed.
Mrs. Barwell, Hissar, killed.
Mrs. Hallet, wife of Mr. Hallet, Customs' Department, Hissar, killed.
Mrs. Smith, wife of Mr. Smith, and five children, 2nd Clerk, Collector's Office, Hissar, killed.
Mrs. Jeffries, wife of Mr. Jeffries, Head Clerk, Collector's Office, Hissar, killed.
Mr. Paul, a resident of Hissar., killed near Raipoor Bridge.
Mrs. Paul and six children, killed near Raipoor Bridge.
Mr. Thompson, Tuhseeldar, Hissar, killed.
Serjeant-Major Murphy, Hurriana Light Infantry Regiment, killed near Mungalee.
Mrs. Milne, wife of Major Milne, and two children, killed at Hansi.
Mr. Fitzpatrick, Assistant Overseer, Canal Department, and one child, killed at Hansi.

Mr. Williams, Sup. of Customs, killed at Hansi.
Miss Williams, killed at Hansi.

As per Return furnished by Deputy-Commissioner—FEROZEPORE.

Vincent Nelson, Veterinary Surgeon, 10th Light Cavalry, Ferozepore, murdered.
Corporal Theophilus Dougherty, 3rd Co., 6th Bat. Artillery, Ferozepore, wounded slightly.
Bombardier Michael Rought, 3rd Co., 6th Bat.. Artillery, Ferozepore, wounded slightly.
Gunner Patrick Rorke, 3rd Co., 6th Bat. Artillery, Ferozepore, wounded severely.
Gunner Joseph Wood, 3rd Co., 6th Bat. Artillery, Ferozepore, wounded severely.
Gunner John Macardle, 3rd Co., 6th Bat. Artillery, Ferozepore, mortally wounded, died same day.
Gunner Michael Maloney, 3rd Co., 6th Bat., Artillery, Ferozepore, dangerously wounded, died August 27.
Private Patrick Walsh, H.M.'s 61st Regiment, Ferozepore, severely wounded.
Major Redmond, H.M.'s 61st Regiment, Ferozepore, wounded.

As per Return furnished by the Deputy-Commissioner—JULLUNDHUR.

Brevet-Major S. F. Macmullen, Jullundhur, wounded.
Captain C. B. Basden, Jullundhur, wounded.
Ensign F. D. Hawkins, Jullundhur, wounded.
Lieutenant C. E. Bates, Jullundhur, wounded.
Lieutenant F. J. S. Bagshawe, Jullundhur, died of his wounds.
Ensign H. Durnford Jullundhur, wounded, since dead.
Mrs. Joyce, Prostitute, Jullundhur, shot.

Quartermaster Serjeant George Nelson, Jullundhur, wounded.

As per Return furnished by the Deputy-Commissioner of SEALKOTE.

J. Graham, Superintending Surgeon, killed on the Pucka Road, from Cantonments to Fort.
J. C. Graham, Medical Storekeeper, killed on the Pucka Road, from Cantonments to Fort.
Brigade-Major J. Bishop, killed under the walls of the fort.
Rev. T. Hunter, Missionary, killed opposite the Jail, and near the Kutcherry.
Mrs. James Hunter, killed.
Thomas Hunter, child of above, killed.
F. Brind, Colonel in the Bengal Artillery, and and Brigadier commanding the station, wounded just as he had come out of his compound on the 9th of July, and died in the fort early next morning.
Cornet A. H. Prinsep, 9th Cavalry, shot in the right arm on the Wuzeerabad-road.

The following List of Europeans, killed during the Delhi Mutiny, not included in the returns furnished by the Officiating Commissioner of Delhi, has been extracted from a list printed and published by the Agra Government.

Major G. E. Hollings, died at Landour, of wounds received during the mutiny at Delhi.
Captain R. M. Smith, Delhi.
Captain C. Burrowes, Delhi.
Lieutenant C. J. Butler, Delhi.
Lieutenant E. A. Edwards, Delhi.
Lieutenant W. Waterfield, Delhi.
Captain C. Gordon, Delhi.
Ensign A. T. Angelo, between Delhi and Meerut.
Lieutenant M. Reveley, Delhi.
Lieutenant J. D. Smith, Delhi.

Lieutenant Hon. H. Addington, killed in escaping from Delhi.
Lieutenant H. Hyslop, killed in escaping from Delhi.
Reverend Mr. Koche, Church Mission, Delhi.
Mrs. Morgan and grandchild, Delhi.
Mr. P. Greenway, Delhi.
Mrs. McGuire, Delhi.
Master H. Herdon, Delhi.
Master W. H. Herdon, Delhi.
Mrs. Harton, Delhi.
Mr. Leopold Berkeley, Extra Assistant Com. killed near Googarra.
Lieutenant Neville, H.M.'s 81st Foot, killed on the Sutlej.
Brevet-Major R. Spencer, 26th N.I. killed at Meean Meer.
Acting Ser-Major J. Potter, 26th N.I., killed at Meean Meer.

EDWARD PASKE,
Officiating Secretary to Chief Commissioner, Punjab.

No. 15.

The President of the Council of India in Council to the Court of Directors of the East India Company.

Fort William, Foreign Department,
(No. 13.) *March* 8, 1858.

IN continuation of our letter No. 7, dated the 8th ultimo, we have the honour to transmit herewith further lists of persons killed and wounded by the rebels, as noted on the margin.*

* From the Secretary to Government in the Central Provinces, dated February 3, 1858, No. 37. Office Memorandum from the Military Department, dated February 22, 1858. From Officiating Deputy Secretary, North-Western Provinces, dated March 3, No. 5 A.

No. 16.

Lieutenant-Colonel R. Strachey, Secretary to the Government, Central Provinces, to C. Beadon, Esq., Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.

Allahabad, February 3, 1858.

SIR, (No. 37.)

IN continuation of my letter dated 20th ultimo, No. 693, I am directed to forward, for the information of the Governor-General, a list of Europeans killed in the Jubbulpore division during the late mutinies.

2. The Commissioner, Major Erskine, has been called upon for a supplemental retnrn, as the list he has furnished is in many respects incomplete.

I have, &c.,

R. STRACHEY,

Secretary to the Government,

Central Provinces.

No. 17.

List of Europeans, belonging to the East India Company's Service or not, who may have been Killed or Wounded by the hands of Mutineers or Rebels in the Saugor Division.

At Jhansie, about June 7 *or* 8, 1857.

Captain A. Skene, 68th Batt., N.I., Superintendent of Jhansie.

Mrs. Skene, wife of Captain Skene.

Two children of Captain Skene.

Captain F. Gordon, 10th M.N.I., Deputy Commissioner of Jhansie, supposed to be shot.

Mr. Carshore, Officiating Deputy Collector of Customs.

Captain Dunlop, 12th Regiment B.N.I.

Captain Taylor, 12th Regiment B.N.I.
Serjeant Newton, Quartermaster Serjeant, 12th Regiment B.N.I.
Lieutenant Campbell, 14th Irregular Cavalry.
Captain Burgess, 74th B.N.I., Revenue Surveyor, supposed to be shot.
Lieutenant Turnbull, Assistant Revenue Surveyor.
Captain Powyss, Ex-Engineer.
Mrs. Powyss, wife of Captain Powyss.
One child of Captain Powyss.
Mrs. Browne, wife of Lieutenant G. Browne, Deputy Commissioner, Jaloun.
Miss Browne, sister of Lieutenant G. Browne.
Mr. Hemming, Sub-Assistant-Surgeon, Jaloun or Arca, June, date unknown, murdered by rebels.
Lieutenant F. A. R. M. Macgregor, 52nd B. N. I., Kuttnugee, near Jubbulpore, February 27, murdered by mutineers.

N.B.—This list only includes persons known to me to have been pure Europeans. There may have been more, but the majority of the Christians were Eurasians. One of the European officers in command—name not known—was, it is believed, murdered. Lieutenant Browne, the Deputy Commissioner, and Ensign Browne and Lieutenant Lamb, escaped for Oral,

W. C. ERSKINE, Commissioner.

No. 18.

Office Memorandum.

Military Department, 22nd February, 1858.

(No. 949.)

The undersigned has the honour to forward to the Foreign Department the accompanying copy of a list of Europeans killed and wounded during

the present rebellion, in continuation of Office Memorandum No. 1131, dated 23rd January, 1858.

F. W. D. ATKINSON, Major,
Officiating Secretary to the
Government of India,
Military Department.

No. 19.

List of Europeans, whether belonging to the East India Company's Service or not, who have been Killed or Wounded by the hands of Rebels. Prepared from Papers on record in the Military Department, in continuation of the List forwarded to the Foreign Department, with Office Memorandum from the Military Department No. 1131, *dated January* 23, 1858.

Major, the Hon. R. Byng, commanding Sylhet L. I. Bn., Satoo, December 18, 1857, killed in an engagement with the mutineers.

Mr. Lushington, Commissioner, Kootcharee, near Arryebassa, January 14, 1858, arrow wound slightly.

Captain Hale, commanding Seikh Volunteers, Kootcharee, near Arryebassa, January 14, arrow wound severely.

Captain R. C. Birch, Senr. Assistant Commissioner, Kootcharee, near Arryebassa, January 14, arrow wound severely.

Assistant-Surgeon Hayes, Seikh Volunteers, Kootcharee, near Arryebassa, January 14, arrow wound slightly.

Private William Mears, Royal Marines, Lolumpore, December 26, 1857, wounded in an engagement with the rebels.

Gunner Henry Snow, Marine Artillery, Lolum-

pore, December 26, wounded in an engagement with the rebels.

Private Charles Chaffer, Royal Marines, Lolumpore, December 26, wounded in an engagement with the rebels.

Brigadier-General J. Hope Grant, C.B., staff, Kallee Nuddee, January 2, 1858, wounded in an engagement with the rebels.

Captain H. H. Maxwell, Bengall Artillery, Kallee Nuddee, January 2, wounded in an engagement with the rebels.

Lieutenant Younghusband, 5th Punjab Cavalry, Kallee Nuddee, January 2, wounded in an engagement with the rebels, since dead.

1st Madras Fusiliers.

Colour-Serjeant Alexander Walker, Allahabad, June 17, 1857, died of sun-stroke.

Serjeant John Howleston, Allahabad, June 22, died of cholera

„ James McGrath, Cawnpore, July 4, massacred at Cawnpore.

Corporal Patrick Sandes, Allahabad, June 18, died of cholera.

„ Thomas Pender, Allahabad, June 20, died of cholera.

„ Charles Stacey, Allahabad, June 20, died of cholera.

„ John Cherry, Allahabad, June 20, died by drowning.

„ James Bussey, Cawnpore, July 4, massacred at Cawnpore.

„ Michael Duffy, Cawnpore, July 16, killed in action.

Private John Lanigan, on the voyage to Bengal, May 19, died of sun-stroke.

„ David Morgan, Benares, May 29, died of sun-stroke.

Private James Sullivan, Benares, May 30, died of sun-stroke.
" John Coghlan, Benares, May 30, died of sun-stroke.
" Walter Whilley, Benares, May 30, died of sun-stroke.
" John Goolden, Raneegunge, May 30, died of sun-stroke.
" James Goolden, Raneegunge, May 30, died of sun-stroke.
" Maurice Doyle, Shergotty, June 1, died of sun-stroke.
" Alfred Atkins, Shergotty, June 1, died of sun-stroke.
" Francis McKenna, Benares, June 6, died of sun-stroke.
" George Bourne, Benares, June 8, died of sun-stroke.
" William Winters, Benares, June 9, died of sun-stroke.
" Thomas Hynes, Benares, June 11, died of sun-stroke
" John McMillan, Allahabad, June 13, drowned.
" Michael Nestor, Allahabad, June 13, died of sun-stroke.
" John Campbell, Allahabad, June 13, died of cholera.
" Thomas McCormick, Allahabad, June 13, died of cholera.
" Edward Delamore, Allahabad, June 13, died of sun-stroke.
" John McLaughlin, Allahabad, June 14, drowned.
" Patrick Bennett, Allahabad, June 14, died of cholera.
" Mathew Dinan, Allahabad, June 15, killed in action.

Private William Ekins, Allahabad, June 15, killed in action.
" Patrick O'Brien, Allahabad, June 15, died of sun-stroke.
" Watt Britt, Allahabad, June 15, slightly wounded.
" John Kemp, Oude, July 30, died of cholera.
" James Connoly, Allahabad, June 15, severely wounded.
" Michael Kennedy, Allahabad, June 15, severely wounded.
" Thos. Ingleby, Allahabad, July 20, died of his wounds.
" Patrick Mansfield, Allahabad, June 16, died of sun-stroke.
Corporal John Stewart, Allahabad, June 20, died by sun-stroke.

Died of Cholera at Allahabad.

Private Archibald Anderson, June 17.
" James Keenan, June 18.
" Duncan Cameron, June 18.
" Hugh Mulcohy, June 18.
" Francis Price, June 18.
" William Sadler, June 18.
" John Coyne, June 18.
" John Walsh, June 18.
" Timothy Divine, June 18.
" Richard Rollins, June 18.
" Henry Bickmore, June 18.
" James McCafferty, June 18.
" John Stars, June 18.
" James Brien, June 18.
" James Figlie, June 18.
" Thomas Main, June 18.
" Patrick Castello, June 19.
" Michael Feeny, June 19.

Private John Hooley, June 19.
" Joseph Hunter, June 19.
" Peter Maedonald, June 19.
" William Davies, June 19.
" John Dunne, June 19.
" William Flemming, June 19.
" William Derbyshire, June 19.
" Henry Smith, June 19.
" Charles Blatcher, June 19.
" Thomas Gardner, June 19.
" William Temperton, June 19.
" James Cudmore, June 19.
" Edward Hodgson, June 19.
" John Bryan, June 19.
" Patrick Toohill, June 19.
" Michael Casey, June 19.
" Henry Worsted, June 19.
" John Flynn, June 20.
" Christopher Hynes, June 20.
" James McLeod, June 20.
" James Renshaw, June 20.
" Robert Lawrenee, June 20.
" Peter Mangan, June 20.
" James Brown, June 20.
" Francis Maedonald, June 20.
" Daniel Donovan, June 20.
" Samuel Fleteher, June 22.
" James Murphy, June 22.
" William Parker, June 22.
" George Goldie, June 22.
" Thomas Cahill, June 22.
" John Sullivan, June 22.
" Martin Lyneh, June 23.
" Alexander Dykes, June 23.
" Thomas Wignall, June 25.
" John Duneanson, June 25.
" James Byrnes, June 25.
" Samuel Kenny, June 26.

Private Peter Ward, Benares, June 29.
" Samuel Walker, Cawnpore, July 4, massacred.
" William Nolloth, Cawnpore, July 4, massacred.
" Thomas Pike, Cawnpore, July 4, massacred.
" John Sullivan, Cawnpore, July 4, massacred.
" Alexander Over, Cawnpore, July 4, massacred.
" Alexander Stewart, Cawnpore, July 4, massacred.
" Joseph Pike, Cawnpore, July 4, massacred.
" John Price, Cawnpore, July 4, massacred.
" Joseph Phillips, Cawnpore, July 4, massacred.
" Edward Prescott, Cawnpore, July 4, massacred.
" Dennis O'Brien, Cawnpore, July 4, massacred.
" Patrick Ready, Cawnpore, July 4, massacred.
" Martin Maloney, Cawnpore, July 12, killed from the accidental discharge of a rifle.
" Patrick Masey, Cawnpore, July 12, died of sun-stroke.
" William Thorn, Cawnpore, July 12, died of sun-stroke.
" Peter McEvoy, Cawnpore, July 12, died of sun-stroke.
" James Brown, Cawnpore, July 12, died of sun-stroke.
" John Helling, Cawnpore, July 12, died of sun-stroke.

Private Thomas McMahon, Cawnpore, July 16, killed in action.
" John McNamara, Cawnpore, July 16, killed in action.
" Henry Lendey, Cawnpore, July 16, killed in action.
" William Kedge, Cawnpore, July 16, killed in action.
" James Gabriel, Cawnpore, July 16, killed in action.
" Michael Lavan, Cawnpore, July 16, killed in action.
" John Frier, Cawnpore, July 16, died of sun-stroke.
" Joseph Nelins Lane, Cawnpore, July 17, died of sun-stroke.
" David Barry, Cawnpore, July 23, died of cholera.
" George Johnson, Allahabad, July 23, died of cholera.
" William Johnson, Cawnpore, July 26, died of cholera.
" William Knox, Cawnpore, July 26, died of cholera.
" John Hurst, Cawnpore, July 26, died of cholera.
" Patrick Fitzgerald, Cawnpore, July 26, died of cholera.
" Brian Hanlon, Cawnpore, July 27, died of cholera.
" Jeremiah Conner, Cawnpore, July 27, died of cholera.
" John Green, Cawnpore, July 27, died of cholera.
" Jos. Palfrey, Cawnpore, July 28, died of cholera.
" John Birth, Cawnpore, July 28, died of cholera.

Private Stephen Crowley, Cawnpore, July 28, died of cholera.

" Patrick Calanan, Cawnpore, July 28, died of cholera.

" James Smith, Cawnpore, July 28, died of cholera.

" Thomas Sims, Cawnpore, July 28, died of cholera.

" William Atkinson, Cawnpore, July 28, died of cholera.

" Timothy O'Kelly, Cawnpore, July 28, died of cholera.

" James Masterson, Cawnpore, July 28, died of cholera.

" Lawrence Murphy, at the village of Oonai, Oude, July 29, killed in action.

" Daby Scullion, at the village of Oonai, Oude, July 29, killed in action.

" Michael Hennessy, at the village of Oonai, Oude, July 29, killed in action.

" Patrick Crowley, at the village of Basarat Gunge, Oude, July 29, killed in action.

" Thomas Sweeny, at the village of Oonai, Oude, and Lucknow, July 27, October 11, November 9, severely wounded.

" James Grace, Lucknow, September 25, killed in action.

" James Griffin, at the village of Oonai, Oude, July 29, died of his wound.

" Owen Killoran, at the village of Oonai, Oude, July 29, slightly wounded.

" John Cherry, at the village of Oonai, Oude, July 29, slightly wounded.

" Patrick McMahon, at the village of Oonai, Oude, July 29, slightly wounded.

Private John McGrath, at the village of Oona Oude, July 29, index finger of the le hand blown away from the accident discharge of his rifle.

„ Thomas Bailey, at the village of Oona Oude, July 29, severely wounded.

Serjeant Thomas Stattard, at the village of Oona Oude, July 29, severely wounded.

Corporal Hugh Tracey, at the village of Oona Oude, July 29, severely wounded.

„ John Carr, Bassarat Gunge, July 29 slightly wounded.

„ Thomas Kavanah, Basarat Gunge, Jul 29. slightly wounded.

Private Andrew McCartney, Basarat Gunge July 29, severely wounded.

„ William Cole, Basarat Gunge, July 29 severely wounded.

„ John Harrington, Basarat Gunge, Jul 29, severely wounded.

„ William Chaplain, Lucknow, Septembe 25, severely wounded.

„ Thomas Connaughty, Bassarat Gung and Lucknow, July 29, Septembe 27, slightly wounded.

„ Henry Johnstone, Allahabad, July 29 died of cholera.

„ Thomas Lindsay, Basarat Gunge, Jul 27, died of cholera.

„ Henry Mears, Basarat Gunge, July 30 died of cholera.

„ John Gleaves, Basarat Gunge, July 3 died of cholera.

Corporal Patrick Franklin, Cawnpore, July 3 died of cholera.

Private James Smith, alias William Owen, Cawn pore, July 31, died of Cholera.

Private Timothy Gibbons, Mulgawar, August 1, died of cholera.

„ William Datchfield, Cawnpore, August 2, died of cholera.

„ Patrick McGrath, Cawnpore, August 2, died of cholera.

„ James Bruce, Cawnpore, August 3, died of cholera.

„ Darby Crowly, Mulgawr, August 3, died of cholera.

„ James Brown, Allahabad, August 5, died of dysentery.

Corporal John Taaynor, Lucknow, October 5, killed in action.

Private David Peace, Basarat Gunge, August 5, slightly wounded.

„ Thomas O'Neil, Basarat Gunge, August 5, slightly wounded.

„ Jos. Page, Basarat Gunge, August 5, died of his wounds.

„ Michael Davis, Basarat Gunge, August 5, slightly wounded.

„ Benjamin Baxter, Mulgawar, August 9, died of cholera.

„ John Murphy, Cawnpore, August 9, died of cholera.

Serjeant-Major Thomas Johnstone, Umrgarwar, August 10, died of cholera.

Private James Ligan, Umrgarwar, August 10, died of cholera.

„ William Goodman, Cawnpore, August 11, death by drowning.

„ Michael Byrne, Basarat Gunge, August 12, killed in action.

Captain Edward Long Grant, Lucknow, August 12 and November 2, slightly wounded.

Serjeant Thomas Martin, Basarat Gunge, August 12, slightly wounded.

Private Thomas McLoughlan, Cawnpore, Augus 12, died at Cawnpore.
Serjeant Jos. Stapleton, Cawnpore, August 12 died of dysentery.
Corporal John Filyn, Bittoor, August 12, kille in action.
Private Maurice Kelly, Bittoor, August 12, kille in action.
„ John McImry, Bittoor, August 16 killed in action.
„ James McFarlane, Bittoor, August 16 killed in action.
„ Jos. Palfreeman, Bittoor, August 15 killed in action.
„ George Thomson, Bittoor, August 16 killed in action.
„ Michael Curran, Bittoor, August 16 killed in action.
„ Henry Andrew Purney, Cawnpore August 27, died of his wounds.
„ John Flynn, Bittoor, August 16 severely wounded.
„ Michael Byrne, Cawnpore, August 24 died of his wounds.
„ Andrew Griffin, Bittoor, August 16 severely wounded.
„ John Driscoll, Allahabad, August 31 died of cholera.
„ Patrick Flannagan, Cawnpore, August 16, slightly wounded.
Lieutenant Thomas Alexander Chisholm, Cawnpore, August 19, died of cholera.
Private Michael Husley, Cawnpore, August 19 died of cholera.
Serjeant John Brayshay, Cawnpore, August 24 died of cholera.
Private Jos. McGrath, Cawnpore, August 25 died of dysentery.

Private Thomas Murphy, Cawnpore, August 29, died of dysentery.
„ Thomas Bailly, Cawnpore, August 31, died of dysentery.
Drummer George Hatherill, Cawnpore, August 31, died of dysentery.
Private William Devar, Cawnpore, September 4, died of cholera.
„ George Keeran, Cawnpore, September 11, died of dysentery.
„ Edward Mundlay, Cawnpore, September 12, died of dysentery.
„ William Ryan, Cawnpore, September 13, died of dysentery.
Half-pay drummer, William Duffy, Allahabad, September 14, died of fever.
Private John Bellamy, Cawnpore, September 19, death by drowning.
Serjeant Patrick Mahoney, Alum Bagh, October 23, died of cholera.
Private Jos. Anidge, Umrgarwar, September 21, slightly wounded.
Serjeant Maurice Reardon, Alum Bagh, September 23, severely wounded.
Private John William, Alum Bagh, September 23, severely wounded.
„ Isaac Bass, Alum Bagh, September 23, slightly wounded.
„ Charles Gardiner, Alum Bagh, September 23, slightly wounded.
„ Henry Jenkins, Alum Bagh, September 24, severely wounded.
„ George Moore, Alum Bagh, September 24, slightly wounded.
„ William Dugen, Alum Bagh, September 24, slightly wounded.
„ Charles Appleton, Alum Bagh, October 22, died of his wounds.

Colour-Serjeant Martin O'Loughlin, Lucknow, September 25, killed in action.
Corporal Mathew Culloo, Lucknow, September 25, killed in action.

Killed in Action at Lucknow, August 25.

Corporal Peter Finnigan.
Private James Cooper.
" James McQuathe.
" Joseph Shakley.
" James Corill.
" Thomas Tickner.
" Richard Tallantine.
" James Greer.
" George Moore.
" Thomas Manning.
" John Lee.
" John O'Brien.
" Patrick Healy.
" Henry Taylor.

" John Robinson, killed in action, Aug. 23.
" George Thomas Pearson, September 25.
" Martin Donahoe, September 25.
" Thomas Sleehan, September 25.
" Hugh Roonie, September 25.
" John Jones, September 25.
" James Lehay, September 25, severely wounded.
Corporal William Scobble, September 25, dead.
Private Michael Byrne, September 25, slightly wounded.
" John Zelling, September 25, severely wounded.
" Robert Jaques, October 18, died of his wounds.
" Humphry Leary, September 30, died of his wounds.

Private James Murphy, September 25, slightly wounded.
" John McBride, September 25, slightly wounded.
Serjeant George Courts, November 3, died of his wounds.
Private Pat. Gready, September 25, severely wounded.
" James Byrne, September 25, severely wounded.
" Colin Archibald, September 25, severely wounded.
" Patrick Wiley, September 25, slightly wounded.
" Alfred Page, September 25, slightly wounded.
" Thomas Geary, September 25, severely wounded.
" Michael Brien, November 19, died of hospital gangrene.
" Thomas Dennis, September 25, severely wounded.
" John Wrightson, September 25, slightly wounded.
" William O'Brien, September 25, severely wounded.
" Alexander Denoon, September 25, slightly wounded.
" Thomas Scott, September 25, slightly wounded.
" William Sim, September 25, severely wounded.
" John Dowry, September 25, severely wounded.
" Richard Jackson, September 25, severely wounded.
" John Hunter, September 25, slightly wounded.

Private Manuel Lyan, September 25, severely wounded.
„ William Williamson, September 25, slightly wounded.
„ John Irving, September 25, severely wounded.
Serjeant William Prithone, October 17, died of his wounds.
Private Maurice Cahill, September 25, severely wounded.
„ Robert Sutherland, September 25, severely wounded.
„ Michael Barr, September 25, slightly wounded.
Serjeant John Lacey, September 25, slightly wounded.
Private James Kerwen, October 14, severely wounded.
„ John Sleeman, September 25, died of his wounds.
„ Joseph Hillary, September 26, killed in action.
Corporal John English, October 6, died of his wounds.
Private William Sadler, September 26, died of his wounds.
„ Patrick Healy, September 26, severely wounded.
„ John White, September 26, slightly wounded.
„ William Glasford, September 26, severely wounded.
„ John Finlayson, September 26, severely wounded.
„ Robert Simpson, September 26, severely wounded.
„ Frederick Mathew, October 27, died of his wounds.

Private Dennis McCarthy, September 27, slightly wounded.
" Dennis Carthy, September 29, died of dysentery.
" Thomas Haigh, October 1, slightly wounded.
" James Rourke, October 2, severely wounded.
" Dennis Higgins, October 14, died of his wounds.
" Philip Laffan, Cawnpore, October 3, died of dysentery.
" Maurice Halliham, Allahabad, October 4, died of dysentery.

At Lucknow.

Colour-Serjeant Henry Campbell, October 7, died of his wounds.
Private Thomas Harrall, October 10, died of his wounds
" William O'Brien, October 6, slightly wounded.
" John Breen, October 6, slightly wounded.
" William Kennedy, October 30, died of hospital gangrene and hœmorrhage.
" Timothy Hayes, October 6, severely wounded.
" Thomas Rawlinson, October 9, severely wounded.
" James May, October 10, severely wounded.
Colour-Serjeant Samuel Hocking, October 11, killed in action.
Private Samuel Arnold, October 11, slightly wounded.
" Patrick Ryan, October 11, severely wounded.

Private James Matheson, October 11, severely wounded.
„ Cornelius Callinan, October 13, severely wounded.
„ William Gahalan, October 15, severely wounded.
„ William Duckworth, October 15, severely wounded.
„ Peter Smith, Cawnpore, October 15, died of dysentery.
„ John Downey, Lucknow, October 16, slightly wounded.
„ Joseph Holland, Cawnpore, October 16, died of dysentery.
„ John Moir, Cawnpore, November 16, severely wounded.

At Lucknow.

Private Abraham Board, October 17, killed in action.
„ George Maynard, October 17, killed in action.
„ Francis Malone, October 17, slightly wounded.
„ William Hurnsnett, October 23, killed in action.
„ John Boyle, October 23, severely wounded.
„ Charles Davie, October 28, severely wounded.
Drummer James Carey, November 5, slightly wounded.
Private Thomas Callan, November 14, slightly wounded.
„ Alexander Comb, November 16, killed in action.

Private Patrick Collins, November 16, killed in action.
„ Edward Donaghy, November 16, killed in action.
„ James Mahon, December 2, died of his wounds.
„ John Beverridge, November 16, slightly wounded.
„ James Smith, November 16, severely wounded.
„ George Blaurim, November 16, severely wounded.
„ David Fox, November 16, severely wounded.
„ William Burke, November 16, severely wounded.
„ James Curtis, November 16, slightly wounded.
„ Thomas Kenny, November 19, died of his wounds.
„ Dennis Lehay, November 16, severely wounded.
„ James MacKenna, November 16, slightly wounded.
„ George Pyne, November 16, slightly wounded.
Corporal Hugh Duffy, November 18, killed in action.
Private William Carr, November 18, severely wounded.
„ Henry Scofford, November 22, died of dysentery.

Half-pay Drummer Robert Durham, Allahabad, November 22, died of brain fever.
Private John Reilly, Alum Bagh, December 3, died of fever.

Private John Kelly, Alum Bagh, December 18, died of dysentery.

Private Patrick Walsh, Alum Bagh, December 22, killed in action.

Private Hector MacArter, Alum Bagh, December 31, died of dysentery.

Gunner John Smart, 4th Co., 1st Bat., Artillery, Alum Bagh, October 30, dead.

Gunner Joseph Walker, 4th Co., 1st Bat., Artillery, Alum Bagh, October 6, wounded.

Serjeant Cornelius Cronny, 4th Co., 1st Bat, Artillery, Alum Bagh, October 22, dead.

Gunner Thomas Walker, 4th Co., 1st Bat., Artillery, Allum Bagh, October 8, wounded.

Staff-Serjeant Patrick Barnett, 4th Co., 1st Bat., Artillery, Allum Bagh, October 14, dead.

Gunner Thomas Skelton, 2nd Co., 3rd Bat., Artillery, Alum Bagh, August 9, dead, fatigned and worn out.

Gunner Patrick Ohanlen, 2nd Co., 3rd Bat., Artillery, Alum Bagh, August 16, dead.

Gunner James Duen, 2nd Co., 3rd Bat., Artillery, Bhitoor, August 18, dead, engaged in battle at Bhitoor.

Gunner Fraser Hughes, 2nd Co., 3rd Bat., Artillery, Oude, August 19, killed in action in Oude.

Gunner John Brodnett, 2nd Co., 3rd Bat., Artillery, Alum Bagh, September 19, severely wounded.

Corporal James Grace, 2nd Co., 3rd Bat., Artillery, Alum Bagh, September 23, severely wounded.

Gunner Joseph Cleary, 2nd Co., 3rd Bat., Artillery, Alum Bagh, September 23, slightly wounded.

Captain William Olpherts, 2nd Co., 3rd Bat., Artillery, Lucknow, September 25, slightly wounded.

Gunner Jerimhy Flynn, 2nd Co., 3rd Bat., Artillery, Lucknow, September 25, killed whilst entering Lucknow.

Gunner John Shehan, 2nd Co., 3rd Bat., Artillery, Lucknow, September 25, killed while entering Lucknow.

Bugler Robert ——— 2nd Co., 3rd Bat., Artillery, Lucknow, September 25, killed while entering Lucknow.

2nd Lieutenant Hamilton Smithett, 2nd Co., 3rd Bat., Artillery, Lucknow, November 16, slightly wounded.

Serjeant William Johnson, 2nd Co., 3rd Bat, Artillery, Lucknow, November 16, slightly wounded.

Gunner Richard Cullen, 2nd Co., 3rd Bat., Artillery, Lucknow, November 16, slightly wounded.

Gunner Robert Griffiths, 2nd Co., 3rd Bat., Artillery, Lucknow, November 18, slightly wounded.

Serjeant Jeremiah Fielding, 2nd Co., 3rd Bat., Artillery, Lucknow, November 18, severely wounded.

Corporal George Gallerday, 2nd Co., 3rd Bat., Artillery, Lucknow, November 21, slightly wounded.

Staff-Serjeant Patrick Raddy, 2nd Co., 3rd Bat., Artillery, Lucknow, November 22, slightly wounded.

Serjeant Robert Synan, 2nd Co., 3rd Bat., Artillery, in camp, November 29, slightly wounded by accidental discharge of a carbine.

Gunner Edward Coyle, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, on board ship, off Calcutta, June 14, died of dysentery.

Gunner Thomas Dickie, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, Flat Mutlah, off Buxar, August 1, died of cholera.

Gunner Thomas Hickey, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, Arrah, August 2, killed in action.

Gunner Thomas Hayes, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, Arrah, August 2, killed in aetion.

Serjeant John Knox, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, Arrah, August 2, wounded in aetion.

Gunner Dennis O'Brien, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, Arrah, August 2, wounded in action.

Gunner Miehael MeCarthy, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, Arrah, August 2, wounded in aetion.

Gunner Thomas Dweyer, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, Arrah, August 2, wounded in aetion.

Gunner William Douglas, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, Ghazeepore, August 18, died of cholera.

Bombardier Adam Moody, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, on march, September 6, eontusion; run over by an ammunition waggon on mareh.

Corporal Joseph Howard, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, on mareh from Cawnpore, September 21, killed.

Bombardier William McNamara, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, Lucknow, September 25, killed.

Serjeant John Knox, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, Lucknow, September 25, wounded in aetion at Lueknow.

Gunner Samuel Armistad, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, in aetion, September 25, killed in action at Lucknow.

Gunner Simon Norris, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, on entering Lueknow, September 25, killed in action at Lueknow.

Gunner Hugh Mulloy, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, on entering Lueknow, September 25, wounded on entering Lueknow.

Gunner Edward Cawbey, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, on entering Lueknow, Oetober 16, dead.

Gunner Edward Fitzgerald, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, on entering Lueknow, Oetober 2 dead.

Gunner Peter Kellyer, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery Dilkoosha, November 24, dead.

Serjeant Thomas Lowe, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, Lucknow, November 26, wounded on entering Lucknow.

Gunner James Williams, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, Lucknow, November 28th, dead.

Corporal Patrick Dunne, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, Lucknow, September 27, slightly wounded.

Gunner John MacDonald, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, Lucknow, October 1, slightly wounded.

Gunner Patrick MacKalay, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, Lucknow, November 19, slightly wounded.

Gunner Richard Burn, 1st Co., 5th Bat, Artillery, in action, November 18, killed in action.

Serjeant George Miller, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, in action, November 19, slightly wounded.

Gunner Joseph Dyer, 1st Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, Alum Bagh, December 25, dead.

Gunner Robert Henderson, 3rd Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, Barrackpore, June 7, died in hospital.

Gunner Patrick Stumges, 3rd Co., 5th Bat., Artillery, Allahabad, September 30, died in hospital.

Gunner George James, 1st Co., 3rd Bat., Artillery, Blopayle, December 14, missing, supposed dead.

J. Pratt (volunteer), near Arrah, July 29, killed in action.

A. J. W. Cooper (volunteer), Ala Ghaut, 12 miles from Arrah, on the Ganges, July 30, killed in action.

Gunner James Byrne, 1st Tr., 2nd Br., H. A., in action, May 25, wounded in action with the the mutineers.

First Lieutenant C. H. Cookes, 3rd Tr. 3rd Br. H.A., Jhelum, July 7, slightly wounded in action with the mutineers.

Gunner John Lake, 3rd Tr., 3rd Br. H.A, October 21, slightly wounded in action with the mutineers.

Corporal Theophilus Dogherty, 3rd Co., 6th Bat., Artillery, Ferozepore, August 19, slightly wounded in action with the mutineers.

Bombardier Michael McShané, 3rd Co., 6th Bat. Artillery, Ferozepore, August 21, severely wounded accidentally when on duty.

Bombardier Michael Rought, 3rd Co., 6th Bat. Artillery, Ferozepore, August 19, slightly wounded by the mutineers.

Gunner Patrick Roorke, 3rd Co., 6th Bat. Artillery, Ferozepore, August 19, severely wounded by the mutineers.

Gunner Joseph Wood, 3rd Co., 6th Bat. Artillery, Ferozepore, August 19, severely wounded by the mutineers.

Brigadier T. Brind, C.B., Commanding at Sealkote, July 10, dead.

W. L. M. Bishops, Major of Brigade, 46th N.I., Sealkote, killed by the mutineers.

J. Graham. M.D., Sr.-Sur. Supt.-Sur., Sealkote Circle, Sealkote, July 9, killed by the mutineers.

J. C. Graham, M.D., Medical Storekeeper, Sealkote, July 9, killed by the mutineers.

Captain R. Freer, H.M.'s 27th Regiment, Delhi, September 14, severely wounded.

Private Samuel Collins, 70th Regiment, Delhi, August 28, severely wounded.

Killed in Action at Jhelum. Her Majesty's 24th Regiment.

Serjeant Richard Fryer, July 7,
Serjeant Joseph Riddicomb, July 7.
Corporal Thomas Shore, July 7.
Private Thomas Ball, July 7.
„ Martin Cooman, July 7.

Private William Earls, July 7.
„ Michael Griman, July 7.
„ Charles Halford, July 7.
„ Charles Heley, July 7.
„ Michael Hickey, July 7.
„ John Jarvis, July 7.
„ Joseph Lowrie, July 7.
„ William McGee, July 7.
„ Patrick McKnight, July 7.
„ Thomas Miller, July 7.
„ Robert Nolan, July 7.
„ William Ravenhill, July 7.
„ Thomas Redding, July 7.
„ Oliver Silk, July 7.
„ Martin Stapleton, July 7.
„ Patrick Walsh, July 7.
„ George Williams, July 7.
Captain Francis Spring, July 8.
Private Cornelius Buckley, July 20.

Died of wounds.

Private John Hughes, July 14.
„ Thomas Kenny, July 20.
„ Dorminick Keveny, July 25.
„ Michael Long, July 19.
„ John Looney, July 21.
Drummer Hugh McDormer, September 14.
Private John McDonald, July 31.
„ John Meeghan, July 27.
„ William Rapkins, July 23.
„ George Taylor, July 20.
Col. and Lieut.-Col. Charles Henry Ellice, July 7.
„ Edward R. Chichester, July 7.
„ Robert C. Streatfield, July 7.
Private S. J Burns, July 7.
„ William Alexander, July 7.
„ James Appilar, July 7.
„ Thomas Austin, July 7.
„ John Burlton, July 7.

Wounded in Action.

Private Richard Brown, July 7.
„ John Cooper, July 7.
„ Richard Dilden, July 7.
„ Francis Donaldson, July 7.
„ Patrick Darkin, July 7.
„ John Elliott, July 7.
„ Patrick Farrell, July 7.
„ James Finn, July 7.
„ David Fitzgerald, July 7.
„ George Foley, July 7.
„ Patrick Ford, July 7.
„ Michael Garvey, July 7.
„ Peter Hutton, July 7.
„ Joseph Harper, July 7.
„ George Hardy, July 7.
„ William Harris, July 7.
„ Francis Healey, July 7.
„ Charles Henry Horder, July 7.
„ John Halloran, July 7.
„ John Houracon, July 7.
„ Terence Hughes, July 4.
„ Francis McCleary, July 7.
„ Patrick McMahon, July 7.
„ John Maley, July 7.
„ Jas. Manners, July 7.
„ Henry Molyneaux, July 7.
„ James Moore, July 7.
„ George Mulins, July 7.
„ Daniel O'Hire, July 7.
„ John Raffery, July 7.
Corporal John Ryan, July 7.
„ Thomas Ryan, July 7.
Private John Smithey, July 7.
„ Patrick Sullivan, July 7.
„ James Thompson, July 7.
„ Samuel John Wheal, July 7.
„ James Willbourne, July 7.

Lieutenant Francis Walker Boodin, 21st N.I., Commander of Cavalry, Malwa Contingent, while on the line of march, early in June last, murdered by the cavalry portion of the Malwa Contingent.

Major Pearson, 18th N.I., unknown, June 6, killed by villagers when escaping from Bareilly.

Captain Richardson, 18th N.I., unknown, killed by villagers when escaping from Bareilly.

Captain Hathorne, 18th N.I., unknown, June 6, killed by villagers when escaping from Bareilly.

Lieutenant Stewart, 18th N.I., unknown, June 6, killed by villagers when escaping from Bareilly.

Lieutenant Dyson, 18th N.I., unknown, June 6, killed by villagers when escaping from Bareilly.

Serjeant Waldon, Artillery, unknown, May 31, severely wounded by villagers, now at Nynee Tal.

Serjeant Henry, 68th N.I., Bareilly, killed by the mutineers at Bareilly.

D. Robinson, Esq., Civil Judge, Bareilly, May 31, killed by rebels in Bareilly city.

— Wyatt, Esq., Deputy Collector, Bareilly, May 31, killed by rebels in Bareilly city.

Assistant-Surgeon Hansbrowe, Bareilly, May 31, killed by rebels in Bareilly city.

— Bolst, East India Merchant, Bareilly, May 31, killed by rebels in Bareilly city.

Miss Bolst, daughter of above, Bareilly, May 31, killed by rebels in Bareilly city.

Mr. Aspirah, Furniture Maker, Bareilly, May 31, killed by rebels in Bareilly city.

Mr. Aspirah, Canal Department, Bareilly, May 31, killed by rebels in Bareilly city.

Mrs. Aspirah and two children, wife and children of above, Bareilly, May 31, killed by rebels in Bareilly city.

Pen.-Lieutenant Karwick, Postmaster, Bareilly, May 31, killed by rebels in Bareilly city.

Captain C. P. St. J. Law, 16th Irregular Cavalry, Hottee Murdan, May 25, slightly wounded by mutineers of the 55th N.I.

Captain H. T. Bartlett, commanding 18th P. Infantry, Peshawur, August 28, slightly wounded, but severely beaten with clubs by mutineers of the 51st N.I.

Captain R. Freer, H.M.'s 27th Regiment, Delhi, September 14, slightly wounded in action before Delhi.

Gunner James Byrne, 1st Tr., 2nd Br. Horse Artillery, Hottee Murdan, May 25, severely wounded in action against mutineers of 55th N.I.

Private Andrew Marrow, Peshawur Lt. Horse, Peshawur, August 28, severely wounded by a mutineer of the 51st N.I.,

Private Samuel Collins, H.M.'s 70th Regiment, Peshawur, August 28, shot in the lines of the 51st N.I., by a mutineer.

Captain C. P. Basden, 61st N.I., Jullundur, June 7, severely wounded by a trooper of the 6th Light Cavalry.

Ensign F. D. Hawkins, 61st N.I., Jullundur, June 7, severely wounded by a trooper of the 6th Light Cavalry.

Quartermaster-Serjeant George Nelson, 61st N.I., Jullundur, June 7, slightly wounded by a Sepoy of the regiment.

Major H. Spottiswoode, 1st Bombay Lancers, Nusseerabad, May 28, killed by the mutineers of the 15th and 30th B.N.I.

Cornet Newberry, 1st Bombay Lancers, Nusseerabad, May 28, killed by the mutineers of the 15th and 30th B.N.I.

Major Benton, Pol. Agent, Kotah, between the

14th and 18th October, killed by mutineers of the Kotah Government troops.

Sub-Assistant Surgeon Salder, Kotah, between the 14th and 18th of October, killed by mutineers of the Kotah Government troops.

Corporal Thomas Redmond, H.M.'s 87th Regiment, I.F., Murree, September 7, died of his wounds.

Assistant-Surgeon Mr. McLoor, in Colonel Shortread's Revenue Survey, Kooldannah, near Murree, September 3, severely wounded. Dead.

Gunner Patrick Rourke, Artillery, Ferozepore, August 19, slightly wounded.

Gunner Joseph Wood, Artillery, Ferozepore, August 19, slightly wounded.

Corporal Theophilus Dogherty, Artillery, Ferozepore, August 19, slightly wounded.

Bombardier Michael McSheene, Artillery, Ferozepore, August 21, slightly wounded by accident, on duty.

Private Patrick Walsh, H.M.'s 61st Regiment, Ferozepore, May 16, slightly wounded on outlying picquets with Artillery.

2nd European Bengal Fusiliers, at Delhi, between June 8 and November 17.

Private James Angus, slightly wounded.
„ John Brown, severely wounded.
„ James Hain, slightly wounded.
„ Thomas Nolly, slightly wounded.
„ William Porteous, severely wounded.
Corporal Robert Maguire, slightly wounded.
„ Edward Barry, severely wounded.
Serjeant John Merrifield, slightly wounded.
„ William Cain, slightly wounded.
Private John Blair, slightly wounded.
„ Patrick Ryan, slightly wounded.
„ Christopher Lynan, slightly wounded.

Corporal Robert Maguire, severely wounded.
Private John Smith, killed in action before Delhi
Corporal Richard Greenbark, severely wounded.
" John McKinnon, slightly wounded.
" David Swindells, slightly wounded.
Private Richard Prentice, slightly wounded.
" Charles Rowland, slightly wounded.
" Patrick Carberry, died of cholera.
" Thomas Dines, slightly wounded.
" William Sterling, slightly wounded.
" Patrick O'Brien, severely wounded.
" William Conolly, died of cholera.
Corporal Thomas Tread, slightly wounded.
Private Michael Kelly, slightly wounded.
" John McGuire, slightly wounded.
" Patrick Mahan, slightly wounded.
" James Power, slightly wounded.
Serjeant Michael McNamara, slightly wounded.
Private Terence Gallen, slightly wounded.
" William Hales, slightly wounded.
Corporal John McLoughlin, severely wounded.
Private Dennis Donovan, slightly wounded.
" John Walsh, severely wounded.
" George Moore, severely wounded.
" Michael Hanlan, slightly wounded.
" John Doyle, slightly wounded.
" John Sharkey, slightly wounded.
" George Hones, slightly wounded.
" James Agnew, slightly wounded.
" James Webster, killed in action.
" James Bosher, slightly wounded.
" Charles Haswood, slightly wounded.
" Herbert Dunkerton, slightly wounded.
" James Smith, severely wounded.
" John Gardner, severely wounded.
Corporal Henry Asher, severely wounded.
Private Morgan Conway, severely wounded.
" Thomas Gibbons, severely wounded.

Private Michael Hogan, severely wounded.
" Constantine Hogan, severely wounded.
Corporal William Wilson, severely wounded.
Private Hugh Murray, severely wounded.
" John Maloney, slightly wounded.
" William Meake, slightly wounded.
" Frederick Hatzell, slightly wounded.
Serjeant William Thomas, slightly wounded.
Corporal John Coll, slightly wounded.
Private William McMahon, died from wounds.
" Nicholas Murphy, severely wounded.
Hospital-Sejeant Thomas Hinay, slightly wounded.
Private Andrew Hamilton, severely wounded.
" James Howarth, slightly wounded.
Serjeant Michael Geoghan, slightly wounded.
Private Thomas Pyne, slightly wounded.
" Victor McFarlane, slightly wounded.
" Martin Shiel, died at Delhi.
" John McDonald, slightly wounded.
" Arthur Smith, slightly wounded.
" Edward McNair, died at Delhi.
" Jeremiah Collins, died at Delhi.
" Thomas Morton, slightly wounded.
" George Armiel, slightly wounded.
" James Bosher, severely wounded.
" James Stewart, slightly wounded.
" William Dean, slightly wounded.
" John Murray, slightly wounded.
" Charles Self, slightly wounded.
" George S. Scott, slightly wounded.
" George George, died at Delhi.
" Victor Diblewell, slightly wounded.
" Patrick Connelly, killed in action.
erjeant John Elms, slightly wounded.
orporal John Buller, severely wounded.
rivate William Ford, slightly wounded.
" Thomas Fothergill, slightly wounded.
" Patrick Prews, slightly wounded.

Private Francis Moore, slightly wounded.
" James Moran, slightly wounded.
" Michael Walsh, slightly wounded.
" Daniel Egan, slightly wounded.
" Henry Turner, slightly wounded.
" John Connelly, slightly wounded.
" James Chamberlain, slightly wounded.
" James Feegon, slightly wounded.
" Thomas Maddoo, severely wounded.
Serjeant Duncan Campbell, slightly wounded.
Private Richard Barrett, slightly wounded.
" Andrew Wilson, slightly wounded.
Serjeant-Major George Bradley, slightly wounded
Staff-Serjeant Richard Flavin, slightly wounded.
Private William Beam, slightly wounded.
" John Evans, slightly wounded.
" Robert Ferguson, slightly wounded.
" Richard Joceline, slightly wounded.
" Charles McColl, slightly wounded.
" William Newman, slightly wounded.
Drummer John Vollally, slightly wounded.
Private Dennis Power, slightly wounded.
" William Homes, slightly wounded.
" Patrick O'Brien, slightly wounded.
Serjeant Edward Delamara, slightly wounded.
Private Coll Carmichael, slightly wounded.
Corporal John Cagney, slightly wounded.
Private William Bearcroft, slightly wounded.
" Richard Good, slightly wounded.
" Elias Wigmore, slightly wounded.
" William Parsons, slightly wounded.
Serjeant James Addis, slightly wounded.
" John Wilkinson, slightly wounded.
" James Byrne, slightly wounded.
" Samuel Agnew, slightly wounded.
" Henry Macintosh, slightly wounded.
" William Sharp, slightly wounded.
" Richard Goggan, slightly wounded.
" Charles Dogherty, slightly wounded.

Private Thomas Martin, slightly wounded.
Serjeant George Melton, slightly wounded.
Private William Dick, slightly wounded.
„ John Trainbelt, slightly wounded.
„ John Colloghan, slightly wounded.
Serjeant Maurice Brady, slightly wounded.
Private John Curtis, slightly wounded.
„ John Jefres, died at Delhi.
„ David Jones, died from wounds.
Corporal Thomas Harknett, died from wounds.
Private William Clargue, died at Delhi.
„ Coleman McDonough, died at Delhi.
„ Patrick McNamara, died at Delhi.
Serjeant George Dean, died at Delhi.
Private Thomas Riordon, died at Delhi.
„ Patrick Donoghy, died at Delhi.

Gunner Patrick Agnew, 1st Tr., 2nd Br. Horse Artillery, dead.
„ William Duggan, 1st Tr., 2nd Br. Horse Artillery, dead.
„ William Grace, missing during the storming of Delhi.
„ Daniel McEvan, 2nd Tr., 2nd Br., Horse Artillery, dead.
„ Robert Clope, 2nd Tr., 2nd Br. Horse Artillery, dead.
Corporal Jeremiah Dee, 2nd Tr., 2nd Br. Horse Artillery, dead.
Gunner William Ritchie, 2nd Tr., 2nd Br. Horse Artillery, struck off as a deserter.
„ Thomas Morn, 1 Co., 2nd Bat. Artillery, missing during the storming of Delhi.
„ Peter McLaren, 2nd Co., 2nd Bat. Artillery, dead.
„ William Willey, 4th Co., 2nd Bat. Artillery, dead.
„ John Gorman, 1st Co., 4th Bat. Artillery, dead.

Private Robert Stocks, 2nd Co., 4th Bat. Artillery, dead.
„ William H. Dawson, 3rd Co., 4th Bat Artillery, died from wounds.
„ Thomas Read, 4th Co., 4th Bat. Artillery dead.
„ James Meany, 4th Co., 4th Bat. Artillery, dead.
„ Patrick McDonell, 4th Co., 4th Bat. Artillery, dead.
„ Robert Stewart, 4th Co., 4th Bat. Artillery, dead.
„ James Bothie, 4th Co., 4th Bat. Artillery dead.
„ Donald Campbell, 4th Co., 4th Bat. Artillery, dead.
„ William Davis, 4th Co., 4th Bat. Artillery, dead.
„ George Vincent, 4th Co., 4th Bat. Artillery, dead.
„ James White, 4th Co., 4th Bat. Artillery dead.
„ Daniel Fergusson, 4th Co., 4th Bat. Artillery, dead.
Serjeant Henry Jackson, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, dead.
Private Harpur Wilson, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, dead.
„ Thomas McCarthy, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, dead.
„ William Taylor, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, dead.
„ Michael Flynn, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, dead.
„ James McGrimis, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, dead.
„ Peter Codd, 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers, dead.

Private John Keddle, 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers, dead.
„ Philip Malone, 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers, dead.
„ Patrick Foley, 3rd European Bengal Fusiliers, dead.
„ Frederick Gray, 3rd European Bengal Fusiliers, dead.
„ Jeremiah M'Grath, 3rd European Bengal Fusiliers, dead.
„ William McClitchie, 3rd European Bengal Fusiliers, dead.
„ William Seears, 3rd European Bengal Fusiliers, dead.
„ William Brown, 3rd European Bengal Fusiliers, committed suicide.
„ John Hayes, 3rd European Bengal Fusiliers, dead.
„ Maurice Power, 3rd European Bengal Fusiliers, dead.
„ Henry Trim, 3rd European Bengal Fusiliers, dead.
Gunner Richard Walsh, East Indian Battalion. dead.
Serjeant Henry Crawford, East Indian Battalion, dead.
Serjeant-Major John Brown, Town Major's List, shot dead.

F. W. D. ATKINSON, Major,
Officiating Secretary to the Government of India in the Military Department.

Fort William, February 22, 1858.

No. 20.

E. C. Bayley, Esq., Officiating Deputy Secretary to Government, N. W. Provinces, to G. F. Edmonstone, Esq., Secretary to the Government of India, with the Governor-General.

No. 5 A.

SIR, *Allahabad, March* 3, 1858.

IN continuation of my letter No. 37, dated 3rd February, from Lieutenant-Colonel Strachey, Secretary to the Government of the Central Provinces, I am directed to submit, for the information of the Right Honourable the Governor-General, a letter from the Commissioner of the Goruckpore Division, furnishing a return of Europeans killed and wounded in the district of Goruckpore, to which is added a list giving the names of those who were killed in the districts of Gouda and Baraitch, in Oude.

I have, &c.,
E. C. BAYLEY,
Officiating Deputy Secretary to Government,
N.W. Provinces.

No. 21.

C. J. Wingfield, Esq., Commissioner, Goruckpore, to Lieutenant-Colonel Strachey, Secretary to Government, C.P., Allahabad.

No. 22.

SIR, *Goruckpore, January* 21, 1858.

IN conformity with the instructions contained in your letter, No. 241, dated 9th January, enclosing circular No. 4372, of 3rd November, from the Secretary to the Government of India to your address, I beg to forward a Return of Europeans killed and wounded not in this district only, but in those of Gouda and Baraitch also, to which my

information extends. I regret that I cannot always be positive as to dates. Regarding the Europeans killed in Goruckpore my information is derived from the deposition of Serjeant Busber, the sole survivor, which was taken by the magistrate of Ghazeepoor in June last, and will be in his office; it was also published in the London Evening Mail, of September 28th to September 30th, 1857.

2. Besides the officers enumerated as having perished within the limits of this district, the following also lost their lives at the same time and by the same cause: Major Mill, Artillery, drowned in the Gogra while endeavouring to swim to shore, the boat having been fired into by the 17th Native Infantry; Serjeant Mathews, shot in the boat on the same occasion.

3. Lieutenant Bright, also in the boat at the same time, and a Sejeant-Major of the 22nd Native Infantry, name unknown, were captured on the Goruckpore side of the river, which they had reached by swimming, brought over to the camp of the 17th Native Infantry, on the Oude side, and there shot the same day, i.e., the 9th June. A bugler, Williamson by name, who was with Lieutenant Bright, escaped, and his evidence has been taken at Ghazeepoor, I believe.

4. There is some uncertainty as to the precise spot where Colonel Goldney met his end. He was in the boats with the rest, and with them reached the Goruckpore side of the river, but was left there by his companions, not being able to keep up with them. He was either murdered there by the 17th Native Infantry, who were in pursuit, or else was brought into their camp and shot; I incline to the former belief.

I have, &c.,
C. WINGFIELD, Commissioner.

No. 22.

Return of Europeans Killed and Wounded by Rebels.

Lieutenant English, 22nd N.I., Mowha Dhaba, Zillah, Goruckpoor, June 10, murdered.

Lieutenant Thomas, 22nd N.I., Mowha Dhaba, Zillah, Goruckpoor, June 10, murdered.

Lieutenant Lindsay, 22nd N.I., Mowha Dhaba, Zillah, Goruckpoor, June 10, murdered.

Ensign Cautley, 22nd N.I., Mowha Dhaba, Zillah, Goruckpoor, June 10, murdered.

Ensign Ritchie, 22nd N.I., Mowha Dhaba, Zillah, Goruckpoor, June 10, murdered.

Serjeant Edwards, 22nd N.I., Mowha Dhaba, Zillah, Goruckpoor, June 10.

Lieutenant Currie, Bengal Artillery, banks of the Gogra, Goruckpoor District, June 9, drowned.

Lieutenant Parsons, 6th Oude Irregular Infantry, banks of the Gogra, Goruckpoor District, June 9, drowned.

C. W. Cunliffe, Civil Service, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Buraich, Bhyram Ghat, on the Gogra, on the road to Lucknow, between 12th and 14th June, murdered.

Lieutenant L. Clarke, 3rd Oude Irregular Infantry, Bhyram Ghat, on the Gogra, on the road to Lucknow, between 12th and 14th June, murdered.

J. Jorden, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Oude, Bhyram Ghat, on the Gogra, on the road to Lucknow, between 12th and 14th June, murdered.

Quartermaster-Serjeant Hugh Gallagher and his wife, 2nd Oude Irregular Infantry, Secrore, Oude, date not exactly known, murdered.

C. WINGFIELD, Commissioner.

No. 23.

The Assistant Adjutant-General of the Army to the Officiating Secretary to the Government of India.

Military Department, Calcutta,
February 20, 1858.

SIR,

IN continuation of my letter No. 330, of the 8th instant, I have the honour to forward the undermentioned Returns (duplicate) of Europeans who have been either Killed or Wounded during the present rebellion, for submission to the Honourable the President in Council, and for eventual transmission to the Honourable the Court of Directors :

1 Return of Europeans Killed or Wounded by rebels at Meerut, dated January 28.
1 Return of Europeans Killed or Wounded by rebels at Jullundhur, dated January 30.
1 Return of Europeans Killed or Wounded by rebels at Meean Meer, dated January 29.
1 Return of an officer of the 8th Light Cavalry, wounded by rebels, dated January 26.

I have, &c.,
SEP. BECHER,
Captain, Assistant Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 24.

Return of Europeans Killed or Wounded at the hands of the Rebels in the Station of Meerut.

Colonel J. Finnis, 11th N.I., May 10, killed.
Captain J. R. G. Taylor, 20th N.I., May 10, killed.
Captain D. Macdonald, 20th N.I., May 10, killed.
Lieutenant E. H. Henderson, 20th N.I., May 10, killed.

Lieutenant W. Pattle, 20th N.I., May 10, killed.
Lieutenant J. McNabb, 3rd Lt. Cav., May 10, killed.
Vet.-Sur. L. Phillips, 3rd Lt. Cav., May 10, killed.
Vet.-Sur. L. Dawson, 3rd Lt. Cav., May 10, killed.
V. Tregear, Esq., Inspector Ed. Dept., May 10, killed.
Mrs. Chambers, wife of Brevet-Captain Chambers, 11th N.I., May 10, killed.
Mrs. Macdonald, wife of Captain Macdonald, 20th N.I., May 10, killed.
Mrs. Courtenay, wife of Hotel-keeper Courtenay, May 10, killed.
Mrs. Dawson, wife of Vet.-Sur., 3rd Lt. Cav., May 10, killed.
Corporal — Mortimer, 60th Rifles, May 10, killed.
Gunner — Benson, Artillery, May 10, killed.
— McKinlay, Pensioner, Chelsea Hosp., May 10, killed.
— Murkoe, Pensioner, Chelsea Hosp., May 10, killed.
— Murphy, Fife-Major, 11th N.I., May 10, killed.
Eliza Law (9 years), child of Assistant-Overseer Law, May 10, killed.
Sophia Langdale, child of Riding-Master, 3rd Cav., May 10, killed.
J. and M. Heatherly, children of a Tehseeldar, Delhi District, May 10, killed.
5 men and 2 women, names and designations unknown, May 10, murdered.
Lieutenant J. Eckford, 6th N.I., and Assist. in Dept. P. W., May 10, severely wounded.
Captain E. Fraser, Engineers, May 16, shot.

R. Christie, Surgeon, 3rd Cav., May 10, severely wounded.

N. PENNY, Major-General,
Commanding Meerut Division.
H. RICHMOND JONES, Colonel,
Commanding at Meerut.

No. 25.

List of Europeans Killed and Wounded at Jullundhur by Mutineers or Rebels, June 7, 1857.

Jullundhur, January 30, 1858.

Mrs. Joyce, prostitute, Sudder Bazar, Jullundhur, shot.

Captain and Brevet-Major S. F. MacMullen, 6th Lt. Cav., Jullundhur, wounded.

Lieutenant and Adjutant F. J. S. Bagshaw, 36th N.I., Jullundhur, killed.

Captain C. B. Basden, 61st N.I., Jullundhur, wounded.

Ensign F. D. Hawkins, 61st N.I., Jullundhur, wounded.

Ensign H. Durnford, 61st N.I., Jullundhur, died of wounds.

Quartermaster-Serjeant, George Nelson, 61st N.I., Jullundhur, wounded.

H. W. HARTLEY, Brigadier,
Commanding at Jullundhur, Commanding Sirhind Division.

No. 26.

Return of Europeans who have been Killed or Wounded at the hands of the Rebels, at Meean Meer, Lahore, July 30, 1857.

Meean Meer, Lahore,
January 29, 1858.

Captain and Brevet-Major Robert Spencer, Commanding 26th Native Light Infantry, murdered.

Quartermaster-Serjeant and Acting Serjeant-Major James Potter, 26th Native Light Infantry, murdered.

STUART CORBETT, Brigadier,
Commanding at Lahore.
G. E. GOWAN, Major-General,
Commanding Lahore District.

No. 27.

8TH REGIMENT LIGHT CAVALRY.

Return of Europeans Killed or Wounded at the hands of Rebels during the present Rebellion; vide, Adjutant-General's Circular No. 1069, *of the* 17*th November*, 1857.

Meean Meer, January 26, 1858.

Captain H. W. Best, Boolundshuhur, September 28, 1857. Captain Best received a severe sabre wound in the neck at the action of Boolundshuhur, fought on the 28th September, in attacking a superior force of the enemy's horse. Captain Best was doing duty with the 1st Punjaub Cavalry, under Lieutenant Watson.

F. W. DRUMMOND, Captain,
Commanding 8th Light Cavalry.

No. 28.

Register Roll of Casualties by death, &c., among the European Non-Commissioned Rank and File of the Honourable Company's Army, in consequence of the Mutinies in North India, that have been reported to this Department from 27*th February*, 1858, *up to this date.*

1*st Madras Fusiliers.*

Private Patrick Collins, 2502, November 16, 1857, killed in action at Lucknow.

Private Patrick Walsh, 2811, December 22, killed in action at Lucknow.
„ John Keily, 2550, died December 18.
„ James Mahon, 1989, died December 2.
„ Hector McArter, 3571, died December 30.
„ John Reilly, 1690, died December 5.
„ Thomas O'Brien, 3457, died November 13.

F. S. GABB, Major.
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

Adjutant-General's Office, Fort Saint George, March 10, 1858.

No. 29.

List of Casualties by Death among the European Commissioned Officers of the Honourable Company's Army, in consequence of the Mutinies in Northern India, that have been reported to this Department, from 12th February, 1858, up to this date.

Major John Bates, 40th Regiment N.I., Sumbulpore, February 15, 1858, died of dysentery.
Captain Arthur Parry Woodbridge, 40th Regiment N.I., near Sumbulpore, February 12, killed in action.
„ George King Newberry, 8th Regiment Light Cavalry, Shorapoor, February 8, killed in action.

F. S. GABB, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

Adjutant-General's Office, Fort Saint George, February 26, 1858.

No. 30.

Nominal Roll of the Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Rank and File of the First Madras Fusiliers, who have been either Killed or Wounded, or have Died since the 19th of May, 1857, (in addition to that published in Gazette, April 7, 1858.)

Lieutenant William Stafford Bailey, September 15 and 25, 1857, Lucknow, wounded twice.
Colour-Serjeant, Alexander Walker, June 17, Allahabad.
Corporal Patrick Sandes, June 18, Allahabad.
Private Jeremiah Lanigan, May 19, at sea on voyage to Bengal.
" David Morgan, May 28, Benares.
" James Sullivan, May 30, Benares.
" John Coghlan, May 30, Benares.
" Walter Whilley, May 30, Benares.
" John Goolden, May 30, Ranee Gunge.
" James Goolden, May 30, Ranee Gunge.
" Maurice Doyle, June 1, Shergotty.
" Alfred Atkins, June 1, Shergotty.
" Francis McKenna, June 6, Benares.
" George Bourne, June 8, Benares.
" William Winter, June 9, Benares.
" Thomas Hynes, June 11, Benares.

At Allahabad.

Private John McMillan, June 13,
" Michael Nestor, June 13.
" Edward Delamore, June 13.
" John Campbell, June 13.
" Thomas McCormick, June 13.
" Patrick Bennett, June 14.
" John McLoughlin, June 14.
" Patrick O'Brien, June 15.

Private Matthew Dinan, June 15.
" William Ekins, June 15.
" Watt Britt, June 15.
" John Kemp, June 15, subsequently died of cholera, July 30.
" James Connolly, June 15.
" Michael Kennedy, June 15.
" Thomas Quigley, June 15, subsequently died of his wound, June 20.
" Patrick Mansfield, June 16.
" Archibald Anderson, June 17.
" James Keenan, June 18.
" Duncan Cameron, June 18.
" Hugh Mulcahy, June 18.
" Francis Price, June 18.
" William Sadler, June 18.
" John Coyne, June 18.
" John Walsh, June 18.
" Timothy Devine, June 18.
" Richard Rollins, June 18.
" Henry Bickmore, June 18.
" James McCafferty, June 18.
" John Stars, June 18.
" James Brien, June 18.
" James Tighe, June 18.
" Thomas Maine, June 18.
" Patrick Costello, June 19.
" Michael Feeney, June 19.
" John Hooley, June 19.
" Joseph Hunter, June 19.
" Peter McDonald, June 19.
" William Davies, June 19.
" John Dunne, June 19.
" William Fleming, June 19.
" William Derbyshire, June 19.
" Henry Smith, June 19.
" Charles Blatcher, June 19.
" Thomas Gardner, June 19.

Private William Temperton, June 19.
„ James Cudmore, June 19.
„ Edward Hodgson, June 19.
„ John Bryan, June 19.
„ Patrick Tohil, June 19.
„ Michael Casey, June 19.
„ Henry Worsted, June 19.
„ John Flynn, June 20.
„ Christopher Hynes, June 20.
„ James McCool, June 20.
„ James Renshaw, June 20.
„ Robert Lawrence, June 20.
„ Peter Mangan, June 20.
Corporal Thomas Pender, June 20.
Private Francis McDonald, June 21.
Corporal Charles Stacey, June 21.
Private Daniel Donovan, June 21.
„ James Browne, June 21.
„ John Stewart, June 21.
Half-pay Drummer, John Cherry, June 21.
Serjeant John Howliston, June 20.
Private Samuel Fletcher, June 22.
„ James Murphy, June 22.
„ William Parker, June 22.
„ George Goldie, June 22.
„ Thomas Cahill, June 22.
„ John Sullivan, June 23.
„ Martin Lynch, June 23.
„ Alexander Dykes, June 23.
„ Thomas Wignall, June 25.
„ John Duncanson, June 25.
„ James Brynes, June 25.
„ Samuel Renney, June 26.
„ Peter Ward, June 29, Benares.

At Cawnpore.

Serjeant James McGrath, July 4.
Corporal James Bussey, July 4.

Private Samuel Walker, July 4.
" William Nolloth, July 4.
" Thomas Pike, July 4.
" John Sullivan, July 4.
" John O'Neill, July 4.
" Alexander Over, July 4.
" Alexander Stewart, July 4.
" Joseph Pike, July 4.
" John Price, July 4.
" Joseph Phillips, July 4.
" Edward Prescott, July 4.
" Dennis O'Brien, July 4.
" Patrick Ready, July 4.
" Martin Maloney, July 12, Futtepore.
" Patrick Casey, July 12, Futtepore.
" William Thorn, July 12, Futtepore.
" Peter McEvoy, July 12, Futtepore.
" John Helling, July 12, Futtepore.
" James Brown, July 12, Futtepore.

Major Sydenham George Charles Renaud, July 15, Aeng, subsequently died of his wound at Cawnpore, July 21.

Captain James Gray Campbell Fraser, July 15, Aeng, and October 5, Lucknow, wounded twice.

Corporal Edward Horan, July 15, Aeng, subsequently died of his wounds, July 27.
" Michael Shannahan, July 15, Aeng, subsequently killed in action at Lucknow, September 27.
" James Thomas Farlowe, July 15, Aeng.
" Archibald Campbell, July 15, Aeng.
" Ellis Roberts, July 15, Aeng.
" John Cole, July 15, Aeng.
" Dennis Harrington, July 15, Aeng.
" Joseph Lingham, July 15, Aeng, subsequently died of his wound, July 17.
" James Walker, July 15, Aeng.

Private John Douglas, July 15, Aeng, subsequently died of his wound, August 14.
„ James Bell, July 15, Aeng, subsequently died of his wound, July 18.
„ George Johnson, July 23, Allahabad.

At Caunpore, July 16.

Private Michael Duffy.
„ Thomas Rielly.
„ Thomas McMahon.
„ John McNamara.
„ Henry Lenedy.
„ William Kedge.
„ James Gabriel.
„ Michael Lavan.
„ John Frier.
Colour-Serjeant James Kelly.
Serjeant John Wilson.
Corporal John Maguire.
Private Michael Shea.
„ Bartholomew Mahoney, subsequently died of his wound, August 6.
„ Andrew Shields.
„ James Tiernay.
„ James Green, subsequently died of his wound, July 18.
„ John Hewins.
„ William Walker, subsequently died of his wound, July 18.
„ John Lovett, subsequantly died of his wound, September 14.
„ Patrick Flynn.
„ William Brien.
„ William Peard, subsequently killed in action at Lucknow, Sept mber 29.
„ Hugh Gray, subsequently killed in action at Lucknow, November 16.
„ Timothy McCarthy.

Private Nelins Joseph Lane, July 17
„ David Barry, July 23.
„ William Johnston, July 26.
„ William Knox, July 26.
„ Joseph Hurst, July 26.
„ Patrick Fitzgerald, July 26.
„ Brian Hanlon, July 27.
„ Jeremiah Connor, July 27.
„ John Green, July 27.
Corporal Joseph Palfrey, July 28.
Private John Beith, July 28.
„ Stephen Corby, July 28.
Corporal Patrick Callanan, July 28.
Private James Smith, July 28.
„ William Atkinson, July 28.
Corporal Timothy O'Kelly, July 28.
Private James Masterson, July 28.
„ Thomas Sims, July 28.
Lieutenant John Angelo Richardson, July 29, Oonao.
Private Lawrence Murphy, July 29, Oonao.
„ William Scullion, July 29, Oonao.
„ Michael Hennessy, July 29, Oonao.
„ Patrick Crowley, July 29, Basarat Gunge.
Lieutenant, James Lumsden Seton, July 29, Oonao.
Private James Grace, July 29, Oonao, subsequently killed in action at Lucknow, September 25.
„ Thomas Sweeney, July 29, Oonao; October 11 and November 9, Lucknow.
„ John Griffin, July 29, Oonao, subsequently died of his wound, July 29, 1857.
„ Owen Killoran, July 29, Oonao.
„ John Cherry, July 29, Oonao.
„ Patrick McMahon, July 29, Oonao.

Private Thomas Bailey, July 29, Oonao; November 7, Lucknow.
„ John McGrath, July 29, Oonao.
Colour-Serjeant Thomas Stuttard, July 29, Basarat Gunge.
Corporal Hugh Tracey, July 29, Basarat Gunge.
„ John Barrett, July 29, Basarat Gunge, subsequently killed in action at Lucknow, September 27, 1857.
„ John Carr, July 29, Basarat Gunge.
„ Thomas Cavanagh, July 29, Basarat Gunge.
„ Andrew McCartney, July 29, Basarat Gunge.
„ William Cole, July 29, Basarat Gunge.
„ John Harrington, July 29, Basarat Gunge.
„ William Chaplin, July 29, Basarat Gunge; September 26, Lucknow.
„ Thomas Cownaughty, July 29, Basarat Gunge; September 27, Lucknow.
„ Henry Johnstone, July 29, Allahabad.
„ Thomas Lindsey, July 29, Basarat Gunge.
„ Henry Mears, July 30, Basarat Gunge.
„ John Cleaves, July 30, Basarat Gunge.
„ Patrick Franklin, July 31, Cawnpore.
Private James Smith, alias William Owen, July 31, Cawnpore.
„ Timothy Gibbons, August 1, Mulgarwar.
„ William Dutchfield, August 2, Cawnpore.
„ Patrick McGrath, August 2, Cawnpore.
„ James Bruce, August 3, Cawnpore.
„ Darby Cronley, August 3, Mulgarwar.
Corporal John Tranor, August 5, Basarat Gunge; September 27, Lucknow, subsequently killed in action at Lucknow, October 5, 1857.

Private David Peace, August 5, Basarat Gunge.
„ Thomas O'Neill, August 5, Basarat Gunge.
„ Joseph Page, August 5, Basarat Gunge, subsequently died of his wound, August 11, 1857.
„ Michael Davis, August 5, Basarat Gunge.
„ James Browne, August 5, Allahabad.
„ Benjamin Baxter, August 9, Mulgarwar.
„ John Murphy, August 9, Cawnpore.
Serjeant-Major Thomas Johnstone, August 10, Mulgarwar.
Private James Ligan, August 10, Mulgarwar.
„ William Goodman, August 11, Cawnpore.
„ Michael Byrnes, August 12, Basarat Gunge.
Captain Edward Long Grant, August 12, Basarat Gunge; November 2, Lucknow.
Serjeant Thomas Martin, August 12, Basarat Gunge.
„ Joseph Stapleton, August 12, Cawnpore.
Private Thomas McLoughlin, August 12, Cawnpore.
Corporal John Flyn, August 16, Bittoor.
Private Maurice Rielly, August 16, Bittoor.
„ John McImry, August 16, Bittoor.
„ James McFarlane, August 16, Bittoor.
, Joseph Paffreeman, August 16, Bittoor.
„ George Thompson, August 16, Bittoor.
„ Michael Curreen, August 16, Bittoor.
Corporal John Shannon, August 16, Bittoor.
Private Henry Andrew Perney, August 16, Bittoor, subsequently died of his wound, August 27, 1857.
„ Jeremiah Hurley, August 16, Bittoor.
„ John Flynn, August 16, Bittoor.

Private Michael Byrne, August 16, Bittoor, subsequently died of his wound, August 24, 1857.
„ Andrew Griffin, August 16, Bittoor.
„ John Driscoll, August 16, Bittoor, subsequently died of cholera, August 31.
„ Patrick Flannigan, August 16, Bittoor.
Second Lieutenant Thomas Alexander Chisholm, August 19, Bittoor.
Private Michael Hurley, August 12, Cawnpore.
„ Timothy McCarthy, August 22, Cawnpore.
Serjeant John Brayshay, August 24, Cawnpore.
Private Joseph McGrath, August 25, Cawnpore.
„ Thomas Murphy, August 29, Cawnpore.
„ Thomas Bailey, August 31, Cawnpore.
Drummer George Hatherill, August 31, Cawnpore.
Private William Dewar, September 4, Cawnpore.
„ George Keeven, September 11, Cawnpore.
„ Edward Maundsley, September 11, Cawnpore.
„ William Ryan, September 13, Cawnpore.
Half-pay Drummer William Duffy, September 14, Cawnpore.
Private John Bellarney, September 19, Cawnpore.
Serjeant Patrick Mahoney, September 21, Mulgarwar.
Private Joseph Orridge, September 21, Mulgarwar.
Serjeant Maurice Reardon, September 23, Alum Bagh.
Private John Williams, September 23, Alum Bagh.
„ Isaac Bass, September 23, Alum Bagh.
„ Charles Gardiner, September 23, Alum Bagh.
„ Henry Jenkins, September 24, Alum Bagh.

Private George Moore, September 24, Alum Bagh.
„ William Dwyer, September 24, Alum Bagh.

At Lucknow, September 25.

Private James Cooper.
Corporal Matthew Culloo.
Colour-Serjeant Martin O'Loughlin.
Corporal Peter Finnigan.
Private James McQuattie.
„ Joseph Shakley.
„ James Covill.
„ Thomas Tickner.
„ Richard Tallantire.
„ James Greer.
„ George Moore.
„ John Robinson.
„ Thomas Manning.
„ John Lee.
„ John O'Brien.
„ James Healy.
„ Henry Taylor.
„ George Pearson.
„ Martin Donahoe.
„ Thomas Sheehan.
„ Hugh Roonie.
„ John Jones.
Brigadier-General James George Smith Neill.
Lieutenant Nelson Henry Arnold, subsequently died of his wound, October 6.
Private Charles Appleton, subsequently died of his wound, October 22.
„ James Leaky.
Corporal William Scott.
Private Michael Byrne.
„ John Yelling.
„ Robert Jacques, subsequently died of his wound October 18.

Private Humphrey Leary, subsequently died of his wound, September 30.
" Thomas Murphy.
" John McBride.
Serjeant George Courts, subsequently died of his wound, November 3.
Private Patrick Grady.
" James Byrnes.
" Colin Archibald.
" Patrick Wiley.
" Alfred Page.
" Thomas Geary.
" Michael Brien, subsequently died of his wound, November 9.
" Thomss Dennis.
" John Wrightson.
" William John O'Brien.
" Alexander Denon.
" John Kelly.
" Thomas Scott.
" William Sim.
" John Dowey.
" Richard Jackson.
" John Hunter.
" Maurice Lynam.
Serjeant William Pritlove, subsequently died of his wound, October 17.
" John Lacey.
Private William Williamson.
" John Irving, subsequently died of his wound at Allahabad, December 25.
" Maurice Cahill.
" Robert Sutherland, subsequently died of his wound, September 28.
" Michael Barr.
" John Sleven, subsequently died of his wound, October 14.
" John Kerwen.

Private Joseph Hillary, September 26.
Corporal John English, September 26, subsequently died of his wound, October 6.
Private William Sadlier, September 26, subsequently died of his wound, September 29.
„ Patrick Healy, September 26.
„ John White, September 26.
„ William Glassford, September 26.
„ John Finlayson, September 26.
„ Robert Simpson, September 26.
„ Frederick Mathew, September 26, and October 16, subsequently died of this wound, October 27.
„ William Gibbons, September 27.
Serjeant Thomas Lidster, September 27.
Private Charles Browne, September 27.
Corporal Frederick Flegg, September 27.
„ Michael Burke, September 27.
Serjeant Edward Edwards, September 27, subsequently died of his wound, October 6.
Private Dennis McCarthy, September 27.
„ Joseph Hayes, September 27, subsequently died of his wound, September 29.
„ Thomas Quinlan, September 27, and October 31.
Serjeant Patrick Drury, September 29.
„ William Young, September 29.
„ James Sowden, September 29.
Private Robert Parker, September 29, subsequently died of his wound, October 4.
„ William McGill, September 29, subsequently died at Allahabad of his wound, December 21.
„ Denis Carthy, September 29.
„ Thomas Haigh, October 1.
„ James Rourke, October 2.

Serjeant Dennis Higgins, October 3.
Major John Lionel Stephenson, October 4, subsequently died of hospital gangrene, November 21.
Captain Michael Galwey, October 5.
Lieutenant William Tate Groom, October 5, subsequently died of his wound, October 21.
Colour-Serjeant Henry Campbell, October 5, subsequently died of his wound, October 7.
Private Thomas Harrall, October 5, subsequently died of his wound, October 10.
,, William O'Brien, October 6.
,, John Breen, October 6.
,, William Kennedy, October 6, subsequently died of his wound, October 30.
,, Timothy Hayes, October 6.
,, Thomas Rawlinson, October 9.
,, James May, October 10.
Colour-Serjeant Samuel Hocking, October 11.
Private Samuel Arnold, October 11.
,, Patrick Ryan, October 11.
,, James Matheson, October 11.
,, Cornelius Callanan, October 13.
,, William Gahalan, October 15.
,, William Duckworth, October 15.
,, John Downey, October 16.
,, Peter Smith, October 15, Cawnpore.
,, Phillip Laffan, October 3, Cawnpore.
,, Maurice Hallihane, October 4, Allahabad.
,, Joseph Holland, October 16, Cawnpore.
,, George Maynard, October 17, Lucknow.
,, Abraham Board, October 17, Lucknow.
,, Francis Malone, October 17, Lucknow.
Lieutenant John James Barclay, October 21, Lucknow.

Private William Harsnett, October 23, Lucknow.
„ James Burke, October 24, Lucknow.
„ John Boyle, October 24, Lucknow.
„ Ralph Bunting, October 27, Lucknow.
„ Charles Davie, October 28, Lucknow.
Drummer James Carey, November 5, Lucknow.
Private Thomas O'Brien, November 13, Allahabad.
„ Thomas Callan, November 14, Lucknow.
2nd Lieutenant Henry Francis Dobbs, November 16, Lucknow.
Private Alexander Comb, November 16, Lucknow.
„ Patrick Collins, November 16, Lucknow.
„ Edw. Donaghay, November 16, Lucknow.
„ John Moir, November 16, Lucknow.
„ James Mahon, November 16, Lucknow, subsequently died of his wounds at Cawnpore, December 2.
„ Jno. Beveridge, November 16, Lucknow.
„ James Smith, November 16, Lucknow.
„ George Blannin, November 16, Lucknow.
„ David Fox, November 16, Lucknow.
„ William Burke, November 16, Lucknow.
„ James Curtis, November 16, Lucknow.
„ Thos. Kenney, November 16, Lucknow, subsequently died of his wound, November 19, 1857.
„ Dennis Leahy, November 16, Lucknow.
„ Jas. McKenna, November 17, Allahabad.
„ George Payne, November 17, Allahabad.
Corporal Hugh Duffy, November 18, Allahabad.
Private William Carr, November 18, Allahabad.
„ Henry Scotford, November 22, Allahabad.
Robt. Durham, Half-pay Drummer, November 22, Allahabad.
Private John Reilly, December 5, Lucknow.
„ Robert McHesney, December 11, St. Thomas Mount.

Private John Spilsbury, December 12, Allahabad.
„ John Comerie, December 13, Allahabad.
„ John Reiley, December 18, Lucknow.
„ Patrick Walsh, December 22, Lucknow.
„ Hector MacArter, December 31, Lucknow.

„ Henry Dwyer, January 1, Camp before Lucknow, subsequently died of his wound, January 31, 1858.
„ Silvester Dean, January 1, Camp before Lucknow.
„ William Clifford, January 26, Camp before Lucknow.
„ Stephen Finn, January 28, Camp before Lucknow.
„ Calvin Worthen, January 28, Camp before Lucknow.

F. S. GABB, Major.
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

Adjutant-General's Office,
Fort St. George,
February 26, 1858.

No. 31.

Colonel J. E. Dickey, Superintendent of Studs, to Major F. D. Atkinson, Officiating Secretary to the Government of India in the Military Department.

No. 61.

SIR, *Fort William, February* 27, 1858.

With reference to your letter (No. 188) of the 5th of November, 1857, transmitting a circular issued in the Foreign Department, No. 437, dated

3rd idem, I have the honour to inclose, for submission to the Honourable the Company of Directors, two statements* of Europeans killed and wounded during the present rebellion, and beg to state that in the event of my receiving further information on this point, the same shall be forwarded to you.

I have, &c.,
E. J. DICKEY, Colonel.
Superintendent of Studs.

No. 32.

Return of Europeans Killed or Wounded by the hands of Rebels at Hissar, May 29, 1857.

Europeans Killed.

J. Wedderburn, Esq., Magistrate and Collector; Lieutenant W. E. Barwell, Adjutant Hurriana Light Cavalry; Mrs. Wedderburn and child; Mrs. Barwell; Mrs. Jeffries; Mrs. Smith and 5 children.

East Indians Killed.

Mrs. Thompson, Tuhseeldar; Mrs. Hallett.

Wounded.

Mr. J. Taylor, Assistant in charge, Cattle Farm.

J. TAYLOR,
Assistant in charge, Cattle Farm.

Cattle Farm Office, Hissar,
February 18, 1858,

No. 33.

Return of Europeans Killed by the hands of Rebels.

J. J. Palmer, Esq., Deputy-Collector of Futtyghur, supposed to be at Cawnpore, date not known.

* 1 from Mr. J. Taylor, Assistant in charge of the Hissar Cattle Farm.
1 from Mr. J. Pocock, Head Clerk and Accountant, Superintendent of Studs Office.

Mrs. J. N. Palmer and 8 children, supposed to be at Cawnpore, date not known.

J. POCOCK,
Head Clerk and Accountant, Superintendent of Studs Office.

February 27, 1858.

No. 34.

Captain Cunliffe to the Military Secretary to the East India Company.

No. 95.

SIR, *Camp, Alum Bagh, March* 2, 1858.

IN accordance with instructions received from the Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Military Department, I have the honour to forward a list of men of the regiment under my command killed in action, wounded, and who have died from wounds and disease, from the 16th May to the 31st December, 1857.

I have, &c.,
ELLIS CUNLIFFE, Captain,
Commanding 1st European Bengal Fusiliers.

No. 35.

Return of Killed and Wounded of the 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, as well as those who have Died of Disease, since the 16th of May to the 31st of December, 1857.

Killed in Action from June 8, to November 16.

Privates William Liddle, William Brummage, George Phillips, John Wignall; Corporal John McGee; Privates James Logan, John Vealon, Peter Gibbons; Corporal Patrick Redmond; Privates Daniel Hartned, Michael Edwards,

Henry Armstrong, Thomas Nevissy, Martin Cummins, Edward Hogan, John Hemsley, Edward Austin, John McArthur, Esau Willcock, Michael Daley, Michael Murphy, John Bartley, George Murray, Alexander Roy, John McDonald, James Wilson; Serjeant Henry Grey; Private Hugh McAfferty; Serjeant Solomon Morgan; Private James Tole; Drummer Alfred Comley; Privates Michael Coleman, Henry Totten, Robert Maxwell; Serjeants Austin Dunlavey, Michael Hutchinson; Corporal Charles Pogson; Privates Elijah Taylor; John Hogan, Charles French, John Wood, Walter Hastings, John O'Flaherty; Corporal William Fisher; Serjeant Edward Rippon; Private George Robinson; Corporal John Lavery; Serjeants Alfred Webb, Samuel Piert; Drummer William Mansfield; Privates John Dawson, Adam Black, John Fempenny, Dennis Mooney, James Stapleton, G. W. Cook, John Denehey, John Lavery, William Stephenson, Thomas Rodgers, John McGovern, John Gaiffin.

Died of Disease, from May 16 *to December* 15.

Privates John Halligan, James Reyden; Corporal Joseph Lowe; Privates Alfred Marshall, Thomas Downey; Serjeant Richard Dalton; Privates Thomas Bryan, Michael Laughrey, Robert Lindsay, Charles Carthy, David Roc, Robert Holmes, William Johnson, William Barry, Thomas Rae, Corporal William Woodmancey, Privates Joseph Bunney, Henry Clarke, Peter Donnelly, Edward Pane, Rody Halloran, James Horan, Abraham Lee, George Jones, Michael Garing, James Fitzgerald, John Macdonald, John Noland, Peter Milne; Corporal Thomas Spencer; Privates Edward Dalton, William

Osburn, John Foster, John Gallant, John Harbinson, James Howe, William Allen, Thomas Day, Joseph Crawley, David Bourke, Joseph Seiton, William Craft, James McKeane, James Rhynes, James Bowler, William Ellison, Henry C. Scutt, Thomas Hardy; Corporal William Rumford; Private Richard Dougherty; Serjeant Michael Carroll; Privates Patrick Ryan, Henry Evans; Corporals Henry Horton, Andrew Eagan; Private John Lamb; Serjeant-Major Timothy Bellamore; Privates William Veall, James Mullins; Corporal James Murphy; Privates William Ahern, Maurice Leonard, Joseph Brunt, James Blackwood; Corporal John Murphy; Serjeant William Darvell; Privates John Callaghan, William Green, George Harvey, Charles Purcell, Joseph Clarke, William Taylor, Thomas McCarthy, Thomas McLean, John Perry, Joseph Barret.

Died of Wounds from June 19 *to December* 10.

Privates James Manning, Lawrence Butler, Thomas McVey, Joseph Abecco, James Pople, Thomas Goodwin; Serjeant William Hawkins, Privates George Kerr, Michael Pilkington, William George Smith; Corporal Matthew Bryan; Serjeant Richard Harcourt; Private John McGuiness; Drummer John Foy; Privates Thomas Tupper, William Duffy, James Chaumiers, John Ward, Henry McAuley; Serjeants James Wright, William Owens; Privates John Roberts, John Kemble, Lewis Bendon, James Mullins, Michael Flynn, Daniel McKay, Alexander Dalrymple; Corporal Walter Evoy; Serjeant Edward B. Hickey; Privates Richard Ashton, John Peardon, Hugh Dougherty; Corporal James Hardigan; Private Edward Holmes, William Longworth, John Page, Timothy Connelly; Corporal

Thomas Moran ; Serjeant Eli London ; Private Daniel Campbell, John Coleman, Timothy Neal, John Turley.

HAMILTON MAXWELL, Lieutenant,
Adjutant, 1st Bengal Fusiliers.
ELLIS CUNLIFFE, Captain,
Commanding 1st European Bengal Fusiliers.

No. 36.

The Adjutant-General of the Army to the Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department.

SIR, No. 598. *March* 8, 1858.

IN continuation of my letter (No. 449) of the 20th ultimo, I have the honour to forward the undermentioned returns* (duplicate) of Europeans who have been either killed or wounded during the present rebellion, for submission to the Honourable the President in Council, and for eventual transmission to the Honourable Court of Directors.

1. Return of Europeans killed by rebels at Meerut, dated January 30, 1858.

1. Return of a European wounded in action against the rebels near Goodaspore, dated February 20, 1858.

I have, &c.,
W. MEYHEW, Lieu.-Colonel,
Adjutant General of the Army.

No. 37.

Return of Casualties in the Artillery Depôt School of Instruction, from the 10th of May, 1857, to the 31st of January, 1858.

Meerut, January 30, 1858.

James Law, Overseer-Serjeant, Percussion Cap Manufactory, Dum Dum, on Probationary

* Forwards two Returns of Europeans killed or wounded during the present Rebellion.

Duty at the Artillery School of Instruction, Meerut, May 10, murdered.
Eliza Law, and Emma Law, daughters of Serjeant James Law, Meerut, May 10, murdered.
CHAS. SHERIDAN, Dep.-Assist.-Commissary, In charge of the Artillery School of Instruction.

N. PENNY, Major-General,
Commanding Meerut Division.

No. 38.

Return of a European Officer wounded in action against the rebels, agreeably to Circular No. 1069, *Adjutant-General's Office, Calcutta, November* 17, 1857.

Goordaspore, February 20, 1857.

Major George Jackson, 2nd Irregular Cavalry, on the Chukkee River, near Goordaspore, August 3.

GEORGE JACKSON, Major,
Commanding the 2nd Irregular Cavalry at Goordaspore.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 7, 1858.

By the QUEEN.

A PROCLAMATION.

In order to the Electing a Peer of Scotland.

VICTORIA, R.

WHEREAS George Sholto, Earl of Morton, was duly elected and returned to be one of the

sixteen Peers of Scotland to sit in the House of Peers in the present Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and is since deceased: In order to the electing another Peer of Scotland to sit in his room, We do, by the advice of Our Privy Council, issue forth this Our Royal Proclamation, strictly charging and commanding all the Peers of Scotland to assemble and meet at Holyrood House, at Edinburgh, on Thursday the third day of June, next ensuing, between the hours of twelve and two in the afternoon, to nominate and choose another Peer of Scotland to sit and vote in the House of Peers in this present Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in the room of the said George Sholto, Earl of Morton, deceased, by open election and plurality of voices of the Peers that shall be then present, and of the proxies of such as shall be absent (such proxies being Peers, and producing a mandate in writing duly signed before witnesses, and both the constituent and proxy being qualified according to law): and the Lord Clerk Register, or such two of the principal Clerks of the Session as shall be appointed by him to officiate in his name, are hereby respectively required to attend such meeting, and to administer the oaths required by law to be taken there by the said Peers, and to take their votes; and immediately after such election made and duly examined, to certify the name of the Peer so elected, and to sign and attest the same in the presence of the said Peers the electors, and return such certificate into Our High Court of Chancery of Great Britain: and We strictly charge and command that this Our Royal Proclamation be duly published at the Market Cross at Edinburgh, and in all the county towns of Scotland, ten days at least before the time

hereby appointed for the meeting of the said Peers to proceed on such election.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this seventh day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and in the twenty-first year of Our reign.

GOD save the QUEEN.

India Board, May 7, 1858.

THE following papers have been received at the East India House :—

No. 1.

Brigadier-General G. H. Macgregor, C.B., Military Commissioner, to the Secretary to Government with the Governor-General.

Allahabad, Camp Mobaruckpore, February 25, 1858.

SIR, No. 179.

I HAVE the honor to report for the information of the Right Honorable the Governor-General that the three brigades of this force, under the immediate command of Maharajah Jung Bahadoor, this day completed the passage of the River Gogra with all its baggage and stores. The Fourth or Belwa Brigade will arrive on the other side to-day, and will cross, if possible, to-night, if not, to-morrow morning.

2. In reporting the successful result of much anxiety and labour, for the information of his Lordship I would wish to give a detailed account of the whole operation, that the government may be fully aware of the difficulties which we have had to encounter, but which have at last been overcome.

3. From the time of our arrival at Goruckpore,

the passage of the Gogra was the great obstacle which presented itself to my mind, in the way of our advance into Oude.

4. I am aware that the river was at least as large as the Ganges, and much more rapid, and that the southern bank was studded with forts which commanded the stream. That the enemy lined the banks in great numbers and occupied every ghat, and that they had removed all the boats to the right bank, from where the river washes the Azimgurh district, to Byram Ghat.

5. On consulting the Maharaja, and laying all these things fully before him, he said that he left the matter entirely in my hands, that he would move his troops as I wished, but that I must make the arrangements for crossing.

6. As I had not only to prepare the crossing, but to defend the Goruckpore district as well, I recommended to his Excellency to send a brigade to Belwa, opposite Fyzabad, and to support it with another at Bustee. Subsequently the reports of the collection of rebels at Fyzabad became so urgent, and represented them in such numbers, that the officers in military charge determined to unite their brigades, and this rendered it necessary for support to be sent from Goruckpore to Bustee. The Maharaja immediately despatched a brigade at my request.

7. Lieutenant Sankey, of the Madras Engineers, had previously reported himself in camp, and I immediately took him into consultation; and, after establishing workshops for the collection of materials at Goruckpore, this officer set off to do the same both at Bustee and Belwa, and by my directions he made a survey of the river from Fyzabad to below Tadah. He reported two places suitable for crossing, the best at Belwa itself, the other, good, but not quite so good, at Phoolpoor.

8. The rebels were at this time in force at Tandah, and Mohamed Hosein expressing his intention to invade Goruckpore, if we went on to Fyzabad. The collector of Azimgurh also wrote to me about the defenceless state of his district, so I resolved to cross at Phoolpoor, which would have the effect of turning the enemy, as far as both districts were concerned.

9. Bridge materials were rapidly prepared at Goruckpore, Bustee, and Belwa, all this time, and from the disposition of the troops and these incessant preparations, the enemy was completely deceived. He commenced throwing up batteries to oppose us at Belwa, and crossed a large force to annoy us at Byram Ghat, who advanced towards Belwa. The bearing of the enemy waxing more insolent every day, I sent orders to Captain Plowden, in military charge, to advise the Goorkha officer in command to march out and fight the enemy. The very gallant action at Shahgunge ensued, of which I had the honor to enclose Captain Plowden's report in my letter No. 146 of the 7th instant. The result was the dispersion of the enemy; and, notwithstanding all their boasting, oath-taking, &c., they have never since ventured to attack our post at Belwa, which it was of importance to keep up to the last.

10. Previously to this, fearing that the rafts proposed by Lieutenant Sankey might not be found sufficient, though they were all he could make with the wretched dingees he could collect from this and from that nullah, I had despatched Captain Reid, 37th Native Infantry, to Gopalpore, to collect there, and at Barhul Ghaut, a fleet of large boats; this being the nearest point at which we could procure them. Captain Reid collected the boats, boatmen, and a large quantity of materials, and put platforms on the boats; and on his

reporting all ready, I directed Colonel Rowcroft, then at Burhu, to escort the boats up the river to Phoolpoor.

11. Simultaneously the Maharajah, with the head-quarters, marched to Bustee from Goruckpore, and the Bustee Brigade was pushed across country to Hainsur first, and Chupra afterwards, to support and reinforce Colonel Rowcroft. He advanced with the boats up the river, and as the fleet was threatened by the fort of Chundeepore, Captain Sotheby landed the escort, and captured the fort. after the gallant affair of which I had the honour to enclose his report in my letter No. 177 of the 24th instant.

12. At this time the head-quarters of the Maharajah had moved to the Manja, opposite Phoolpoor, arriving there on the 17th instant, and as the river here made a reach from the left to the right bank, where it ran under the village of Phoolpoor, and where, the whole channel being one, it was to be crossed, a workshop was established on our side, about two miles above where the bridge was to be. Here the rafts and bridge materials were got ready.

13. It was in contemplation to cross a force on the rafts to seize the village of Phoolpoor, but as the enemy had collected a considerable force, with guns, immediately opposite the workshop, and opened a fire, though it fell short, yet the boatmen were frightened and temporarily ran away, so that idea was abandoned.

14. On the 19th, Colonel Rowcroft, having made a long march, arrived about sunset, simultaneously with the fleet at Nowrainee, about four miles below Phoolpoor. On hearing of his approach, I sent my military secretary to bring me intelligence of what he was going to do, and that officer finding from Captain Reid that the boats were all ready, and

the fort of Nowrainee on the right bank deserted, and knowing my wishes in regard to Colonel Rowcroft's crossing, I having requested him to do so at Chupra, urged him to cross at once, which Colonel Rowcroft consented to do, and the passage being effected that very night, we were established on the right bank of the river. In the morning Brigadier Junga's Doje's Brigade crossed at Nowrainee, and Colonel Rowcroft's advancing with the united force, completely defeated the rebels in advance of Phoolpoor on the 20th, and thus secured the tête du-pont and the peaceable passage of the river. I had the honor to forward Colonel Rowcroft's report of this very successful action in my letter No. 178 of this date.

15. At 12 o'clock on the 21st, the first boats having come up, were fixed in position, and by 12 o'clock at night on the 23rd, through the untiring exertions of Lieutenant Sankey, the Naval Brigade and all concerned, the bridge over this large and rapid river was reported ready.

16. On the morning of the 24th the Naval Brigade crossed to this side with Colonel Rowcroft, I having determined to leave it for the defence of Goruckpore; immediately afterwards a brigade passed across from this side, and then the stream of carts commenced and continued passing all night, completing it entirely in the course of today.

17. This morning the Maharajah and the third brigade passed over, leaving nothing on this side.

18. As soon as it was well manifest that the bridge was a fact, I sent orders to Captain Baring, with the concurrence of the Maharajah, to evacuate Belwa on the 24th, and come here in two marches. Captain Baring marched yesterday, and I expect him here in the course of the day, when, as his cattle will be too tired to cross the sand on

this side of the bridge, he will remain for the night, and crossing early in the morning, form the rear guard of the army which marches to-morrow fourteen miles to Ukberpoor.

19. Having thus laid before his Lordship a short narrative of the events connected with the passage of the Gogra by the army of his Excellency Maharajah Jung Bahadoor, there remains only for me the pleasing duty of bringing to the notice of his Lordship the names of those officers to whom I am principally indebted for the success which has attended this difficult operation.

20. To Lieutenant Sankey, Engineer of the force, my best thanks and acknowledgments are due. The energy with which this officer engaged in his work, and the skill with which he built the bridge in the extraordinary short time of two days and a half, merit every commendation. I have the pleasure to inclose a copy of his report, in which he mentions honorably the exertions of Lieutenant Garnault of the engineers, and Lieutenant Mylne of the artillery, placed at his disposal for this duty, and he also praises the services of that excellent Goorkha officer, Colonel Lall Sing, of the Maharajah's artillery.

21. To Captain Reid's zeal and activity I am indebted for the collection of the fleet of boats, a work to which he brought great energy and experience. His services are elsewhere honorably mentioned both by Captain Sotheby and Colonel Rowcroft.

22. I have in other communications had the pleasure of bringing to the notice of his Lordship the names of those officers who distinguished themselves in the various actions which took place in the course of this operation, but I must again do myself the pleasure of mentioning

the name of Captain Sotheby, Royal Navy, who was entrusted wlth the difficult and responsible duty of escorting the fleet up the river, a duty which he achieved in the most successful manner. I would also beg to acknowledge the services of the naval brigade in the construction of the bridge. It was principally through their agency that the work was completed so soon. I am likewise desirous of acknowledging the services of Captain Williamson of the Jumna steamer. She has thus far proved the navigability of the river, and she rendered good service in the attack on Chandeepore.

23. I also beg to bring to the notice of his Lordship the services of my Military Secretary, Lieutenant Mc Andrew. His exertions to complete the success of my plans have been indefatigable. I have had at times to employ him out of the sphere of his duties, and have always found him most valuable from the very commencement of the campaign.

I have, &c.
G. H. MACGREGOR,
Brigadier-General and Military Commissioner.

No. 2.

Lieutenant R. H. Sankey, on special duty, to Captain MacAndrew, Military Secretary.

Camp, Phoolpoor,
SIR, *February* 24, 1858.

IN reporting for the information of Brigadier-General MacGregor the completion last night of the bridge over the Gogra, I beg to draw your attention to the following circumstances attending a work, which, though not very symmetrical, will I trust prove well adapted to the object in view,

namely, the transferring of the naval brigade, under Colonel Rowcroft, from the right to the left bank, and the advance of his Highness the Maharajah's force, with guns and baggage, into Oude.

2. After the occupation of the village of Nowrainee on the night of the 19th instant, and the combat of Phoolpoor the following evening, the fleet of boats which had been so skilfully conducted up the stream from Deoree Burhul by Captain Reid, 37th Native Infantry, were enabled to take up their position near the village of Phoolpoor, which I had already selected with the General's approval as the most convenient site for the bridge.

3. The boats were numerous and of a very convenient size for manœuvring, viz., from 300 to 400 manuds burthen; they were well equipped, and each provided with a strong platform, which Captain Reid had seen to, during his stay at Deoree Burhul.

4 The superstructure for the roadway, with anchors, cables and gear of all kinds, being previously prepared, it merely required an exertion in placing the boats, fixing the material of the roadway, cutting ghauts to lead down to the river, with roads of approach on either bank, to establish quickly the communication between Goruckpoor and Oude.

5. The first boat was anchored a little before noon on the 21st instant, and the bridge reported open at midnight on the 23rd instant, thus occupying two and a half days in construction.

6. 49 boats were anchored in a stream of 300 yards in width, and running at 5 miles an hour. The bottom on the right bank being hard kunker rock, difficulty was found in getting the anchors to hold, but some of the naval brigade coming to

my aid, all boats were in position the second evening.

7. To secure the bridge against the effects of high winds, and overcome difficulties of the current and bottom, several iron anchors passed up stream, and strong guy ropes from either shore, as well as from the steamer (which had been anchored in the middle of the stream for the purpose), to different points of the bridge.

8. The approach on the left bank lay over alternating loose and hard sand for about half a mile, and the road had to undergo a certain amount of preparation, in addition to cutting the ghaut leading down from the plain on which the camp was pitched.

9. On the right bank there was a little more work, the road having to be made for a mile or more, but the ground being stiff clay, no difficulty was found in making a practicable road.

10. The valuable services of Captain Reid are well known to the Brigadier-General, and therefore need no comment from me, but I would beg to bring to the notice of the Brigadier-General the very valuable aid I have had from Lieutenant Garnault, of the engineers, and Lieutenant Mylne, of the artillery. Their labor has been unremitting both night and day in bringing the work to a satisfactory conclusion.

11. The Clashees, placed at my disposal by his Highness the Maharajah, have rendered the most efficient aid in keeping the communications perfect by a supply of jhowa when needed, and Colonel Lall Sing has been indefatigable in directing their labor.

I have, &c.

R. H. SANKEY, Lieutenant,
Madras Engineers, on special duty.

No. 3.

Brigadier Wheler, Commanding Saugor District, to the Adjutant-General of the Army.

Camp, Bunda, March 1, 1858.

SIR, No. 136.

I BEG that you will acquaint his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief that I had an affair with a body of about 300 rebels at a village called Jalimpore 7 miles hence, just across the Shah Gurh frontier.

2. The enemy were quite unaware of my approach till I was within a mile of them; they posted themselves in a village, with a densely wooded hill in their rear.

3. They opened fire on me with Zumbooruks, but after a few rounds from my guns, and seeing the infantry approach to storm the hill-side, they retired deliberately into the jungle.

4. The head-quarters of the 31st Native Infantry, under Major Hampton, and 150 of the Hydrabad Contingent Infantry, under Captain Hare, in skirmishing order, ran them through the jungle and on the hills, until they were totally dispersed and had lost their zumbooruks and plunder, together with their two loads of gunpowder. Some of the enemy were killed and our loss nothing.

5. By order of Major-General Sir H. Rose, K.C.B., I am now going to make a feint on Shahgurh and await further orders at Bamoie, the fourth march on the Calpee road from Saugor.

I have, &c.

F. WHELER, Brigadier,
Commanding Saugor District.

No. 4.

Brigadier-General G. H. Macgregor, C.B., Military Commissioner, to the Secretary to the Government with the Governor-General, Foreign Department.

No. 181.

Camp Rowneeah, near Daondpore, March 4, 1858.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of the Right Honorable the Governor-General, that when on the line of march, on the 26th ultimo, from Mobarukpoor to Ukberpoor, at as Maharajah Jung Bahadoor and myself were proceeding along the road, we were informed that at a fort near at hand, some 40 rebels were there.

2. The Maharajah remarked that they might rob the carts, and sent some of his body guard to see what they were. They rode up to the place and completely surprised them, and actually got into the place. The men inside proposed submission, and said they would lay down their arms in two ghurries (about forty minutes) if allowed that time to prepare. Unaccountably the Goorkahs fell into the trap, and left the place for that time, and on their return, reinforced by three companies, they were fired on, and several were killed and wounded.

3. The news of this reached us immediately after our arrival in camp, and the Maharajah first despatched his brothers, and subsequently in my company went himself back to the place, about six miles.

4. I have the pleasure to inclose the reports of the officers in charge of brigades present, as well as that of Lieutenant Sankey, Madras Engineers, which will put his Lordship in possession of the style of place and the manner of its capture.

5. Previous to the arrival of the Maharajah, though I believe arrangements for an assault were made by Generals Ranoodeep Singh and Dere Shumshere, yet no progress had actually been made. The arrival of his Highness gave a spur to the whole body. He immediately directed an assault, caused the bugles to be sounded, and in an hour after his arrival I accompanied him into the place.

6. I cannot speak too highly of the courage and gallantry shown by the officers and men engaged in this little, but desperate affair. The heavy list of casualties will show to his Lordship the strength of the defences, and the desperation with which they were held. It was manifest from this day's work that the Goorkhas were capable of anything in the way of an assault, when animated by the presence of the Maharajah, and I was very much pleased indeed with their demeanour throughout, for the service was really a trying one.

7. I beg to bring to the notice of his Lordship the excellent arrangements of Generals Runoodeep Sing, second in command, and Dere Shumshere, the Maharajah's brothers. Their dispositions insured the capture of the place, and prevented the escape of the enemy.

8. Brigadier Sunnuck Sing and Jodh Adhikaree were on the field, and greatly exerted themselves. Captain Edmonstone records the distinguished gallantry with which the former led on his men, who bore the brunt of the affair.

9. Colonel Koohun Sing, Lall Sing and Ramchunder Sing Allie, as well as Major Captain Balla Bahadoor Pandy and Rung Soor Bishtee, Jugga Bahadoor Gaitu, and Major Jungbeer Kooner Ranajee are also honorably mentioned.

10. The conspicuous gallantry of Lieutenant

Sankey, Madras Engineers, was the admiration of every one. It was by his advice the gun was brought up which breached the wall, and he was the first man in the fort, followed by the rifle regiment, with Captain Edmonstone. The latter officer's conduct was most gallant and praiseworthy.

11. I am also indebted to Captain Baring, the senior officer present, in charge of a brigade, as well as to Captain Holland and Lieutenant Mylne of the Artillery, and Captain Lane, Lieutenant Cory, and Lieutenant Garnault, all of whom exerted themselves greatly.

12. Captain Brander, Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, was on the field, and opportunely set fire to the village at the only part of the fort where there was no bamboo hedge, thus preventing the escape of the rebels.

13. Dr. Chalmers's activity and attention to the wounded was most conspicuous.

I have, &c.,
G. H. MACGREGOR,
Brigadier-General and Military Commissioner.

No. 5.

Return of Casualties.

Body Guard of the Maharajah, 2 soubadars, wounded.
Body Guard of Second in command, 1 soubadar, wounded.
Rifle Regiment, 1 rank and file, killed; 14 rank and file, wounded.
Kabee Pershad, 6 rank and file, killed; 18 rank and file, wounded.
Singjanauth, 1 rank and file, wounded.
Sooruj Dull, 1 rank and file, killed; 5 rank and file, wounded.
Pooranah Gooruck, 1 rank and file, wounded.

Artillery, 1st Battalion, 1 rank and file, wounded.
Total.—8 rank and file, killed; 3 soubadars, 40 rank and file, wounded.

Enemy, 32 killed.

G. H. MACGREGOR,
Brigadier-General and Military Commander,
Camp.

Camp Rowneeah, near Darudpore,
March 4, 1858.

No. 6.

Captain Baring to Captain MacAndrew, Military Secretary to Brigadier-General Macgregor, C.B.

SIR, *Camp Sultanpoor, March 2, 1858.*

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of the Brigadier-General Macgregor, C.B., that on the morning of the 26th ultimo, whilst on the march from Phoolpore to Ackberpore, with the brigade of which I have military charge, and which is commanded by Brigadier Jodabeer Adhikaree, instructions were received to detach a party (strength as per margin*) for the purpose of dislodging a body of insurgents entrenched at the village of Berozepore; this I am happy to say was satisfactorily effected, after a very obstinate defence, of which I subjoin the following particulars:—

On arriving in front of the enemy's position, I was reinforced by a portion of 1st Brigade (strength as per margin†) under the military charge of Captain Edmonstone, whose proceedings are annexed. The difficulty of our operations was materially increased by the enemy's position being

* 7 companies Poorana Gorruck Regiment, 2 company's Sengenath Regiment, 3 guns.

† Rifle Regiment, Kalepershad Regiment, 2 companies Sooring Dull Regiment, and 7 guns.

completely surrounded by an impenetrable hedge of bamboos, which prevented our ascertaining the nature of the defences within. Under the circumstances, I deemed it expedient to suggest to the General, Dere Shumshere, that he should open with shell from the guns on the south side, sending a regiment out on each flank to prevent the escape of the enemy. After firing for some time, and finding that we made little or no impression on the position from its natural defences, we determined on altering our tactics, and moved up 3 guns to the east side. I now suggested to the General the propriety of pushing the men up to the place in extended order, under cover of the guns, with a view of taking it by assault. This plan was adopted, and at this juncture his Highness the Maharajah Jung Bahadoor arriving on the ground, his presence so stimulated the troops that they rushed on with a cheer, and succeeded in obtaining a lodging in the bamboo fence and trench within it. The assailing regiments finding that they were here unexpectedly opposed by a high wall and bastion, the necessity for bringing up a gun to bear on it became manifest, and accordingly, with great labour, a 6-pounder, from Major Jungbheer Koohur Ranajee's battery, was dragged through the outer fence of bamboos, and brought up to within a few yards of it. Five or six rounds having effected a partial breach, Lieutenant Sankey, Madras Engineers, followed by the men, carried the place by storm; it was then fired. Nothing could exceed the gallantry of all engaged, the Goorkhas charging with great bravery.

General Ramdeep Sing and Dere Shumshere were most assiduous in carrying out all concerted plans. Brigadier Jodheer Adhikaree behaved most gallantly throughout, as well as Lieutenant-Colonel Ramchunder Allie, commanding the Poo-

rana Gooruck Regiment, and Major Captain Bulla Buhadoor Panday, commanding the 2nd company of the Singenath Regiment. Captain Edmonstone gallantly led the men of the rifle regiment into the entrenchment, and also afforded me valuable assistance during the day. I beg to bring his name prominently to the notice of the Brigadier-General, as well as that of Lieutenant Sankey, Madras Engineers, whose conspicuous bravery elicited the admiration of all. To Captain Holland I am deeply indebted for the activity he displayed, and the excellent practice made by the guns he had charge of. I annex his report.

I beg to bring the names of Captain Lane, Lieutenant Corey, and Second-Lieutenant Garnault, who assisted me throughout the day, and did good service in the entrenchment, to the Brigadier-General's notice, as well as that of Dr. Chalmers, the only medical officer present, whose activity in attendance on the sick, both within and without the entrenchment, was remarkable.

In conclusion, I beg to bring to the notice of the Brigadier-General all those officers mentioned in the 11th paragraph of Captain Edmonstone's letter, and 2nd paragraph of Captain Hollands.

I annex a casualty return.

I have, &c.

J. D. O. BARING, Captain,

In Military Charge of 2nd Brigade, 1st Division.

GOORKHA FORCE.

	Killed.	Wounded.
Golundauze .	none	1 gunner.
Rifle Regiment .	1 rank & file	14 rank & file
Soorey Dall do. .	1 do.	5 do.
Kaleepershad do.	6 do.	18 do.
Poorana Gooruck do.	. .	3 do.
Sengenath do.	. .	1 do.
Total	8	42

From what I could ascertain, the loss to the enemy was between 40 and 50 killed.

No. 7.

Captain Holland to Captain Baring, in Military Charge, 2nd Brigade 1st Division, Goorkha Force.

Camp, Sultanpore, March 2, 1858.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to inform you that according to instructions received during the line of march from Phoolpoor on the afternoon of the 26th ultimo, three guns of the battery under my charge were detached with a portion of your brigade to attack the rebels at Berozepoor. On arriving near that village, I found the battery attached to Brigadier Sunnuck Sing's Brigade, under charge of Lieutenant Mylne; after a short consultation, the guns opened fire (chiefly with shells) on the south face of a dense bamboo tope, in which the rebels were said to be posted, at a distance of about 500 yards. After a few rounds I moved the 3 guns under my charge round to the east face of the tope, and opened fire, at about 200 yards, at a loop-holed wall, which appeared about 5 feet above the level of the ground; finding, however, after a short time, that from the nature of the defences, our fire was of little effect, it was resolved to carry the place by assault. Accordingly, after a short pause, and as soon as the skirmishers began to advance, I opened and continued a sharp fire from 3 guns, under cover of which a lodgment was effected within the outer bamboo enclosure and ditch; it was then discovered that there was an inner entrenchment and wall, which it was found necessary to breach. Accordingly, a 6-pounder gun was, with great difficulty, dragged through the bamboo fence and outer

ditch, to within a few feet of the inner wall; after a few rounds, a breach was effected, through which the Goorkhas, headed by Lieutenant Sankey, Madras Engineers, poured in, and carried the place. Immediately after the first lodgment, I distributed portions of port fire and lighted slow match among the Goorkha riflemen, to set fire to the houses and bamboo tope on the west side; this was done almost simultaneously with the final assault.

2. In conclusion, I beg to state that I observed, with the utmost satisfaction, the precision of fire of the guns under Lieutenant Mylne, who makes particular mention of the professional services of Colonel Lall Sing, and Captain Bhyrut Bahadoor, of the Nepalese Artillery, I also beg to bring to your favourable notice, the names of Major Jugheer Kooner, and Captain Indr Bheer Lama, of the Artillery under my charge.

I have, &c.
G. HOLLAND, Captain
Bengal Artillery.

No. 8.

Captain Edmonstone to Captain Baring.

Camp, Huree Sunree,
February 27, 1858.

SIR,

UNDER instructions from the Brigadier-General, conveyed to me by yourself, I have the honor to report for his information, the circumstances that came under my notice in the assault and capture yesterday, of the small fortified position of Berozepore, Jumalpore.

2. On the line of march, about 6 miles from Akburpore, at about 9 A.M., a report was brought from the rear to Brigadier Sunmuk Sing, commanding the brigade of which I am in

military charge, that a small body of rebels had been discovered in a fortified position about a mile to the westward of the road along which we were advancing. With my concurrence, the Brigadier upon this gave orders for 3 companies of the rear regiment, the Kalee Pershad, to be detached, if possible, to capture or destroy the party, the remainder of the regiment was halted at that post, and the rest of the brigade continued its march.

3. A short time subsequently, five musket shots were heard from the direction of our right rear, and immediately afterwards, the brigade being distant about 3 miles from Ukburpore, another report was brought from the rear that the detached companies had received a severe check. and met with considerable loss. I immediately directed that the intelligence should be sent to the Maharajah, and galloped on myself to camp, to report the circumstances to the Brigadier-General.

4. Orders were then given that 1 regiment and 2 guns should be sent back to the assistance of the Kalee Pershad, and accordingly I found them on my return in position in an open plain in front of a thick clump of bamboos, apparently joining a tope of mangoe trees to the westward, a hut being visible here and there in both. Closer observation showed a fence of dry bamboos, under the green bamboos, and this, confirmed by the report of a villager who had joined us, was rightly conjectured to be the enemy's position, the rebels within it were said to be from 30 to 40 strong, which also was found to be quite correct.

5. Some delay here took place in consultation as to the best mode of attack, during which the rest of the brigade came up, and, simultaneously with it, Generals Runodeep Sing and Dere Shumshere—yourself joining us at the same time, with, I believe, 1 regiment and 3 guns. You then

assumed charge of the operation, but as my brigade was principally concerned in them, I continue the report of what came under my own observation, confining myself, except when absolutely necessary for explanation, to the part taken in them by my own brigade.

6. About half-past 1, P.M., a part of the rifle regiment, the Kalee Pershad regiment, and 2 companies of the Sooraj Dall, with 7 guns, the portion of my brigade actually engaged, the remainder being absent on various guard duties, in all about 800 of all ranks, having been previously placed in skirmishing order on either flank of the village, leaving a party to protect the guns, they (the guns of my brigade, under the direction of Lieutenant Mylne) opened with round shot and shrapnell at a distance of about 350 yards from the southern face of the enemy's position; your 3 guns commencing firing at the same time on my right, about 150 yards further back.

7. After a few rounds, it was decided by the Generals above mentioned, with our concurrence, to move your 3 guns to a point about 300 yards from the enemy's position, immediately opposite its eastern face, which was there partially discernible, and in which the villager whom I had kept with me, declared the entrance to be. The flanking parties were then moved in accordance with our change of position, the guns again opened, and several rounds were fired as before, the guns being advanced from time to time, until they had attained to a distance of about 200 yards from the bamboos.

8. The proper moment having arrived, the Generals, with our concurrence, ordered the assault. The troops of my brigade, stationed as above, having advanced on all sides, as the guns moved on, were then closed up on their respec-

tive alignements, and the 2 companies of the Sooraj Dall being kept slightly in the rear as a support, the bugles for the advance sounded. The whole then advanced with a rush, loudly cheering. I stationed myself with the portion of the rifles in the centre, and on arriving at the bamboos, I saw immediately the great strength of the position. It was a small enclosure, barely 30 yards square, with high loop-holed walls, surrounded by a thick fence of green bamboos, rendered completely impervious by a screen of dry bamboos at its base, strongly fixed in the ground, on either side of which was a broad, deep ditch.

9. I went round three sides of the fortification, for it was nothing less, and although I found the men most eager to get in, to do so at these points was impossible. I then returned to the eastern face, and found the men crowding into the inner ditch, having, with the greatest difficulty forced their way in single file through the bamboos, exposed to a galling fire from the loop-holes, from which they were suffering severely.

10. The only approach to the place, that mentioned by the villager, was at last discovered; at this spot a gun was then forced with great labour into a position within ten or twelve yards of the wall; another, a 12-pounder, belonging to my brigade, under the immediate direction of Colonel Lall Sing, and a third, were placed at right angles to the first one, and the cross-fire thus produced was attended with the happiest results. Lieutenant Sankey, of the Engineers, who had been on the ground the whole day, discovered a small breach made by the first gun; it ceased firing, he enlarged the opening with his hands until it was sufficiently large to admit his head and shoulders, forced himself through it, and was the first man inside; the gallantry of this act, which, as I was

standing with him close under the wall, I was an eye-witness of, I venture to bring particularly to the notice of the Brigadier-General. I myself immediately followed the two first Goorkhas, I believe, who penetrated into the enclosure by a ladder which was placed against the wall close to me. I believe they belong to the Rifles; but I regret to say I have been unable to identify them since, as they were separated from me immediately afterwards by the mob. Our men then forced in, through the breach by the ladder and through a narrow opening, apparently the entrance to the place, but which only came half way down the wall, and the enemy (thirty-one bodies were subsequently counted) were all, I believe, instantly cut to pieces.

11. In conclusion, I have only to say that the men of my brigade engaged, behaved admirably throughout, as did all the Nepalese officers under my immediate observation, who carried out the very able directions of Generals Runodeep Sing and Dere Shumshere, with the greatest alacrity; but I may be permitted to particularize Brigadier Sunmuck Sing whose judgment throughout, as well as gallantry in leading his men, was conspicuous. Colonel Lall Sing, commanding the battery attached to my brigade, a most excellent artillery officer, Colonel Koolman Sing, commanding the Kalee Pershad Regiment, also displayed great gallantry, and Major Captain Rung Soor Bistee, who commanded the three companies of the Kalee Pershad, which were detached at first, and suffered so greatly, Lieutenant-Colonel Hurree Bukt, commanding the Rifles, and Major Captain Jugga Bahadoor Guttee, who commanded the two companies of the Sooraj Dall engaged, are also meritorious officers. Lieutenant Mylne rendered great service in directing the operations of the

artillery. Annexed is a numeric list of the casualties in the several regiments in my brigade.

I have, &c.

F. N. EDMONSTONE, Captain,
In Military Charge of a Brigade, Goorkha Force.

	Killed.		Wounded.	
Golundauze .	none		1 gunner.	
Rifle Regiment .	1 rank & file		14 rank & file.	
Sooraj Dall .	1	do.	5	do.
Kalee Pershad .	6	do.	18	do.
Total	8		38	

The Juggat Dall Regiment, which also belongs to my brigade, was not present.

P.S.—The Maharajah and the Brigadier-General had arrived on the ground during the affair, but I was not aware of the fact until I came out of the fortification after all was over.

F. N. EDMONSTONE, Captain,
In Military Charge of Brigade.

No. 9.

Lieutenant R. H. Sankey, Madras Engineers, on special duty, to Captain MacAndrew, Military Secretary.

Sir, *February* 27, 1858.

HAVING been requested by Brigadier-General Macgregor to report on the small Gurree which was captured yesterday by the Maharajah's troops, I have the honor to submit the following concise description of the works, with a sketch plan, illustrating the subject as far as my limited time will permit.

2. Viewed from the outside nothing very suspicious or formidable was discoverable about the place. It had all the appearance of an ordinary

clump of bamboos at the corner of a village, which latter, like all inhabited places in this part of the country, was very well screened in foliage. Some newly-planted bamboo slips, eight to ten feet high, all round the clump above mentioned, alone marked the place as differing from others, and on another occasion would be sufficient warning to induce caution in approaching what proved a very hedgehog of fortification.

3. The fort itself was a complete well surrounded by a ditch, more or less formidable ; this again by a belt of high bamboos, which was succeeded by another ditch some ten or twelve feet deep ; the row of bamboo slips above mentioned being planted on the immediate lip of the counterscarp of the latter.

4. The works were quite new as indicated by the steps left by the workpeople, as well as their being partially unfinished ; they were situated on the south-east corner of the village. A well, inclosed by the outer line of ditch (within a sort of demi lune), lay on the east, and a pond not included in the works on the north. The only immediate entrance on the Gurree was on the pond side, the approach of it leading round the north-east bastion, and, curving round in a narrow thorny path, led out at the east of the well. Nothing could be more difficult of approach, every portion bristling with thorns, and intercepted by ditches and banks.

5. The mud ramparts of the fort were fifteen feet above the level of the ground, the upper portion, for about seven feet in height, consisting of a thin mud wall, was loop-holed in every direction ; the lower part, as will be seen from the section in the sketch, being from ten to twelve feet thick, and furnishing a banquette for the defenders.

6. In plan the fort was some sixty feet square, with circular bastions at the angles, the banquette

on all sides ten feet wide, having forty feet square for the enceinte, within which the defenders could retire when the fire became too hot and where were two thatched sheds. No steps led to the banquette, a common bamboo ladder being the only means of communication between it and the ground floor; when once, therefore, the defenders were driven from the upper works they were caught in a trap, from which it was impossible to extricate themselves.

7. It would be premature for me to express any very decided opinion as to the mode of attacking such forts from this single example, but two facts are apparent, first, that in cases where all openings are closed by bamboos and thorns, such must be got rid of by fire, or by being cut down; and, second, the upper portion of the parapet which screens the defenders, must be destroyed by firing shot or shell against it with low charges. Hand grenades, two or three scaling ladders, with half a dozen shovels (fowrahs) and pickaxes, with perhaps a small number of sand bags should, in all cases, accompany the attacking party.

I have, &c.

R. H. SANKEY, Lieutenant,
Madras Engineers, on Special Duty.

No. 10.

Lieutenant-Colonel Christie to Brigadier Carthew Commanding Futtypore District.

SIR, *Dhana, March 5*, 1858.

I HAVE the honor to report, that the moveable column under my command (consisting of detachments of corps as per margin)* arrived at the village of Dhana, at 8 o'clock this morning.

*Artillery, Madras, 1 12-pounder howitzer, 1 6-pounder gun. Cavalry, 8th Irregulars, 70. Infantry, Her Majesty's 80th Regiment, 244; 17th Madras Native Infantry, 257.

2. On my arrival I heard that the enemy was posted in force on the opposite bank of the Jumna at the village of Serowlee, whence they had been firing on the village of Dhana since daylight.

3. On reconnoitring their position I found that the heights and ravines leading from the town were strongly lined with skirmishers, parties of whom were also posted in villages on their flanks. A number of boats lay in the river immediately under the town.

4. I advanced the guns under a strong escort, and extended 2 companies of the 80th Regiment, under Brevet-Major Miller, to skirmish to our right and centre, a company of the 17th Madras Native Infantry, skirmishing to our left; these were supported by two companies of the 17th Madras Native Infantry, under Brevet-Major Gill, of that regiment; my reserve, under Captain the Honorable J. H. Browne, 80th Regiment, I left close to the village of Dhana.

5. On reaching the river's bank the skirmishers opened fire, and the guns, under Captain and Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel Cadell, Madras Artillery, getting into position, shelled the town of Serowlee, with considerable effect, setting fire to part of it.

6. The enemy opened with a heavy fire of gingalls and musketry, which, however, the long range of the rifles of the 80th Regiment soon checked, though they continued a dropping fire during the rest of the morning.

7. Not being able to procure boats to effect the passage of the river, I withdrew to my position at Dhana, at 10 A.M.

8. From information gathered, I reckon the enemy's force at about 1000 men, including a party of cavalry, which were distinctly seen riding off at speed. I am unable to form an estimate of

their loss; but it must have been heavy; on our side I have to report the loss of

1 Sepoy, 17th Madras Native Infantry, killed.
1 Private, 80th Regiment, wounded.
2 Gunners, Madras Artillery, contused by spent balls.

In conclusion I beg to report most favorably the conduct of the troops under my command.

I have, &c.
J. T. CHRISTIE, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Commanding Moveable Column.

No. 11.

Nominal Return of Killed and Wounded of Moveable Column, under Command of Lieutenant-Colonel Christie.

1785 Sepoy Chunia Samy, 17th Madras Native Infantry, killed.
3207 Private James Hickey, 80th Regiment, wounded severely
1208 Private Peddiah, C Company, 5th Brigade, Madras Artillery, slightly contused by spent ball.
1708 Driver Vembly, C Company, 5th Brigade, Madras Artillery, slightly contused by spent ball.

I have, &c.
J. T. CHRISTIE, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Commanding Moveable Column.

No. 12.

NOTIFICATION BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

Allahabad, Foreign Department,
March 20, 1858.

No. 349.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General has been pleased to direct that the following

letter from Brigadier-General G. H. MacGregor, C.B., with its several inclosures, reporting an engagement on the 5th instant between the advanced division of Maharajah Jung Bahadoor's Army under General Khurruk Bahadoor and the rebel Nazim Mehndee Hoossein at the Kandoo Nuddee, be published for general information.

His Lordship has pleasure in acknowledging the distinguished gallantry exhibited on this occasion by General Kurruk Bahadoor and the native officers and men of the Nepalese Force, and by Captain A. C. Plowden and the other British officers attached thereto, and in tendering his thanks to the various officers both Nepalese and British, noticed in the report of Brigadier-General Macgregor, and also to the men composing the force, for their valuable services.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor-General.

G. F. EDMONSTONE,
Secretary to the Government of India,
with the Governor-General.

No. 13.

Brigadier-General G. H. Macgregor, C.B., Military Commissioner, to the Secretary to Government with the Governor-General, Foreign Department, Allahabad.

Camp before Lucknow, March 12, 1858.

SIR, No. 114.

IN forwarding, for the information of the Right Honorable the Governor-General, the report of Captain Plowden, the British officer in military charge of the advanced division of Maharajah Jung Bahadoor's army, under General Kurruk Bahadoor, of an action which took place on the

5th instant, at the Kandoo Nuddee, between the division and the rebel Nazim Mendee Hoossein, resulting in the capture of the enemy's only gun, and the loss to him of nearly 600 killed, with casualties to the extent only of 1 killed and 16 wounded on our part, I have the honor to bring to the notice of his Lordship in Council the extreme gallantry and good conduct of the officers and men engaged.

2. I would particularly bring to the notice of his Lordship the coolness and good management of General Kurruk Bahadoor, who, in most difficult ground, so admirably disposed his troops as to secure the splendid result above-mentioned. To Brigadier Run Sing and Junga Doje my best thanks are due, and they will doubtless merit the approbation of Government.

3. Colonels Luckmun Goonung, Teela Bickram Sing Tappah, Beemul Alie Jusdeen Sing, Purtimur Koer Ranajec, Sri Krishen Sohoy, and Soorut Tappah, are favorably mentioned by Captain Plowden, as well as Major-Captains Runojal Sing Tappah, Soojun Singh, and Meerwan Singh, all of whom rendered active and excellent service.

4. Captain Plowden, who mentions the name of Lieutenant Aiteram Bishtah, for his distinguished gallantry, he having cut down 5 of the enemy.

5. My best thanks are due to Captain Plowden, for the sound and judicious advice which he gave regarding the disposition of the troops, as well as to Captain Lane, in military charge of Brigadier Junga Doje's brigade, and to Lieutenants Francis, Gibb, Bogle, Sankey, and Foote, attached to the force, as also to Licutenant Owen, late 19th Native Infantry, who volunteered his services.

6. The medical officers, namely, Surgeons McClelland and Morton, and Assistant Surgeons

Playfair and Gee, are favourably mentioned by Captain Plowden, as well as Mr. Forbes, Civil Service, and Serjeants Hone and King, of the Bengal Artillery.

I have, &c.,
G. H. MACGREGOR,
Brigadier-General and Military Commissioner.

No. 14.

Captain A. C. Plowden, in Military Charge of a Division Goorkha Force, to Captain MacAndrew, Secretary to Military Commissioner.

SIR, *Before Lucknow, March* 11, 1858,

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of Brigadier-General MacGregor, C.B., particulars of an action in which the advanced division of the Goorkha force under my military charge, was engaged, on the 5th instant, against a force of the enemy, amounting to 4000 men, under the command of Nazim Mehndee Hoossein, which resulted in a loss to the rebels of nearly 600 killed, and the capture of 1 gun, whilst the casualties on our side were 1 killed and 16 wounded, 2 of the latter having since died.

2. Having received information that the rebels had taken up a strong position on the Kandoo Nuddee, and had erected a battery by the side of the bridge on the Lucknow road, for the purpose of disputing our passage; moreover, that they had advanced across the bridge, I proposed a plan of attack, which was approved of by General Kurruck Bahadoor, and successfully carried out.

3. The division, consisting of the strength as per margin,* advanced in quarter distance co-

* 13 guns, 7 Regiments of Infantry; aggregate force, 3,800.

lumns, at deploying distances,, 5 regiments, forming the first line, and 2 on either flanks as a reserve.

4. On viewing the enemy, who was posted in detached parties extending from our left to right front, I halted the columns and deployed into line. I was much deceived as to the nature of the ground between us and the enemy ; what at first appeared to be level, with a few fields of cultivation in front of the Right Brigade, afterwards proved to be deep ravines, with bush jungle, though the ground in front of the left brigade was a plain facing the enemy's battery. At this point our guns opened ; after a few rounds from the right, or Brigadier Run Singh Bahadoor's Brigade, which caused the enemy in front to retire into the ravines, the advance was sounded. The Right Brigade had scarcely advanced fifty yards, when the enemy opened a sharp fire of musketry from a jungle on our right front ; presuming he was in greatest force in that direction, I requested Brigadier Run Sing Bahadoor to make an oblique movement in that direction, which at once brought him in contact with the rebels. The brigade rushed gallantly into the jungle with a loud cheer, formed a line of skirmishers, and forced the rebels to make a rapid retreat. The Goorkhas were quite at home in this mode of warfare ; their pursuit was so rapid through the ravines that numbers of the rebels were very soon overtaken, shot, and cut down. Many instances of individual bravery on the part of the Goorkhas were brought to my notice ; there were several who each cut down three or four of the enemy. The pursuit was followed up for two miles, when the enemy having disappeared through a thick jungle, the "assembly" was sounded, and we formed our camp on the Nuddee.

5. The part taken in the engagement by the left

or Brigadier Junga Doje's Brigade, under the military charge of Captain Lane, is described by that officer, in a letter to my address, which, together with one from Lieutenant Gibb, in charge of the batteries of the division, are herewith annexed.

6. I have now the pleasure to record the meritorious services of the Nepalese officers. General Kurruck Bahadoor displayed great coolness and a generous confidence in my advice. Brigadier Run Singh Bahadoor, a smart and intelligent officer, led his brigade with great coolness and spirit, ably assisted by the following colonels of regiments :—Luckmun Goonung Kalee, Bahadoor Regiment; Teela Bickram Singh Tappah, Roodroo Doje Regiment; Beemul Alie, Nia Goonuck Regiment; and Captain Major Runojal Sing Tappah, Commanding Nursing Dull Regiment; also Colonel Jusdeer Sing, and Major Soojun Sing, commanding batteries. Captain Lane brings to my notice the services of Brigadier Junga Doje, and the following colonels commanding regiments in his brigade, viz. :—Colonels Purtimur Koer Ranajee, Sirnath Regiment; Sri Krishen Sohoy, Junganath Regiment; and Soorut Tappah, Shumshere Dull Regiment; and Captain Meerwan Sing, Junganath Regiment, who, together with the non-commissioned officers and men of the division, merit the approbation of His Highness the Maharajah.

7. My best thanks are due to the British officers attached to the division, for the ready assistance I received from all in the field, and have great pleasure in submitting their names for favourable notice, viz. :—Captain Lane, in charge of Brigadier Junga Doje's Brigade; Lieutenants Francis, Gibb, in charge of the batteries of the division, Robertson, Bogle, who, though attached to the rear division, joined Lieutenant Gibb's batteries; Lieu-

tenants Owen, late 19th Regiment Native Infantry, and Sankey, Madras Engineers; and Lieutenant Foote, attached to the advanced regiments of the Right Brigade; Surgeons McClelland, Morton, and Assistant-Surgeons Playfair and Gee, were unremitting in their attention to the wounded, both in the field and subsequently.

8. I cannot conclude without offering my best thanks to Mr. Forbes, of the Civil Service; he was well to the front with a small party of sowars; his intimate knowledge of the country we have passed through, and accurate information he gathered, has been of great service.

9. Brigadier Run Sing Bahadoor has brought to my notice the gallant conduct of Lieutenant Aiteram Bishtah, of the Roodroo Doje Regiment, who cut down five of the enemy.

10. Lieutenant Gibb mentions for favourable notice the names of Serjeants Hone and King, Bengal Artillery.

I have, &c.,
A. C. PLOWDEN, Captain,
In Military Charge 2nd Division,
Goorkha Force.

No. 15.

Captain Lane to Captain Plowden, in Military Charge, 2nd Division, Ghoorka Force.

Camp Hydengurh, March 1858.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to furnish the following report of the part taken by the brigade under the command of Brigadier Junga Doje, to which I am attached in military charge, during the action with the enemy on the morning of the 5th instant.

After passing Mussafir Khand, about one

mile and a half, on emerging from some mangoe groves upon an open plain, we perceived the enemy in our front occupying the banks of the Kandoo Nullah. The brigade was formed into line, and the guns advancing opened fire on the enemy, which was replied to by one gun in position on the opposite side of the Nullah, and a smart fire of matchlock men posted amongst the ravines on this side. The gun was soon silenced by the excellent practice of our guns, under the immediate superintendence of Lieutenant Gibb. The order for the general advance of the brigade was then given, one regiment being told off to remain in support of the guns, the brigade taking ground to the left, slightly turned the enemy's flank, and advancing rapidly across some open ground under a heavy fire, at once became engaged with the enemy among the ravines ; from these they were soon driven with considerable loss across the Nullah into the heavy jungle on the opposite bank, and closely pursued by our men, were shot and cut down in large numbers.

General Kurruck Bahadoor seeing the enemy in full flight, keeping two companies for the protection of the guns, granted permission to the remainder of the regiment in reserve to join in the pursuit.

The pursuit was continued for some distance, when the men becoming much scattered from the denseness of the jungle, I deemed it expedient to advise the recall being sounded.

The troops returning to the bridge on the Lucknow road, took possession of the gun.

I beg to record the services of Brigadier Junga Doje, of Colonel Purtimur Koer Ranajee, Commanding the Sirnath Regiment, of Colonel Sri Krishen Sohoy, of the Junganath Regiment, of Colonel Soorut Tappah, of the Shumshere Dull

Regiment. I am desirous that their conduct, as well as that of all the officers and men under them, should be brought to the favourable notice of His Highness the Maharajah.

I especially wish to mention the zeal with which Captain Meerwan Sing of the Junganath Regiment led his men to the attack.

Lieutenents Francis and Gibb, each in their own department afforded me every assistance, as did also Lieutenant Sankey, of the Madras Engineers.

My acknowledgements are also due to Lieutenant Owen, of the late 19th N. I. who kindly volunteered his services, and rendered me valuable assistance.

Lieutenant Bogle, of the Bengal Artil ery, who arrived from the Head Quarter's Camp during the engagement, did good service.

Doctors Morton and Playfair were in constant attendance on the brigade, and all their arrangements met with my entire approbation.

Before concluding, I wish to bring to the favourable notice of the Brigadier General, the good conduct of Serjeants Hone and King, attached to the guns of the brigade, especially that of the former, through whose excellent practice the enemy's gun was so speedily silenced.

I am happy to report that notwithstanding the heaviness of the enemy's fire, not a single casualty occurred in the brigade.

I have, &c.

C. POWLETT LANE, Captain,
In Military Charge of 2nd Brigade,
2nd Division, Ghoorka Force.

No. 16.

Lieutenant Gibb to Captain Plowden, in Military Charge of the Division of Nepalese Troops, Commanded by General Kurruck Bahadoor.

SIR, *Camp, Jugdispore, March* 6, 1858.

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of Brigadier-General Macgregor C.B., the proceeding of the Nepalese Light Field Batteries (strength as per margin)* engaged in the action of yesterday, at the Kandoo Nuddee.

The batteries formed up in line in the centre, at 1000 yards, and came into action at a range of about 800 yards from the enemy's position. After a few rounds of round shot and shrapnell, the enemy's only gun was silenced, after which the infantry advanced rapidly.

Previously to the infantry advancing, 4 guns, under Colonel Jusdeer Sing, moved off to the right flank; owing to a deep dry nullah, a little in front of the centre guns, they could not be advanced further.

I hope you will bring to the notice of the Brigadier-General the efficient services of Colonel Jusdeer Sing, and Major Loojun Sing, commanding batteries, and of all the officers and men under their respective commands, also the ready assistance given to the Nepalese Artillery by Lieutenant A. Bogle, Bengal Artillery, and by Serjeants Hone and King, of the Bengal Artillery, who laid their guns very effectively, the former in particular, who, in two shots silenced the enemy's gun.

A return of ordnance captured accompanies.

J. S. GIBB, First Lieutenant,
Bengal Artillery,
In Military Charge of the Nepalese Batteries, under Colonel Jusdeer Sing and Major Captain Loogin Singh.

* 1 12-pounder iron gun; 1 9-pounder do.; 39-pounders, brass; 6 6-pounders do.; 2 12-pounder howitzers. Total, 13.

No. 17.

Return of Ordnance, Ammunition, &c. Captured at the Kandoo Nuddee, on the 5th of March, 1858.

Camp Jugdispore, 6th March, 1858.

1 9-pounder brass gun, 1 limber; native made, honey-combed badly, at the lower side of the bore close to the breech. A few rounds of native ammunition, round shot, and grape.

J. S. GIBB, Lieutenant,
Bengal Artillery,
Attached to the Nepalese Artillery.

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 6th day of *April*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to approve the representations duly prepared (as set forth in this Gazette) by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England—

For the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Matthew, situate at Toxteth-park, in the chapelry district of St. James, Toxteth-park, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Chester, to be named "The District chapelry of Saint Matthew, Toxteth-park."

For the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of the Holy Trinity, situate at Calverhall, in the parish of Prees, in the county of Salop, and in the diocese of Lichfield, to be named "The District Chapelry of the Holy Trinity, Calverhall."

And for the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Barnabas, situate at Erdington, in the parish of Aston-juxta-Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, and in the diocese of Worcester, to be named "The District Chapelry of Erdington."

Foreign-Office, May 5, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of M. Jean Michel Auguste Haussmann as Consul at the Cape of Good Hope for His Majesty the Emperor of the French.

Downing-Street, May 6, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Alexander James Johnston, Esq., to be one of the Puisne Judges of the Supreme Court of the Colony of New Zealand; William Blanc, Esq., to be Her Majesty's Attorney-General for the Island of Dominica; and Thomas Johnson, Esq., to be Registrar of Deeds for Her Majesty's Settlements in the River Gambia.

Whitehall, May 7, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal for appointing the Right Honourable Edward Cardwell; William Miles, Esq.; William Deedes, Esq.; Edward Christopher Egerton, Esq.; William Nathaniel Massey, Esq.; William Henry Walton, Esq.; Robert Marshall Straight, Esq.; Robert Upperton, Esq.; and Acton Tindal, Esq.; to be Her Majesty's Commissioners to inquire into the costs of prosecutions generally, and also into the fees payable to Clerks of the Peace and Clerks to Justices, allowances to Constables, and expenses of Coroners' Inquests.

Whitehall, May 7, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to nominate and appoint Charles Neaves, Esq., one of the Lords of Session, to be one of the Lords of Justiciary in Scotland, in the room of Robert Handyside, Esq., deceased.

Whitehall, May 7, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to grant the place of one of the Lords of Session in Scotland, to William Penney, Esq., Advocate, in the room of Robert Handyside, Esq., deceased.

Whitehall, April 7, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to give and grant unto Charles Fetherston, of Max Stoke Castle, in the parish of Max Stoke, in the county of Warwick, Gentleman, second son of John Fetherston (heretofore Dilke), of Packwood House, in the county of Warwick, Esquire, by Frances Mary, his wife, and grandson of the Reverend John Dilke, Rector of Packington, and Vicar of Polesworth, both in the county of Warwick, Her royal licence and authority that he and his issue may, from respect to the memory of Thomas Dilke, of Max Stoke Castle aforesaid, Esquire, late a Captain in the Royal Navy, deceased, as well as in compliance with a direction and injunction contained in his last will and testament, take and use the surname of Dilke, in addition to and after that of Fetherston, and also bear the arms of Dilke quarterly with those of Fetherston, such arms being first duly exemplified according to the laws of arms, and recorded in the Herald's Office; otherwise the said royal licence and permission to be void and of none effect:

And also to command that the said royal concession and declaration be registered in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, May 5, 1858.

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations

have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Lisbon, forwarding copies of Orders recently issued by the Board of Health at that capital, and containing regulations to the following effect in respect to the quarantine to be observed by vessels entering the port of Lisbon.

In addition to the necessary drugs and means of purification and fumigation, quick-lime must be provided for coating such parts of the vessel as are not painted in oil, or covered with a material which can be washed.

The Health Officer at Belem will point out to the masters of vessels undergoing quarantine, the quantity and quality of drugs required for the necessary purposes of purification.

The Health Officer, for the convenience of masters of vessels subjected to a quarantine of observation, can order the discharge of the cargoes into the lazaretto, or into lighters.

The quarantine can be prolonged until the Health Officer shall consider the fumigation of the vessel complete.

The whiteliming and other purification required, will extend to vessels anchored off the Custom House, but will not, however, be allowed to affect the discharge of cargoes.

The quarantine for baggage will date from the time of its purification in the lazaretto, and the cost of the drugs, &c., necessary for fumigation being borne by the owner of the baggage.

Admiralty, May 6, 1858.

Notice is hereby given, that the Officers of the Royal Navy and Royal Marines, named in the Supplement to the London Gazette of Friday the 2nd April last, as having received Her Majesty's permission to accept and wear the Insignia of

the several Classes of the Imperial Order of the Medjidie, conferred upon them by His Imperial Majesty the Sultan, are requested to apply for the same to the Secretary of the Admiralty, Whitehall, between the hours of twelve and four o'clock daily, commencing on Monday next, the 10th instant.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,
7th May, 1858.

Royal Horse Guards, Lieutenant Owen Lewis C. Williams to be Captain, by purchase, vice Billington, who retires. Dated 7th May, 1858.

5*th Regiment of Light Dragoons*, Edward Pulleyne, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase. Dated 7th May, 1858.

7*th Light Dragoons*, The Honourable Auberon William Edward Molyneux Herbert to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Carden, promoted in the 5th Light Dragoons. Dated 7th May, 1858.

10*th Light Dragoons*. The appointment of C. B. Hartwell, Gent., to a Cornetcy, without purchase, on the 16th April, 1858, has been cancelled.

Royal Artillery, Brevet-Major Arthur Vandeleur, from the Supernumerary List, to be Second Captain, vice Tomkinson, placed on half-pay. Dated 29th April, 1858.

Second Captain Alexander Henry Murray to be Adjutant, vice Greene, promoted. Dated 21st July, 1857.

Royal Engineers, Lieutenant Anthony William Durnford to be Second Captain, vice Phillpotts, seconded. Dated 1st April, 1858.

9*th Foot*, Lieutenant Henry Gipps to be Instructor of Musketry. Dated 26th April, 1858.

16*th Foot*, Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel John Temple, from half-pay Unattached, to be Major, vice Copinger, who retires upon full-pay. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Captain George John Peacocke to be Major, by purchase, vice Temple, who retires. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Lieutenant J. W. Freeman to be Captain, by purchase, vice Peacocke. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Ensign James Henry Brabazon to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Freeman. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Serjeant-Major Pierce McCann to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 17th April, 1858.

Robert Walker, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Brabazon. Dated 7th May, 1858.

The appointments of Serjeant-Major James Bell and Sydney Herbert Davies, Gent., to Ensigncies, without purchase, to bear date 18*th* and 19*th* April, 1858, instead of 16*th* and 17*th* of that month, as stated in the Gazette of 16th April, 1858.

19*th Foot*, Serjeant-Major William Read, from the Royal Engineers, to be Ensign, without purchase, and Adjutant. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon Donald Macpherson, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 7th May, 1858.

21*st Foot*, John Blacksley, Gent., to be Ensign without purchase. Dated 7th May, 1858.

23*rd Foot*, A. Mitchell Molyneux, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 7th May, 1858.

24*th Foot*, Charles A. Hewitt, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 7th May, 1858.

25*th Foot*, Ensign R. S. Paley to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Harrison promoted. Dated 7th May, 1858.

28*th Foot*, Captain Robert Knox Trotter from half-pay Sub-Inspector of Militia to be Captain, vice Aplin, promoted in a Depôt Battalion. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Lieutenant John Godfrey Day to be Captain, by purchase, vice Trotter who retires. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Ensign Francis Edward Webb to be Lieutenant, by purchase. vice Day, Dated 7th May, 1858.

52*nd Foot*, Willoughby Burdett Peter Burrell, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Owen, promoted. Dated 7th May, 1858.

55*th Foot*, Ensign G. W. Y. FitzGerald, from the 17th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Gillies, promoted. Dated 7th May, 1858.

60*th Foot*, Captain Thomas W. Nesham, from half-pay Unattached, to be Captain. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Ensign N. W. Wallace, from 76th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Hodges promoted. Dated 7th May, 1858.

The promotion of Lieutenant P. J. Curtis bears date 3*rd* August, 1855, and not 31*st* August, 1855, as stated in the Gazette of the latter date.

68*th Foot*, Captain Robert Tolver Gerard, from half-pay Unattached, to be Captain, vice Brevet-Major T. de Courcy Hamilton, whose Brevet Rank has been converted into Substantive Rank, under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Lieutenant Edward R. Fox Vicars to be Captain, by purchase, vice Gerard who retires. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Ensign William Algernon Kay to be Lieutenant,

by purchase, vice Vicars. Dated 7th May, 1858.

73*rd Foot*, Assistant-Surgeon John Anderson, M.B., from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Lucas, deceased. Dated 7th May, 1858.

93*rd Foot*, Lieutenant Richard Augustus Cooper to be Captain, without purchase, vice Dalzell, killed in action. Dated 17th November, 1857.

Ensign W. S. Mackenzie to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Cooper. Dated 17th November, 1857.

Ensign G. F. Robertson to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Mackenzie, whose promotion, on 13th December, 1857, has been cancelled. Dated 13th December, 1857.

98*th Foot*, Ensign Andrew Stewart to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Clancy, promoted in 15th Foot. Dated 7th May, 1858.

99*th Foot*, Lieutenant Joseph D. Molson to be Instructor of Musketry. Dated 28th April, 1858.

100*th Foot.*

To be Majors, without purchase.

Captain and Brevet-Colonel George de Rottenburg. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Captain and Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. C. Robertson. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Rifle Brigade, Lieutenant John Croft Moore to be Captain, by purchase, vice Morgan, who retires. Dated 7th May, 1858.

The Honourable John Abercromby to be Ensign, by purchase, in succession to Lieutenant Moore, promoted. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Lieutenant Charles George Slade to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Palliser, appointed to the 18th Light Dragoons. Dated 19th April, 1858.

2nd West India Regiment, Captain Thomas Hardwick Smith to be Major, by purchase, vice Lewis, promoted in the 3rd West India Regiment. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Lieutenant Edmund Frederick Tarte, to be Captain, by purchase, vice Smith. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Ensign F. A. Knapp to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Tarte, promoted. Dated 7th May, 1858.

3rd West India Regiment, Major John Lewes, from the 2nd West India Regiment, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, by purchase, vice Brevet-Colonel d'Arcy, who retires. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Gold Coast Artillery Corps, Thomas Clark, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 7th May, 1858.

HOSPITAL STAFF.

Staff-Surgeon of the First Class John Gillespie Wood, M.D., from half-pay, to be Staff-Surgeon of the First Class upon full-pay, and attached to the 18th Foot. Dated 13th April, 1858.

To be Assistant-Surgeons to the Forces.

George Richard Woolhouse, Gent., vice Hillman, appointed to the 6th Foot. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Charles Benjamin Mosse, Gent., vice Frank, appointed to the 80th Foot. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Arthur Croker, Gent., vice Comyn, appointed to the Royal Artillery. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Arthur Henry Francis Lynch, Gent., vice Jenkins, appointed to the 84th Foot. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Staff-Assistant-Surgeon Henry Robbins Dew, on half-pay, has been permitted to resign his Commission. Dated 7th May, 1858.

The appointments of Thomas Wilson Caird, Gent., and Joseph Henry Jeans, Gent., to be Acting Assistant-Surgeons, which appeared in the Gazette of the 23rd ultimo, have been cancelled. Dated 7th May, 1858.

John Atkinson, Gent., to be Assistant-Surgeon to the Forces, vice Tanner, appointed to the Royal Artillery. Dated 10th March, 1858.

The appointment of Staff-Surgeon First Class Templeton to full-pay, and of Staff-Surgeon First Class Dane to half-pay, to bear date respectively, 27*th* March, 1857, instead of 20*th* March, 1857, as stated in the Gazette of the latter date.

BREVET.

The undermentioned Officers, having completed three years' service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, to be Colonels in the Army, under the Royal Warrant of 3rd November, 1854, viz. :

Lieutenant-Colonel Richard Clement Moody, Royal Engineers. Dated 28th April, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel Philip Reginald Cocks, Royal Artillery. Dated 1st May, 1858.

Captain Thomas W. Nesham, 60th Foot, to be Major in the Army. Dated 9th November, 1846.

Brevet-Major Thomas W. Nesham, 60th Foot, to be Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army. Dated 20th June, 1854.

Captain Robert Knox Trotter, 28th Foot, to be Major in the Army. Dated 23rd November, 1841.

Brevet-Major Robert Knox Trotter, 28th Foot,

to be Lieutenant Colonel in the Army. Dated 11th November, 1851.

Major Henry Copinger, retired full-pay 16th Foot, to be Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army, the rank being honorary only. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Captain Robert Tolver Gerard, 68th Foot, to be Major in the Army. Dated 11th November, 1851.

Captain William Marvin, Chief Paymaster, Royal Artillery and Royal Engineers, to have the honorary rank of Major. Dated 1st April, 1858.

Admiralty, 29th April, 1858.

Corps of Royal Marines.

Gentleman Cadet Edward Owen Browne Gray to be Second Lieutenant.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stafford.

3rd Regiment of King's Own Staffordshire Militia.

Lieutenant Edward Richard Adams to be Captain, vice Peter Broughton, promoted. Dated 26th April, 1858.

Ensign Edward John Jervis to be Lieutenant, vice Adams, promoted. Dated 26th April 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Montgomery.

Royal Montgomery Rifles.

Alexander Milford Sutherland, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Corrie, appointed to the 2nd West India Regiment. Dated 3rd May, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

2nd or Edmonton Royal Rifle Regiment of Middlesex Militia.

Ensign Benjamin Charles Stephenson to be Lieutenant, vice Senior, resigned. Dated 24th April, 1858.

Francis Byass, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Stephenson, promoted. Dated 24th April, 1858.

[The following Appointment is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of 19th January, 1858].

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

3rd or Royal Westminster Light Infantry Regiment of Middlesex Militia.

Lieutenant George Chapman to be Captain, vice Cook, resigned, retaining his rank.

Home-Office, April 27, 1858.

The Reformatory Institution for Girls at Boroughmuirhead, in the county of Edinburgh, has been certified by the Secretary of State as fit to be a Reformatory School under the provisions of the Statute 17 and 18 Vict., c. 86.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 11, 1858.

AT the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 7th day of *May*, 1858.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HER Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Most Noble William, Duke of Devonshire, to be Lord Lieutenant and Custos-Rotulorum of the county of Derby, his Grace this day took the oaths appointed to be taken thereupon, instead of the oaths of allegiance and supremacy.

India Board, May 11, 1858.

THE following papers have been received at the East India House.

No. 1.

The Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to Government, Secret Department, Bombay.

Adjutant-General's Office, Head Quarters, Bombay, March 17, 1858.

SIR, No. 2376.

IN continuation of my previous communications, No. 2133 and 2288, dated respectively the 9th and 13th instant, I am directed by the Commander-in-Chief to transmit, for submission to the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, the inclosed letter (without date) from Major-General Sir Hugh Rose, K.C.B., Commanding

Central India Field Force, detailing his proceedings subsequent to the capture of the Fort of Rathghur and action with the insurgents near the town of Barodia.

2. The operations of Sir Hugh Rose in the field, while they have the cordial approval of the Commander-in-Chief will doubtless be most satisfactory to his Lordship in Council, as the success which has attended them must have the most beneficial effect in tranquillizing a district which has been so long in the hands of the rebels.

3. The Lieutenant-General Commanding-in-Chief has desired me to submit, in the margin of this letter,* the names of the officers prominently brought to notice by Sir Hugh Rose, and to beg that the Right Honorable the Governor in Council will be pleased to bring their conduct prominently to the notice of the Honorable Court of Directors.

4. The Major-General will be directed to constitute a Court of Inquiry under the provisions of Article 273, section 39, of Jameson's Code, with the view of ascertaining if the native officers and men alluded to in the 13th and 14th paragraphs of his despatch are entitled to admittance to the distinction of the Order of Merit.

I have, &c.,
EDWARD GREEN,
Colonel, Adjutant-General.

No. 2.

Major-General Sir Hugh Rose, K.C.B., Commanding Central India Field Force, to Colonel Green, Adjutant-General of the Army.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to state to you, for

* 3rd European Regiment,—Lieutenant-Colonel Liddell, Captain Campbell. 3rd Regiment Light Cavalry,—Captain Forbes. Staff,—Captain Wood, Lieutenant Macdonald, Captain Rose.

the information of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, that, after the capture of Rathghur, the rebels who had retired from Chanderapoor to Barodia, as mentioned in my report of the 7th February, 1858, concentrated in the latter place, having been reinforced by such of the garrison of Rathghur as had escaped, and by rebels from Korage and other places in Bundlecund.

2. Barodia, on the left bank of the river Beena, is a strong village, with a gurrie or small fort, with dense jungle on each side, about twelve miles from Rathghur, on the road to Korage, a strong fort twenty-nine miles to the north of Saugor.

3. The object of the rebels in concentrating at Barodia was to prevent or endanger any advance to Saugor, by retaking Rathghur; or, by placing themselves in my rear on the road from Bhopal to Saugor, to cut off, as they had already attempted to do, the supplies coming to me from the friendly States of Scindia and Bhopal. It was consequently necessary to attack the enemy and drive them out of Barodia.

4. Taking with me the force stated in the margin,* I marched, at mid-day on the 31st ultimo, from Rathghur, leaving Brigadier Stuart, with the remainder of my force, to protect Rathghur and the camp.

5. I removed in the order of march, which I always adopt when near the rebels, as a precaution against their system of surprises; that is, a line of flankers of Her Majesty's 14th Light Dragoons on each side of the road, fifty yards in front of the leading file of the advanced guard,

* 4 guns horse artillery; 4 guns Captain Lightfoot's battery; two 5½-inch mortars, with 15 men of Captain Woollcombe's battery, under the command of Lieutenant Strutt; 3 troops 14th Light Dragoons; 2 troops 3rd Bombay Light Cavalry; 25 men Madras Sappers and Miners; 3rd European Regiment; Detachment Hyderabad Contingent Field Force, under Captain Hare.

which, with a file of Irregulars, has charge of the guide; another line of Irregular Cavalry, 150 yards in échelon, in front of the outward flanks of the 14th; and, should thick jungle border the road, a company of infantry, in extended order on each side of it, to support the flankers of the 14th and the advanced guard. By this means all dangerous ground is searched, surprises are almost impossible, and spies, lying concealed at a great distance from the road, are frequently seized.

6. As we approached Barodia and the river Beena, we had very thick jungle, long grass, and nullahs on our left. The flankers of the Irregular, suddenly halting, reported that they perceived the enemy in force, in ambuscade on our left. Being with the advanced guard, which was under Lieutenant-Colonel Turnbull, I ordered the two guns of his troops to open their fire to the left on the enemy; before they could do so, the enemy opened a musketry fire on us, killing Lieutenant-Colonel Turnbull's horse, and keeping it up with tenacity, although I reinforced the division of Horse Artillery with four of Captain Lightfoot's 9-pounders, firing grape and round-shot; it was too close for shrapnell.

7. Lieutenant-Colonel Turnbull, with the Horse-Artillery, took ground to the right, with the view to enfilade the enemy; but he could not get a slant at them. However, this movement enabled him to obtain good views of a body of rebel horsemen, with a red standard, endeavouring to gain a wood to our right and outflank us; I had directed a charge of cavalry against them; but it could not be executed in consequence of the staff-officer being unable to find a passage down the high banks of the Beena; two rounds of spherical case burst amongst this batch; they disappeared.

8. I had placed the 3rd Europeans in skirmishing order, in front of the flanks of their guns; their united fire diminished, but did not silence, the fire of the rebels.

9. I therefore charged the rebels out of their advanced position, with the skirmishers of the 3rd Europeans, who, under Lieutenant-Colonel Liddell, gallantly drove them out of their own treacherous element, thick jungle, and twisting nullahs, and took possession of the bank of the river commanding the ford to Barodia, which now first became visible; the rebels had displayed so much obstinacy in defending this position, in order to prevent our advance across the Beena to Barodia.

Lieutenant-Colonel Liddell, Captain Neville, Royal Engineers, Captain Campbell, 3rd Europeans, Captain Rose, my Aide-de-Camp, and Lieutenant Macdonald,* Assistant Quarter-Master General, were conspicuously in this advance.

I turned the advantage, gained by the 3rd Europeans, immediately to account; and sent the Hyderabad Irregular Cavalry, supported by the 3rd Bombay Light Cavalry under Captain Forbes, to cross the ford, covered by the skirmishers, to pass through the jungle to the front, and fall on the enemy in the open, which I had learnt was between the jungle and Barodia; I followed with 4 guns of the Horse Artillery and a troop of Her Majesty's 14th Light Dragoons in support, under Lieutenant-Colonel Turnbull, ordering the rest of my force to follow, with the exception of Captain Hare's Infantry and guns, which remained at the ford to prevent the rear being cut off.

Captain Forbes found the enemy's flanks, particularly their left, posted in thick jungle, their

* Lieutenant Macdonald was slightly wounded, and his horse twice wounded.

centre in comparatively open ground; he charged and broke their centre, cutting up 30 or 40 of them. The third and a very strong position, the village of Barodia, now came into sight; Captain Forbes having observed a body of cavalry retreated leisurely on it, attempted to cut them off, but their flight, on seeing his intention, became so rapid, that he only succeeded in killing 8 or 10 of them, before they got well under the protection of their guns in position at the village, and of their matchlockmen posted in the dense jungle, which surrounded three sides of it, and among the banks of a wet nullah running along their front.

Captain Forbes mentions, for their conduct on this occasion, and I beg to recommend to his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, Subadar Soojut Khan, for having killed himself three of the rebels, all of his own caste; Naik Himut Sing, very severely wounded; Naik Bahader Khan, and trooper Vass, also severely wounded, who attracted the notice of their officers by engaging, singly, two or three of the enemy at the same time.

On the day before, when the camp was attacked, the same faithful Subadar hindered the advance of the enemy by the able disposition of his picket.

If his Excellency were pleased to obtain a reward for these brave soldiers, it would have a good effect on their regiment, whose fidelity and courage have never failed.

Jemadar Ihmut Hoosain Khan, 3rd Hyderabad Cavalry, was mortally wounded in courageously attacking, singly, a knot of the enemy.

Captain Forbes conducted the charge with the same gallantry and intelligence which distinguished him at Kooshab.

Although the ford was a bad one, Lieutenant-

Colonel Turnbull took his guns across it rapidly in support of the cavalry, and when, by the strength of the enemy's position, they were compelled to give up the pursuit, unlimbered in front of the village, and the enemy's guns, and opened an effective fire on their position; Captain Lightfoot with the 9-pounder battery arrived shortly afterwards.

The enemy answered with guns and rockets, killing, at my side, to my great regret, Captain Neville, of the Royal Engineers, acting as my Aide-de-Camp. Knowing what excellent service he had done as an engineer officer, before Sebastopol, I had brought him up by forced marches to assist in the reduction of the forts in this country; during the action he was most useful to me, exhibiting to the last, the courage and intelligence which had obtained for him so honourable a reputation.

Driven from their position by the fire of our guns, the enemy retreated across a wall and open space into the village and jungle. I directed Captain Lightfoot to correspond to this movement; he took ground to the left with his guns, and gave them, before they reached cover, an enfilading and destructive fire; the 5½-inch mortars threw shell into the small fort of the village and jungle to which the enemy had retired.

It was now getting dark, taking two companies of the 3rd Europeans which had just come up, I crossed the wet nullah, and bringing their right shoulders forward occupied the wall round the village, and surrounded it with the skirmishers and a troop of the 3rd Light Cavalry. Lieutenant-Colonel Liddell afterwards occupied it and the little fort. But the enemy, except a few Valaitee skirmishers who were killed, had fled to

Koray through the jungle, leaving baggage unpacked, and other signs of a precipitate retreat.

It was not at all sure that my camp, with the siege artillery and numerous stores, left with a small force at Rathghur under Brigadier Stewart, might not be attacked during my absence, as it had been before. I, therefore, halted in the village only for a short time, in order to rest the troops, who had been on duty for the last five days, and marched back the same night to Rathghur; they were marching or engaged fifteen hours.

The enemy's loss was severe, they themselves state it to be from four to five hundred, which is not surprising, as they were exposed to well-directed fire for a length of time. Amunt Sing, their ablest military leader, and a nephew of Fazil Mahomed Khan, were killed, and the Raja of Banpore was wounded.

The Valaitees and Puthans fought with their accustomed courage, several of them, even when dying, springing from the ground and inflicting mortal wounds with their broadswords.

The good results of the defeat of the rebels at Barodia exceeded my expectations; not only were my communications with the west and with Saugor completely opened, but the rebels flying from Barodia to Koray, left in their panic that place, althought it is a fort in a strong position, and Krulassa, which is between thirty and forty miles to the north-west of Saugor. Nureeawallee, their fortified camp, was also abandoned. All these places, and the country about them, had been in their hands for the last eight months. The rebels also left at Koray their guns which they had had at Barodia.

The troops behaved at Barodia with discipline and courage, keeping, in very bad ground, their formation, and obeying with eager alacrity any

orders which brought them closer to the enemy. The 3rd Europeans, although very young, and now for the first time in the field, have qualified themselves for a career of honour, and Lieutenant-Colonel Liddell is sure to lead the way.

I am much obliged to Captain Wood, my Assistant-Adjutant-General, and my Staff for the assistance which they gave me on this occasion, as well as at Rathgur; and I ought to add that the officers of my Divisional Staff, whose duties are non-combatant, still in their zeal accompany me to the field. Captain Campbell, Baggage Master, who was hit, was very useful and intelligent in conveying my orders, and Lieutenant Lyster, my interpreter, of the 72nd Regiment Bengal Native Infantry, was wounded when engaging the nephew of Mahomed Fazil Khan, whom he killed.

I have the honor to enclose a list of the casualties at Barodia, as also a list of Sappers and Miners whom Major Boileau, Commanding Engineer, wishes to be mentioned for having inspected the ditch and the breach of the fort of Rathghur.

I have, &c.,
HUGH ROSE, Major-General,
Commanding Central India Field Force.

No. 3.

Return of Killed and Wounded of the Head-Quarter Staff and Second Brigade Central India Field Force, during the action with the Rebels at Barodia, on the 31*st January*, 1858.

Staff.

Captain Neville, killed by a round shot.
Captain J. MacDonald, wounded, sword cut on outer part of right thigh.

Captain E. Campbell, wounded, contusion of right thigh by spent ball.
Lieutenant H. H. Lyster, wounded, deep sword cut on inner part of right forearm.

1st Troop Horse Artillery.

Lieutenant R. Pithman, wounded by a round shot in right shoulder.
Gunner J. Lee, wounded by a spent ball.

3rd European Regiment.

Sergeant J. O'Connors, wounded severely by gun-shot wound in chin.
Lance Corporal H. Currie, wounded severely by gun shot wound in neck.
Lance Corporal H. Hoben, wounded severely by gun-shot wound in left arm.
Private T. Wright, wounded severely by gun-shot wound in left thigh.
Private H. Wingfield, wounded, fracture of both legs (by gun-carriage wheel).

3rd Light Cavalry.

Cornet Daniels, wounded, slight in right arm.
Trooper Hummutt Sing, wounded, slight in right arm.
Trooper Francis Vass, wounded severely in both arms.
Trooper Kalkee Pursad, wounded slightly in the back.

1st Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent.

Lieutenant K. G. Westmacott, wounded slightly in the finger.
Jemadar Goolam Hoossein Khan, wounded severely in the head.
Duffadar Murdan Sing, wounded very severely in the thigh (since dead).

Trooper Emmomally Khan, wounded slightly in the body.
Trooper Ally Beg, wounded severely in the arm.
Trooper Shaik Syfoolah, wounded severely in the arm.
Trooper Kymattalah Khan, wounded severely in the face.

3rd Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent.

Jemadar Ahmed Hoossein Khan, killed.

Total killed, 2 ; wounded, 21.

H. B. A. WOOD, Captain,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Commanding Irregular Field Force.

Horses.

Staff, 2 wounded.
1st Troop Horse Artillery, 1 killed, 1 wounded.
14th Dragoons, 1 killed.
3rd Light Cavalry, 1 killed, 5 wounded, 1 missing.
No. 18 Light Field Battery, 1 wounded.
1st Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent, 3 wounded, 3 missing.
3rd Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent, 1 missing.

Total, 3 killed ; 12 wounded ; 5 missing.

No. 4.

Memorandum of Soldiers recommended to the favourable notice of the Major-General Commanding the Central Indian Field Force, in a letter to the Assistant Adjutant-General Commanding Irregular Field Force, dated 17th February, 1858.

For close inspection of ditch under a sharp musketry fire (*26th night*).

Acting Subadar Siloovay, Madras Sappers and Miners.

Jemader Appavoo, Madras Sappers and Miners.
Private Chinnatumbee, No. 1475, Madras Sappers and Miners.
Private Chowtien, No. 2023, Madras Sappers and Miners.
Private Appasawmy, No. 2006, Madras Sappers and Miners.

For close inspection of breach under a sharp musketry fire.

Corporal Linehan, Madras Sappers and Miners.
Acting Naigue Pitchamootoo, No. 1041, Madras Sappers and Miners,
Private Chowtien, No. 2023, Madras Sappers and Miners.

A. BOILEAU, Brevet-Major,
Commanding Engineer,
Commanding Irregular Field Force.

No. 5.

The Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to Government Secret Department, Bombay.

Adjutant General's Office, Head-Quarters, Bombay, March 29, 1858.

SIR,

IN continuation of previous reports of the operations of the Central India Field Force, I am directed by the Commander-in-Chief to transmit, for submission to the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, the accompanying despatch from Sir Hugh Rose, K.C.B., dated Camp, Koomeiri, the 9th instant.

I have, &c.

J. STOCK,
Major, Deputy Adjutant-General.

No. 6.

Major-General Sir Hugh Rose, K.C.B., Commanding Central India Field Force, to Colonel Green, Adjutant-General of the Army, Bombay.

SIR, *Camp, Koomeiri, March* 9, 1858.

I HAVE the honor to state to you, for the information of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, as follows.

The rebels of the Bundlecund, Shaghur, Saugor and Nerbudda districts, having obtained ascendancy in these districts, had, before my force arrived at Ruthghur, invested Saugor from all sides, except one, having occupied the fort of Ruthghur to its west, the fortified camp of Nowreowlee, and the fort of Koray to its north-east, the forts of Sanoda and Garrokota to its east.

The fort of Rehle, to the south-east, was gallantly held by Lieutenant Dickins, commanding a detachment of the 31st Bengal Native Infantry. The only road from Saugor which was open was the one leading to Nursingpore: and this road was frequented by rebels, and only travelled by escorts.

The advance of the 2nd Brigade Central India Field Force to Saugor, and its previous operations, had relieved Saugor from anything like investment, and opened its communications with the west and the north, so that I was enabled to communicate from Saugor, through Koray, with Major Orr, commanding the advanced guard of my 1st Brigade at Goonah, on the Mhow and Agra grand trunk road, and single officers and stores had arrived, unmolested at Saugor from Mhow, and Bombay by the Lehore and Bhopal road, both of which lines of communications I had opened with my two brigades, in obedience to my instructions.

It now remained for my second Brigade to open communications from Saugor towards the east, and to cut through the line which the rebels had drawn from Duttiah and Jhansi to the Nerbudda; as the best means of doing so I determined to attack the fort of Garakota.

Sir Robert Hamilton, Major Western, Deputy Commissioner of the Saugor district, and myself, were of opinion that it would be dangerous for Saugor to leave in the hands of the rebels so important a stronghold on its right flank, more especially as it was garrisoned by sepoys of the 52nd and other regiments, and the consequences and the moral effect would have been bad, if I had advanced against the rebels to the north with Garakota unsubdued in my rear.

Having the day after my arrival at Saugor detached sappers and miners under Lieutenant Prendergast, to destroy as much as was possible the works of Nowreowlee, twelve miles from Saugor; I send Captain Hare, with his detachments of all arms of the Hyderabad Contingent, to take the little fort of Sanoda, where the rebels had stores of supplies, and directed him, at the same time, to render the ford of the River Beas, practicable for the siege-artillery for the operations against Garakota.

On hearing of Captain Hare's approach, the rebels fled from Sanoda, which they had been repairing. He found there large supplies of grain; he destroyed the front face, and restored a good deal of plunder to the villagers, who complained bitterly that the rebels had robbed them of everything, and inflicted the greatest cruelties on them, to force them to give up their property; their nakedness and the barbarous mutilations of the persons of several of them, attested the truth of what they said. However, Captain Hare is of

opinion that such is the anarchy caused by rebellion in this part of the country, that many of the plundered villagers, reduced to ruin, have become plunderers and rebels.

Knowing the good effect which rapid operations have on the enemy, and the value of the cool weather for the extensive operations which I had before me, I made the three marches from Saugor to Garakota in two days and encamped on the 10th February, near the village of Bussaree, which is close to Garakota; a detachment of the 3rd Bombay Light Cavalry, well conducted by Lieutenant Dick, having cut up a picket of rebels, which I had information was posted at a village two miles from Garakota.

Garacota is strong in every way, it is situated between two rivers, the Giddaree and the Sonar, which may be said to act as ditches to it, it is surrounded, except to the east, by forest, jungle, and the towns of Garakota and Heideenuggur; its defences are so strong that in 1818, a British force of 11,000 men, with 28 siege-guns, was unable to make a breach in them, and the besiegers running short of ammunition, the garrison was allowed to evacute the fort with the honors of war.

The evening of my arrival before Garakota, I drove in, with some guns of the Horse Artillery, and Captain Lightfoot's battery, and skirmishers of the 3rd Europeans, the enemy, who wished to prevent our occupation of the village of Bussaree, the 3rd Europeans, covered by artillery, storming some houses still more in advance, and taking a ridge close to the walls. During the night and the next morning, the sepoys in numbers attempted to retake the position, but were immediately repulsed by Colonel Liddell, commanding the advanced posts and two 9-pounders under

Captain Lightfoot, with which I had reinforced him.

The next morning, Colonel Liddell having reported to me that it would be desirable to take a hamlet, which had good views of, and was near the north face of the fort, I directed Lieutenant-Colonel Turnbull to shell it, and Colonel Liddell to pass through some jungle and occupy the hamlet; this was well done, the 3rd Europeans occupying a temple and ground considerably in advance of the hamlet. The mutineers came in numbers out of the fort, and an entrenched camp to the south, to oppose the advance of the 3rd, their buglers repeating the English skirmishing calls, but with the difference that the 3rd went as rapidly forward as the mutineers did to the rear when the advance was sounded.

Lieutenant Dickens had written to me from Rehle, that when I attacked Garakota he would advance from Rehle and take possession of the Panneh Ghât, a ford to the south of the fort, from whence he could prevent the rebels escaping by the Dummoh-road to Shaghur, which would be their most probable line of escape. In order to communicate with this officer, and connect my cordon of investment with him, I made, with Brigadier Steuart and a small force of all arms, a complete reconnoissance of the whole country round Garakota. My guide assured me that Lieutenant Dickens could not hold the Panneh Ghât, because it was close to the defences of the fort, and formed part of Garakota and Hiedeenuggur, which the enemy held. This made me the more anxious to reach Lieutenant Dickens, and assist him, I therefore pushed on the reconnoissance through Hiedeenuggur, to the Panneh Ghât, when Lieutenant Dickens had not arrived; the enemy had marked the ranges, and fired pretty accurately at the reconnoissance, but

with no casualties. Skirmishers endeavoured to oppose my passage across the ford, but with the 3rd Europeans and Irregular Cavalry I drove them back, took their entrenchments on the opposite bank, and crossing the second river returned to camp after thirteen hours marching, the reconnoissance seized a noted rebel, the Lumba-dar of the village of Majcowa.

On my return, I found a letter from Lieutenant Dickens, stating that he had received subsequent information that the Panneh Ghât could not be held, and had therefore not gone to it.

As the reconnoissance made the circuit of the fort, I left troops of all arms in position, investing the north-east, east, and south-east of the fort; the troops in camp guarded the north and north-west; having reckoned on the Rehle detachment, for the southern investment, that part remained blank. On my return to camp, I gave orders to Captain Hare to occupy, with his detachment of all arms, the Panneh Ghât, which was at some distance; before he could arrive there, the enemy had fled from the fort by the Panneh Ghât and other outlets not watched in that direction.

However, I ought to add, that even if the Panneh Ghât had been occupied, it would have been quite impossible to have investigated completely Garakota, with a force of my numbers, which strictly speaking was only sufficiently strong to guard its camp, field and siege-artillery. My force was more than usually weak, as in order to protect Saugor in my absence, I had left there a troop of Her Majesty's 14th Light Dragoons, and two companies of the 24th Regiment, I had also sent the 31st and 42nd Bengal Native Infantry to Koray to guard Saugor from the possibility of an attack from the north.

Every one on going round the fort, was sur-

prised how the rebels could have abandoned so rapidly a place of such strength, the thickness of the ramparts varying from fifteen to twenty-four feet.

Everything gave evidence of a sudden panic; the rebels had only half kneaded their cakes, and they left their guns in the entrenched camp without attempting to carry them off; their rapid abandonment of the fort was the more remarkable, because the immense supplies the native mint found in the fort, and other circumstances induced the belief that the rebels intended to make Garakota the seat of their central government; the only money now current in Garakota are the 13 anna rupees coined in this mint.

During the reconnoissance, Lieutenant-Colonel Turnbull fired with the 8-inch howitzer, at a gun in the north face of the fort, which was annoying the troops in the advanced posts, the first shot of the howitzer blew in the embrasure, dismounted the gun, and blew off the head of the sepoy, in a red jacket with an English medal and two clasps who served it. I have no doubt that this good shot, one of the many good shots made under fire by Lieutenant Strutt, whom I beg to recommend to your Excellency as a promising artillery officer, made the sepoys reflect, that many such casualties might thin their numbers during the siege, but I think that the fall of Rathghur and preparations for an investment also intimidated them.

I have observed that nothing alarms the rebels more than a move to cut off their retreat.

I have the honor to inclose a list of artillery taken in the fort, and of casualties which I am happy to say are light.

I sent off immediately Captain Hare with half a troop of Horse-Artillery, a troop of Her Majesty's 14th Light Dragoons under Captain Need, and a troop of the Hyderabad Contingent in pur-

suit of the rebels by a route which from information I had received, I thought would enable him to cut into their line of retreat; they had as I supposed made a round to the south, and then turned northwards towards Shaghur.

Captain Hare came up with the rear of the rebels as they had just crossed the river Beas, at the village of Bear. The river was not practicable for guns, Captain Hare therefore sent the troop of Her Majesty's 14th Light Dragoons under Captain Need and the Hyderabad Cavalry across the river after the enemy; they cut up 70 or 100 of them, of whom the greater part were mutineers of the 52nd and other native regiments. they had all abundance of ammunition and copper caps. Captain Hare speaks highly of the conduct on this occasion of Captain Need and his troop; Captain Hare describes him as a good and dashing officer; he killed with his own hands five of the rebels, of whom three were sepoys, and pursued with his gallant troop the rebels till dark. I beg to recommend Captain Need to your Excellency, as well as Captain Hare for his intelligence and activity in pursuing and coming up with the enemy.

I have, &c.

HUGH ROSE, Major-General,
Commanding Central India Field Force.

No. 7.

Return of Casualties of the Second Brigade Central Indian Field Force, during the attack on the fort of Garakota, on the 10*th and* 11*th instant.*

Camp Saugor, February 22, 1858.

1*st Troop Horse Artillery,*

Trumpeter Pereira, wounded severely, shot through . . left thigh.

Reserve Artillery.

Gunner Hayes, wounded severely, shot through right arm.

Gunner Mahoney, wounded severely, shot through left leg.

3rd Battalion European Regiment.

Private W. Walsh, wounded, left fore-arm shattered by the accidental discharge of his rifle.

Total, 4 wounded.

1 horse of the Reserve Artillery slightly wounded.

H. H. A. WOOD, Captain,
Assistant Adjutant-General, Central India Field Force.

No. 8.

REGIMENT OF ARTILLERY.

Return of Ordnance and other warlike stores captured in the fort of Garakota.

Camp Saugor, February 15, 1858.

1. Brass gun, native, 6 feet 10 inches, 12-pounder.
2. Brass gun, native, 4 feet 10½ inches, 6-pounder.
3. Iron gun, native, 8 feet, 6-pounder.
4. Iron gun, native, 3 feet 11½ inches, 6-pounder.
5. Iron gun, native, 5 feet 4½ inches, 4-pounder.
6. Iron gun, native, 3 feet 6 inches, 2-pounder.
7. Iron gun, native, 2 feet 8¾ inches, 1-pounder.
8. Iron gun, native, 3 feet 1 inch, 1-pounder.
9. Iron gun, native, 3 feet 3 inches, 2-pounder.
10. Iron gun, native, 2 feet 2 inches, 1½-pounder.
11. Iron gun, native, 2 feet 9½ inches, 1-pounder.
12. Iron gun, native, 3 feet 7 inches, ¾-pounder.
13. Brass gun, native, 2 feet 2 inches, ½-pounder.

No. 1 is of European pattern.

Total of ordnance captured, 13 pieces ; of these, the first eight were in position on the works,

mounted on carriages, and complete with small stores. The boxes partly filled with cartridges, round shot, and grape.

The last five were in position in the entrenched camp, mounted on carriages, and complete with ammunition, and small stores.

9 muskets.
7 ball pieces.
22 matchlocks.
9 swords.

Also taken in the fort, about 4000 lbs. of powder; a large number of solid shot; a large number of made-up cartridges; a few buff belts and pouches; some musketry, ball cartridges; two gun-carriages in course of construction; a quantity of saltpetre and sulphur; a quantity of musket and matchlock balls.

T. J. HAGGARD, Lieutenant,
Commissary of Ordnance Central Indian Field Force.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 7th day of *May*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order that dues shall be paid (as set forth in this Gazettee) upon the completion of new lighthouses about to be erected by the Commissioners of Northern Lighthouses, at the undermentioned places, viz.: at Bressay, near Lerwick, Shetland Islands, at Cantick Head, Orkney Islands, by the master or owner of any ship which passes the same, or derives benefit therefrom.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 7th day of *May*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to cancel and repeal Her Order in Council, dated the 6th day of April last, on a report of the General Board of Health, dated the 22nd day of March last, directing that the "Public Health Act, 1848," should be applied to the hamlet of Brentwood, in the parish of South Weald, and county of Essex.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 7th day of *May*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to approve the representations duly prepared (as set forth in this Gazette) by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England—

For the assignment of a consolidated chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Paul, situate at Shireshead, in the parish of Cockerham. in the county of Lancaster, and diocese of Manchester.

Also a scheme for adding to, altering, and improving the episcopal house of residence at Norwich, belonging to the bishop of that see.

Also a scheme for augmenting the income of the archdeaconry of Norfolk, in the diocese of Norwich.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 7th day of *May*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order, with reference to the representations made by the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart., one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State (as set forth in this Gazette), that no new burial-ground should be

opened in any of the under-mentioned parishes without the previous approval of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State; and that burials in the said parishes shall be discontinued with the following modifications, from and after the eighteenth of May instant (except as is herein otherwise directed), as follows; viz.:

MARKET WEIGHTON. — In the *parish church* of Market Weighton, and from and after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, in the *Churchyard*, with the exception of reserved grave spaces, which can be opened without the disturbance of human remains, and in which the only bodies to be interred shall be those of the husbands and wives of persons already buried in the adjoining graves. MALTBY, YORKSHIRE.—In the *parish church* of Maltby, Yorkshire; and from and after the first day of February, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, in the *Churchyard*, except in family vaults and walled graves which were in existence on the fifteenth of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, which can be opened without disturbing soil that has been already buried in, and in which each body shall be separately entombed in an air-tight manner. NETHER KNUTSFORD. In the *Churchyard* of Nether Knutsford, except in so far that one body only be buried in a grave, and that no grave be reopened within fourteen years, unless to bury another member of the same family, in which case a foot of earth shall be left undisturbed above the previously buried coffin, unless it be a walled grave or vault, in which case each coffin shall be embedded in charcoal, and separately entombed in an air-tight manner. COLNE IN WHALLEY. — In the *Church* of *St. Bartho-*

lomew, Colne, and in the *Independent Chapel;* and on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, in *St. Bartholomew's Churchyard*, and in the *Independent Chapelyard*, and in the *Inghamite Burial-ground*, except in vaults and walled graves in the open air, existing on the thirtieth January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, in which each coffin shall be embedded in charcoal and separately entombed in an air-tight manner; also in the *Wesleyan* and *Baptist Burial-grounds*, except in now existing vaults and walled graves, which are to be used with the same precautions, and in family graves not less than five feet deep, which can be opened without the exposure of remains, and which are not within three yards of any building. MIDDLEWICH.—In the *Church* of Middlewich, and on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, in the *churchyard*, and in the *Wesleyan* and *Independent Burial-grounds*, except in vaults and walled graves in the open air, existing on the thirtieth January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, in which each coffin shall be embedded in charcoal and separately entombed in an air-tight manner. ST. JOHN AND ST. MARTIN, BEVERLEY. — In *Beverley Minster*, and in the *Independent Chapel* in the parishes of Saint Mary and Saint Martin; and from and after the first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, in the *Minster Churchyard*, with the exception of family vaults and brick graves which were in existence on the first of December, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and which shall be used on the following conditions: – that, when required, they be opened without disturbing soil that has been already

buried in ; that each coffin be embedded in a layer of powdered charcoal four inches thick, and be separately entombed in an air-tight manner ; and that the only bodies interred be those of the husband, wife, parents, unmarried children, and brothers and sisters of persons already buried therein. ST. MARY AND ST. NICHOLAS, BEVERLEY. — In the *Church of Saint Mary*, in *St. Mary's New Burial-ground* within three yards of dwelling-houses, in the *Wesleyan Chapel* and *Burial-ground* in the parish of St. Mary, and in the *Independent Chapel* in the parishes of St. Mary and St. Martin ; and from and after the first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, *St. Mary's Churchyard*, with the exception of family vaults and brick graves which were in existence on the first of December, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and which shall be used on the following conditions:—that, when required, they be opened without disturbing soil that has been already buried in ; that each coffin be embedded in a layer of powdered charcoal four inches thick, and be separately entombed in an air-tight manner ; that the only bodies interred be those of the husband, wife, parents, unmarried children. and brothers and sisters of persons already buried therein ; and it is ordered that in *St. Mary's New Burial-ground*, no body be buried in an earthen grave without a covering of four feet of earth, measuring from the upper surface of the coffin to the ordinary level of the ground ; that, with the exception of family vaults and graves, only one body be buried in each grave, and that, with the same exception, no grave be re-opened. CHRISTCHURCH COALVILLE, IN IBSTOCK AND

WHITWICK, LEICESTERSHIRE.—In the *Church* of Christchurch, Coalville; and from and after the first of February, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, in the *Burial-ground*, thereof, with the exception of the part of the ground on the south of the church, in which no burial shall take place, except in brick graves, in which each coffin shall be separately entombed in an air-tight manner; also from and after the said first day of February, wholly, in the *General Baptist Chapel Buriol-ground*, Coalville, in the parish of Whitwick, Leicestershire. Also WHALLEY, LANCASHIRE.—In the *Churchyard* of *St. James's*, *Clitheroe*, except so far as is compatible with the observances of the regulations for new burial-grounds, omitting No. 3; and on the first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, in *St. Mary's Churchyard*, *Clitheroe*, except in vaults and walled graves existing the eighth of February, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, in which each coffin shall be embedded in charcoal, and be separately entombed in an air-tight manner, and in family graves not less than five feet deep, which can be opened without the disturbance of remains, and in graves not previously buried in, and that, in the meantime, one body only be buried in any grave. BARROW-ON-SOAR, LEICESTERSHIRE. — In the *Parish Church* of *Mount Sorrel, North End;* and from and after the first day of February, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, in the *Churchyard*, and in the *General Baptist* and *Wesleyan Burial-grounds*, Mount Sorrel, North End, with the exception of now existing family vaults and brick-graves in the churchyard, which can be opened without disturbing soil that has been already buried in, and are free from

water, and in which the only bodies to be interred shall be those of the husbands and wives of persons already buried therein. ENFIELD, MIDDLESEX.—In the old part of the *Parish Churchyard*, with the exception of vaults and brick graves which were in existence on the first of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and which shall be used on the following conditions, viz. that, when required, they be opened without disturbing the soil that has been already buried in, that each coffin be embedded in powdered charcoal, and be separately entombed in an air-tight manner. And it is ordered that in the *New Burial-ground* no grave shall be used which is not free from water, and that no coffin shall be buried in any unwalled grave within four feet of the ordinary level of the ground. HUDDERSFIELD.—In the *Independent Chapel* and *Burial-ground at Buckley Hill, Marsden.*

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 7th day of *May*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order that the time for the discontinuance of burials in the undermentioned churchyards and burial-grounds shall be postponed as follows, viz.—

In the Great Synagogue Jewish Burial-ground, in the parish of St. Matthew, BETHNAL GREEN, from the first to the thirty-first of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, on condition that no grave be opened within five yards of the boundary-walls; in the parish churchyard of CROYLAND, Lincolnshire, from the first of July to the first of August, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight; in the parish

churchyard, and in the Baptist Chapel Burial-ground, Husband's Bosworth, from the first of May to the first of August, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight; in the churchyard of Sarratt, Herts, from the first of March to the first of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight; in the present churchyard of the parish of Selston, Notts, from the first of May to the first of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight; in the new parish burial-ground, and in Beechen-grove Chapel Burial-ground, in Watford, Herts, from the first of May to the first of August, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight; in the New Synagogue Jewish Burial-ground, in the parish of St. Mary, Whitechapel, from the first to the thirty-first of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, on condition that no grave be opened within five yards of the boundary-walls.

And whereas by an Order in Council of the twenty-ninth of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, burials were directed to be discontinued from and after the eighth of April then next, in the parish churchyard, in the burial-ground of the Baptist Chapel, and in the Friends' Burial-ground, in Banbury, Oxfordshire, and it seems fit that the said Order be varied; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the use of now existing family vaults and brick graves in the said churchyard and burial-grounds be permitted on the following conditions; viz.: that they are free from water; that they be opened without disturbing soil that has been already buried in; that each coffin be embedded in a layer of powdered charcoal, four inches thick, and be separately entombed in brick or stone

work, properly cemented; and that the only bodies interred be those of the wives and husbands of persons already buried in the said vaults and brick graves.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 7th day of *May*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order that the representations of the Right Honourable Spencer Horatio Walpole, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that, no new burial-ground should be opened in any of the undermentioned parishes, without the previous approval of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and that interments in the same should be discontinued with the following modifications:—

BLACKBURN.—Forthwith beneath the *parish church* of Blackburn; and also that (except in vaults and walled graves, existing on the sixth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight in which each body shall be embedded in charcoal and entombed in an air-tight manner) interment of the inhabitants of Blackburn Township be discontinued in the *churchyards* of *St. Mary* and *St. Peter*, on the first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and for the inhabitants of other places on the first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine. BIRSTAL, YORKSHIRE.—Forthwith in the *parish church* of Birstal, and, with the exception of now existing vaults and family graves, in the ancient part of the *churchyard*, and also in the part added in the year one thousand seven hundred and eighty; that from and after the first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, burials

be discontinued in the *St. James's Churchyard, Heckmondwike*, with the exception of now existing vaults and brick graves which can be opened without disturbing soil that has been already buried in, and in which each coffin shall be separately entombed in an air-tight manner. That burials be forthwith discontinued in the vaults under *Christ Church, Liversedge*. That burials be forthwith discontinued in the *chapel* of the ecclesiastical district of *Whitechapel, Cleckheaton*, and, from and after the first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, in the *chapelyard*, with the exception of now existing brick graves which can be opened without disturbing soil that has been already buried in, and in which each coffin shall be separately entombed in an air-tight manner; and that burials be forthwith discontinued in *Tong* Church. HALIFAX.—Forthwith beneath *Coley Church*, in the parish of Halifax; and also within three yards of all dwelling-houses in the burial-grounds of the *Methodist New Connexion Chapel, Wesleyan Chapel*, and *Independent Chapel, North Owram*, in *Coley*. Forthwith beneath *Luddenden Church*, in the parish of Halifax, and from and after the first day of February, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, in the *churchyard*, with the exception of vaults and walled graves which were in existence on the first of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, which can be opened without disturbing soil that has been already buried in, and in which each coffin shall be separately entombed in an air-tight manner; that in the burial-ground of the *Wesleyan Methodist Chapel, Luddenden*, burials be forthwith discontinued within three yards of all dwelling-houses; also that burials be forthwith discon-

tinued in the *churchyard* of *Illingworth*, in the parish of Halifax, within three yards of all dwelling-houses, and from and after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, in the whole of the churchyard, except in now existing vaults and walled graves, which can be opened without disturbing soil that has been already buried in, and in which each coffin shall be entombed in an air-tight manner; that burials be discontinued forthwith in *Moor End Independent Chapel*, and in *Mount Tabor Wesleyan Chapel Burial-ground*, Illingworth, within three yards of the Sunday School; also, that burials be forthwith discontinued in the *parish church* of *Elland-cum-Greetland*, in the *Wesleyan Methodist Chapel* and *Unitarian Chapel*, *Elland*, and from and after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, with the exception of now existing vaults and brick graves, which can be opened without disturbing soil that has been already buried in, and in which each coffin shall be entombed in an air-tight manner, in the *parish churchyard* of *Elland-cum-Greetland*, and in the burial-grounds of the *Wesleyan Methodist Chapel*, *Independent Chapel*, and *Unitarian Chapel*, *Elland*. That burials be forthwith discontinued in the *church* of *Stainland*, in the parish of Halifax, and also in the *churchyard* and *Wesleyan Chapel Burial-ground*, *Stainland*, within three yards of all dwelling-houses.

Also Ecclesfield, Yorkshire. — Forthwith in the *Parish Church* of Ecclesfield, in the county of York, also in the *churchyard* within three yards of all dwelling-houses, and in the ancient part of the churchyard, except in family vaults and graves, and in ground which can be opened without disturbing human remains; that burials

be forthwith discontinued under the *Independent Chapel, Loxley*, and the school adjoining, and in *Bradfield Church*, both in the parish of Ecclesfield, and that from and after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, burials be discontinued in *Bradfield Churchyard*, with the exception of now existing family vaults and brick graves, which can be opened without disturbing ground that has been already buried in, and in which each coffin shall be entombed in brick or stonework, properly cemented; and also, with the exception of reserved earthen grave spaces, in which no body shall be buried within four feet of the surface, measuring from the upper part of the coffin to the ordinary level of the ground. ECCLES, LANCASHIRE.—Forthwith in the Burial-grounds of the *Brunswick, Bethesda*, and *Windsor Chapels*, in the township of Pendleton, also that in the old part of the *parish churchyard* of *Eccles*, interment be discontinued except in the vaults and walled graves existing on the first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, in which each coffin shall be embedded in charcoal, and be separately entombed in an air-tight manner, or in now existing family graves which can be opened to the depth of five feet without the exposure of remains; also, that in the rest of the churchyard, and in the detached churchyard, and in the *Wesleyan* and *Roman Catholic Burial-grounds at Barton*, and in the *Churchyard* and *Wesleyan Burial-ground* at *Swinton* (except in vaults and walled graves, used with the above precautions), one body only be buried in a grave, not less than five feet deep, and no grave reopened within fourteen years, except to bury another member of the same family, in which case a foot of earth shall be left undisturbed

above the previously buried coffin; also, that in the *Independent Burial-grounds* at *Patricroft* and at *Pendlebury*, no grave be reopened except to bury another member of the same family, no grave to be less than five feet deep, or dug in soil which is not free from water and remains; also, that interments be wholly discontinued in the vaults beneath *Pendleton Church*. LLANDAFF.—Forthwith wholly in the *Cathedral* of Llandaff, and within three yards thereof, also, except in now existing vaults and walled graves, in which each coffin shall be embedded in charcoal, and separately entombed in an airtight manner, in that part of the *churchyard* which is to the south of the cathedral.

Also ALVINGTON, GLOUCESTERSHIRE.—Forthwith wholly in the *Parish Church* of Alvington, and within three yards of the walls thereof. WHALLEY, LANCASHIRE.—Wholly in the *Wesleyan Association Burial-ground, Rawtenstall*; in the *churchyard*, and in the *Wesleyan* and *Unitarian Burial-grounds, Rawtenstall*, and also in the *churchyard* and in the *Wesleyan*, the *Wesleyan Association* and *Unitarian Burial-grounds* of *New Church, in Rossendale*, burials be forthwith discontinued except so far as is compatible with the official regulations for new Burial-grounds, omitting No. 3. HAMBLE, HANTS.—Forthwith beneath the *Parish Church* of Hamble. ROSS.—Forthwith beneath the *Parish Church* of Ross; and also in the *additional parish churchyard*, except so far as is compatible with the Regulations for new burial-grounds; and that in the *Baptist Burial-ground*, interment be discontinued, except in vaults and walled graves, in which each coffin shall be embedded in charcoal, and separately entombed in an airtight manner, and except in graves never previously buried in. FOREST OF DEAN,

GLOUCESTERSHIRE. — Forthwith beneath the churches of *Christ Church Berry Hill*, *St. Paul's Park End*, and in the *Burial-grounds of Christ Church*, within five yards of the parsonage and the school-room; and that burials be discontinued in the *Burial-ground* of *St. Paul's*, except so far as is compatible with the following regulations; viz.: that the ground be drained, so that no water accumulate in any grave, that no coffin be buried within a foot of any other coffin, or less than four feet below the surface of the ground, unless deposited in a vault or walled grave, and separately entombed in an air tight manner.

should be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on the twenty-first day of June next.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 7th day of *May*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order with reference to a petition of the Local Board of Health for the district of Over Darwen, in the township of Over Darwen, in the parish of Blackburn, and county of Lancaster, established under "The Public Health Act, 1848," that the said Local Board of Health, shall be a Burial Board for the district of such Local Board, in accordance with the provisions of the Act passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act to amend the Burial Acts."

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 7th day of *May*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order that a petition of the

Town Council of the city and borough of Canterbury, in the county of Kent, praying that powers may be vested in the said Town Council to enable them to provide a burial-ground for the whole of the parishes, precincts, and places lying within, and forming part of, the said city and borough of Canterbury, with the exception of the parishes of Saint Dunstan, Saint Martin and Saint Gregory, should be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on the fifteenth day of June next.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 7th day of *May*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order, upon the representation of the Right Honourable Spencer Horatio Walpole, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State (as set forth in this Gazette), that the churchwardens or such other person or persons as may have the care of the vaults under Saint George's Church, Bloomsbury; Saint Giles's Church; and Trinity Church Little Queen-street, the Wesleyan Chapel, Great Queen-street, and the Chapel of Saint Giles's Burial-ground, Old Saint Pancras-road, all in the parish of Saint Giles, do respectively adopt, or cause to be adopted, the following measures, in respect of such vaults; viz.—

1. That where accessible, the vaults be freely limewashed.
2. That in the vaults under Saint George's, Bloomsbury, Saint Giles, and Holy Trinity Churches, the coffins be imbedded in a mixture of fresh earth, sand or gravel, and powdered charcoal, and be entombed in brickwork or slate; and that in Saint George's

and Saint Giles's Churches, ventilating tubes be provided to convey any foul air that may escape above the roof.

3. That in the Old Saint Pancras-road Chapel, the trap-door opening from the vaults into the chapel, and the entrance leading into the vaults, be bricked up.
4. That the coffins contained in the vaults under the Wesleyan Chapel, Great Queen-street, in the parish of Saint Giles, be separately buried in the earth under the chapel, and that each coffin be covered with four feet six inches of earth, and six inches of powdered charcoal.
5. That the works, so far as relates to sanitary precautions for the protection of the workmen and otherwise, be effected under the superintendence of the Medical Officer of Health of the District, and that McDougall's Powder and other disinfectants be employed whenever requisite.

This Gazette contains an Ordinance, dated the 15th day of April, 1858, in relation to the Scholarships founded by Dr. Thomas Dyke, within Saint Mary Hall, in the University of Oxford.

And an Ordinance dated the 15th day of April, 1858, in relation to certain exhibitions and scholarships within St. Mary Magdalene Hall, in the University of Oxford, as framed by the Commissioners appointed for the purposes of the statute 17th and 18th Vict., c. 81.

Also a Statute framed by the University of Oxford, for the application of the gift or endowment of Doctor George Aldrich, in exercise of the powers given to the said University by the said Act.

Buckingham Palace, May 7, 1858.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Henry Watson Parker, Esq., late First Minister and Principal Secretary for New South Wales.

Downing-Street, May 11, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Henry Byerley Thomson, Esq., to be Her Majesty's Advocate for the Island of Ceylon.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint John Holmes, Esq., to be a Member of the Legislative Council of the Province of Nova Scotia.

Foreign-Office, May 10, 1858.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Sir Henry Lytton Bulwer, G.C.B., to be Her Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Sublime Ottoman Porte.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint the Honourable Edward Morris Erskine, now Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at Turin, to be Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at Washington.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint the Honourable Lionel Sackville West, now First Paid Attaché to Her Majesty's Legation at Berlin, to be Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at Turin.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Gloucester, *and of the City of* Gloucester, *and County of the City of* Gloucester, *and of the City of* Bristol, *and County of the City of* Bristol.

Royal Gloucestershire Regiment of Hussar Yeomanry.

Major Charles William Miles to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Blathwayt, resigned. Dated 6th May, 1858.

Extra Major Godfrey Charles Morgan to be Major, vice Miles promoted. Dated 6th May, 1858.

Joseph Trenerry, Esq., late Captain, 7th Hussars, to be Captain and Adjutant, vice Surman resigned. Dated 6th May, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Banff.

76th Highland Light Infantry, or Inverness, Banff, Elgin, and Nairnshires Regiment of Militia.

William Fraser Tytler, lately Captain H.E.I.C.S., to be Captain. Dated 1st May, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the West Riding of the County of York *and of the City and County of the City of* York.

West York Rifle Regiment of Militia.

James Augustus Goldicut, Gent., to be Ensign, vice F. B. Henderson promoted. Dated 4th May, 1858.

3rd Regiment (Light Infantry) of West York Militia.

James Maguire Manjin, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 7th April, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Renfrew.

Prince of Wales's Royal Regiment of Renfrew Militia.

Henry Barclay Dunlop, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 30th April, 1858.

By the Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

WHEREAS, by an Act of Parliament passed in the 54th year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the 3rd, chapter 159, intituled "An Act for the better regulation of the several Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads, Sounds, Channels, Bays, and Navigable Rivers, in the United Kingdom, and of His Majesty's Docks, Dockyards, Arsenals, Wharfs, Moorings, and Stores therein, and for repealing several Acts passed for that purpose," it is enacted, among other things, that no person or persons shall take any ballast or shingle from the shores or banks, or any portion of the shores or banks of any port, harbour, or haven, of this kingdom, from which the Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom for the time being shall find it necessary for the protection of such port, harbour, or haven, or the works thereof, by order under their hands, or the hands of their Secretary, and published in the London Gazette, to prohibit the taking or removing of such shingle or ballast upon pain of forfeiting, for every such offence, the sum of ten pounds.

And whereas the Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom have found it necessary for the protec-

ion of the harbour or haven of Spithead, to prohibit the taking of any ballast or shingle from he shores or banks or any portion of the shores r banks thereof, between Saint Helen's Point and Nettlestone Point, and between Nettlestone Point nd a post driven into the shore 3000 feet west-ard of Nettlestone Point. Now we do there-ore order, that no person or persons whosoever hall take or remove any ballast or shingle from he shores or banks, or any portion of the shores r banks, between Saint Helen's Point and the post riven into the shore as aforesaid.

Given under our hands this sixth day of May, 858.

W. F. Martin,
R. S. Dundas,
Two of the Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom.

Kimbolton Turnpike Road.

A provisional Order, signed by Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, dated the 6th of April, 1858, authorizes he Trustees of the Kimbolton Turnpike-road to educe the rate of interest now payable on the nortgage debt charged on the said road (as set orth in this Gazette) pursuant to the Act 14th nd 15th Vict., cap. 38.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 14, 1858.

India-Board, May 13, 1858.

THE following Papers have been received at the East India House :

No. 1.

The Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, with the Governor-General.

Head-Quarters, Camp, before Lucknow, March 12, 1858.

SIR,

BY desire of the Commander-in-Chief, I have the honour to enclose returns of the casualties in the force under his Excellency's command, from the 2nd to the 9th instant, inclusive.

2. Since the latter date the following officers have been killed or wounded.

On 10th March, 1858.

Captain C. A. Sandford, 5th Punjaub Cavalry, killed.

Lieutenant F. E. H. Farquharson, Her Majesty's 42nd Highlanders, wounded severely.

Captain C. W. McDonald, Her Majesty's 93rd Highlanders, wounded slightly.

Lieutenant O. L. Smith, 4th Punjaub Rifles, wounded severely.

On 11th March, 1858.

Captain W. R. Moorsom, Her Majesty's 52nd Light Infantry, Deputy Assistant Quarter-master-General, killed.

Acting Mate Garvey, Royal Naval Brigade (Her Majesty's ship Shannon) killed.

Captain C. W. McDonald, Her Majesty's 93rd Highlanders, killed.

Lieutenant C. W. Sergison, Her Majesty's 93rd Highlanders, killed.

Captain W. F. Thynne, 2nd Battalion, Rifle Brigade, killed.

Lieutenant L. E. Cooper, 2nd Battalion, Rifle Brigade, killed.

Major W. S. R. Hodson, Hodson's Horse, mortally wounded (since dead).

Major A. Taylor, Bengal Engineers, wounded severely.

Captain G. P. Prevost, Her Majesty's 23rd Fusiliers, wounded severely.

Lieutenant G. W. H. Bussell, Her Majesty's 23rd Fusiliers, wounded slightly.

Captain Miller, Her Majesty's 79th Highlanders, wounded slightly.

Lieutenant Grimston, Her Majesty's 93rd Highlanders, wounded slightly.

Ensign Hastie, Her Majesty's 93rd Highlanders, wounded slightly.

Lieutenant A. McL. Stewart, 4th Punjaub Rifles, wounded slightly.

I have &c.,
H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 2.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded and Missing in the Army, under the command of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, on the 2nd of March, 1858.

Head-Quarters, Camp, Dilkhoosha Park, Lucknow, March 3, 1858.

ARTILLERY DIVISION.

Naval Brigade — 1 rank and file killed ; 1 non-commissioned officer wounded.

2nd Troop, 1st Brigade Bengal Horse Artillery—1 rank and file wounded.

3rd Troop, 3rd Brigade Bengal Horse Artillery—1 horse killed ; 2 horses wounded.

CAVALRY DIVISION.

Her Majesty's 9th Lancers—1 horse killed ; 1 European officer wounded ; 1 rank and file wounded ; 1 rank and file, missing ; 2 horses missing.

2nd Punjaub Cavalry—1 non-commissioned officer, drummer, rank and file, wounded ; 4 horses wounded.

5th Punjaub Cavalry—3 horses killed ; 1 horse wounded.

1st Seikh Irregular Cavalry—1 European officer wounded ; 1 non-commissioned officer, drummer, rank and file, wounded ; 8 horses wounded ; 1 horse missing.

2ND INFANTRY DIVISION.

Her Majesty's 34th Regiment—1 non-commissioned officer wounded.

Her Majesty's 38th Regiment—2 rank and file, wounded.

Her Majesty's 42nd Highlanders—1 rank and file wounded.

4th Punjaub Infantry, (Rifles)—3 non-commissioned officers, drummers, rank and file, wounded.

Total—1 rank and file killed; 5 horses killed; 2 European officers wounded; 12 non-commissioned officers, drummers, rank and file, wounded; 15 horses wounded; 1 rank and file missing; 3 horses missing.

Grand Total—1 man, 5 horses, killed; 14 officers and men, 15 horses, wounded; 1 man, 3 horses, missing.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 3.

Nominal Roll of Europeans Killed, Wounded and Missing in the Army, under the command of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

Head-Quarters, Camp, Dilkhoosha Park, Lucknow, March 2, 1858.

Naval Brigade, Her Majesty's ship Shannon.

A. B. Seaman John MacCann, killed.

Boatswain's Mate James Terry, wounded dangerously.

2nd Troop, 1st Brigade, Horse Artillery.

Gunner John Fleming, severe contusion.

Brigade Staff.

Brigadier A. Little, wounded severely.

Her Majesty's 9th Lancers.

Private Henry Turner, wounded severely.
Private William Whitaker, missing from hospital.

1st Seikh Irregular Cavalry.

Lieutenant A. R. D. Mackenzie, wounded slightly.

Her Majesty's 34th Regiment.

Corporal George Bethell, wounded slightly.

Her Majesty's 38th Regiment.

Private Thomas Page, wounded severely.
Private Thomas Walsh, wounded slightly.

Her Majesty's 42nd Highlanders.

Private Alexander Mc Cullum, wounded slightly.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 4.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded and Missing in the Army, under the command of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, on the 3rd of March, 1858.

Head-Quarters, Camp, Bibeapore, March 4, 1858.

2ND INFANTRY DIVISION.

Her Majesty's 42nd Highlanders—1 non-commissioned officer wounded.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 5.

Nominal Roll of Europeans Killed, Wounded and Missing in the Army, under the command of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

Head-Quarters, Camp, Bibeapore, March 4, 1858.

Her Majesty's 42*nd Highlanders.*

Lance Corporal Andrew Morrison, wounded severely.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 6.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded and Missing in the Army, under the command of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, on the 4*th of March*, 1858.

Head-Quarters, Camp, before Lucknow, March 5, 1858.

Artillery Division.

F. Troop, Royal Horse Artillery—1 rank and file wounded.

6th Company, 11th Battalion Royal Artillery—1 rank and file wounded.

3rd Troop, 3rd Brigade Bengal Horse Artillery—1 horse killed.

Cavalry Division.

5th Punjaub Cavalry—2 rank and file wounded.

2nd Infantry Division.

Her Majesty's 34th Regiment—1 rank and file wounded.

4th Punjaub Rifles—1 non-commissioned officer, drummer, rank and file, wounded.

3rd Infantry Division.

1st Bengal Fusiliers—1 rank and file wounded.

Grand Total—1 horse, killed; 7 men, wounded.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 7.

Nominal Roll of Europeans Killed, Wounded and Missing in the Army, under the command of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

Head-Quarters, Camp, before Lucknow, March 5, 1858.

F. Troop Royal Horse Artillery.

Gunner William Medcalf, wounded.

6 *Co.* 11*th Bengal Royal Artillery.*

Gunner Francis Lawson, wounded slightly.

Her Majesty's 34*th Regiment.*

Private Patrick Brennan, wounded severely.

1*st Bengal Fusiliers.*

Private J. Shipton, wounded slightly.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 8.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded and Missing in the Army, under the command of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, on the 5th of March, 1858.

Head-Quarters, Camp, before Lucknow, March 6, 1858.

Cavalry Division.

5th Punjaub Cavalry—2 rank and file wounded.

2ND INFANTRY DIVISION.

Her Majesty's 34th Regiment—2 rank and file wounded.*

Grand Total—4 men, wounded.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 9.

Nominal Roll of Europeans Killed, Wounded and Missing in the Army, under the command of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

Head-Quarters, Camp, before Lucknow, March 6, 1858.

Her Majesty's 34th Regiment.

Private John Pritchard, wounded dangerously.
Private James Campbell, wounded severely.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 10.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing in the Army under the Command of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, on the 6th of March, 1858.

Head-Quarters, Camp before Lucknow, March 7, 1858.

ARTILLERY DIVISION.

F. Troop Royal Horse Artillery—1 rank and file wounded.

CAVALRY DIVISION.

2nd Dragoon Guards—1 European officer, 1 non-commissioned officer, 3 horses, killed ; 1 Euro-

* Wounded on 4th March.

pean officer, 5 rank and file, 11 horses, wounded; 1 rank and file, 18 horses, missing.

9th Lancers—2 horses, missing.

2nd Punjaub Cavalry—3 rank and file, 7 horses, wounded; 4 horses, missing.

Total—1 European officer, 1 non-commissioned officer, 3 horses, killed; 1 European officer, 9 rank and file, 18 horses, wounded; 1 rank and file, 24 horses, missing.

Grand Total—2 officers and men, 3 horses, killed; 10 officers and men, 18 horses, wounded; 1 man, 24 horses, missing.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 11.

Nominal Roll of Europeans Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the Army under the Command of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

Head-Quarters, Camp, before Lucknow, March 7, 1858.

F. Troop, Royal Horse Artillery.

Driver Samuel Tims, wounded severely.

Her Majesty's 2nd Dragoon Guards.

Major J. P. Smith, killed.
Corporal Nicholls, killed.
Lieutenant P. A. W. Carnegy, wounded.
Private Stanley, wounded.
Private Thomas Searson, wounded.
Private Wheeler, wounded.
Private Hull, wounded.
Private Frazer, wounded.
Private Hunt, missing.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 12.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing in the Army, under the Command of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, on the 7th of March, 1858.

Head-Quarters Camp, before Lucknow, March 8, 1858.

ARTILLERY DIVISION.

3rd Company, 14th Battalion, Royal Artillery—1 rank and file wounded.

CAVALRY DIVISION.

2nd Dragoon Guards—1 non-commissioned officer, 2 horses, killed ; 2 horses wounded.

2nd Punjaub Cavalry—4 rank and file, 3 horses, wounded.

5th Punjaub Cavalry—1 rank and file wounded.

3RD INFANTRY DIVISION.

Her Majesty's 79th Highlanders — 1 officer wounded.

1st Bengal Fusiliers—1 non-commissioned officer, 1 rank and file, wounded

3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade—1 rank and file wounded

4TH INFANTRY DIVISION.

Goorkha Force—1 rank and file wounded.

Total—1 non-commissioned officer, 2 horses, killed; 1 European officer, 10 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, 5 horses, wounded.

Grand Total—1 killed, 11 wounded; 2 horses killed, 5 wounded.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 13.

Nominal Roll of Europeans Killed, Wounded, and Missing in the Army, under the Command of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

Head-Quarters Camp, before Lucknow, March 8, 1858.

3rd Company, 14th Battalion, Royal Artillery.

Gunner and Driver Lawrence Power, wounded slightly.

2nd Dragoon Guards.

Serjeant F. Redmond, killed.

Honourable Company's Service doing Duty with Her Majesty's 79th Highlanders.

Ensign G. G. Thain, wounded slightly.

1st Bengal Fusiliers.

Corporal James Finnigan, wounded severely.
Private Daniel McCarthy, wounded severely.

3rd Battalion, Rifle Brigade.

Private James Collins, wounded slightly.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 14.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the Army under the command of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, on the 8th of March, 1858.

Head Quarters, Camp before Lucknow, March 9, 1858.

2ND INFANTRY DIVISION.

4th Punjaub Rifles—1 rank and file, wounded.

No. 15.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the Army under the command of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, on the 9th of March, 1858.

Head Quarters, Camp before Lucknow, March 10, 1858.

Divisional Staff—1 European officer, wounded.

Artillery Division.

Naval Brigade, Her Majesty's Ship Shannon—1 European officer, wounded.
Field Artillery — 3 rank and file, wounded.
Siege Artillery — 1 rank and file, wounded.

Engineer Brigade.

Sappers and Miners, Bengal—1 European officer, wounded.
Pioneers 1 Native officer, 4 rank and file, wounded.

2nd Infantry Division.

Her Majesty's 42nd Highlanders—2 rank and file killed; 1 non-commissioned officer, 9 rank and file, wounded.
Her Majesty's 90th Light Infantry—1 non-commissioned officer killed; 1 rank and file, wounded.
Her Majesty's 93rd Highlanders—6 rank and file wounded.
4th Punjaub Rifles—1 rank and file wounded.

3rd Infantry Division.

Her Majesty's 23rd Fusiliers—1 rank and file killed; 1 non-commissioned officer, 1 rank and file, wounded.

Her Majesty's 79th Highlanders—1 rank and file, killed; 9 rank and file, wounded.

2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade—1 non-commissioned officer, 4 rank and file, wounded.

3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade—1 non-commissioned officer, 1 rank and file, wounded.

1st Fusiliers—4 rank and file killed; 1 European officer, 1 non-commissioned officer, 7 rank and file, wounded.

2nd Punjaub Infantry—1 European officer, 2 rank and file, killed; 5 rank and file wounded.

Total—1 European officer, 11 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, killed; 4 European officers, 1 Native officer, 56 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, wounded.

Grand Total—12 officers and men killed; 61 officers and men wounded.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 16.

Nominal Roll of Europeans Killed, Wounded and Missing in the Army, under the command of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

Head-Quarters, Camp, before Lucknow, March 10, 1858.

Naval Brigade, Her Majesty's ship Shannon.

Captain Sir W. Peel, K.C.B., severely wounded.

Siege Artillery.

Gunner and Driver Alexander McNeil, slightly wounded.

Divisional Staff.

Captain Robert Stewart, Deputy Assistant-Adjutant-General, severely wounded in the left foot by musket-ball.

Her Majesty's 42nd Highlanders.

Serjeant Alexander Leitch, slightly wounded.
Private J. Gardener, killed by grape shot.
Private A. Mason, killed by cannon.
Private R. McKenzie, wounded dangerously.
Private R. Brackie, wounded severely.
Private J. Lamb, wounded severely.
Private R. Holmes, wounded severely.
Private J. Turner, wounded severely.
Private W. Blaber, wounded severely.
Private P. Smith, wounded slightly.
Private D. Lawson, wounded slightly.

Her Majesty's 90th Regiment.

Lance-Corporal J. Marshall, killed.
Private J. Nowlan, scalp wound slight.

Her Majesty's 93rd Regiment (Highlanders).

Private J. Griffin, wounded slightly.
Private C. McGee, wounded slightly.
Private W. Mitchell, wounded severely.
Private A. Finlayson, wounded slightly.
Private A. Gough, wounded slightly.
Private J. McCulloch, wounded slightly.

23rd Royal Welch Fusiliers.

Serjeant Elijah Adams, wounded severely.
Private James Bone, killed.
Private George Walters, wounded slightly.

Her Majesty's 79th Highlanders.

Private John Rankin, killed.
Private Thomas Ritchie, wounded dangerously.

Private Robert Darge, wounded severely.
Private Robert Dick, wounded severely.
Private James Miller, wounded severely.
Private John Morgan, wounded severely.
Private Thos. Kyne, wounded severely.
Private Patrick Dooley, wounded severely.
Private Thomas McBay, wounded slightly.
Private Michael Meaney, wounded severely by the accidental discharge of a musket.

1st Bengal Fusiliers.

Captain E. St. George, wounded dangerously.
Serjeant Thomas White, wounded slightly.
Private Alexander Hair, killed.
Private Patk. Henahan, killed.
Private Edward Gibbons, killed.
Private Daniel Kenwy, killed.
Private Michael McComb, wounded slightly.
Private George Castle, wounded slightly.
Private Luke Woodcock, fracture of thigh, severe.
Private James Dillon, lost centre finger of left hand.
Private Patrick Gallagher, wounded dangerously.
Private Jno. McMahon, wounded in head.
Private Jno. Doyle, wounded in head.

2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade.

Private J. Blagburn, wounded slightly.
Private T. Bone, wounded slightly.
Private A. Loder, wounded severely.
Private J. Lovelock, wounded slightly.
Acting-Corporal L. Ratican, wounded slightly.

3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade.

Colour-Serjeant Wm. Hart, wounded slightly.
Private Wm. Brown, wounded slightly.

2nd Punjaub Infantry.

Lieutenant A. J. Anderson, (38th Native Infantry), killed.

Bengal Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant Forbes, slightly wounded.

Field Artillery.

Gunner and Driver Wm. Oliver, wounded.
Gunner and Driver J. Black, wounded.
Gunner and Driver T. McWhinney, wounded.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

Downing-Street, May 10, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint David Erskine, Esq., commonly called the Honourable David Erskine, late a Major in the Army, to be Colonial Secretary for the colony of Natal.

Foreign-Office, May 12, 1858.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint George Brackenbury, Esq., to be Her Majesty's Consul at Madrid.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint James Annesley, Esq., now Her Majesty's Consul at Riga, to be Her Majesty's Consul at Amsterdam.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint Robert Godschall Johnson, Esq., now Her Majesty's Consul at Amsterdam, to be Her Majesty's Consul at Riga.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint Edward Walhouse Mark, Esq., now Her Majesty's Consul at Baltimore, to be Her Majesty's Consul at Marseilles.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint Wyndham Moreton Dyer, Esq., now Her Majesty's Consul at Mobile, to be Her Majesty's Consul at Baltimore.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint Charles Tulin, Esq., now British Vice-Consul at Oran, to be Her Majesty's Consul at Mobile.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint Robert Koch, Esq., now British Vice-Consul, to be Her Majesty's Consul, in the Free City of Frankfort.

Foreign-Office, May 14, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of M. Simon Emanuel Pietersz as Consul in the Island of Jamaica for His Majesty the King of the Netherlands.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Don Manuel Leiva y Daroca as Vice-Consul at Accra for Her Majesty the Queen of Spain.

Westminster, May 11, 1858.

This day the Lords being met a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorized by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by Her Majesty, for declaring Her Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said

Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for raising the sum of twenty millions nine hundred and eleven thousand five hundred pounds by Exchequer bills, for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight.

An Act for raising the sum of two millions by Exchequer bonds.

An Act for the further amendment of the duties of Customs.

An Act for granting certain additional rates and duties of Excise.

An Act for the alteration of certain duties of Customs.

An Act to confirm a certain Provisional Order of the General Board of Health, applying the Public Health Act, 1848, to the district of Skipton, in the West Riding of the county of York; and to further declare the limits of the district of Toxteth Park, in the county palatine of Lancaster, for the purposes of the said Act.

An Act to repeal the stamp duties payable on matriculation and degrees in the University of Cambridge.

An Act to empower the Birmingham and Staffordshire Gas Light Company to raise a further sum of money.

An Act to empower the Cheltenham Waterworks Company to raise a further sum of money.

An Act to amend the Act, fifty-sixth King George the Third, chapter forty-four, for improving the port, harbour, and town of Whitehaven, in the county of Cumberland, in relation to the securities to be granted for borrowed money.

An Act for conferring additional powers and privileges on the Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.

An Act to incorporate the Chester United Gas Company, and to confer upon them further powers for the supply of gas to the city and borough of Chester and the suburbs thereof.

An Act to enable the Nottingham Gas-Light and Coke Company to raise a further sum of money, and to afford a supply of gas to places in the neighbourhood of Nottingham, and for other purposes.

An Act for incorporating the Madras Irrigation and Canal Company, and for other purposes connected therewith.

An Act to extend the time for the construction of the Haslingden and Rawtenstall Waterworks.

An Act for supplying with water the inhabitants of Gosport, Forton, and Anglesey, and other places in the parish of Alverstoke, in the county of Hants.

An Act to enable the Folkestone Waterworks Company to raise further monies, and to confer upon them other powers.

An Act to empower the Liskeard and Looe Union Canal Company to construct a railway from Moors Water to Looe, all in the county of Cornwall, and for other purposes.

Board of Trade, Whitehall,
May 13, 1858.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Ambassador at Paris, enclosing copy of a French Imperial Decree, declaring the port of Pontrieux (Côtes-du-Nord) to be open for the importation of goods charged at a rate of duty

exceeding 20 francs per 100 kilos., or articles specifically named in Article 8 of the law of the 17th May, 1817.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, May 13, 1858.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Acting-Consul at Naples, reporting that the Neapolitan Government has permitted the exportation, until the 15th June next, of wheat, oats and barley, subject to the following rates of duty :

Wheat, 1 ducat per cantar.
Oats and Barley, 50 grains per cantar.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, May 13, 1858.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have information, received through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, that the following drugs and pharmaceutical preparations are prohibited from being imported into Russia :

1, injections ; 2, Santorim lozenges ; 3, extractum foliorum juglandis regiæ ; 4, extractum rataniæ ; 5, mercurium oxydulatum nigrum ; 6, injection Brout ; 7, extract of motico leaves ; 8, syrup of red digitalis ; 9, sudorific balls ; 10, balls of rye ergot ; 11, balls (pastilles) of oxide of iron lactified ; 12, Lob's ophthalmic water ; 13, liqueur de Saville ; 14, Saville's pills ; 15, infusion of opium ; 16, infusion of myrrh ; 17, sulphur auratum antimonii ; 18, Kummerfild water ; 19, Degenetais' pectoral paste ; 20, extractum belladonnæ ; 21, extractum aconiti ; 22, extractum digitalis ; 23, extractum gratiolæ ; 24, extractum

lactucæ virosæ ; 25, extractum rhois toxicodendri ; 26, extractum cannabis Indicæ.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,
14*th May*, 1858.

GENERAL ORDER.—No. 705.

Dated Horse Guards, S. W.,
14*th May*, 1858.

In consideration of the eminent services performed by Lieutenant General Sir Colin Campbell, G.C.B., Commander-in-Chief in the East Indies. in the recent operations in that country, Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to command that that distinguished Officer be promoted to the rank of General in the Army.

By order of his Royal Highness the General Commanding-in-Chief.

(Signed) G. A. WETHERALL,
Adjutant-General.

BREVET.

Lieutenant-General Sir Colin Campbell, G.C.B., to be General in the Army. Dated 14th May, 1858.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,
14*th May*, 1858.

Royal Horse Guards, Thomas Charles Douglas R. Whitmore, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase, vice Hayward, promoted. Dated 14th May, 1858.

5*th Dragoon Guards*, Thomas Yate Benyon, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase. Dated 14th May, 1858.

4*th Light Dragoons*, John Kennedy, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase. Dated 14th May, 1858.

5*th Light Dragoons*, Lieutenant William Edgeworth, from the 8th Foot, to be Lieutenant. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Alexander Malcolmson, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Serjeant Edward Greatorex, from 3rd Light Dragoons, to be Riding-Master. Dated 14th May, 1858.

8*th Light Dragoons*, Cornet John Mathew Biddle to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Helme, deceased. Dated 5th February, 1858.

Augustus Tonnochy, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase, vice Inge, promoted in 18th Light Dragoons. Dated 28th April, 1858.

Cornet Edward Pulleyne, from 5th Light Dragoons, to be Cornet, vice Paulet, promoted. Dated 14th May, 1858.

9*th Light Dragoons*, Serjeant-Major Richard Freer Thonger to be Cornet, without purchase. Dated 17th June, 1857.

10*th Light Dragoons*, Lieutenant William Mayne, to be Captain, by purchase, vice Gill, who retires. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Owen R. Slacke, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase, vice Hartwell, whose appointment has been cancelled. Dated 14th May, 1858.

13*th Light Dragoons*, Cornet A. A. Erin Lethbridge to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Munn, promoted. Dated 14th May, 1858.

George Shippen Willes, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, in succession to Lieutenant A. Southwell, who has retired. Dated 14th May, 1858.

14*th Light Dragoons*, Honourable Frederick Amherst to be Cornet, without purchase, vice

Phillips, promoted in the 18th Light Dragoons. Dated 14th May, 1858.

18*th Light Dragoons.* The Christian name of Lieutenant Hardy is *Harmer*, not *Harman* as previously stated.

Military Train, Lieutenant David Gibson to be Captain, without purchase, vice Massy, appointed to the 5th Light Dragoons. Dated 26th February, 1858.

Captain Hugh Brabazon, from half-pay Unattached, to be Captain, vice C. E. Gibson, appointed to 49th Foot. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Lieutenant Edward M. Palliser to be Captain, by purchase, vice Brabazon, who retires. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Ensign Robert Cope Hardy to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Palliser. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Royal Artillery, Lieutenant Charles James Tyler to be Second Captain, vice Luard, deceased. Dated 28th April, 1858.

Royal Engineers. Second Captain Walter Samuel Stace to be Captain, vice Brevet-Major Ord, seconded. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Lieutenant Donald Alexander Frazer to be Second Captain, vice A. J. Clerke, died from the effects of a gunpowder explosion. Dated 1st April, 1858.

Lieutenant Edmund Frederick Du Cane to be Second Captain, vice Stace. Dated 16th April, 1858.

The promotion of Second Captain Durnford has been antedated to 18th March, 1858.

2*nd Foot*, Lieutenant William Wiltshire Lynch, from the 70th Foot, to be Captain, without purchase, vice Davidson, appointed to the 17th Foot. Dated 14th May, 1858.

5*th Foot*, Captain Duncan D. Grahame, from 78th Foot, to be Captain, vice St. George, who exchanges. Dated 14th May, 1858.

6*th Foot*, Major and Brevet-Colonel the Honourable Francis Colborne, C.B., from half-pay, Unattached, to be Major, vice Willis, who exchanges. Dated 14th May, 1858.

8*th Foot.*

To be Captains, without purchase.

Lieutenant J. V. W. H. Webb. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Lieutenant A. R. Bayly. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Lieutenant W. R. Ximenes. Dated 14th May, 1858.

9*th Foot*, Harry Elmhirst, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 14th May, 1858.

11*th Foot*, Ensign James Leslie Day to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Dated 14th May, 1858.

12*th Foot*, Cornet Wm. Ross, from half-pay of the late Land Transport Corps, to be Quartermaster, vice Nesbitt, deceased. Dated 14th May, 1858.

13*th Foot*, Lieutenant John A. Rowley to be Captain, without purchase, vice Moorsom, killed in action. Dated 14th March, 1858.

Ensign Chas. E. Palmer to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Rowley. Dated 14th March, 1858.

Ensign E. L. England to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Palmer, whose promotion on 30th April, 1858, has been cancelled. Dated 30th April, 1858.

15*th Foot*, Assistant Surgeon James Hinton, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 14th May, 1858.

16*th Foot*, Lieutenant John A. Chippindall, from the 62nd Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Macdonald Hall, who exchanges. Dated 14th May, 1858.

The appointment of Lieutenant R. C. Healy as Adjutant, to bear date 9*th*, instead of 26*th* March, 1858, as previously stated.

17*th Foot*, Ensign J. Colquhoun to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Paymaster Naborne Gilpin Smith, from the Bedford Militia, to be Paymaster. Dated 14th May, 1858.

18*th Foot*, Ensign W. T. Le Brun to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Ensign M. J. R. Macgregor to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Bishopp, promoted. Dated 14th May, 1858.

19*th Foot*, Duncan Campbell Affleck, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 14th May, 1858.

20*th Foot*. The surname of the Ensign, appointed on 30th April, 1858, is *Enys*, not *Engs*, as then stated.

21*st Foot*, Brevet-Major Edwin A. Tucker Steward to be Major, by purchase, vice the Honourable David Erskine, who retires. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Lieutenant Thomas Bruce to be Captain, by purchase, vice Steward. Dated 14th May, 1858.

The surname of the Ensign appointed on the 7th instant, is *Blaksley*, not *Blacksley*, as then stated.

22*nd Foot*, Henry James Oliver, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Octavius Brown, whose appointment, as stated in Gazette of 23rd April, 1858, has been cancelled. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon Francis Henry Preston, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 14th May, 1858.

23*rd Foot*, Gerald George Liddell, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 14th May, 1858.

24*th Foot*, Ensign Wm. Magill, from the 11th Foot, to be Ensign. Dated 14th May, 1858.

George Vaughan Wardell, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 14th May, 1858.

29*th Foot*, Assistant-Surgeon Walter John, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Macqueen, promoted on the Staff. Dated 14th May, 1858.

31*st Foot*, Staff-Surgeon of the Second Class Thomas Johnston Atkinson to be Surgeon, vice Hoskin, deceased. Dated 14th May, 1858.

32*nd Foot*, Herbert Richard Hardinge, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 14th May, 1858.

49*th Foot*, Captain Charles Edgar Gibson, from the Military Train, to be Captain, vice Brevet-Major Dewar, whose Brevet Rank has been converted into Substantive Rank, under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854. Dated 14th May, 1858.

54*th Foot*, James Hearn Tarleton, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Falkiner, who retires. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Rowland Hill Fawcett, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Jebb, promoted. Dated 15th May, 1858.

55*th Foot*, David Anderson Ogden, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Bluett, promoted in the 32nd Foot. Dated 14th May, 1858.

60*th Foot*, Captain and Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel J. George N. Gibbes, from half-pay of the late

Royal Malta Regiment, to be Captain. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Lieutenant J. J. Phillipps to be Captain, by purchase, vice Brevet-Colonel Gibbes, who retires. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Lieutenant J. S. D. McGill to be Captain, by purchase, vice Nesham, who retires. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Charles Gosling, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 14th May, 1858.

62*nd Foot*, Lieutenant Macdonald Hall, from the 16th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Chippindall, who exchanges. Dated 14th May, 1858.

68*th Foot*, Horatio Gordon Robley, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Dewé, whose appointment, as stated in the Gazette of 23rd March, 1858, has been cancelled. Dated 14th May, 1858.

73*rd Foot*, Lieutenant Allen A. Young has been superseded, being absent without leave. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon William Curran, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 14th May, 1858.

76*th Foot*, Lieutenant John Henry Tripp to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Captain John W. Preston, who has resigned that appointment. Dated 1st May, 1858.

78*th Foot*, Captain Thomas C. B. St. George, from the 5th Foot, to be Captain, vice Grahame, who exchanges. Dated 14th May, 1858.

85*th Foot*. The third Christian Name of Ensign Cooper is Astley.

96*th Foot*, Francis Reid, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Scovell, promoted. Dated 14th May, 1858.

100*th Foot*, Major and Brevet-Colonel George de

Rottenburg, C.B., to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Joseph Hutchison, Esq., late Paymaster of the Osmanli Irregular Cavalry, to be Paymaster. Dated 14th May, 1858.

1*st West India Regiment*, Serjeant-Major Francis Nolan to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Brew, promoted. Dated 14th May, 1858.

3*rd West Indian Regiment*, Lieutenant Henry Butler, late Paymaster 67th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Archer, promoted to an Unattached Company. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Ensign C. N. Smyth, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Butler, who retires. Dated 14th May, 1858.

DEPOT BATTALION.

Quartermaster Patrick Hopkins, from the 31st Foot, to be Quartermaster, vice Fitzgerald, who retires upon half-pay. Dated 14th May, 1858.

UNATTACHED.

Lieutenant E. A. Anderson, from the 37th Foot, to be Captain, by purchase. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Lieutenant Wm. Lawrence Murphy, from the 1st West India Regiment, to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Lieutenant Douglas Ernest Manners, from the 97th Foot, to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 14th May, 1858.

HOSPITAL STAFF.

Staff-Surgeon of the First Class, Henry Downes, M.D., from half-pay, to be Staff-Surgeon of the First Class, upon full-pay, and attached to the 21st Foot. Dated 1st May, 1858.

Staff-Surgeon of the First Class John Mure, from half-pay, to be Staff-Surgeon of the First Class, upon full-pay, and attached to the 24th Foot. Dated 1st May, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon Robert Beresford Smyth, M.D., from the 1st Foot, to be Staff-Surgeon of the Second Class, vice Atkinson, appointed to the 31st Foot. Dated 26th January, 1858. The antedate not to carry pay.

Assistant-Surgeon Daniel Macqueen, M.D., from the 29th Foot, to be Staff-Surgeon of the Second Class, vice Mackey, deceased. Dated 26th January, 1858. The antedate not to carry pay.

To be Assistant-Surgeons to the Forces.

William Isaac Spencer, Gent. Dated 22nd April, 1858.

Henry Knaggs, Gent. Dated 22nd April, 1858.

Richard William Berkeley, Gent. Dated 22nd April, 1858.

Charles Gray, Gent. Dated 22nd April, 1858.

John McKinnel, M.D. Dated 22nd April, 1858.

Charles William Semple, Gent. Dated 22nd April, 1858.

John Carlaw, Gent. Dated 22nd April, 1858.

Frederick Pennington, Gent. Dated 22nd April, 1858.

Edward Masterson, Gent. Dated 22nd April, 1858.

James Thompson, Gent. Dated 22nd April, 1858.

Charles Seward, Gent. Dated 22nd April, 1858.

James Daltera, Gent. Dated 22nd April, 1858.

Hampden Healy Maclean, Gent. Dated 22nd April, 1858.

James Paxton, M.D. Dated 22nd April, 1858.

Edward Hopkins, Gent. Dated 22nd April, 1858.

John Niven, Gent., vice Cumming, appointed to the Royal Artillery. Dated 22nd April, 1858.

BREVET.

Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel J. George N. Gibbes 60th Foot, to be Colonel in the Army. Dated 11th November, 1851.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Fanshaw Bedford, 60th Foot, having completed three years' actual service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, to be Colonel in the Army, under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854. Dated 23rd March, 1858.

Captain and Brevet-Major Edwyn Evans, of the 1st Bombay Fusiliers, to be Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Captain Hugh Brabazon, of the Military Train, to be Major in the Army. Dated 20th June, 1854.

Quartermaster Thomas Fitzgerald, upon half-pay, of a Depôt Battalion, to have the honorary rank of Captain, under the Royal Warrant of 17th December, 1855. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Memorandum.

Captain Robert Taylor Raynes, upon half-pay of the 23rd Foot, has been permitted to retire from the Service by the sale of his Commission, he being about to become a settler in Canada. Dated 14th May, 1858.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,
14th May, 1858.

Memorandum.

Dated Horse Guards, S.W.,
14th May, 1858.

Her Majesty, in consideration of the enduring fortitude and persevering gallantry displayed in

the defence of the Residency of Lucknow, has been graciously pleased to command that the 32nd be clothed, equipped, and trained as a Light Infantry Regiment, from the 26th of February last.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to command that the word "Lucknow," shall be borne on the Regimental Colour of the 32nd Light Infantry, in commemoration of the enduring fortitude, and persevering gallantry, displayed in the defence of the Residency of Lucknow for eighty-seven days.

By direction of His Royal Highness the General Commanding-in-Chief.

(Signed) G. A. WETHERALL,
Adjutant-General.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Somerset.

Sir Henry Ainslie Hoare, Bart., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 10th May, 1858.

Alexander William Kinglake, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 10th May, 1858.

Richard Phelips, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 10th May, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Wilts.

The Honourable John Francis Arundell to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 26th April, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant and High Steward of the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

James Mackie, Esq., M.P., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 8th May, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Devon.

The Honourable Edward Baldwin Courtenay to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 26th April, 1858.

The Honourable Augustus Frederick George Warwick Bampfylde to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 26th April, 1858.

Royal 1st Devon Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry.

Henry William Clarke to be Cornet, vice Dykes, promoted. Dated 9th April, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Nottingham.

Royal Sherwood Foresters or Nottinghamshire Regiment of Militia.

William Bernard, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 11th May, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Leicester.

Leicestershire Militia.

John Alexander William Wilson, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 6th May, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kent.

East Kent Regiment of Militia.

Ensign Alfred Sinclair Leatham to be Lieutenant, vice Ball, resigned. Dated 10th May, 1858.

Corbet John Coventry, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Tatham, promoted. Dated 10th May, 1858.

West Kent Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry.

Charles Whitehead, Gent., to be Cornet, vice Bankes, resigned. Dated 10th May, 1858.

Kent Militia Regiment of Artillery.

Charles Robert Fletcher Lutwidge, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant, vice Young, promoted. Dated 29th April, 1858.

TREASURY WARRANT.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the regulation of the duties of postage."

And whereas another Act was passed in the eleventh year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for giving further facilities for the transmission of letters by post, and for the regulating the duties of postage thereon, and for other purposes relating to the post-office."

And whereas another Act was passed in the eighteenth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to the stamp duties on newspapers, and to provide for the transmission by post of printed periodical publications."

And whereas by the said last-mentioned Act, power was given to Her Majesty's Postmaster-General, with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, to make and issue such orders, regulations, conditions, and restrictions as he should deem to be necessary or expedient for the purpose of regulating the receipt, transmission, and delivery by post of periodical publications under the provisions of that Act.

And whereas George Douglas, Duke of Argyll, Her Majesty's then Postmaster-General, with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, did, by virtue of the said last-mentioned Act, make and issue certain orders, regulations, conditions, and restrictions, bearing date the 24th

day of December, 1855, which he deemed to be necessary and expedient for the purpose of regulating the receipt, transmission, and delivery by post of printed newspapers and certain periodical publications under the provisions of the said last-mentioned Act.

And whereas it is expedient to make provision for regulating the transmission by the post of the newspapers hereinafter mentioned.

Now we, the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury (in exercise of the powers reserved to us in and by the several hereinbefore mentioned Acts, or any or either of them, and of all other powers enabling us in that behalf), do, by this Warrant, under the hands of two of us, the said Commissioners, by the authority of the Statute in that case made and provided, order and direct as follows:

1. On every printed foreign newspaper posted in a British colony addressed to a foreign country, or posted in a foreign country addressed to a British colony, transmitted by the post between any such colony, and any such foreign country, through the United Kingdom, there shall be charged and taken, in all cases where no specific rate of postage has hitherto been fixed on a foreign newspaper so transmitted, or where no regulation by Treasury Warrant has hitherto been made, authorizing a foreign newspaper so transmitted to be sent free of postage, a rate of British postage of twopence.

2. Every such foreign newspaper shall be so transmitted by the post in conformity with, and under and subject to the several orders, regulations, conditions and restrictions made by Her Majesty's Postmaster-General, with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, and bearing date the 24th day of December, 1855,

hereinbefore mentioned, so far as the same are applicable thereto.

3. Her Majesty's Postmaster-General may charge all or any such foreign newspapers which shall be sent by the post, otherwise than in conformity with the terms, conditions, and regulations mentioned or referred to, in this present Warrant, with such rates or rate of postage respectively, not exceeding in amount such rates or rate respectively, as would be chargeable upon the same as letters, or a letter, as to him shall seem fit.

4. Every printed supplement, or additional sheet, to any foreign newspaper, shall, for the purpose of charging the postage under this Warrant, be deemed a separate newspaper, chargeable with a distinct rate of postage, unless sent in the same cover, or together with the newspaper to which it is a supplement or addition.

5. On any foreign newspaper transmitted by the post, under the regulations of this Warrant, any foreign or colonial transit rate payable on any such newspaper shall be charged and paid thereon in addition to the British postage.

6. The several terms and expressions used in this Warrant shall be construed to have the like meaning in all respects as they would have had if inserted in the said Act passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty hereinbefore recited.

7. The Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury may, by Warrant under their hands duly made, at any time hereafter, alter, repeal, or revoke, any of the rates of postage hereby fixed, or any of the orders and directions of the said Commissioners hereby made, and make and establish any new or other rates, orders, and directions in lieu thereof, and from

time to time appoint at what time the rates which may be payable are to be paid.

8. This Warrant shall come into operation on the first day of June, 1858.

Whitehall, Treasury Chambers, the tenth day of May, 1858.

Henry Whitmore.
Howard Taylor.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 18, 1858.

India Board, May 15, 1858.

THE following Papers have been received at the East India House:

No. 1.

The Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, with the Governor-General.

Head-Quarters, Camp Lucknow, March 19, 1858.

SIR, No. 145 A.

IN continuation of my letter, No. 139 A, of the 12th instant, I have now the honour, by direction of the Commander-in-Chief, to forward, for the information of the Right Honorable the Governor-General, returns of casualties in the force under his Excellency's command for the 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, and 15th instant.

I have, &c.
H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army

No. 2.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the Army under the command of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, on the 10th of March, 1858.

Head-Quarters, Camp before Lucknow, March 11, 1858.

ARTILLERY DIVISION.

Naval Brigade—4 rank and file, wounded.
Siege Artillery—1 European officer, 1 rank and file, wounded.

ENGINEER BRIGADE.

Punjaub Pioneers—1 non-commissioned officer, 2 rank and file, wounded.

1ST CAVALRY BRIGADE.

5th Punjaub Cavalry—1 European officer killed; 1 rank and file wounded.

2ND INFANTRY DIVISION.

Her Majesty's 42nd Highlanders—1 rank and file, killed; 1 European officer, 17 rank and file, wounded.
Her Majesty's 93rd Highlanders—1 European officer, 5 rank and file, wounded.
4th Punjaub Rifles—1 European officer, 1 rank and file, wounded.

3RD INFANTRY DIVISION.

23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers—1 rank and file, killed; 1 rank and file, wounded.
79th Royal Highlanders—1 non-commissioned officer, 2 rank and file, killed.
2nd Battalion, Rifle Brigade—1 non-commissioned officer, 1 rank and file, wounded.

2nd Punjaub Infantry—1 native officer, 1 rank and file, killed; 6 rank and file wounded.

4TH INFANTRY DIVISION.

Her Majesty's 20th Regiment—1 drummer, 1 rank and file, wounded.

Goorkha Force—7 rank and file wounded.

Total—1 European officer, 1 Native officer, 6 rank and file, killed; 4 European officers, 3 non-commissioned officers, 47 rank and file, wounded.

Grand Total—8 officers and men, killed; 54 officers and men, wounded.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 3.

Nominal Roll of Europeans Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the Army under the command of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

Head-Quarters, Camp before Lucknow, March 11, 1858.

Naval Brigade.

Captain, main-top, William Hopkins, wounded slightly.

A.B. Seaman John Nicholls, wounded slightly.

A.B. Seaman George Downer, wounded severely.

Leading seaman John Richardson, wounded slightly.

6th Company, 11th Battalion, Royal Artillery.

Lieutenant H. A. Tracy, wounded slightly.

Gunner and Driver John Williams, wounded slightly.

Punjaub Pioneers.

Serjeant John Copeland, wounded severely.

5th Punjaub Cavalry.

Captain C. A. Sandford, killed.

Her Majesty's 42nd Highlanders.

Lieutenant F. E. H. Farquharson, wounded severely.

4th Punjaub Rifles.

Adjutant O. L. Smith, wounded severely.

Her Majesty's 93rd Highlanders.

Captain C. W. McDonald, wounded slightly.

Her Majesty's 42nd Highlanders.

Private H. Burgess, wounded slightly.
Private H. Sinclair, wounded slightly.
Private J. White, wounded severely.
Private M. Brown, wounded severely.
Private P. Burke, wounded slightly.
Private A. McDonald, wounded dangerously.
Private J. Burnes, wounded slightly.
Private J. Monteith, wounded dangerously.
Private A. Watson, wounded severely.
Private A. Elridge, wounded slightly.
Private E. Murphy, wounded slightly.
Private G. Paul, wounded severely.
Private A. Howie, wounded slightly.
Private A. McLaren, wounded severely.
Private D. McKay, wounded slightly.
Private T. Hill, wounded severely.
Private R. McCrae, wounded slightly.
Private J. Moodie, killed.

Her Majesty's 93rd Highlanders.

Private M. Russell, wounded slightly.
Private J. Ross, wounded slightly.
Private J. Anderson, wounded slightly.
Private D. Reid, wounded slightly.
Private J. Nicholl, wounded slightly.

Her Majesty's 20th Regiment.

Drummer Frederick Wray, wounded slightly.
Private Alexander Egan, wounded slightly.

Her Majesty's 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers.

Private George Bowle, killed.
Private Joseph Downey, wounded slightly.

Her Majesty's 79th Highlanders.

Serjeant William Daire, killed.
Private James Miller, died of wounds.
Private Thomas Ritchie, died of wounds.

2nd Battalion, Rifle Brigade.

Serjeant William Richards, wounded.
Private Charles Dignan, wounded.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 4.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the Army under the command of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, on the 11th of March, 1858.

Head-Quarters, Camp before Lucknow, March 12, 1858.

ARTILLERY DIVISION.

Naval Brigade, Her Majesty's ship Shannon — 1 European officer killed ; 1 non-commissioned officer.

Siege Artillery — 1 rank and file, killed ; 1 non-commissioned officers, drummers, rank and file, wounded.

Field Artillery — 1 non-commissioned officer, drummer, rank and file, 1 horse, killed ; 4 non-commissioned officers, drummers, rank and file, wounded.

Engineer Brigade.

Bengal Sappers and Miners — 1 European officer, 3 rank and file, wounded.

Punjaub Pioneers — 2 rank and file, killed ; 1 native officer, 4 rank and file, wounded.

Cavalry Division.

Her Majesty's 2nd Dragoon Guards — 1 rank and file, killed, 3 horses wounded.

2nd Punjaub Cavalry — 1 rank and file, 3 horses, wounded.

2nd Infantry Division.

Her Majesty's 42nd Highlanders — 2 rank and file, killed ; 2 non-commissioned officers, 9 rank and file, wounded.

Her Majesty's 53rd Regiment — 3 European officers, wounded.

Her Majesty's 90th Regiment—1 non-commissioned officer, killed ; 2 rank and file, wounded.

Her Majesty's 93rd Highlanders—2 European officers, 2 non-commissioned officers, 10 rank and file, killed ; 2 European officers, 5 non-commissioned officers, 32 rank and file, wounded, 1 rank and file, missing.

4th Punjaub Rifles — 7 rank and file, killed ; 1 European officer, 11 rank and file, wounded.

3rd Infantry Division.

Her Majesty's 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers—2 European officers, 1 non-commissioned officer, 4 rank and file, wounded.

Her Majesty's 79th Highlanders—1 European officer, 2 non-commissioned officers, 2 rank and file, wounded.

1st European Bengal Fusiliers—1 rank and file, wounded.

2nd Battalion, Rifle Brigade—1 European officer,

killed; 1 European officer, 1 non-commissioned officer, 4 rank and file, wounded.

3rd Battalion, Rifle Brigade—2 rank and file, wounded.

2nd Punjaub Infantry—1 rank and file, killed; 8 rank and file, wounded.

4TH INFANTRY DIVISION.

Her Majesty's 20th Regiment — 1 non-commissioned officer, 6 rank and file, wounded.

Her Majesty's 97th Regiment — 1 rank and file, wounded.

CAVALRY DIVISION.

Hodson's Horse — 1 European officer, wounded.

1ST INFANTRY DIVISION.

Staff — 1 European officer, killed.

Total—5 European officers, 29 non-commissioned officers, and rank and file; and 1 horse, killed. 12 European officers, 1 Native officer, 115 non-commissioned officers, and rank and file; and 6 horses wounded. 1 rank and file, missing.

Grand Total, 34 officers and men, 1 horse killed; 128 officers and men, 6 horses, wounded; 1 rank and file, missing.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 5.

Nominal Roll of Europeans Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the Army under the command of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

Head-Quarters, Camp before Lucknow, March 12, 1858.

Naval Brigade, Her Majesty's ship Shannon.

Acting Mate Henry P. Garvey, killed.

Yeoman, store-rooms, Frederick E. White, wounded severely.
A. B. Seaman John Pain, wounded slightly.

Siege Artillery, 3rd Company, 8th Battalion, Royal Artillery.

Gunner and Driver George Williams, killed.

1st Troop, 1st Brigade, Horse Artillery.

Gunner William Trenholm, wounded slightly on 9th instant.

5th Company, 12th Battalion, Royal Artillery.

Corporal John Douglas, wounded slightly on 9th instant.
Gunner and Driver William Sparrow, wounded slightly on 9th instant.
Gunner and Driver Henry Robins, wounded slightly on 9th instant.
Gunner and Driver Robert Maginnis, wounded on 9th instant (since dead).

6th Company, 11th Battalion, Royal Artillery.

Gunner and Driver Thomas McKeower, killed.
Gunner and Driver John Jones, killed.
Gunner and Driver George Barker, wounded severely.

8th Company, 2nd Battalion, Royal Artillery.

Bombardier T. Perry, wounded slightly.
Gunner and Driver T. Todd, wounded slightly.

Bengal Engineers.

Major A. Taylor, wounded severely.

Punjaub Pioneers.

Corporal William Abel, wounded slightly.

Her Majesty's 2nd Dragoon Guards.

Private — Hunt,* killed.

Her Majesty's 93rd Highlanders.

Captain C. W. McDonald, killed.
Lieutenant C. W. Sergison, killed.
Lieutenant R. V. S. Grimstone, wounded slightly.
Ensign C. Hastie, wounded slightly.

4th Punjaub Rifles (*64th Native Infantry*).

Lieutenant A. M. L. Stewart, wounded slightly.

Her Majesty's 42nd Highlanders.

Private James Croughan, wounded slightly.
Private John Brown, wounded severely.
Private William Stirling, wounded slightly.
Serjeant John Hiddle, wounded slightly.
Private Henry Morrison, wounded slightly.
Private Thomas Watt, wounded slightly.
Serjeant Joseph Munsford, wounded dangerously.
Private Robert Holmes, killed.
Private William Minnis, wounded slightly.
Private Francis Doyle, killed.
Private Charles Fraser, wounded slightly.
Private Ronald Black, wounded severely.
Private George Yates, wounded severely.

Her Majesty's 90th Regiment.

Colour-Sergeant G. Holsey, killed.
Private William Falney, wounded severely.
Private William Parr, wounded slightly.

Her Majesty's 93rd Highlanders.

Serjeant James Gow, killed.
Corporal George Steele, killed.

* Private Hunt, 2nd Dragoon Guards, returned missing on the 6th instant, was killed, and his body has since been found.

Private William Cubbin, killed.
Private George Innes, killed.
Private James Kay, killed.
Private James Kinnear, killed.
Private John McEwan, killed.
Private John McGregor, killed.
Private James Martin, killed.
Private Daniel Park, killed.
Private Henry Readdie, killed.
Private John French, killed.
Serjeant John Dysart, wounded severely.
Serjeant John McWillan, wounded dangerously.
Serjeant John Wedderspoone, wounded dangerously.
Corporal William Hinde, wounded dangerously.
Corporal Solomon White, wounded slightly.
Private Charles Bailey, wounded slightly.
Private George Bryce, wounded severely.
Private William Buick, wounded severely.
Private Peter Caithness, wounded severely.
Private Arthur Campbell, wounded severely.
Private John Connor, wounded severely.
Private William Collie, wounded severely.
Private James Cunningham, wounded dangerously.
Private James Cosgrove, wounded dangerously.
Private John Fraser, wounded severely.
Private William Gibson, wounded slightly.
Private William Gibb, wounded severely.
Private John Graham, wounded severely.
Private Andrew Houston, wounded severely.
Private William Leadbetter, wounded slightly.
Private Peter Leakie, wounded severely.
Private John McDonald, wounded slightly.
Private Thomas Mc Kay, wounded severely.
Private George Mc Kay, wounded severely.
Private Samuel Mc Kenzie, wounded severely.
Private Robert Mc Leod, wounded severely.

Private Duncan Munro, wounded slightly.
Private Michael Patterson, wounded dangerously.
Private John Reid, wounded slightly.
Private James Reilly, wounded dangerously.
Private Edward Shaw, wounded severely.
Private James Sheppard, wounded severely.
Private John Stewart, wounded severely.
Private Alexander Thompson, wounded slightly.
Private William Walker, wounded severely.
Private John White, wounded slightly.
Private Alexander Wilson, wounded dangerously.
Private A. Duff, missing.

Her Majesty's 53rd Regiment.

Captain G. R. Hopkins, wounded severely.
Lieutenant H. Helsham, wounded severely.
Lieutenant F. R. S. Flood, Ex. A. D. C. to Chief of the Staff, wounded severely.

Her Majesty's 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers.

Captain G.P. Prevost, wounded slightly.
Lieutenant G. W. H. Bussell, wounded severely.
Serjeant Charles Hulland, wounded slightly.
Private John Gawm, wounded severely.
Private Walter Herbert, wounded severely.
Private Thomas Lett, wounded slightly.
Private Frank Francis, wounded slightly.

Her Majesty's 79th Highlanders.

Captain G. M. Miller, wounded severely.
Serjeant James Mc Laren, wounded slightly.
Corporal James Mc Donald, wounded severely.
Private George Lufferty, wounded severely.
Private William Gregory, wounded slightly.

1st European Bengal Fusiliers.

Private Daniel Flannery, wounded slightly.

2nd Battalion, Rifle Brigade.

Captain W. F. Thynne, killed.
Ensign L. E. Cooper, wounded dangerously (since dead).
Corporal J. Longden, wounded slightly.
Private David Hawkes, wounded slightly.
Private John Norris, wounded dangerously.
Private George Smith, wounded mortally.
Private J. Turner, wounded slightly.

3rd Battalion, Rifle Brigade.

Private Robert Harding, wounded severely,
Private John Lynch, wounded severely.

Her Majesty's 20th Regiment.

Serjeant A. Dempsey, wounded slightly.
Private W. Porter, wounded slightly.
Private F. Davey, wounded severely.
Private W. Bewsher, wounded slightly.
Private C. Buckley, wounded slightly.
Private J. Sturman, wounded slightly.
Private Charles Mosely, wounded severely.

Her Majesty's 97th Regiment.

Private J. Mc Donald, wounded slightly.

Hodson's Horse.

Major W. S. R. Hodson, wounded mortally (since dead).

Staff, 1st Infantry Division.

Lieutenant W. R. Moorsom, killed.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 6.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the Army under the command of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, on the 12th of March, 1858.

Head-Quarters, Camp before Lucknow, March 13, 1858.

ARTILLERY DIVISION.

3rd Company, 14th Battalion, Royal Artillery—1 rank and file, wounded.

ENGINEER BRIGADE.

Punjaub Sappers—1 rank and file, wounded.
Pioneers—1 rank and file, wounded.

2ND INFANTRY DIVISION.

Her Majesty's 38th Regiment—1 European officer, wounded.
Her Majesty's 53rd Regiment—1 rank and file, killed.

3RD INFANTRY DIVISION.

Her Majesty's 23rd Fusiliers—1 non-commissioned officer, 3 rank and file, wounded.
2nd Battalion, Rifle Brigade—1 rank and file, wounded.
2nd Punjaub Infantry—1 rank and file, killed; 1 European officer, 2 rank and file, wounded.

4TH INFANTRY DIVISION.

Her Majesty's 20th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.

Total—2 rank and file, killed; 2 European officers, 1 non-commissioned officer, 10 rank and file, wounded.

Grand Total—2 officers and men, killed; 13 officers and men, wounded.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 7.

Nominal Roll of Europeans Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the Army under the command of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

Head-Quarters, Camp before Lucknow, March 13, 1858.

3rd Company, 14th Battalion, Royal Artillery.

Gunner and Driver Henry Higgins, wounded severely.

Her Majesty's 38th Regiment.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. J. Loftus, wounded severely.

Her Majesty's 53rd Regiment.

Private John Gavin, killed.

Her Majesty's 23rd Fusiliers.

Colour-Serjeant C. J. Lester, wounded slightly.
Private David Ragget, wounded slightly.
Private John Sumber, wounded slightly.
Private William Scott, wounded severely.

2nd Battalion, Rifle Brigade.

Private Joseph Lemman, wounded severely.

2nd Punjaub Infantry.

Lieutenant P. W. Powlett, wounded severely.

Her Majesty's 20th Regiment.

Private William Joyce, wounded severely.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 8.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the Army under the command of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, on the 13th of March, 1858.

Head-Quarters, Camp before Lucknow, March 14, 1858.

ARTILLERY DIVISION.

Naval Brigade, Her Majesty's ship Shannon—1 rank and file, wounded.
No. 20 Light Field Battery—1 horse, wounded.
3rd Brigade, Horse Artillery—1 non-commissioned officer, wounded.

ENGINEER BRIGADE.

Bengal Sappers and Miners—1 rank and file, wounded.
Delhi Pioneers—5 rank and file wounded.
Punjaub Pioneers—1 rank and file killed; 1 rank and file wounded.

2ND INFANTRY DIVISION.

Her Majesty's 38th Regiment—2 rank and file, wounded.

3RD INFANTRY DIVISION.

Brigade Staff—1 European officer, wounded.
Her Majesty's 23rd Fusiliers—1 rank and file, wounded.
Her Majesty's 79th Highlanders—1 rank and file, wounded.
2nd Punjaub Infantry—1 rank and file wounded.

4TH INFANTRY DIVISION.

Her Majesty's 20th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.

Her Majesty's 90th Regiment—1 non-commissioned officer, 1 rank and file, wounded.

Total—1 rank and file killed; 1 European officer, 1 non-commissioned officer, 16 rank and file, 1 horse, wounded.

Grand Total—1 rank and file killed; 18 officers and men, 1 horse, wounded.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 9.

Nominal Roll of Europeans Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the Army under the command of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

Head-Quarters, Camp before Lucknow, March 14, 1858.

Naval Brigade, Her Majesty's ship Shannon.

A.B. Seaman Edward Robinson, wounded dangerously.

3rd Brigade, Bengal Horse Artillery.

Officiating Apothecary R. W. Beale, severe contusion on 8th instant.

Her Majesty's 38th Regiment.

Private Michael Leaky, wounded slightly.
Private Robert Ball, wounded slightly.

Brigade Staff.

Captain H. T. Macpherson, wounded severely.

Her Majesty's 23rd Fusiliers.

Hospital Apprentice R. Pereira, severe contusion on 9th instant.
Private Charles Davis, wounded slightly.

Her Majesty's 79th Highlanders.

Private James Logan, wounded slightly.

Her Majesty's 20th Regiment.

Private Joseph Head, wounded severely.

Her Majesty's 90th Regiment.

Corporal H. Adams, wounded severely.
Private S. Mc Dovett, wounded slightly.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 10.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the Army under the command of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, on the 14th of March, 1858.

Head-Quarters, Camp before Lucknow, March 15, 1858.

Artillery Division.

Naval Brigade, Her Majesty's ship Shannon—4 rank and file, wounded.
Siege Artillery—1 European officer, 1 rank and file, wounded.

Engineer Brigade.

Bengal Sappers and Miners—1 rank and file killed.
Delhi Pioneers—1 rank and file wounded.
Punjaub Pioneers—4 rank and file, wounded.

2nd Infantry Division.

Her Majesty's 38th Regiment—1 drummer, killed; 2 European officers, 3 non-commissioned officers, 10 rank and file, wounded.

3RD INFANTRY DIVISION.

Her Majesty's 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers—1 rank and file, killed; 1 non-commissioned officer, 2 rank and file, wounded.

2nd Punjaub Infantry—4 rank and file, wounded.

4TH INFANTRY DIVISION.

Staff—1 European officer, killed; 1 European officer, wounded.

Her Majesty's 10th Foot—3 rank and file, killed; 1 European officer, 3 non-commissioned officers, 1 drummer, 19 rank and file, wounded.

Her Majesty's 20th Regiment—7 rank and file, killed; 1 European officer, 12 rank and file, wounded.

Her Majesty's 90th Regiment—1 rank and file, killed; 2 non-commissioned officers, 19 rank and file, wounded.

Her Majesty's 97th Regiment—1 European officer, 1 rank and file, killed; 5 non-commissioned officers, 6 rank and file, wounded.

Regiment of Ferozepore—1 European officer, 5 rank and file, killed; 33 rank and file, wounded; 3 rank and file, missing.

Total—3 European officers, 1 drummer, 19 rank and file, killed; 6 European officers, 14 non-commissioned officers, 1 drummer, 115 rank and file, wounded; 3 rank and file, missing.

Grand Total—23 officers and men, killed; 136 officers and men, wounded; 3 non-commissioned officers and men, missing.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 11.

Nominal Roll of Europeans Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the Army under the command of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

Head-Quarters, Camp before Lucknow, March 15, 1858.

Naval Brigade, Her Majesty's ship Shannon.

A. B. Seaman John Ahearn, wounded severely.
Bandsman George Hutchings, wounded severely.
A. B. Seaman Alfred Green, wounded severely.
Private Royal Marine Henry Brummage, wounded severely.

Royal Artillery.

Major W. W. Barry, severely burnt.

3rd Company, 8th Battalion, Royal Artillery.

Gunner and Driver Joseph Orr, wounded.

Her Majesty's 38th Regiment.

Lieutenant-Colonel T. C. Kelly, wounded slightly.
Brevet-Major E. T. Gloster, wounded dangerously.
Serjeant-Major Patrick McFadden, wounded dangerously.
Serjeant Joseph Bell, wounded severely.
Corporal George Leadbetter, wounded severely.
Private Edward Hill, wounded severely.
Private Philip Jones, wounded severely.
Private John Alger, wounded severely.
Private William Viner, wounded severely.
Private Edward Harrod, wounded severely.
Private William Bird, wounded severely.
Private Henry Boyce, wounded severely.
Private John Mungan, wounded severely.
Private Patrick Cassidy, wounded dangerously.

Private George Roach, wounded severely.
Drummer Thomas Grey, killed.

Her Majesty's 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers.

Serjeant Fabez Carr, wounded slightly.
Private John Clarke, wounded slightly.
Private William Bungay, wounded severely.
Private John Gwatkin, killed.

Her Majesty's 10th Foot.

Private M. Fogarty, killed.
Private M. McGairy, killed.
Private D. Mahony, killed.
Captain J. Cator, wounded severely.
Corporal —. Ryan, wounded slightly.
Private M. Hennessy, wounded severely.
Private E. Firosley, wounded severely,
Private P. Phailan, wounded dangerously.
Private T. Purcell, wounded dangerously.
Private T Summers, wounded slightly.
Private L. Castello, wounded severely.
Private R. Keyburn, wounded severely.
Private C. Connors, wounded severely.
Private J. Murphy, wounded slightly.
Private J. Crouch, wounded slightly.
Corporal J. Air, wounded severely.
Private J. Akers, wounded severely.
Private J. Hastings, wounded severely.
Private J. Sidey, wounded severely.
Private M. Cromers, wounded dangerously.
Private T. Sterling, wounded slightly.
Private P. Shea, wounded mortally.
Private M. Silk, wounded slightly.
Private D. Techan, wounded severely.
Corporal M. Thennally, wounded slightly.
Drummer P. Cummins, wounded dangerously.
Private J. Connell, wounded severely.

Her Majesty's 20th Regiment.

Private J. Farsden, killed.
Private E. Halliday, killed.
Private C. Hills, killed.
Private E. Walker, killed.
Private W. Watson, killed.
Private N. Moore, killed.
Private J. Webber, killed.
Major W. Radcliffe, wounded.
Private T. Wintanly, wounded.
Private T. Sullivan, wounded.
Private A. Chamberlain, wounded.
Private J. Doyle, wounded slightly.
Private H. Masterson, wounded.
Private R. Marrow, wounded.
Private A. Cann, wounded slightly.
Private G. Joyce, wounded.
Private J. Cetfield, wounded.
Private J. Banister, wounded.
Private G. Abbott, wounded.
Private G. Sincon, wounded.

Her Majesty's 90th Regiment.

Private D. Sharpe, wounded dangerously (since dead).
Private S. Smith, wounded dangerously.
Private J. W. Wager, wounded dangerously.
Private J. King, wounded dangerously.
Private J. Kilderry, wounded severely.
Private H. Crompton, wounded severely.
Private J. Watson, wounded severely.
Private O. McCann, wounded severely.
Private J. Harper, wounded severely.
Private J. Field, wounded severely.
Private J. Godfrey, wounded severely.
Private J, Feeney, wounded severely.
Private C. Stuart, wounded severely.
Private W. Canning, wounded severely.

Private J. Ulph, wounded severely.
Private J. Wilson, wounded slightly.
Private G. Witchalls, wounded slightly.
Private A. Jordan, wounded slightly.
Private F. McKenna, wounded slightly.
Corporal J. Farrell, wounded slightly.
Private D. McMullin, wounded slightly.
Corporal F. Saunders, wounded slightly.

Her Majesty's 97th Regiment.

Lieutenant-Colonel T. O. W. Ingram, killed.
Private Singleton, killed.
Serjeant-Major W. Turner, wounded slightly.
Colour-Serjeant T. O'Hara, wounded slightly.
Serjeant D. O'Keefe, wounded slightly.
Corporal T. Fussil, wounded slightly.
Corporal W. Charnock, wounded slightly.
Private J. Wharmby, wounded slightly.
Private T. Ryan, wounded slightly.
Private J. Gunning, wounded slightly.
Private J. Kelly, wounded slightly.
Private E. P. Browne, wounded slightly.
Private J. Mead, wounded slightly.

Regiment of Ferozepore.

Captain Da Costa (58th Native Infantry), wounde
(since dead).

Staff.

Lieutenant John Wall, Deputy Assistant-Quarte
master-General, killed.
Lieutenant Ogilvie, Madras Sappers, wounded.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army

No. 12.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the Army under the command of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, on the 15th of March, 1858.

Head-Quarters, Camp before Lucknow, March 16, 1858.

ARTILLERY DIVISION.

5th Company, 12th Battalion, Royal Artillery—1 rank and file, wounded.

3rd Company, 14th Battalion, Royal Artillery—1 rank and file, wounded.

3rd Company, 5th Battalion, Bengal Artillery—1 rank and file, wounded.

ENGINEER BRIGADE.

Bengal Sappers and Miners—1 rank and file killed.

2ND INFANTRY DIVISION.

Her Majesty's 38th Regiment—5 rank and file wounded.

3RD INFANTRY DIVISION.

2nd Punjaub Infantry—1 rank and file killed.

4TH INFANTRY DIVISION.

Her Majesty's 20th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.

Her Majesty's 90th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.

Her Majesty's 97th Regiment—1 rank and file, killed ; 8 rank and file, wounded ; 1 rank and file, missing.

Total—3 rank and file, killed ; 18 rank and file, wounded ; 1 rank and file, missing.

Grand Total—3 rank and file, killed ; 18 rank and file, wounded ; 1 rank and file, missing.

W. H. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 13.

Nominal Roll of Europeans Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the Army under the command of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

Head-Quarters, Camp before Lucknow, March 16, 1858.

5th Company, 12th Battalion, Royal Artillery.

Gunner and Driver John Saunders, wounded slightly.

3rd Company, 14th Battalion, Royal Artillery.

Shoeing Smith George Laver, wounded severely.

3rd Company, 5th Battalion, Bengal Artillery.

Gunner George Price, wounded.

Her Majesty's 38th Regiment.

Private William Henshaw, wounded slightly.*
Private William Allingham, wounded slightly.*
Private John Cripps, wounded severely.*
Private Henry Tippett, wounded severely.*
Private John McCusker, wounded severely.*

Her Majesty's 20th Regiment.

Private Robert Nicholson, wounded slightly.

Her Majesty's 90th Regiment.

Private M. Breenan, wounded severely.

* These casualties occurred on the 14th instant.

Her Majesty's 97th Regiment.

Private W. Reece, wounded severely.
Private T. Charnock, wounded slightly.
Private J. Coyle, wounded slightly.
Private B. Basketfield, wounded slightly.
Private G. Kendal, wounded slightly.
Private J. Browne, wounded slightly.
Private F. Brennan, wounded slightly.
Private W. Ainsworth, wounded slightly.
Private R. Hart, missing, supposed to have been blown up.
Private J. Prescott, killed.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

War-Office, Pall-Mall, S.W.,
May 18, 1858.

The Secretary of State for War has received the following Nominal List of Casualties in the Royal Artillery, serving in India.

Calcutta, March 22, 1858.

Gunner George Williams, 3rd Co., 8th Bat., March 11, killed in action before Lucknow.
Gunner John Jones, 6th Co., 11th Bat., March 11, killed in action before Lucknow.
Bombardier Thomas McKeonn, 6th Co., 11th Bat., March 11, died of wounds before Lucknow.
Gunner Robert Majinnis, 5 Co., 12th Bat., March 12, died of wounds before Lucknow.

Wounded.

Bombardier James Taylor, F. Tr., January 23, contusion of left leg from a spent shot.
Gunner William Medcalf, F. Tr., March 4, slightly wounded in right leg at Moonshee Gunge.

J. E. DUPUIS, Major-General,
Commanding Royal Artillery in India.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,
18*th May*, 1858.

GENERAL ORDER.—No. 706.

Dated Horse Guards, S.W.,
18*th May*, 1858.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to command that Colonel Sir William R. Mansfield, K.C.B., be promoted to the rank of Major-General in the Army, in recognition of his valuable services as Chief of the Staff in the East Indies.

By order of His Royal Highness the General Commanding-in-Chief.

(Signed) G. A. WETHERALL,
Adjutant-General.

BREVET.

Brevet-Colonel Sir William R. Mansfield, K.C.B., to be Major-General in the Army. Dated 18th May, 1858.

Admiralty, 17*th May*, 1858.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased by Her Order in Council of the 7th instant, to sanction Officers, who accepted retirement under the provision made by Parliament in 1846, rising to the higher grades on the Flag List according to the seniority held by each on the List of Captains.

The undermentioned Retired Rear-Admirals have, in pursuance of the said Order in Council, been promoted to the rank and title of Retired Vice-Admirals in Her Majesty's Fleet, with the seniorities expressed against their names.

Rear-Admiral John Thompson, 27th May, 1854.
Rear-Admiral Thomas Francis Charles Mainwaring, 11th September, 1854.

Rear-Admiral the Right Honourable William Earl Waldegrave, C.B., 11th September, 1854.
Rear-Admiral John Hollinworth, 11th September, 1854.
Rear-Admiral Abel Ferris, 11th September, 1854.
Rear-Admiral Robert Merrick Fowler, 27th October, 1854.
Rear-Admiral George Henderson, 3rd July, 1855.
Rear-Admiral Robert Worgan George Festing, C.B., 4th July, 1855.
Rear-Admiral James Pattison Stewart, C.B., 27th September, 1855.
Rear-Admiral the Honourable Edmund Sexten Pery Knox, 27th September, 1855.
Rear-Admiral the Right Honourable David, Earl of Leven and Melville, 27th September, 1855.
Rear-Admiral James Pringle, 27th September, 1855.
Rear-Admiral George Le Geyt, C.B., 3rd October, 1855.
Rear-Admiral Robert Mitford, 28th December, 1855.
Rear-Admiral Henderson Bain, 28th December, 1855.
Rear-Admiral Joseph Needham Tayler, C.B., 28th December, 1855.
Rear-Admiral Thomas Edward Symonds, 28th December, 1855.
Rear-Admiral Lewis Hole, 31st January, 1856.
Rear-Admiral Henry Thomas Davies, 31st January, 1856.
Rear-Admiral the Honourable Henry Dilkes Byng, 31st January, 1856.
Rear-Admiral George Gustavus Lennock, 31st January, 1856.
Rear-Admiral Robert Gambier, 21st October, 1856.
Rear-Admiral Isaac Hawkins Morrison, 21st October, 1856.

Rear-Admiral Hercules Robinson, 21st October, 1856.
Rear-Admiral Thomas Dick, 21st October, 1856.
Rear-Admiral William Isaac Scott, 21st October, 1856.
Rear-Admiral Bertie Cornelius Cator, 12th November, 1856.
Rear-Admiral Frederick Edward Vernon Harcourt, 19th March, 1857.
Rear-Admiral the Right Honourable Kenelm Lord Somerville, 19th March, 1857.
Rear-Admiral Henry Jenkinson, 14th May, 1857.
Rear-Admiral Edward Saurin, 14th May, 1857.
Rear-Admiral Arden Adderley, 14th May, 1857.
Rear-Admiral Rowland Money, C.B., 9th July, 1857.
Rear-Admiral John Sheridan, 9th July, 1857.
Rear-Admiral Sir Henry Loraine Baker, Bart., C.B., 9th July, 1857.
Rear-Admiral George William Hughes D'Aeth, 9th July, 1857.
Rear-Admiral John Charles Gawen Roberts Gawen, 9th July, 1857.
Rear-Admiral William Stanhope Lovell, K.H., 9th July, 1857.
Rear-Admiral Joseph Digby, 9th July, 1857.
Rear-Admiral Charles Warde, K.H., 9th July, 1857.
Rear-Admiral William Ffarington, 9th July, 1857.
Rear-Admiral James Rattray, 9th July, 1857.
Rear-Admiral Arthur Philip Hamilton, 9th July, 1857.
Rear-Admiral George Bentham, 9th July, 1857.
Rear-Admiral James Arthur Murray, 30th July, 1857.
Rear-Admiral Henry Higman, 30th July, 1857.
Rear-Admiral George Hewson, 30th July, 1857.

Rear-Admiral Augustus Baldwin, 30th July, 1857.
Rear-Admiral Henry Colins Deacon, 30th July, 1857.
Rear-Admiral Edward Barnard, 22nd August, 1857.
Rear-Admiral William Bateman Dashwood, 22nd August, 1857.
Rear-Admiral Martin White, 22nd August, 1857.
Rear-Admiral Charles George Rodney Phillott, 22nd August, 1857.
Rear-Admiral William Wolrige, 22nd August, 1857.
Rear-Admiral George Brine, 10th September, 1857.
Rear-Admiral the Honourable John Gordon, 10th September, 1857.
Rear-Admiral William Popham, 10th September, 1857.
Rear-Admiral Robert Riddle Carre, 10th September, 1857.
Rear-Admiral Hugh Patton, 10th September, 1857.
Rear-Admiral the Honourable Charles Orlando Bridgeman, 10th September, 1857.
Rear-Admiral Sir Henry Shiffner, Bart., 10th September, 1857.
Rear-Admiral Alexander Montgomerie, 2nd October, 1857.
Rear-Admiral John William Montagu, 2nd October, 1857.
Rear-Admiral Wilson Braddyll Bigland, K.H., 2nd October, 1857.
Rear-Admiral George Cornish Gambier, 2nd October, 1857.
Rear-Admiral Sir Charles Burrard, Bart., 4th November, 1857.

Rear-Admiral Thomas Ladd Peake, 28th November, 1857.
Rear-Admiral Henry Theodosius Browne Collier, 5th January, 1858.
Rear-Admiral John Brenton, 5th January, 1858.
Rear-Admiral Henry Stanhope, 5th January, 1858.
Rear-Admiral John Townsend Coffin, 5th January, 1858.
Rear-Admiral Edward Curzon, C.B., 5th January, 1858.
Rear-Admiral Thomas Ball Clowes, 20th January, 1858.
Rear-Admiral William Henry Smyth, 13th Feb ruary, 1858.
Rear-Admiral Richard Saumarez, 13th February, 1858.
Rear-Admiral James Montagu, 24th February 1858.
Rear-Admiral Alexander Dundas Young Arbuthnot, 6th March, 1858.

Commission signed by the Queen.

North York Rifle Regiment of Militia.

Bryan Stapleton, Esq., to be Quartermaster, vice Thompson, resigned. Dated 26th April, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

4th or Royal South Middlesex Regiment of Militia.

Ensign George James Gilbard to be Lieutenant, vice Scriven, appointed to the 3rd Foot. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lancaster.

The Duke of Lancaster's Own Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry.

John Pierce Chamberlain Starkie, Gent., to be Cornet. Dated 10th May, 1858.

7th Regiment of Royal Lancashire Militia.

George Edward Gorton, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 13th May, 1858.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 18, 1858.

India Board, May 19, 1858.

THE following Papers have been received at the East India House.

No. 1.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

Fort William, January 29, 1858.

No. 170 of 1858.

IN continuation of Government General Order No. 1627, of the 22nd of December, 1857, the

Right Honorable the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following letter, No. 23 A., of the 15th instant, from the Assistant Adjutant-General of the Army :—

No. 2.

The Second Assistant Adjutant-General of the Army, to the Secretary to the Government of India.

Military Department.
Head-Quarters, Camp Futtehgurh, January 15, 1858.

SIR, No. 23 A.

BY order of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, I have the honor to transmit, for the information of the Governor-General in Council, the annexed letter from Lieutenant-Colonel E. H. Greathed, who brings to notice the omission in his despatches of the name of Captain H. M. Wilson, Deputy Judge-Advocate-General.

I have the honor to be, &c.,
D. M. STEWART, Capt.,
2nd Asst.-Adjt.-Gen. of the Army.

No. 3.

Lieutenant-Colonel E. H. Greathed, late Commanding Moveable Column, to the Adjutant-General of the Army.

SIR, *Camp Futtehgurh, January* 13, 1858.

I HAVE the honor to request that you will be good enough to lay before his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief my application for permission to notify an omission which has occured in my despatches from Bolundshur and Agra in Sep-

tember and October last, and to express my obligations now to Captain Wilson, Deputy Judge-Advocate-General, for the assistance he gave me in the affairs at those places, as on every other occasion throughout the campaign.

I have, &c.,
E. H. GREATHED, Lieutenant-Colonel.

No. 4.

The Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Military Department.

Adjutant-General's Office, Calcutta, January 23, 1858.

SIR, No. 189.

I HAVE the honor to forward the undermentioned nominal roll of officers and men who have been killed and wounded whilst acting against the mutineers in the recent disturbances in the Punjaub; those of the Royal Service for the information of the Horse-Guards, and those of the Honorable Company's Service for the Court of Directors.

4 Nominal rolls of officers and men of Her Majesty's service in the Lahore and Peshawar Divisions; 2 nominal rolls of commissioned and non-commissioned officers and soldiers of the Company's troops in the Lahore and Peshawar Division.

I have, &c.
W. MAYHEW, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 5.

HER MAJESTY'S 24TH REGIMENT.

Nominal Roll of Officers and Men of the above Corps, Killed, Wounded, or who have subsequently Died of Wounds received in Action with the Mutineers of the 14th Native Infantry, at Jhelum, on the 7th of July, 1857.

Rawul Pindee, July 7, 1857.

Killed in Action, from July 7 *to July* 25.

Captain Francis Spring; Serjeants Richard Fryer, Joseph Pucteticomb; Corporal Thomas Shore; Privates Thomas Bull, Martin Coonan, William Earls, Michael Grunnane, Charles Halford, Charles Heley, Michael Hickey, John Jarvis, John Lowrie, William McGu, Patrick McKnight, Thomas Miller, Robert Nolan, William Rowenhall, Thomas Redding, Owen Silk, Martin Stapleton, Patrick Walsh, George Williams, Spring, Cornelius Burkley, John Hughes, Thomas Kenny, Dominick Keveney.

Died of Wounds, from July 19 *to September* 14.

Drummer Hugh McDerind; Privates Michael Lang, John Lowney, John McDonald, John Mughan, William Ropkins. George Taylor.

Wounded in Action, July 7.

Colonel and Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Henry Ellice, Lieutenants Edward P. Chichester, Robert C. Streatfield, S. J. Burns; Corporals John Ryan, Thomas Ryan; Privates William Alexander, James Applan, Thomas Austins, John Burlton, Richard Brown, John Cooper, Richard Dilden, Francis Donaldson, Patrick Durkin, John Elliot, Patrick Farrell, James

Finn, David Fitzgerald, George Foley, Patrick Ford, Michael Garby, Peter Halton, Joseph Harpur, George Hardy, William Harris, Francis Hedley, Charles Henry Horder, John Holloran, John Hoaracon, Ferenci Hughes, Francis McIlheany, Patrick McMahon, John Maley, James Mannus, Henry Molyneaux, James Moore, George Mullins, Daniel O'Here, John Raftery, John Smithey, Patrick Sullivan, James Thompson, Samuel Ino. Wheal, James Willibourne.

Recapitulation.

2 serjeants, 1 corporal, 19 privates, killed; 1 captain, 1 drummer, 10 privates, died of wounds; 1 field officer, 2 lieutenants, 2 corporals, 35 privates, wounded.

Gross total, 74.

W. G. BROWN, Colonel and Lieutenant-Colonel, Commanding Her Majesty's 24th Regiment.

G. W. CAMPBELL, Brigadier, Commanding S.S. District.

W. V. MANNINGS, Lieutenant,
Adjutant of Her Majesty's 24th Regiment.

No. 6.

HER MAJESTY'S 27TH REGIMENT.

Nominal Roll of Officers and Men who have been killed and wounded whilst serving against Mutineers during the late disturbances.

Peshawur, November 22, 1857.

Captain R. Freer, served with the Field force before Delhi, from 8th June till the 14th Sep-

tember, 1857, when he was severely wounded by a fragment of shell.

W. WILLIAMSON, Lieut.-Col.
Commanding H.M.'s 27th Regt.

W. GALLOWAY,
Commanding Peshawur Brigade.

No. 7.

HER MAJESTY'S 70TH REGIMENT.

Nominal Roll of Men of the above Corps who have been killed, wounded, or died of their wounds, whilst serving against the Mutineers during the late disturbances.

Peshawur, November 23, 1857.

Private Samuel Collins, shot, 28th August, 1857, in the 51st Native Infantry Lines, while employed against the Mutineers of that regiment.

J. CLINT, Lieut.-Col. and Col.
Commanding H.M.'s 70th Regt.

W. GALLOWAY, Colonel,
Commanding Peshawur Brigade.

No. 8.

HER MAJESTY'S 87TH ROYAL IRISH FUSILIERS.

Nominal Roll of Officers and Soldiers who have been killed or wounded whilst serving against the Mutineers during the late disturbance.

Peshawur, November 26, 1857.

None.

A. MURRAY, Lieut.-Col.
Commanding H.M.'s 87th Royal Irish Fusiliers.

W. GALLOWAY, Colonel,
Commanding Peshawur Brigade.

No. 9.

Nominal Roll of Men of the 1st Troop, 2nd Brigade, Horse Artillery, who have been killed, wounded, or died of wounds, since the 11th of May, 1857.

Peshawur, November 25, 1857.

6919. Gunner Byrne, James, wounded in action against Mutineers of 55th Regiment Native Infantry, on the 25th May, 1857.

W. BARR, Capt. and Brigade Major,
Commanding 1st Troop, 2nd Brigade, and Artillery Division.

W. GALLOWAY, Colonel,
Commanding the Peshawur Brigade.

No. 10.

Nominal Roll of Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers of the Honourable Company's Service, Killed and Wounded in the Lahore Division.

Mean Meer.

First Lieutenant C. H. Cookes, 3rd Tr., 3rd Br. Horse Artillery, slightly wounded.

Gunner John Lake, 3rd Tr., 3rd Br. Horse Artillery, slightly wounded.

Ferozepore.

Corporal Theophilus Dougherty, 3rd Co., 6th Bat. Artillery, slightly wounded.

Bombardier Michael McShane, 3rd Co., 6th Bat. Artillery, severely wounded.

Bombardier Michael Rought, 3rd Co., 6th Bat. Artillery, slightly wounded.

Gunner John McArdle, 2nd Co., 6th Bat. Artillery, mortally wounded.

Gunner Michael Moloney, 3rd Co., 6th Bat. Artillery, died of wounds.
Gunner Patrick Rourke, 3rd Co., 6th Bat. Artillery, severely wounded.
Gunner Joseph Wood, 3rd Co., 6th Bat. Artillery, severely wounded.

Sealkote.

Brigadier T. Brinde, C.B., Commanding at Seakote, wounded.
Captain W. L. M. Bishop, 46th N.I., Major of Brigade, killed.
Senior Surgeon J. Graham, M.D., Superintending Surgeon, Sealkote Circle, killed.
Assistant-Surgeon J. C. Graham, M.D., Medical Store Keeper, killed.

G. E. GOWAN, Major-General,
Commanding in the Upper Provinces.

C. PRIOR, Major,
Assistant Adjutant-General,
Lahore Division.

No. 11.

The Adjutant-General of the Army, to the Secretary to the Government of India.

Military Department.

Adjutant-General's Office, Calcutta, February 8, 1858.

SIR, No. 330.

IN continuation of my letter, No. 191, of the 23rd ultimo, I have the honor to forward returns of Europeans killed and wounded during the rebellion, as per annexed list, for submission to the Honorable the President in Council, and for

eventual transmission to the Honorable the Court of Directors.

I have, &c.,
W. MAYHEW, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Adjutant-General of the Army.

List.

Return of an officer killed of the 21st Regiment of Native Infantry, dated January 19, 1858.

Return of an officer wounded in the district of Loodinah, dated January 18, 1858.

Return of Europeans killed and wounded at Ferozepore, dated January 26, 1858.

Return of Europeans killed and wounded at Murree, dated January 1, 1858.

Return of Europeans killed and wounded at Peshawur, dated January 26, 1858.

Return of Europeans killed in the Rajpootana States, dated January 20th, 1858.

Return of Europeans killed and wounded of the 61st Regiment of Native Infantry, January 26, 1858.

Return of Europeans killed and wounded in the vicinity of Almoral, dated January 26, 1858.

W. MAYHEW, Lieutenant-Colonel
Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 12.

Return of an European Killed by Rebels during the present Rebellion, agreeable to Deputy Adjutant-General's Circular, No. 1069, *dated Adjutant-General's Office, November* 17, 1857.

Sheebkudur, January 19, 1858.

Lieutenant Francis Walker Brodie, 21st N.I., Commandant of Cavalry, Malwa Contingent,

reported to have been murdered while the Cavalry were on the line of march, early in June last.

H. MILNE, Major, Commanding 21st Regiment N.I.

No. 13.

List of European Wounded by Rebels at the Distrlct of Loodiana, from the commencement of the disturbances to the present date.

Lieutenant G. A. Williams, Second in Command of 4th Sikh Infantry, Loodiana, June 8, 1857.

C. P. ELLIOTT,
Officiating Deputy-Commissioner.

Loodiana, Deputy-Commissioner's Office,
January 18, 1858.

No. 14.

Return of Europeans Killed or Wounded at the hands of the Rebels during the present Rebellion, up to the 31*st December*, 1857, *at the Station of Murree.*

Murree, January 1, 1858.

Corporal Thomas Redmond, H.M.'s 87th Regiment Royal Irish Fusiliers, Murree, September 2, shot, died of his wounds, September 7, 1857.

Mr. McLoor, Assistant-Surveyor in Colonel Shortrede's Revenue Survey, Kooldarmah, near Murree, September 3, shot through the ankle.

E. N. MOLESWORTH, Captain Her Majesty's 27th Regiment, Commanding Murree Depôt.

No. 15.

Return of European Officers and Soldiers Killed and Wounded, or who may have Died of their Wounds, during the late Disturbance.

Ferozepore, January 26, 1858.

Artillery.

Gunner James McArdle, Ferozepore, August 19, 1857, shot.
Gunner Michael Mahoney, Ferozepore, August 19, died of wounds.
Gunner Patrick Rourke, Ferozepore, August 19, wounded.
Gunner Joseph Wood, Ferozepore, August 19, wounded.
Corporal Theophilus Doherty, Ferozepore, August 19, wounded.
Bombardier Michael McSheene, Ferozepore, August 21, wounded.

10*th Light Cavalry.*

Veterinary Surgeon Nelson Vincent, Ferozepore, August 19, murdered.

Depôt Her Majesty's 61*st Regiment.*

Major John Patrick Redmond, Ferozepore, May 13, wounded.
Private Patrick Walsh, Ferozepore, May 16, wounded.

Left Wing, 1*st Bombay Fusiliers.*

None.

J. MACKENZIE, Brigadier,
Commanding at Ferozepore.

No. 16.

ROHILCUND.

Return of Persons (in the vicinity of Almorah known to have been Killed and Wounded in the present Rebellion, called for in Adjutant General's Circular 1069.

Almorah, January 26, 1858.

Brigadier Sibbald, Bareilly, May 31, 1857, shot.
Ensign Tucker, 68th N.I., Bareilly, May 31, killed
Major Pearson, 18th N.I., June 6, killed.
Captain Richardson, 18th N.I., June 6, killed.
Captain Hathorne, June 6, killed.
Lieutenant Stewart, 18th N.I., June 6, killed.
Lieutenant Dyson, 18th N.I., June 6, killed.
Serjeant Staples, Artillery, May 31, killed.
Serjeant Waldon, Artillery, May 31, wounded severely.
Serjeant Henry, 68th N.I., Bareilly, May 31, killed.

Killed by Rebels in Bareilly, May 31, 1857.

D. Robinson, Esq, Civil Judge; Raicks, Esq., Sessions Judge; Orr, Esq., Deputy Collector; Wyatt, Esq., Deputy Collector; Dr. Birch, Bareilly College; J. Hay, Assistant-Surgeon; Hansbrow, Assistant-Surgeon; Bolst, E.I. Merchant; Miss Bolst, daughter of ditto; Mr. Aspirah, Furniture Maker; Mr. Aspirah, Naval Department; Mrs. Aspirah and two children, wife and children of ditto; Lieutenant Karwich, Postmaster.

J. H. McCAUSLAND, Colonel,
Commanding in Kumaon.

No. 17.

Return of Killed and Wounded at the hands of Rebels during the present Rebellion.

Peshawur, January 26, 1858.

Captain C. P. St. J. Law, 10th Irregular Cavalry, Hootu Murdan, May 25, 1857, wounded in the neck.

Captain H. T. Bartlett, Commanding 18th P.S., Peshawur, August 28, slight sword cut on forehead, and severely beaten with clubs.

Captain R. Freer, H.M.'s 27th Regiment, Delhi, September 14, wounded in action before Delhi.

Gunner James Byrne, 1st Tr., 2nd Br. Horse Artillery, Hootu Murdan, May 25, musket shot in the shoulder.

Private Andrew Marrow, Peshawur Light Horse, Peshawur, August 28, sword cut on the head.

Private Samuel Collins, H.M.'s 70th Regiment, Peshawur, August 28, shot in the lines of 51st N.I.

T. J. GALLOWAY, Colonel,
Commanding Peshawur Brigade.

No. 18.

List of all Europeans in the 61*st Regiment Native Infantry, Killed or Wounded at Jullunder, by Mutineers or Rebels, during the recent disturbances.*

Jullunder, January 26, 1858.

Captain C. B. Basden, June 7, 1857, wounded.

Ensign F. D. Hawkins, June 7, wounded.

Ensign F. H. Durnford, died of wounds, August 7.

Quartermaster-Serjeant George Nelson, June 7, wounded.

J. C. JONES, Major,
Commanding 61st Regiment N.I.

No. 19.

Return of Killed and Wounded by the Rebels during the present Rebellion in the Rajpootana States.

Behar, January 20, 1858.

Major A. Spottiswoode, 1st Bombay Lancers, Nussurabad, May 28, killed.

Cornet Newberry, 1st Bombay Lancers, Nussurabad, May 28, killed.

Captain —— Political Agent, Joudpore, Aver, September 18, killed.

Major Burton, Political Agent, Kotah, between October 14 and 18, killed.

Sub-Assistant Surgeon Sadler, Kotah, between October 14 and 18, killed.

Captain W. B. Tucker, 2nd Bombay Cavalry, Jewan, near Neemuch, between October 22 and 24, killed.

Captain H. M. Read, Jeerum, between October 2 and 24, killed.

G. M. RICHARDS, Captain,
Commanding M.L.B.

No. 20.

The Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to the Government of India.

Military Department.
Adjutant-General's Office, Calcutta, January 23, 1858.

SIR, No. 191.

IN continuation of my letter, No. 53, of the 9t instant, I have the honor to forward the under mentioned return, in original, of Europeans wh have been either killed or wounded, or have died during the present insurrection for submission t the Right Honorable the Governor-General i

Council, and for eventual transmission to the Honorable Court of Directors ;

Return of Europeans killed by the rebels in the neighbourhood of Dinapore, dated the 10th January, 1858.

Return of an European of the 1st Company, 3rd Battalion Artillery, who has been killed since the outbreak at Saugor, dated the 22nd December, 1857.

Casualty Roll of the Bengal Artillery serving in Oude, since the commencement of the outbreak, dated 2nd January, 1858.

Nominal Roll of Europeans * of the 1st Madras Fusiliers, since the arrival of the Corps in Bengal, on the 25th May, 1857, dated 7th January, 1858.

I have, &c.

W. MAYHEW, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 21.

Return of Europeans ascertained to have been Killed by the Rebels in the neighbourhood of Dinapore during the present Insurrection.

Dinapore, January 10, 1858.

T. Pratt, in the service of the East India Railway Company, Near Arrah, July 29.

A. J. M. Cooper, Mate of the India General Steam Navigation Company's vessel Bombay, at a Ghaut twelve miles from Arrah, on the Ganges, July 30.

J. CHRISTIE, Brigadier,
Commanding at Dinapore.

* See London Gazette, April 7, or May 6, 1858.

No. 22.

Return of Men of the 1st Company, 3rd Battalion, Artillery, who have been Killed or Wounded since the commencement of the present Rebellion.

Fort Saugor, December 22, 1857.

Gunner James Greavy, Bhopayle, near Saugor, December 14, missing; supposed to have died from a sword cut on the back of the neck, in action with the Bundeelahs, at Bhopayle.

WM. SAGE, Brigadier,
Commanding Saugor District.

No. 23.

Nominal Casualty Roll of Europeans of Bengal Artillery, forming part of Artillery Brigade attached to the Division under the Command of Major-General Sir James Outram, G. C. B., since the Outbreak of the Native Army of Bengal.

Camp, Alum Bagh, January 2, 1858.

4th Company, 1st Battalion, from June 30 to November 9.

Bombardier Thomas Smith, wounded. Died July 2.
Bugler Benjamin Cowling, wounded. Died July 6.
Gunner Peter Daklom, wounded. Died July 8.
„ Patrick Connor, died July 8.
„ John Cotter, died July 8.
„ George Shurgull, died July 8.
„ Henry Preston, died July 8.
„ Saville Cliffe, died July 8.
„ John Davine, killed.
„ Thomas Ryan, died July 8.
„ Patrick Loam, wounded. Died July 8.
„ Thomas Murphy, killed.
Serjeant George Green, wounded.

Gunner George Cook, wounded.
Corporal Richard Waites, wounded.
Gunner Werter Bright, drowned; found in a well.
,, John Crowly, wounded.
Corporal John Bradley, wounded.
Gunner Michael Lynch, wounded.
,, William Thomson wounded.
Serjeant Thomas Gray, died of cholera.
Gunner Alexander Stuart, killed.
Serjeant Peter Pindar, wounded; since dead.
Corporal Thomas Maxwell, wounded. Died July 20.
Half-pay Bugler George Junior, killed.
Gunner Jafries Painter, wounded.
,, David Somerville, wounded.
,, James Clarke, died of cholera.
,, Simon Sneeky, killed.
Corporal John Hamilton, wounded. Died Aug. 4.
Gunner Edward Dellow, wounded.
Staff-Surgeon Alexander Griffith, died of cholera.
Serjeant John Brown, killed.
Gunner Henry Preston, died of cholera.
,, Patrick Baries, killed.
,, James Painter, died of dysentery.
,, John Casey, wounded. Died August 25.
Serjeant George Demprey, wounded. Died September 2.
Gunner George Cooke, killed.
Corporal Hugh Denny, killed.
Serjeant William Little, wounded.
Gunner Robert Nisbett, killed.
Bombardier Thomas Boland, wounded. Died October 19.
Gunner John Smart, wounded. Died October 30.
,, Joseph Walker, wounded.
Serjeant Cornelius Cronny, died of disease.
Gunner Thomas Walker, wounded. Died November 14.
Staff-Serjeant Patrick Barrett, wounded.

2nd Company, 3rd Battalion, from June 14 to November 29.

Gunner John Lindsay, wounded by musket-ball in action at Benares. Died June 14.

„ Thomas Skelton, died. Fatigued and worn out.

„ Patrick Ohanlin, died.

„ James Durne, died; engaged in battle at Bithoor.

„ Francis Hughes, died in action in Oude.

„ John Brodnett, slightly wounded; blown up at his gun.

Corporal James Grace, arm shot, amputated at Alum Bagh.

Gunner Joseph Cleary, slight wound in engagement at Alum Bagh.

Captain William Olpherts, slight gun-shot wound whilst entering Lucknow.

Gunner Timothy Flynn, killed by gun-shot while entering Lucknow.

Gunner John Sheehan, do.

Bugler Robert Mucliffe, do.

Second Lieutenant Hamilton Smithert, wounded slightly by grape-shot at Lucknow.

Serjeant William Johnson, wounded slightly by musket ball.

Gunner Richard Callen, wounded slightly.

Second Lieutenant S. Hamilton, wounded slightly; second wound by musket ball when bombarding.

Gunner Robert Griffith, wounded slightly by musket-ball received at Lucknow.

Serjeant Kremiah Fielding, severely wounded by musket-ball received at Lucknow.

Corporal George Gallerdey, slightly wounded by musket-ball received at Lucknow.

Staff-Serjeant Patrick Roddy, slightly wounded by bursting guns at Lucknow.

Serjeant Robert Lynan, slightly wounded by accidental discharge of a carbine in camp.

1st Company, 5th Battalion, between June 14 and December 19.

Gunner Edward Coyle, died of dysentery on board ship off Calcutta.
„ Thomas Dickie, died of cholera on board flat "Mutla," off Buxar.
„ Thomas Hickey, killed in action at Arrah.
„ Thomas Hayes, do.
Serjeant John Knox, wounded in action at Arrah.
Gunner Dennis O'Brien, do.
„ Michael Macarthy, do.
„ Thomas Dwyer, do.
„ William Douglas, died of cholera at Ghazepore.
Bombardier Adam Moody, contusion; run over by ammunition waggon on march.
Corporal Joseph Howard, killed in action on march from Cawnpore.
Bombardier William Macnamara, killed entering Lucknow.
Serjeant John Knox, wounded in action at Lucknow.
Gunner Samuel Armistead, killed in action.
„ Simon Morris, killed on entering Lucknow.
„ Hugh Molloy, wounded on entering Lucknow.
„ Edward Cantey, wounded mortally. Died October 16.
„ Edward Fitzgerald, wounded mortally. Died October 2.
„ Peter Kelliger, wounded mortally. Died November 24, at Dilkoosha.
Serjeant Thomas Lowe, wounded entering Lucknow.

Gunner James Williams, wounded. Died September 28.
Corporal Patrick Dunne, hurt by gun wheel.
Gunner John Macdonald, wounded at a storming party in Lucknow.
„ Patrick Mackaily, hurt by gun wheel.
„ Richard Bearn, killed in action.
Serjeant George Miller, wounded in action.
Gunner Joseph Dyer, wounded severely. Died December 25, in the Alum Bagh.

3rd Company, 5th Battalion, from June 7 to October 31.

Gunner Robert Henderson, died in hospital at Barrackpore.
„ Thomas Stringes, died in hospital at Allahabad.
Bombardier Patrick O. Sullivan, wounded severely by grape of round shot in action at Futtehpore.
Gunner Thomas Williams, wounded in action at Futtehpore, musket shot in eye.

J. OUTRAM, Major-General,
Commanding the Division.

G. SWEENEY, Brigadier,
Commanding Artillery Brigade.

No. 24.

The President of the Council of India in Council to the Court of Directors of the East India Company.

Fort William, Foreign Department, March 22, 1858.

No. 20.

IN continuation of our letter No. 13, dated 8th instant, we have the honor to transmit

herewith, further lists of persons killed and wounded by the rebels as noted in the margin.*

No. 25.

G. Plowden, Esq., Commissioner of Nagpore, to G. F. Edmonstone, Esq., Secretary to the Government of India with the Governor-General.

Allahabad, Nagpore Commissioners' Office, February 27, 1858.

SIR, No. 23, of 1858.

IN pursuance of the orders contained in your circular, No. 4372, dated the 3rd of November last, I have the honor to transmit a statement in the prescribed form, of a European belonging to the East India Company's Service, who was murdered at Raepore, by a rebel, on the 18th ultimo.

I have, &c.,
G. PLOWDEN,
Commissioner of Nagpore.

No. 26.

Statement of an European, belonging to the East India Company's Service, Murdered by a Rebel in the Province of Nagpore.

Serjeant-Major Samuel Sidwell, 3rd Infantry, Nagpore Irregular Force, Raepore, January 18, 1858.

G. PLOWDEN, Commissioner of Nagpore.
Nagpore Commissioners' Office.

* Office Memorandum.—From the Military Department, dated 2nd March, 1858, No. 64. From the Commissioner of Nagpore, dated 7th March, 1858, No. 23.

No. 27.

OFFICE MEMORANDUM.

Military Department, March 2, 1858.

No. 64.

IN continuation of office memorandum from this Department, No. 949, of the 22nd February, 1858, the Undersigned has the honor to transmit to the Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, the accompanying transcript of a letter,* from the Deputy Commissary-General, Upper Circle, No. 193, of the 10th February, 1858, reporting that no Europeans attached to the Commissariat Department, in the Upper Circle, have been killed or wounded during the late mutiny.

H. R. BURNE, Captain,
Officiating Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, in the Military Department.

No. 28.

Colonel W. B. Thomson, Deputy Commissary-General, Upper Circle, to the Commissary-General.

Fort William, Umballah, February 10, 1858.

No. 193.

IN reply to your Circular, No. 44, of the 9th November, 1857, received here on the 22nd ultimo only, I have the honor to report that no Europeans attached to the Commissariat Department, in the Upper Circle, have been killed or wounded during the late insurrection.

* Commissary-General, No. 893, dated February 19, 1858.

War-Office, Pall-Mall, S.W., May 19, 1858.

THE Secretary of State for War has received the following List of Casualties in the Army serving in India:

Numerical Return of Casualties in Her Majesty's Troops under the personal command of his Excellency General Sir Colin Campbell, G.C.B., Commander-in-Chief in India, in the operations before Lucknow, from the 2nd *to the* 21st *March,* 1858, *inclusive.*

Head-Quarters, Camp before Lucknow, March 28, 1858.

Killed, 8 officers, 4 serjeants, 60 drummers and rank and file; wounded, 31 officers, 22 serjeants, 307 drummers and rank and file; missing, 2 drummers and rank and file. Gross Total, 434.

WM. PAKENHAM, Colonel,
Acting Adjutant-General, Her Majesty's Forces, East Indies.

Nominal Return of Staff Officers of Her Majesty's Service, Killed and Wounded in action during the operations before Lucknow, from 2nd *to* 21st *March,* 1858, *inclusive.*

Head Quarters, Camp before Lucknow, March 28, 1858.

General Staff.

Lieutenant F. R. S. Flood, 53rd Foot, Extra Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Mansfield, Chief of the Staff, severely wounded.

Cavalry Division.

Brigadier A. Little, 9th Lancers, commanding 1st Cavalry Brigade, severely wounded.

1st Infantry Division.

Lieutenant W. R. Moorsom, 52nd Foot, Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General, killed.

2nd Infantry Division.

Captain R. C. Stewart, 35th Foot, Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, severely wounded.

3rd Infantry Division.

Captain H. T. Macpherson, 78th Highlanders, Brigade Major, 5th Brigade, severely wounded.

4th Infantry Division.

Lieutenant John Wall, 87th Royal Irish Fusiliers, Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General, killed

Hospital Staff.

Staff-Surgeon P. J. Clark, slightly wounded.

W. L. PAKENHAM, Colonel,
Acting Adjutant-General,
Her Majesty's Forces, East Indies.

Nominal Return of Casualties in Her Majesty's Troops under the Personal Command of His Excellency General Sir Colin Campbell, G.C.B., Commander-in-Chief in India, in the Operations before Lucknow, from the 2nd to the 21st March, 1858, inclusive.

Head-Quarters, Camp before Lucknow, March, 28, 1858.

Royal Artillery, F. Troop.

Gunner —— Medcalf, slightly wounded.
Driver Samuel Timms, severely wounded.
Gunner Henry Farbuss, severely wounded in the head.

Gunner Thomas Moffat, slightly wounded in the left arm.

8th Company, 2nd Battalion.

Bombardier F. Terry, slightly wounded.
Gunner and Driver J. Todd, slightly wounded.
Gunner and Driver James Kean, severely wounded.

3rd Company, 8th Battalion.

Gunner and Driver Joseph Orr, musket ball back part of knee.

6th Company, 11th Battalion.

Lieutenant H. A. Tracey, slightly wounded.
Gunner and Driver F. Lawson, slight gun-shot wound of head.
Gunner and Driver J. Williams, severely wounded.
Gunner and Driver John James, killed.
Gunner and Driver Thomas McKeown, dangerously wounded, since dead.
Gunner and Driver George Brooker, severely wounded.
Corporal T. Smith, slightly wounded.
Gunner and Driver J. Pash, slightly wounded.
Serjeant James Johnston, slightly wounded.
Trumpeter T. Sullivan, severely wounded.

5th Company, 12th Battalion.

Gunner and Driver W. Oliver, severely wounded.
Gunner and Driver James Black, severely wounded.
Gunner and Driver Thomas McWhinney, slightly wounded.
Gunner and Driver George Perkins, slightly wounded.
Gunner and Driver George Lee, slightly wounded.
Corporal John Douglas, slightly wounded.
Gunner and Driver Henry Robins, slightly wounded.

Gunner and Driver William Sparrow, slightly wounded on the 11th.
Gunner and Driver Andrew Allen, slightly wounded.
Gunner and Driver Robert Maginnis, dangerously wounded, since dead.
Gunner and Driver John Saunders, slightly wounded.
Gunner and Driver George Brown, slightly wounded.
Gunner and Driver William Sparrow, slightly wounded, second time on 16th.

6th Company, 13th Battalion.

Gunner and Driver —— Woodburn, slightly wounded.

3rd Company, 14th Battalion.

Gunner and Driver Lawrence Power, slight contusion.
Gunner and Driver Alexander McNeill, slight round-shot wound of both legs.
Gunner and Driver Hugh Higgon, musket-ball through both cheeks, severe.
Shoeing Smith George Laver, severely wounded by explosion.
Major W. W. Barry, severely burnt.

Royal Engineers.—4th Company.

Lieutenant G. Swetenham, slight musket-ball wound in left leg.
Corporal William Lendrum, slight sabre cut in left arm.
Sapper Nicholas Garrett, severe musket-ball wound in forehead and left arm.
Sapper Abraham Wills, severe musket-ball wound in left leg.

23rd Company.

2nd Corporal James Fletcher, slightly wounded.
Sapper John Ancell, slightly wounded.
Sapper Edward Swanton, musket-ball in back (extracted), severe.
Captain A. J. Clarke, Lance-Corporal James Davis, Sappers Michael Daily, James Bunting, Andrew Fairservice, William Robinson, Charles Tucker, William Outerson, George Beer, David Northwood, James Slade, John Yeo, and Alfred Smith, died from the effects of a gunpowder explosion. The officer and men were at the time engaged in removing the powder from several carts of ammunition which were abandoned by the enemy, while retreating before the column, and throwing into a well.
Corporal Frederick Morgan, Sappers John Ford and James Chapman, suffering severely from the effects of the explosion. Corporal Morgan and Sapper Ford have since died.

2nd Dragoon Guards.

Major J. P. Smith, killed.
Lieutenant P. A. W. Carnegy, slightly wounded.
Serjeant William Redman, killed.
Corporal Robert Nichols, killed.
Private Charles Hunt, killed.
„ William Frazer, dangerously wounded (left arm amputated.)
„ John Stanley, severely wounded, sabre cut on left hand and thigh.
„ Thomas Scarson, slightly wounded.
„ George Hall, slightly wounded.
„ James Wheeler, slightly wounded.

7th Hussars.

Captain W. H. Slade, severe sabre cut on left thigh.

Lieutenant H. J. Wilkin, slight sabre cut on right foot.
Cornet W. G. H. Banks, very dangerously—eight sabre cuts—right leg and right arm amputated.
Private John Kelly, slight sabre cut on left thigh.
„ Thomas Harrison, severe sabre cut on right arm.

9th Lancers.

Captain T. W. Hutchinson, dangerously wounded, since dead, 21st March.
Corporal Samuel Newman, dangerously wounded, since dead, 23rd March.
Private George G. Andrews, slightly wounded.
„ Patrick Donohoe, slightly wounded.
„ George Joseph Prangnell, killed.

10th Foot.

Captain John Cator, severely wounded.
Corporal Michael Fennelly, slightly wounded.
„ James Air, severely wounded.
Drummer Peter Cummins, dangerously wounded.
„ David Mahony, killed.
Private Edward Tinsley, mortally wounded, since dead, 15th March.
„ Patrick Phelan, dangerously wounded, since dead, 16th March.
„ Robert Keyburn, severely wounded.
„ Bernard Connor, severely wounded, since dead, 23rd March.
„ Thomas Murphy, slightly wounded.
„ James Crouch, slightly wounded.
„ John Hastings, dangerously wounded, since dead, 16th March.
„ Matthew Cromy, severely wounded.
„ Thomas Sterling, severely wounded.
„ Patrick Shea, mortally wounded, since dead, 15th March.

Private Michael Silk, severely wounded.
" Lawrence Costello, severely wounded.
" John Connell, severely wounded.
" Michael Hennessy, severely wounded.
" Denis Tean, severely wounded.
" David Sydey, severely wounded, since dead, 15th March.
" John Akers, severely wounded, since dead, 16th March.
" Patrick Corcoran, severely wounded.
" Thomas Purcell, severely wounded.
" John Ryan, severely wounded.
" Richard Summers, severely wounded.
" Michael Fogerty, killed.
" John McGarry, killed.

20th Foot.

Major W. P. Radcliffe, slightly wounded.
Captain A. R. Warren, slightly wounded.
Serjeant Andrew Dempsey, slightly wounded.
" Jeremiah Buckley, slightly wounded.
Drummer Edward Wray, slightly wounded.
Private Thomas Cox, killed.
" John Fursden, killed.
" Edward Halliday, killed.
" Charles Hills, killed.
" Maurice Moore, killed.
" Edward Walker, killed.
" William Watson, killed.
" Thomas Webber, killed.
" Thomas Winstanley, died of wounds.
" William Magee, slightly wounded.
" Charles Moseley, severely wounded.
" Alexander Eagan, slightly wounded.
" William Porter, slightly wounded.
" Frederick Day, severely wounded.
" William Bewsher, slightly wounded.
" Cornelius Buckley, slightly wounded.

Private James Starman, slightly wounded.
" William Joyce, severely wounded.
" Joseph Head, severely wounded.
" George Limcox, severely wounded.
" Timothy Sullivan, severely wounded.
" Alfred Chamberlain, severely wounded.
" Hugh Masterton, severely wounded.
" George Abbott, severely wounded.
" George Joice, severely wounded.
" James Bairster, slightly wounded.
" William Fisher, slightly wounded.
" John Doyle, slightly wounded.
" Robert Nicholson, slightly wounded.
" Adam Conn, severely wounded.
" Robert Oprey, severely wounded.
" Thomas Peck, severely wounded.
" John Winning, severely wounded.

23rd Fusiliers.

Captain G. H. Prevost, slightly wounded.
Lieutenant G. W. H. Bussell, severely wounded.
Colour-Serjeant Christopher Lester, slightly wounded.
Serjeant Elijah Adams, slightly wounded.
" Charles Holland, slightly wounded.
" Labez Carr, slightly wounded.
Private James Bone, killed.
" W. George Walters, severely wounded.
" George Bowle, killed.
" Joseph Downey, slightly wounded.
" John Garvin, severely wounded.
" Walter Herbert, severely wounded.
" Thomas Lett, slightly wounded.
" Frank Francis, slightly wounded.
" David Raggett, slightly wounded.
" John Limber, slightly wounded.
" William Scott, severely wounded.
" Charles Davies, slightly wounded.

Private John Clarke, slightly wounded.
„ William Bungnay, severely wounded.
„ John Gwatkin, killed.

34*th Foot.*

Corporal George Bethell, slightly wounded.
Private Patrick Brennan, severely wounded.
„ John Pritchard, dangerously wounded.
„ James Campbell, severely wounded.

38*th Foot.*

Lieut.-Col. W. J. Loftus, severely wounded.
„ T. C. Kelly, slightly wounded.
Brevet-Major E. T. Gloster, dangerously wounded.
Serjeant-Major Patrick McFadden, dangerously wounded.
Serjeant Joseph Bell, severely wounded.
Corporal George Leadbetter, severely wounded.
Drummer Thomas Grey, killed.
Private Thomas Page, severely wounded.
„ Thomas Walsh, slightly wounded.
„ Michael Leaky, slightly wounded.
„ Robert Bell, slightly wounded.
„ Edward Hill, severely wounded.
„ Philip Jones, severely wounded.
„ John Alger, severely wounded.
„ William Kuir, severely wounded.
„ Edward Hanod, severely wounded, since dead, 26th March.
„ William Bird, severely wounded.
„ Henry Boyce, severely wounded, since dead, 18th March.
„ John Mangan, severely wounded.
„ Patrick Cassidy, dangerously wounded.
„ George Roach, severely wounded.
„ William Henshaw, slightly wounded.
„ William Allingham, slightly wounded.
„ John Cripps, severely wounded.

Private Henry Tippet, severely wounded.
„ John McCusker, severely wounded.

42nd Highlanders.

Lieutenant F. E. H. Farquharson, severely wounded.
Serjeant A. Leitch, slightly wounded.
„ John Hiddle, slightly wounded.
„ Joseph Mumford, dangerously wounded.
Lance-Corporal Andrew Morrison, severely wounded.
Private William McCullum, slightly wounded.
„ J. Gardener, killed.
„ A. Mason, killed.
„ R. McKenzie, dangerously wounded, since dead, 18th March.
„ R. Brackey, severely wounded.
„ J. Lamb, severely wounded.
„ R. Holmes, severely wounded.
„ T. Turner, severely wounded.
„ W. Blaber, severely wounded.
„ T. Smith, slightly wounded.
„ D. Lawson, slightly wounded.
„ J. Moodie, killed.
„ A. Burgess, slightly wounded.
„ H. Sinclair, slightly wounded.
„ J. White, severely wounded.
„ M. Brown, severely wounded.
„ P. Burke, slightly wounded.
„ A. McDonald, dangerously wounded, since dead, 23rd March.
„ J. Burnes, slightly wounded.
„ J. Monteith, dangerously wounded.
„ A. Watson, severely wounded.
„ A. Eldridge, slightly wounded.
„ E. Murphy, slightly wounded.
„ G. Paul, severely wounded.
„ A. Howie, slightly wounded.

Private A. McLaren, severely wounded.
„ D. McKay, slightly wounded.
„ T. Hill severely wounded.
„ R. McCrae, slightly wounded.
„ Robert Holmes, killed.
„ Francis Doyle, killed.
„ James Croughan, slightly wounded.
„ John Brown, severely wounded.
„ William Stirling, slightly wounded.
„ Henry Morrison, slightly wounded.
„ Thomas Watt, slightly wounded.
„ William Minnis, slightly wounded.
„ Charles Fraser, slightly wounded.
„ Ronald Black, severely wounded.
„ George Yates, severely wounded.

53rd Foot.

Captain G. R. Hopkins, severely wounded.
Lieutenant H. Helsham, severely wounded.
Private John Gavin, killed.

78th Highlanders.

Private George Maycock, slightly wounded.

79th Highlanders.

Captain G. M. Miller, severely wounded.
Ensign G. P. Thain, slightly wounded.
Serjeant William Davies, killed.
„ James McLaren, slightly wounded.
Corporal James McDonald, severely wounded.
Private John Rankin, killed.
„ Thomas Ritchie, dangerously wounded.
„ Robert Darge, severely wounded.
„ Robert Dick, severely wounded.
„ James Miller, severely wounded, since dead, 11th March.
„ John Morgan, severely wounded.
„ Thomas Kyne, severely wounded.

Private Patrick Dooley, slightly wounded.
„ Thomas McBay, slightly wounded.
„ Michael Meany, severely wounded.
„ Thomas Ritchie, severely wounded, since dead, 11th March.
„ George Lafferty, severely wounded.
„ William Gregory, slightly wounded.
„ James Logan, slightly wounded.

84th Foot.

Private James Gillman, slightly wounded.
„ Matthew Grimmison, severely wounded.
„ Richard Jackson, slightly wounded.

90th Light Infantry.

Colour-Serjeant G. W. Holsey, killed.
Corporal H. Adams, severely wounded.
„ J. Farrell, slightly wounded.
„ F. Saunders, slightly wounded.
Private G. Marshall, killed.
„ J. Mowlam, slightly wounded.
„ W. Falvey, severely wounded.
„ T. Parr, slightly wounded.
„ C. Blake, killed.
„ S. Smith, severely wounded.
„ J. Wilson, slightly wounded.
„ J. Kilderry, severely wounded.
„ D. Sharpe, mortally wounded, since dead.
„ H. Crompton, severely wounded.
„ J. H. Wager, dangerously wounded.
„ J. Watson, severely wounded.
„ O. McCorney, severely wounded.
„ T. King, severely wounded.
„ S. Harper, severely wounded.
„ J. Field, severely wounded.
„ J. Godfrey, severely wounded.
„ J. Reeny, severely wounded.
„ C. Stewart, severely wounded.

Private M. Canning, severely wounded.
„ J. Ulph, severely wounded.
„ G. Whitchalls, slightly wounded.
„ H. Jordan, slightly wounded.
„ F. McKenna, slightly wounded.
„ M. Brennan, severely burnt.
„ D. McMullen, slightly wounded.
„ A. Meek, missing.

93rd Highlanders.

Captain C. W. McDonald, killed.
Lieutenant C. W. Sergison, killed.
„ R. V. S. Grimstone, slightly wounded.
Ensign C. Hastie, slightly wounded.
Serjeant J. Gow, killed.
„ John Dysart, severely wounded.
„ John McMillan, dangerously wounded.
„ John Wedderspoon, dangerously wounded.
Corporal John Steel, killed.
„ John Hind, dangerously wounded.
„ Solomon White, slightly wounded.
Private J. Griffin, slightly wounded.
„ C. McGee, slightly wounded.
„ W. Mitchell, severely wounded.
„ A. Finlayson, slightly wounded.
„ A. Gough, slightly wounded.
„ J. McCullock, slightly wounded.
„ M. Russell, slightly wounded.
„ J. Ross, slightly wounded.
„ J. Anderson, slightly wounded.
„ D. Reid, slightly wounded.
„ J. Nicholl, slightly wounded.
„ William Cobbin, killed.
„ George Finnes, killed.
„ James McKay, killed.
„ James Kinnear, killed.
„ John McEwan, killed.
„ John McGregor, killed.

Private James Martin, killed.
" Daniel Parke, killed.
" Henry Readdie, killed.
" John French, killed.
" Charles Bailey, slightly wounded.
" George Bryce, severely wounded.
" Peter Caithness, severely wounded.
" William Binck, severely wounded.
" Arthur Campbell, severely wounded.
" John Connor severely wounded.
" William Collie, severely wounded.
" James Connyngham, dangerously wounded
" James Cosgrove, dangerously wounded.
" John Fraser, severely wounded.
" William Gibson, slightly wounded.
" William Gibb, severely wounded.
" John Graham, severely wounded.
" Andrew Houston, severely wounded.
" William Leadbetter, slightly wounded.
" Peter Leakie, severely wounded.
" John McDonald, slightly wounded.
" Thomas McKay, severely wounded.
" George Mackay, severely wounded.
" Samuel McKenzie, severely wounded.
" Robert McLeod, severely wounded, since dead, March, 21.
" Duncan Munro, slightly wounded.
" Michael Patterson, dangerously wounded.
" John Reid, slightly wounded.
" James Reilly, dangerously wounded.
" Edward Shaw, severely wounded.
" Thomas Sheppard, severely wounded.
" John Stewart, severely wounded.
" Alexander Thompson, slightly wounded.
" William Walker, severely wounded.
" John White, slightly wounded.
" Alexander Wilson, dangerously wounded.
" Alexander Duff, missing.
" John Armstrong, severely wounded.

Private Alexander Barrie, slightly wounded.
„ Alexander Beath, slightly wounded.
„ James Ferguson, slightly wounded.
„ Francis Lauchlan, severely wounded.
„ James Lyons, slightly wounded.
„ James McDonald, severely wounded.
„ Samuel McBurnie, severely wounded.
„ Thomas Marshall, slightly wounded.
„ Alexander McLeod, slightly wounded.
Serjeant John McKay, slightly wounded.

97th Foot,

Lieutenant-Colonel T. O. W. Ingram, killed.
Lieutenant P. C. Smyth, died of wounds.
Colour-Serjeant T. O'Hara, severely wounded.
Serjeant-Major W. Turner, severely wounded.
Serjeant David O'Keefe, slightly wounded.
„ Alexander White, slightly wounded.
Corporal William Charnock, severely wounded.
Private Thomas Broadfoot, severely wounded.
„ James Allen, slightly wounded.
„ William Edwards, slightly wounded
„ John McDonald, slightly wounded.
„ Thomas Singleton, killed.
„ John Whormby, severely wounded.
„ John Kelly, severely wounded.
„ Thomas Bryan, severely wounded.
„ John Gunning, severely wounded.
„ ThomasFussell, slightly wounded.
„ Joseph Mead, slightly wounded.
„ Patrick Minton, severely wounded.
„ Edwin Brewer, severely wounded.
„ John Prescott, killed.
„ William Reece, severely wounded.
„ Thomas Charnock, slightly wounded.
„ John Coyle, slightly wounded.
„ Benjamin Basketfield, slightly wounded.

Private George Kendal, slightly wounded.
„ John Brown, slightly wounded.
„ Francis Brennan, slightly wounded.
„ William Ainsworth, slightly wounded.
„ James Gear, severely wounded.

2nd Battalion, Rifle Brigade.

Captain W. F. Thynne, mortally wounded, since dead.
Ensign L. E. Cooper, dangerously wounded, since dead.
Serjeant W. H. Richards, severely wounded.
Corporal J. Longden slightly wounded.
Private J. Norris, dangerously, since dead, 13th March.
„ J. Blagburn, slightly wounded.
„ T. Bone, slightly wounded.
„ A. Loader, severely wounded.
„ J. Lovelock, slightly wounded.
„ L. Rotican, slightly wounded.
„ C. Dignan, severely wounded.
„ D. Hawkes, slightly wounded.
„ G. Smith, mortally wounded.
„ J. Turner, slightly wounded.
„ J. Lemon, slightly wounded.

3rd Battalion, Rifle Brigade.

Colour-Serjeant W. Hart, slightly wounded.
Acting-Corporal J. Lynch, severely wounded.
Private John Collins, slightly wounded.
„ William Brown, slightly wounded.
„ Robert Harding, severely wounded.

WM. PAKENHAM, Colonel,
Acting Adjutant-General, Her Majesty's Forces,
East Indies.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 21, 1858.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, May 20, 1858.

ORDERS for the Court's going into Mourning on Sunday next, the 23rd instant, for Her late Royal Highness The Duchess of Orleans; viz.:

The Ladies to wear black Silk, fringed or plain Linen, white Gloves, Necklaces, and Ear-rings, black or white Shoes, Fans, and Tippets.

The Gentleman to wear Black full-trimmed, fringed or plain Linen, black Swords and Buckles.

The Court to change the Mourning on Sunday the 30th instant:

The Ladies to wear black Silk or Velvet, coloured Ribbons, Fans and Tippets, or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver Stuffs, with black Ribbons.

The Gentlemen to wear black Coats, and black or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver Stuff Waistcoats, full-trimmed, coloured Swords and Buckles.

And on Wednesday, the 2nd of June next, the Court to go out of Mourning.

Admiralty, May 18, 1858.

A DESPATCH, of which the following is a copy, has been received by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty from Captain Sotheby, of Her Majesty's steam-ship Pearl, reporting the proceedings of the Naval Brigade under his com-

mand in India, from the 13th February to the 9th March, 1858 :—

Camp Amorah,

SIR, *March* 16, 1858.

I HAVE the honour to report for your information, the proceedings of the Naval Brigade under my charge since the 13th February.

On the 13th I received instructions from Brigadier-General MacGregor, Military Commissioner at Jung Bahadoor's Army to form a force consisting of 140 of the Naval Brigade, with 100 Goorkhas, to proceed to Raibundpore, and escort a fleet of 150 boats, which were required to construct a bridge for the Nepaulese Army to cross over into Oude.

On the 14th we left, attended by the Jumna steamer, but from the fresh wind only made five miles, the boats constantly fouling, and at times in crossing over the utmost confusion prevailed.

On the 15th it blew a perfect gale, with clouds of sand, which made it excessively hot and disagreeable.

On the 16th, at about 2 P.M., we collected the boats, two miles below the village and Fort of Chandepore, which completely commanded the river, and having received information that the village and fort were prepared to resist, I landed on the 17th at 10 A.M., with the force named in the margin,* to attack and drive out the rebels, who were reported to be in some force. Having formed line with the seamen, with 1 small howitzer in the centre, under Lieutenant N. E. B. Turnour, preceded by a strong body of skirmishers formed by the marines and seamen, with supports by other seamen and Seikhs, under Captain Weston, Lieutenant Burlton and Mr. Alex. W. Ingles, Mate, and leaving the Goorkhas as a reserve, I quickly pushed for-

* 130 Naval Brigade, 35 Seikhs, 60 Goorkhas.

ward through the thick cover, topes, and high growing crops, and passed through the village, which was deserted ; but on emerging from it the skirmishers were instantly received by a heavy fire of musketry and shot from 2 guns, from men concealed in the rifle pits and breastworks in the thick prickly jungle of bamboo. Captain Weston most gallantly dashed forward with the marines, and whilst trying to force in the outer gate of the entrance was severely wounded by a scoundrel who had just implored mercy. The column quickly moving up, a sharp fire was maintained on both sides, our men getting shelter in the village within 50 yards of the jungle. The gun, with some difficulty, owing to the narrowness of the lane, was placed within 100 yards, and plied well with grape. At the same time I ordered Mr. John Fowler, Second Master, in the Jumna, to steam a-head and enfilade the fort with grape, and the Goorkhas to threaten the right flank. The enemy, fearing their retreat might be cut off, fled out in the rear, when we advanced in front and captured 2 guns and limbers, spare waggon, with ammunition, &c., a quantity of rich dresses, arms, grain, and money. The action commenced at 11, and ceased at 12.15. It is probable that the loss of the enemy, which is reported to be about 300, was but small, as they were entirely concealed, fighting behind breastworks and pits. Our casualties were but 4 wounded, owing to their high fire.

The object being accomplished, I did not attempt to pursue the enemy through the thick country and large neighbouring village, all against us. I therefore passed the fleet immediately up, and having burnt and destroyed the fort with all the adjacent buildings, I withdrew the pickets, re-embarked and proceeded up the river ; but it being quite dark, with no pilot or chart, we

grounded and remained within 200 yards of the bank till the following morning.

It affords me much pleasure in reporting to you, the cheerful behaviour of all my party, especially Captain Weston of the 36th Native Infantry, Lieutenant Turnour, and Mr. Ingles, mate, and my aide-de-camp Mr. Stephenson, who gallantly volunteered to lead an escalading party on the river side, an attempt too hazardous for me to accede to.

The following officers were also on the field, Lord Charles Scott, Mr. Foot, Mr. Richd. Cooley, boatswain, and Dr. W. J. Shone, Assistant-Surgeon, who all did good service. I also received much assistance from Captain Reid, 37th Native Infantry, who served as a volunteer.

It is nearly impossible to describe the strength of this extraordinary fort, peculiar to Oude. It was surrounded, except on the river side, by a thick jungle of prickly bamboo, nearly impassable, with a small entrance and gateway. Inside were rows of rifle-pits and loopholed breastworks, a zig-zag path, with cross ditches and gates, leading to a second row, and terminating with small bastions and curtain in front of the fort, which was a large irregular brick building with corner turrets and outer walls, all loopholed. A few other buildings made defensible, were connected by thick cover and paths.

From the valuable dresses found, I have no doubt the enemy felt themselves perfectly secure.

On the 18th I arrived at Chupra Ghaut, and disembarked with my party, as it was arranged to cross over with a brigade of 1,500 Goorkhas, Naval Brigade, and 10 guns ; but from the heavy sand, high wind, and the enemy in force on the opposite side, the arrangements were altered.

On the 19th, received directions to re-embark

my party with 200 Goorkhas and an additional howitzer, and escort the boats higher up.

When I arrived at the fort and large town of Ichoura, I found it evacuated, 3 guns having been sent to the opposite side to assist in clearing out the rebels. The river then took 2 channels, with broad sands of 2 miles between. The boats proceeded up by the left bank; owing to the shallowness of the water, I went up by the right, but having no pilot or chart, and this being the first steamer ever up the river, we grounded several times. The channel ran up under a steep bank, and close to a thick jungle of bamboo for about 2 miles, on which the guns were kept trained and the men with their rifles all ready to act. I afterwards rejoined the boats, and, at 7 P.M., arrived opposite Narinee, and found there encamped the rest of the force, after a march of 20 miles.

At 10 p.m., I crossed over to the opposite bank, with the force as per margin,* to occupy the village and fort of Narinee, the men wading up to their waists, had much difficulty in landing the guns. Not having any spy, or knowing the precise position, and it being very dark, it was midnight when the marines and a party of seamen, under Lieutenant F. G. Pym and Mr. Ingles, got round to the right, through thick jungle, and passing the outer breastworks and other defences, found the fort evacuated, whilst the other party with the guns under Lieutenant Turnour, had crept round to the left; we then bivouacked for the night, and conveyed over our baggage and ammunition the following forenoon, under the directions of that enterprising officer Lieutenant H. D. Grant. Being joined by 1,000 Goorkhas and 6 guns, the force

* 140 Naval Brigade, 200 Goorkhas, 30 Seikhs, 2 twelve-pounder howitzers.

named in the margin,* all under Colonel Rowcroft, left their encampment at 2 p.m. the same day, to attack the enemy, who had advanced in the morning to retake their abandoned positions. Having passed over a tract of very heavy country, through several thick topes of trees and deserted villages, at 5 p.m., we discovered the enemy's position, by their opening a fire from their guns as we came over the hill; ours were immediately got into position, and returned shrapnell with great precision; the marines and Seikhs, and a few Goorkhas, who were skirmishers, rapidly advanced on their left, when a heavy fire of musketry was kept up, but driving in the enemy's skirmishers, they rushed to the guns and captured 2, the first by Lieutenant Pym and Acting-Serjeant Butler, and a few marines, who immediately turned it on the enemy and fired 7 rounds, and put them to flight. The enemy's cavalry, with some infantry and a gun, made several attempts to push forward, but as we steadily advanced, were driven back and finally fled, quickly followed by the remainder of the Naval Brigade and 200 Goorkhas for about 2 miles. It now being quite dark, and our party being entirely by themselves, we gave them a parting round, and retired to our first position, where we re-joined our allies quietly smoking their pipes, and, after a few minutes' rest, marched back to the camp, where we arrived at 10 p.m., to dinner; the men having been at work the whole of that day under a hot sun, and having had no rest the previous night, were completely exhausted.

The enemy's force was computed about 2,500, with some hundreds of cavalry and 6 guns, 3 of which were captured.

Gholab Sing, their leader, is reported to be

* 1,400 Goorkhas, 200 Naval Brigade, and 30 Seikhs.

wounded ; about 100 are supposed to have been killed ; many wounded were removed from the field.

The want of cavalry, as usual, was much felt. The enemy's position was opposite the Nepaulese army, who had been several times frustrated in attempting to cross ; but now, all obstacles being removed, the boats immediately passed up.

It afforded me much pleasure to observe the steadiness and coolness of the seamen under Lieutenant S. W. D. Radcliffe, Mr. Ingles, mate, and Lord Charles Scott ; and the gallant manner that Lieutenant Pym, with the marines, captured the guns, whilst our battery was quickly brought into position by Lieutenant Turnour, and Mr. Foot, midshipman, and fired with much precision.

The following officers were also on the field, and rendered good service :—Messrs. Cooley and John Burton, Warrant Officers ; the Rev. Mr. Williams, with Mr. T. H. L. Bowling, Acting Clerk, were ready to assist Assistant-Surgeons W. J. Shone and Dickinson ; the Honourable Mr. Montagu acted as aide-de-camp to Colonel Rowcroft ; and Mr. Stephenson was as usual very active in carrying orders. I am happy to say our wounded were but 2, as the enemy lost their range as we advanced ; the Goorkhas had 2 killed, and 3 wounded.

On the 22nd we marched to the village of Phoolpore, and assisted, with fatigue parties, to construct the bridge, which was finished the following evening, when we recrossed the Gogra, and the Nepaulese army, of 10,000 infantry, with 22 guns, under His Highness Jung Bahadoor, passed over into Oude, and immediately advanced on Lucknow ; and the Naval Brigade, with 1000 Goorkhas, proceeded up the Gogra, to watch the enemy's movements opposite Fyzabad, where they are supposed to be in large force.

I very much regret I was deprived of the services, on the 20th, of Lieutenant H. D. Grant, whose zeal and enterprise at all times has been beyond all praise.

On the 26th I proceeded with the Naval Brigade to Bustee, about fifteen miles, and marched to Kaptangunge the following day, the same distance, and moved further on to Amorrha, on the 2nd instant. Soon after encamping, we heard that a party of the Yeomanry Cavalry, who had been sent on in advance, had been fired on, whilst reconnoitering the fort at Belwar, and required assistance. The men being much fatigued from a march over heavy and wet roads, rested a few hours, and at 2 P.M. the force, as per margin,* under Colonel Rowcroft, left the camp, and was afterwards joined by the Yeomanry Cavalry. It was nearly 5 o'clock when we got into position in front of the fort, and then only discovered the nature of the works and strength of the garrison, which had been represented as only 200. Our guns opened out at about 900 yards on the south face and south-east angle, and gradually reduced to 350, under Lieutenant Turnour and Mr. Maquay, whilst the skirmishers, formed by the marines and seamen, under Lieutenant Grant, Lieutenant Pym, and Mr. Ingles, acting mate, crept up within 200 yards under cover, and made good practice with their rifles. The enemy immediately returned the fire from four guns, muskets, and rifles from the old face of the parapet, and though the shells were thrown with good effect, setting the embrasures and other parts on fire, assisted by a 24-pounder rocket, under Mr. Richard Parkins, gunner, yet the enemy at dark gave no signs of yielding, but threw out parties to enfilade us with a gun and musketry. Finding it

* 168 Naval Brigade, 500 Goorkhas, 35 Sheiks.

impracticable, from the darkness and want of knowledge of the place, to effect an assault, and being quite unprepared for such a resistance, Colonel Rowcroft, at 6 h. 30 m., withdrew the force about three miles, where we remained for the night, and information was received the following morning that reinforcements from Fyzabad, with guns, had been sent across during the night. We therefore returned to camp, not deeming a second attack prudent against such odds. The garrison is reported to have been about 1200, 500 of whom were sepoys ; about 70 were killed and wounded. I am glad to report our casualties were but few, the enemy's fire, though at 200 yards, was much too high, and our men got good shelter in two villages, and under banks and sandhills.

The following officers were also on the field—Mr. John Fowler, second master ; Mr. Foot, midshipman ; and Mr. Cooley, boatswain. The Reverend Mr. Williams was ready to assist Dr. Shone. Mr. Stephenson, my aide-de-camp, and the Honourable V. A. Montagu, aide-de-camp to Colonel Rowcroft, were as usual very active ; and everybody behaved with the most perfect coolness under very trying circumstances and heavy firing, especially the skirmishers under Lieutenant Grant, at all times a most energetic officer.

On the 5th, the garrison of Fyzabad having crossed over and been joined by the rebels from Nawabgunge, under Mahomet Hussein, the Rajahs of Gouda and Ghurda, &c., advanced within one mile from our encampment, the men though employed nearly all the night in throwing up entrenchments, and under arms from two in the morning expecting an attack, anticipated the enemy by an hour in marching out, as per mar-

gin,* to meet them in the field. They had taken up a strong position, with a large village in their front, and occupied the topes and rising ground on both sides, with a long line of skirmishers concealed in the high crops, endeavouring to outflank us. The action commenced at 8h. 30m. when the enemy's bugles sounded the advance, by our skirmishers (formed by the marines, seamen, and Seikhs under Lieutenants Pym and Burlton, with Mr. Ingles, mate), coming in collision with theirs, and we soon drove them in, from our rapid and telling fire. The guns under Lieutenant Tournour, Mr. Maquay, and Mr. Foot, at the same time taking ground to the right, opened out at about 900 yards with great precision. The naval column under Lieutenants Radcliffe and Grant, Lord Charles Scott, and Mr. Fowler, second master, then rushed forward with a volley and a cheer, drove the enemy out of the village, captured two guns, and immediately turned them. The whole line quickly advanced at the double, as the enemy's line, extending for upwards of two miles, halted, but the enemy soon afterwards gave way as we pressed forward. At about 9h. 30m. the cavalry, with Captain Chapman, sweeping round to the right, under the directions of Colonel Rowcroft, made a most brilliant charge, drove in the enemy's left flank, whilst our guns galloped up, opened out with shrapnel and shook the centre, the Goorkhas and Seikhs under the European officers, rendering most admirable service at the same time. Shortly afterwards 6 guns were captured: 2 more by the Naval Brigade, 2 by a small party of cavalry under Cornet Prinsep, in the rear of ours, whom I directed to advance, and 2 by the

* 200 Naval Brigade, 800 Goorkhas, 200 Yeomanry Cavalry, 40 Seikhs.

Goorkhas; the enemy, with 2 others, which they succeeded in carrying off the field, constantly attempted to stand, but were finally driven in on all sides except in the topes, from which they kept up a constant fire till cleared out; the chiefs, seated on elephants, were dispersed in the most utter confusion, some killed and others wounded by two shells bursting over their heads at 800 yards, and pursued within one mile of the fort at Belwar and their own entrenchments, which we had seen enough of a few days previous; the firing ceased at 12h. 30m.

The men, being much fatigued by their previous arduous duties, and fighting under a bright sun during four hours, halted for a few minutes and then returned to camp, which had been in the meantime threatened by about 1,500 of the enemy, who were driven back by a squadron of cavalry with two companies of Goorkhas, under those two excellent and cool officers Major Richardson and Captain Brooks, Native Infantry.

The force is computed to have been at least 14,000, including 3,500 sepoys of the 1st, 10th, 53rd, and 56th Regiments, 700 Gwalior contingent, 2nd battalion of Oude police force (Weston's), and 300 sowars, with 10 guns, 8 of which were captured; about 1,000 men are reported killed and wounded, 700 of whom were sepoys, with a rajah and about 15 sirdars. The enemy's fire was very accurate, but owing to our rapid advance, they soon lost their range; it is quite a miracle, considering the force and numbers of topes of trees and villages the skirmishers held, that I have to report so few casualties; although I have to deplore the loss of Mr. John Fowler, second master, a very promising young officer, whose clothes had just been riddled with grape in assisting to capture a gun, and who so cleverly

directed those on board the Jumna a few days previous, at the capture of the fort at Chandepore, and ten men wounded.

The success of this very important victory, gained against such odds, has saved this part of India from a second and immediate rebellion, as Kooer Sing, with 5,000 at Taudah, was ready to cross over and be joined with 7,000 others, and all the principal zemindars, now fugitives, were returning to rise their followers; and I must beg most respectfully to bring before your notice the prominent part this brigade took, and the services it has rendered the Government; the coolness and courage displayed by every officer and man in their unusual, but now not novel, duty (this being the fifth time they have been in action in India), was most praiseworthy, and fully deserves your favourable attention.

The gunnery, under the respective officers, with the captains of the guns, elicited the admiration of all; the skirmishers with the marines, were most steady in their work, and it is incumbent on me, especially to point out the gallant manner in which Lieutenant Grant, R.N., assisted by Lord Charles Scott, Mr. Shearman, engineer, and Jesse Ward, captain of foretop, captured a gun, shooting down the crew, and turning it on the enemy; and also the gallant conduct of John Goodfellow, captain of forecastle, who after firing a shell at another gun, galloped up with his own gun and took it. Lieutenant Pym, who is always well forward with his men, speaks very highly of Serjeant-Major Argent and Acting-Serjeant Butler, two very steady men.

The following officers were also on the field, and to their services I am much indebted. Mr. Cooley, boatswain, was very active with the skirmishers. Mr. Parkins, gunner, kept the

limbers well supplied, having fired 140 shell and shot, the Reverend Mr. Williams, with Mr. Bowling, acting clerk, were most ready in assisting Drs. Shone and Dickinson, assistant-surgeons, with the wounded; and Mr. Burton, carpenter, a most active officer, who I was obliged to leave with the sick to defend the camp.

Mr. Stephenson, midshipman, my aide-de-camp, a most spirited young officer, the fifth time under fire, was always at hand, and only too eager in conveying messages at a great risk; the Honourable V. A. Montagu was very attentive in his duties to Colonel Rowcroft, who speaks highly of his conduct.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) EDWD. SOTHEBY,
Captain, R.N.,
Commanding Naval Brigade.

To Commodore R. B. Watson, C.B.,
H.M.S., Chesapeake, Calcutta.

Return of Casualties in the Action at Amorrah, on the 5th March, 1858.

Mr. John Fowler, Acting Second Master, killed by a round shot.

Isaac Ringwood, A.B., severe gunshot wound of thigh.

George Penfold, A.B., slight contusion of foot.

Henry Trout, Ord., slight gunshot contusion of thigh.

John Maddock, Ord., slight gunshot contusion of chest.

Luke Howarth, Leading Stoker, slight gunshot wound of thigh.

James Lambert, Captain of Main-top, slight gunshot wound of leg.

Griffith Roberts, A.B., slight gunshot wound of finger.

Charles Thomas, Yeoman of Signals, slight gunshot wound of finger.

Philip Moan, Ord., slight splinter wound of arm.

ABSTRACT.

Killed	1
Wounded severely ...	1
Wounded slightly	8
Total	10

Return of Casualties in the Attack on the Fort at Belwar, on the 2nd March, 1858.

Jesse Ward, Captain of the Foretop, slight contusion of shoulder by a spent round shot.

Thomas Mabey, Captain of Mast, slight gunshot wound of leg.

John Franze, A.B., slight gunshot wound of thigh.

Total 3

WILLIAM JAS. SHONE,
Assistant-Surgeon, R.N., in Medical Charge of Naval Brigade.

E. SOTHEBY, Captain.
Commanding Naval Brigade.

List of Ordnance Stores captured in the Action at Amorrah, on the 5th March, 1858.

1	18-pounder iron gun,	length	5 ft.	10 in.
1	9-pounder do	do	4 ft.	9 in
1	6-pounder brass gun,	do	4 ft.	6 in.
2	3-pounder iron guns,	do	4 ft.	6 in.
2	3-pounder do	do	3 ft.	7 in.

With Carriages.

7 limbers complete, with a large quantity of various sorts of ammunition,

And a cart with 25,000 musket balls.
1 gun, not yet brought into camp.

E. SOTHEBY, Captain, R.N.,
Commanding Naval Brigade.

Making thirteen already captured by the Naval Brigade.

Foreign-Office, May 21, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Don Estevan Berlingieri as Consul at Gibraltar for the Republic of Chile.

Downing-Street, May, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Felix MacCarthy, Esq., to be a Member of the Executive Council, and James Jarrett, Esq., to be a Member of the Legislative Council of the Bahama Islands ; and Isaac Farrington, Augustus Benners, and Abram Charlevill Hill Smith, Esqrs., to be non-elective Members of the Legislative Council of the Virgin Islands.

Crown-Office, May 19, 1858.

MEMBER returned to serve in the present PARLIAMENT.

County of Leitrim.

William Richard Ormsby Gore, of Derrycarne, in the said county of Leitrim, Esq., in the room of Hugh Lyons Montgomery, Esq., who has accepted the office of Steward or Bailiff of Her Majesty's Manor of Hempholme, in the county of York.

Board of Trade, Whitehall,
May 20, 1858.

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Costa Rica, reporting that a decree, prohibiting the importation of Spirituous Liquors into that Republic, will come into operation on the 13th March, 1859.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,
21*st May*, 1858.

4*th Regiment of Dragoon Guards*, Clement Robert Nuttall Royds, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Cuninghame, promoted. Dated 21st May, 1858.

2*nd Dragoons*, Richard Austin Herbert, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase. Dated 21st May, 1858.

3*rd Light Dragoons*. Lieutenant Robert Dymond to be Captain, by purchase, vice Sir P. A. Halkett, Bart., who retires. Dated 21st May, 1858.

5*th Light Dragoons*, John Chaffey, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase, vice Pulleyne, appointed to 8th Light Dragoons. Dated 21st May, 1858.

George William Vernon Cotton, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase. Dated 22nd May, 1858.

6*th Dragoons*, Lieutenant Edward Finch Dawson to be Captain, by purchase, vice Brevet-Major Manley, who retires. Dated 21st May, 1858.

8*th Light Dragoons*, Cornet S. W. Rawlins, from the 4th Dragoon Guards, to be Cornet, vice Biddle, promoted. Dated 21st May, 1858.

10*th Light Dragoons,* George Houston, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase, vice Baillie, appointed to 7th Light Dragoons. Dated 21st May, 1858.

11*th Light Dragoons*, Lieutenant Alexander Baring Bingham, to be Captain, by purchase, vice Jameson, who retires. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Cornet Richard John Somers to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Bingham. Dated 21st May, 1858.

12*th Light Dragoons*, William Blacker, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, in succession to Lieutenant Goldfrap, promoted in 18th Light Dragoons. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Henry J. Russell Cruise, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase, in succession to Lieutenant Murray, appointed to 5th Light Dragoons. Dated 22nd May, 1858.

1*st Regiment of Foot*, Assistant-Surgeon Arthur Chester, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Smyth, promoted on the Staff. Dated 21st May, 1858.

4*th Foot*, William Thomas Freeman, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, in succession to Lieutenant Davies, who has retired. Dated 21st May, 1858.

6*th Foot*, Alexander Courtenay Hall, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Simpson, promoted. Dated 21st May, 1858.

8*th Foot*, Lieutenant George Henry Cochrane, from the 96th Foot, to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Ensign W. Bannatyne, from the 24th Foot, to be Ensign. Dated 21st May, 1858.

9*th Foot*, Arthur Henry Josselyn, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Hackett, promoted. Dated 21st May, 1858.

11*th Foot*, Lieutenant G. T. Osborn to be Captain, by purchase, vice Scott, who retires. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Ensign Thomas Davies to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Osborn. Dated 21st May, 1858.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

William Miles Maskell, Gent., vice Magill, appointed to the 24th Foot. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Henry Ralph Lewis, Gent., vice Day, promoted. Dated 22nd May, 1858.

Edward Henry Hare, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 23rd May, 1858.

12*th Foot*, Ensign G. W. Reade to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Walter John Boyes, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Reade. Dated 21st May, 1858.

The third Christian name of Paymaster Desanges, is "*Burdett.*"

15*th Foot.*

To be Captains, without purchase.

Captain R. F. Synge, from half-pay 23rd Foot. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Lieutenant C. A. Morshead, from 20th Foot. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Lieutenant H. Nangle, from 24th Foot. Dated 21st May, 1858.

To be Lieutenants, without purchase.

Ensign W. S. Jemmett, from 41st Foot. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Ensign W. St. C. Tisdall, from 47th Foot. Dated 21st May, 1858.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Wilkinson Shaw, Gent. Dated 21st May, 1858.

John Joseph Grier, Gent., vice Maunsell, whose

appointment as stated in the Gazette of 30th March, 1858, has been cancelled. Dated 22nd May, 1858.

Abraham Andrew Fuller, Gent. Dated 23rd May, 1858.

Thomas Martyn Hitchins, Gent. Dated 24th May, 1858.

16*th Foot*, Lieutenant Henry Kelsall to be Adjutant. Dated 21st May, 1858.

17*th Foot*, Lawrence Fraser Arguimbau, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Colquhoun, promoted. Dated 21st May, 1858.

The first Christian name of Paymaster Smith, appointed 14th May, 1858, is *Norborne*, and not *Naborne*, as previously stated.

18*th Foot.*

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

John Forbes Mosse, Gent., vice Markby, deceased. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Ferdinand Ogilvy FitzGerald, Gent., vice Le Brun, promoted. Dated 22nd May, 1858.

19*th Foot*, Paymaster Frank William Dundee, late 3rd Middlesex Militia, to be Paymaster. Dated 23rd March, 1858.

20*th Foot*, Lieutenant John Armstrong, from the 40th Foot, to be Lieutenant and Adjutant. Dated 21st May, 1858.

24*th Foot.*

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Edward Frederick Augustus MacCarthy, Gent. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Henry Dewé, Gent. Dated 22nd May, 1858.

25*th Foot*, Fowell Buxton Johnston, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Paley, promoted. Dated 21st May, 1858.

26*th Foot*, John Leslie Toke, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Franklin, promoted in 24th Foot. Dated 21st May, 1858.

28*th Foot*, Arthur Howard Southey, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Webb, promoted. Dated 21st May, 1858.

29*th Foot*, Captain P. A. L. Phipps, from the 90th Foot, to be Captain, vice Sorell, who exchanges. Dated 5th March, 1858.

30*th Foot*, The Honourable Leopold William Henry Powys to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Tyner, promoted. Dated 21st May, 1858.

31*st Foot*, Ensign Colin Campbell McIntyre to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Gould, who retires. Dated 21st May, 1858.

33*rd Foot*, Lieutenant Lestock R. Forbes has been permitted to resign his Commission. Dated 21st May, 1858.

37*th Foot*, Ensign Samuel Hawkes to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice E. A. Anderson, promoted, by purchase, to an Unattached Company. Dated 21st May, 1858.

40*th Foot*, Ensign William Dowman to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice John Armstrong, appointed to 20th Foot. Dated 21st May, 1858.

49*th Foot*, Ensign John Thomas Lyon Cobham to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Chaplin, who retires. Dated 21st May, 1858.

54*th Foot*.

For James Hearn Tarleton, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Falkiner, who *retires*, which appeared in the Gazette of the 14th instant,

Read, &c., &c., vice Falkiner, who *resigns*.

55*th Foot*, Assistant-Surgeon George Henry Finlay, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon,

vice Cowan, who exchanges. Dated 21st May, 1858.

57th Foot, Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel William Inglis to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Brevet-Colonel William Fraser, from half-pay Unattached, to be Major, vice Inglis. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Brevet-Major Henry Butler to be Major, by purchase, vice Fraser, who retires. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Lieutenant Frederick S. Schomberg to be Captain, by purchase, vice Butler. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Lieutenant Sir Robert Douglas, Bart., to be Captain, by purchase, vice Brevet-Major Forsyth, who retires. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Ensign John Parkinson to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Schomberg. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Ensign Herman Wayne to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Sir R. Douglas. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Stafford Church Mathews, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Parkinson. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon James Davis, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 21st May, 1858.

60*th Foot.*

To be Lieutenants, without purchase.

Ensign Alfred Lewis. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Ensign G. H. Mackenzie. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Ensign S. Mortimer. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Ensign W. J. E. Poole. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Ensign M. W. O'Rorke, from the 19th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Lewis. Dated 21st May, 1858.

To be Ensigns, by purchase.

Arthur Morris, Gent., in succession to Lieutenant Phillipps, promoted. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Alexander Borthwick, Gent., in succession to Lieutenant McGill, promoted. Dated 22nd May, 1858.

Redvers Henry Buller, Gent., in succession to Lieutenant Sewell, who retires. Dated 23rd May, 1858.

The Christian names of Major Bligh, who was promoted, in the Gazette of 30th April, 1858, are *George* Waldegrave.

68*th Foot*, Richard Clayton, Gent, to be Ensign by purchase, vice Kay, promoted. Dated 21st May, 1858.

73*rd Foot*, Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel G. H. Smith, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Captain W. L. Peto to be Major, without purchase, vice Smith. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Lieutenant A. H. Godfrey to be Captain, without purchase, vice Peto. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Ensing William Bayley to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Godfrey. Dated 21st May, 1858.

76*th Foot*, Henry Bouverie Pusey, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Wallace, appointed to the 60th Foot. Dated 21st May, 1858.

81*st Foot*. The date of the promotion of Captain Malachi Hanley and Lieutenant G. F. Jellicoe to be the 9*th*, and not the 7*th* September, 1857, as stated in the Gazette of the 19th February last.

84*th Foot*, Ensign Montgomery Williams to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Ayton, died of his wounds. Dated 29th November, 1857.

Ensign Frederick Cornwall to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Williams, whose promotion by purchase, on the 2nd February, 1858, has been cancelled. Dated 21st May, 1858.

90*th Foot*, Captain F. E. Sorell, from the 29th Foot, to be Captain, vice Phipps, who exchanges. Dated 5th March, 1858.

92*nd Foot*, Ensign and Adjutant James George to be Paymaster, vice Hay, who resigns. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Lieutenant C. A. Humfrey to be Adjutant, vice Ensign George, appointed Paymaster. Dated 21st May, 1858.

96*th Foot*, Captain H. V. Mundell to be Major, by purchase, vice Croker, who retires. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Lieutenant James Briggs to be Captain, by purchase, vice Mundell. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Ensign William Osborne Barnard to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Cochrane, promoted in the 8th Foot. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Ensign A. Manera to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Briggs. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Ensign John Leslie Toke, from the 26th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Barnard, promoted. Dated 21st May, 1858.

97*th Foot*, Ensign Robert W. Barbor to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice P. C. Smyth, died of his wounds. Dated 5th March, 1858.

98*th Foot*, Richard Townley, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Smith, promoted. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Rifle Brigade, Lieutenant George Henry Grey to be Captain, without purchase, vice Bell, deceased. Dated 10th May, 1858.

Ensign F. W. Ramsbottom to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Grey. Dated 10th May, 1858.

3rd *West India Regiment*, Ensign John Robert Mather to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Rowland, promoted. Dated 21st May, 1858.

HOSPITAL STAFF.

Assistant-Surgeon James McHaffie Cowan, M.D., from the 55th Foot, to be Assistant-Surgeon to the Forces, vice Finlay, who exchanges. Dated 21st May, 1858.

BREVET.

The undermentioned Officers, having completed three years' actual Service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, to be Colonels in the Army, under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854 :—

Lieutenant-Colonel Percy Hill, Rifle Brigade. Dated 29th December, 1857.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry J. Warre, 57th Foot. Dated 9th March, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel George V. Maxwell, C.B., 88th Foot. Dated 23rd March, 1858.

The undermentioned promotions to take place in the East India Company's Army, consequent on the death of General Tredway Clarke, Madras Artillery, 3rd May, 1858, and Major-General Charles Payne, Bombay Infantry, 24th April, 1858 :

To be General.

Lieutenant-General John Hickey Collette, Madras Cavalry. Dated 4th May, 1858.

To be Lieutenant-General.

Major-General Thomas Oliver, Bengal Infantry. Dated 4th May, 1858.

To be Major-Generals.

Colonel David Birrell, Bengal Infantry. Dated 25th April, 1858.

Colonel Thomas Polwhele, Bengal Infantry. Dated 4th May, 1858.

The undermentioned Officers of the East India Company's Service, retired upon full-pay, to have a step of Honorary Rank, as follows :—

To be Major-General.

Colonel Thomas Failerton, Bombay Infantry. Dated 21st May, 1858.

To be Colonels.

Lieutenant-Colonel James Pope, Bombay Infantry. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel James Kilner, Bombay Engineers. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel Augustus De Butts, Madras Engineers. Dated 21st May, 1858.

To be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Major George Paulet Cameron, Madras Infantry. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Major George Pott, Bengal Infantry. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Major Richard Cooper, Madras Infantry. Dated 21st May, 1858.

To be Majors.

Captain Alexander Wood, Madras Infantry. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Captain Thomas Newbery, Madras Light Cavalry. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northampton.

George Ward Hunt, Esq., M.P., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 15th May, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of th County of Oxford.

Queen's Own Oxfordshire Yeomanry Cavalry.

Henry Lord Howard to be Cornet, vice the Ho nourable John Fiennes Twisleton Wykeha Fiennes, promoted. Dated 17th May, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of th County of Buckingham.

2nd Regiment of the Royal Bucks Yeomanry Cavalry.

George Morgan, Esq., to be Captain, vice Smith resigned.

Charles Pilgrim, Esq., to be Captain, vice Farrer resigned.

Lieutenant Robert Bateson Harvey to be Captain, vice the Marquis of Chandos, resigned.

Thomas Keane Fitzgerald, Esq., to be Lieutenant, vice Patrick, resigned.

Cornet John Bartholomew Parker to be Lieutenant, vice Harvey, promoted.

Cornet Charles William Powell to be Lieutenant, vice Maul, resigned.

Cornet Mathew Samuel Grenville Knapp to be Lieutenant, vice Garrard, resigned.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kent.

East Kent Regiment of Militia.

Lieutenant Stanislas Zaba to be Captain, vice Fraser, resigned and appointed to the 20th Foot. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Ensign James Robert Blackwell Monypenny to be Lieutenant, vice Zaba, promoted. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Denbigh.

Royal Rifle Regiment of Denbighshire Militia.

William Jacob Geoghegan, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 18th May, 1858.

Commissions signed by Her Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy of the County of Lanark.

2nd Royal Lanarkshire Militia.

William Henry Bower, Gent., to be Ensign, vice John David Campbell, promoted. Dated 8th May, 1858.

Martin Blake, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Charles Lynch, resigned. Dated 9th May, 1858.

Exchequer Bills.

Office of Her Majesty's Paymaster-General, Whitehall, May 21, 1858.

The Exchequer Bills, dated in the months of June, 1857 (per Act 20 Victoria, cap. 17, anno 1857), with the interest due thereon, will be paid off on the 15th June, 1858, when the interest will cease.

Such bills will be received at this Office daily, from half past ten till three o'clock, until the 7th day of June, 1858, inclusive.

Printed forms, containing instructions for the preparation of the lists and the arrangement of the bills, may be obtained on application at this Office.

The bearers must endorse each bill with their

usual signatures, and they must insert their names and addresses in each list; and where the names of holders are inserted in the bills, the indorsements of such holders must also be obtained previously to their lists and bills being left for examination.

New bills, bearing interest at the rate of *one penny halfpenny* by the day, upon every one hundred pounds, and dated the said 15th day of June, 1858, may be obtained in payment of the principal of the whole, or part, of the Exchequer Bills issued under the Act above mentioned, on the claimants specifying, in their lists, the amount of new bills required by them.

The new bills, together with the interest on the bills left on or before the said 7th day of June for exchange, will be issued on the 16th day of June, 1858; the bearers must attend at this Office to sign receipts for the payment of principal and interest.

Payment, in money, may be obtained at this Office for any of the said Exchequer Bills, previously to the said 15th day of June, 1858, upon the claimants leaving the bills for examination one day prior to that on which such payment is desired.

N.B.—All Exchequer Bills dated prior to June, 1857, have been previously advertised to be paid off.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 21,

1858.

India Board, May 19, 1858.

THE following papers have been received at the East India House :—

No. 1.

GENERAL ORDER BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

Military Department. Allahabad, April 5, 1858.

No. 54 of 1858.

THE Governor-General having now received the dispatches from his Excellency the Commander-in-chief, giving an account of the re-taking of Lucknow by the force under his Excellency's personal command, is pleased to publish them for general information :—

In December last, it became the grateful duty of the Governor-General in Council to promulgate, in General Orders, the announcement of the relief of the garrison of Lucknow, so admirably achieved by General Sir Colin Campbell, G.C.B., and the rescue of the women and children, sick and wounded, long beleaguered there. It is now the Governor-General's privilege to convey to his Excellency the tribute of his highest admiration, and of his most cordial congratulations, on the capture of the strong city of the rebels.

From the 2nd till the 16th of March, a series of masterly operations took place, by which the Commander-in-chief, nobly supported, in his well-laid plans of attack, by the ability and skill of the General Officers, and by the indomitable bravery and resolution of the officers and men of all arms, drove the rebels successively from all their strongly-fortified posts, till the whole fell into the possession of our troops.

That this great success should have been accomplished at so little cost of valuable lives, enhances the honor due to the leader who has achieved it.

It is a pleasure to the Governor-General to acknowledge publicly the services of the General and other officers who took part in the capture of Lucknow.

During the last days of the operations, the Nepaulese force, under Maharajah Jung Bahadoor, was associated with the army under General Sir Colin Campbell's command.

To the distinguished leader of that force, the Maharajah Jung Bahadoor, the Governor-General desires to express his thanks for the hearty co-operation which the Commander-in-chief received from his Highness, and for the gallant bearing of his Highness' troops.

To Major-General Sir James Outram, G.C.B., the Government of India is under a new debt of gratitude. After having held the exposed post of Alumbagh for more than three months, in the face of powerful bodies of rebels, whose attacks he never failed to repel, Sir James Outram has further greatly distinguished himself at the head of the 1st Division, by the brilliant and thoroughly complete manner in which he executed the duties entrusted to him. The Governor-General requests that Sir James Outram will accept his most sincere thanks.

His Lordship offers his hearty acknowledgments to the other General Officers whose services are prominently noticed in these despatches :—

To Major-General Mansfield, Chief of the Staff, of whose eminent services the Commander-in-chief speaks with well-merited commendation.

To Major-General Sir Archdale Wilson, Baronet, K.C.B., in chief command of the Artillery, who, after winning lasting renown in the capture of Delhi, has borne a conspicuous part in the reduction of Lucknow.

To Major-General Sir J. Hope Grant, K.C.B., commanding the Cavalry of the force; to Brigadier-General Franks, C.B.; Brigadier-General Walpole, and Brigadier-General Sir Edward Lugard, K.C.B., commanding the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th Divisions of Infantry.

The Governor-General has to record his acknowledgments to Captain Sir William Peel, K.C.B., commanding the Naval Brigade of Her Majesty's ship "Shannon," and to offer his especial thanks to him for his remarkable services.

The Governor-General entirely concurs with his Excellency the Commander-in-chief, in prominently recognizing the great skill and ability of Brigadier Napier, who commanded the Engineers of Her Majesty's and the East India Company's Services forming part of the force. Brigadier Napier is especially entitled to the thanks of the Governor-General; and to him, to Colonel Harness, commanding the Royal Engineers, and to the several officers under them, of both the services, his Lordship's grateful acknowledgments are offered.

The Governor-General has much satisfaction in expressing his high sense of the merits of the several officers commanding Brigades and Regiments.

To the commanding officers of the Royal Artillery, of the Naval Artillery, and of the Bengal and Madras Artillery, the Governor-General tenders his cordial thanks.

To Major Norman, Deputy Adjutant-General of

the Army, to whose superior merits and distinguished services the Commander-in-chief bears willing testimony, a tribute in which the Governor-General concurs; to Colonel the Honourable W. L. Pakenham, C.B., Officiating Adjutant-General, Her Majesty's Forces in India; to Lieutenant Colonel Macpherson, Officiating Quartermaster-General of the Army; to Captain Seymour, Officiating Quartermaster-General, Her Majesty's Forces; to Captain Bruce, Deputy Quartermaster-General, and Captain Algood, Assistant Quartermaster-General; to Lieutenant-Colonel Keith Young, Judge Advocate General; to Captain Fitzgerald, Assistant Commissary-General, who is specially mentioned by the Commander-in-chief; to Lieutenant P. Stewart, of Engineers, Superintendent of Electric Telegraphs; to Dr. MacAndrew, Inspector-General of Hospitals, Her Majesty's Forces, and to Dr. Brown, Superintending Surgeon of the Force;—the Governor-General has much satisfaction in expressing his sense of the good service they have rendered.

To the officers of the Personal Staff of the Commander-in-chief, of the Chief of the Staff, and of General Officers commanding Divisions, the thanks of the Governor-General are due; and his Lordship records his acknowledgments to the officers of the Staff of Divisions and Brigades, all of whom have zealously performed their duty.

To the officers and men of every service, soldiers, seamen, and marines, composing the force by which Lucknow has been taken, the Governor-General desires to express his admiration of their conduct, and to tender to each individual the thanks of the Government of India. His Lordship will take the earliest opportunity of bringing under the favourable notice of Her Majesty's Government, and of the Honourable the Court of Directors, the services rendered by the force.

In testimony of these services, the Governor-General is pleased to direct that every officer and soldier, European and Native, and the officers and men of the Navy, who took part in the capture of Lucknow, shall receive a donation of six months' batta.

By order of the Right Honourable the Governor-General,

R. J. H. BIRCH, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India,
Military Department, with the
Governor-General.

No. 2.

The Commander-in-chief to the Governor-General of India.

Camp, La Martiniere, Lucknow,
March 22, 1858.

My Lord,

I HAVE the honor to announce to your Lordship that I transferred my head-quarters to the camp of Brigadier-General Sir Edward Lugard, K.C.B., at Buntara, on the 28th ultimo; the Division which had been detached under Brigadier-General Sir J. Hope Grant, K.C.B., and that under Brigadier-General Walpole, joining the next day.

Having received tolerably correct information with respect to the lines of works which had been constructed by the enemy for the defence of Lucknow, it appeared evident to me that the necessity would arise for operating from both sides of the Goomtee when the capture of the city should be seriously entertained.

Two very important reasons conduced to show the expediency of such a course: the one being that it would become possible to enfilade many of the enemy's new works; the other, that great avenues of supply would be closed against the

town, although I could not hope to invest a city having a circumference of twenty miles.

My first preparations, therefore, were made for the purpose of crossing the river. Bridges of casks had been previously constructed, and were ready in the Engineers' park.

On the 2nd of March, I advanced on Dilkoosha with troops as per margin,* and seized that position after a skirmish, in which a gun was taken from the enemy.

When the brigades of Infantry began to close on the advance guard, the enemy opened several guns, which were in position in strong bastions, along the line of the canal. This fire was heavy and well sustained.

These guns commanded the plateau, and compelled me to retire the camp as far back as it was

* Detail.

Head-quarters of the Division of Artillery, and of the Field Artillery Brigade, under Major-General Sir A. Wilson, K.C.B., and Colonel D. Wood, C.B., Royal Horse Artillery.

Lieutenant-Colonel D'Aguilar's troop, Royal Horse Artillery.

Lieutenant-Colonel Tombs, C.B., and Lieutenant Bishop's Troops; Bengal Horse Artillery, under Lieutenant-Colonel Turner.

Two 24-pounders and 2 8-inch howitzers of the Shannon's Naval Brigade; two companies, Punjaub Sappers and Miners.

The head-quarters of the Cavalry Division, and the 1st Cavalry Brigade, under Brigadier-General Sir J. H. Grant, K.C.B., and Brigadier Little.

Her Majesty's 9th Lancers.

2nd Punjaub Irregular Cavalry.

Detachment of 5th Punjaub ditto.

1st Sikh Irregular Cavalry.

The 2nd Division of Infantry, under Brigadier-General Sir E. Lugard, K.C.B., consisting of—

3rd Brigade, Brigadier P. M. M. Guy; Her Majesty's 34th, 38th, and 53rd Regiments.

4th Brigade, Brigadier the Honourable A. Hope; 42nd and 93rd Highlanders, and 4th Punjaub Rifles.

possible, but not so far as I could have wished, owing to the ravines in rear.

The Palace of Dilkoosha was occupied as an advance picquet on the right, and the Mahomed-bagh on the left; heavy guns being placed in battery at both points to keep down the hostile fire.

During the whole of the 2nd, until these arrangements could be completed, the troops were much annoyed by the enemy's guns.

After that day, until an advance took place, although the shot ranged up to, and sometimes into, the camp, but slight loss ensued from this cause.

On the 3rd and 4th, the remainder of the Siege Train, together with Brigadier-General Walpole's Division, closed up on the Dilkoosha position, the right of our line resting on Bibiapore and the Goomtee, the left being towards Alumbagh.

There was an interval of about two miles between our left and Jellalabad, the right of the Alumbagh position. This interval was occupied by a Regiment of Irregular Horse.* Brigadier Campbell, with a strong brigade of Cavalry and Horse Artillery, secured the extreme left, and swept the country towards the North-West.

Three Infantry regiments were withdrawn from Alumbagh, and joined the Head-Quarters Camp.

On the 5th, General Franks, or the 4th Division of Infantry, came into direct communication with me. This officer had marched right across the Kingdom of Oudh, having signally defeated many bodies of insurgents, and kept his time with punctuality according to the orders given to him, with which your Lordship is already acquainted.

On the same day the Goomtee was bridged near Bibiapore. Whilst the bridge was being formed, the enemy showed on the left bank, causing the

* Hodson's.

necessity of a disposition of troops and heavy guns. He did not, however, make a real attack.

These guns were very useful in another respect, as their practice on the Martiniere silenced much fire, which would otherwise have annoyed the picquets.

They were accordingly kept on the same ground for some days, till the advance of the troops rendered them unnecessary.

On the 6th, Sir James Outram, G.C.B., who had been withdrawn from Alumbagh, crossed to the left bank of the Goomtee with troops as per margin,* the 4th Division under Brigadier-General Franks, C.B., taking the place vacated by Brigadier-General Walpole in the line.

The plan of attack which had been conceived, was now developed, and Sir J. Outram was directed to push his advance up the left bank of the Goomtee, while the troops in the position of Dilkhoosha remained at rest till it should have become apparent that the first line of the enemy's works, or the rampart running along the canal, and abutting on the Goomtee, had been turned.

The works may be briefly described as follows:—

* Force sent across the Goomtee under Sir J. Outram:
Detail.—Lieutenant-Colonel D'Aguilar's Troop, Royal Horse Artillery; Major Remmington's and Captain McKinnon's Troops Bengal Horse Artillery, under Lieutenant-Colonel F. Turner; Captains Gibbons and Middleton's Light Field Batteries, Royal Artillery and Head Quarters Field Artillery Brigade; Head Quarters Cavalry Division and of 1st Cavalry Brigade; Her Majesty's 2nd Dragoon Guards (Bays); Her Majesty's 9th Lancers; 2nd Punjaub Cavalry; Detachments 1st and 5th Punjaub Cavalry, under Captains Watson and Sandford; 3rd Infantry Division under Brigadier-General R. Walpole; 5th Brigade, Brigadier Douglas, C.B. — Her Majesty's 23rd Fusiliers, 79th Highlanders, and 1st Bengal Fusiliers; 6th Brigade, Brigadier Horsford, C.B. — 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade; 3rd Battalion ditto; and 2nd Punjaub Infantry.

The series of courts and buildings called the Kaiser Bagh, considered as a citadel by the rebels, was shut in by three lines of defence towards the Goomtee, of which the line of the canal was the outer one.

The second line circled round the large building called the Mess-house and the Motee Mahal, and the first or interior one was the principal rampart of the Kaiser Bagh.

The rear of the inclosures of the latter being closed in by the city, through which approach would have been dangerous to an assailant.

These lines were flanked by numerous bastions, and rested at one end on the Goomtee, and at the other on the great buildings of the street, called the Huzrut Gunge, all of which were strongly fortified, and flanked the street in every direction.

Extraordinary care had been expended on the defences of the houses and bastions, to enfilade the street. This duty was ably performed by Sir James Outram, who pitched his camp on the 6th instant, after a skirmish of his advance guard, in front of the Chukkur Walla Kotee, or Yellow House.

On the 7th he was attacked by the enemy, who was speedily driven back.

Having reconnoitered the ground on the 8th instant, I directed Sir James Outram to arrange his batteries during the succeeding night, and to attack the enemy's position, the key of which was the Chukkur Walla Kotee, the next day, or the 9th.

This was done in very good style by the troops, under his command, the enemy being driven at all points, the Yellow House being seized, and the whole force advanced for some distance through ground affording excellent cover for the enemy.

He was then able to bring his right shoulders forward, occupying the Fyzabad road, and to plant

his batteries for the purpose of enfilading the works on the canal before alluded to.

He lost no time in doing this, other batteries of heavy guns and howitzers being constructed during the following night to play on the works, and the Kaiserbagh.

While this attack was being made by Sir James Outram, along the left bank of the Goomtee on the 9th instant, a very heavy fire was kept up on the Martiniere both from mortars and heavy guns, placed in position during the previous night, on the Dilkhoosha Plateau.

At 2 P.M., the 42nd Highlanders, supported by the 93rd Highlanders, the 53rd and 90th Regiments, stormed the Martiniere, under the direction of Brigadier-General Sir Edward Lugard, K.C.B., and Brigadier the Honourable Adrian Hope.

It was quickly seen that the enfilading fire on the line of the canal from the opposite side of the river had produced the expected result.

The 4th Punjaub Infantry, supported by the 42nd Highlanders, climbed up the entrenchment abutting on the Goomtee, and proceeded to sweep down the whole line of the works, till they got to the neighbourhood of Banks' House, when it became necessary to close operations for the night.

Major Wylde, 4th Punjaub Rifles, distinguished himself very much on this occasion.

The line of works was strongly occupied by the troops which had first entered, and by the 53rd Regiment.

On the 10th instnnt, Sir James Outram was engaged in strengthening his position. Sir James Hope Grant, K.C.B., being employed in patrolling towards the cantonment with the Cavalry placed under Sir James Outram's orders, a system of extensive patrolling or reconnaissance having been established by my order in that direction, from the

time that the first position had been taken up across the Goomtee.

At sunrise on the same day a disposition of troops and heavy guns was made by Sir Edward Lugard, for the attack of Banks' House, which was carried at noon, and secured as a strong military post.

The second part of the plan of attack against the Kaiserbagh now came into operation, viz., to use the great blocks of houses and palaces, extending from Banks' House to the Kaiserbagh, as our approach, instead of sapping up towards the front of the second line of works.

By these means I was enabled to turn the new works towards our own left, at the same time that they were enfiladed on the right by Sir James Outram's advance.

The latter had already received orders to plant his guns with a view to raking the enemy's position, to annoy the Kaiserbagh both with vertical and direct fire, also to attack the suburbs in the vicinity of the Iron and Stone Bridges, shortly after daybreak, and so command the Iron Bridge from the left bank.

All this was carried out by Sir James Outram with the most marked success.

The enemy, however, still held tenaciously to his own end of the Iron Bridge on the right bank, and there was a heavy cannonading from both sides, till the bridge was afterwards taken in reverse.

Sir Edward Lugard's attack on the 11th, was pressed forward in like manner.

The operation had now become one of engineering character, and the most earnest endeavours were made to save the Infantry from being hazarded, before due preparation had been made.

The Chief Engineer, Brigadier Napier, placed the batteries with a view to breaching and shell-

ing a large block of palaces called the Begum Kotee.

The latter was stormed with great gallantry by the 93rd Highlanders, supported by the 4th Punjaub Rifles, and 1,000 Goorkhas, led by Brigadier the Honourable Adrian Hope, under the direction of Brigadier-General Sir Edward Lugard, at 4 P.M.

The troops secured the whole block of buildings, and inflicted a very heavy loss on the enemy, the attack having been one of very desperate character.

This was the sternest struggle which occurred during the siege.

From thenceforward the Chief Engineer pushed his approach with the greatest judgment through the inclosures by the aid of the Sappers and heavy guns, the troops immediately occupying the ground as he advanced, and the mortars being moved from one position to another, as ground was won on which they could be placed.

The buildings to the right, and the Secunder Bagh, were taken in the early morning of the same day without opposition.

During the night of the 12th, Sir James Outram was reinforced with a number of heavy guns and mortars, and directed to increase his fire on the Kaiserbagh, while, at the same time, mortars placed in position at the Begum's house, never ceased to play on the Emambara, the next large palace it was necessary to storm between the Begum Kotee and the Kaiserbagh.

On Brigadier-General Franks, C.B., who had relieved Sir Edward Lugard, and the 2nd Division, with the 4th Division, on the 12th instant, devolved the duty of attacking the Emambara.

A column of attack was formed for that purpose by Brigadier D. Russell, on the morning of the 14th.

In the meantime, the Maharajah Jung Baha-

door, with a force of about 9,000 men, and with twenty-four field guns drawn by men, had arrived, and taken his position in our line on the 12th instant, and moved close to the canal on the 13th.

At my request, his Highness was begged by Brigadier-General Macgregor, C.B., the Special Commissioner attached to him, to pass the canal and attack the suburb in his front, and considerably to the left of Banks' house. To this his Highness acceded with much willingness, and his force was most advantageously employed in thus covering my left for several days, during which, from the nature of our operations, I was obliged to mass all the available strength of the British force towards the right, in the joint attack carried along both banks of the Goomtee.

The Emambara was carried early on the 14th, and the Sikhs of the Ferozepore regiment under Major Brasyer, pressing forward in pursuit, entered the Kaisebragh, the third line of the defences having been turned without a single gun being fired from them.

Supports were quickly thrown in, and all the well-known ground of former defence and attack, the mess-house, the Tara Kotee, the Motee Mehal, and the Chuttur Munzil, were rapidly occupied by the troops, while the engineers devoted their attention to securing the position towards the south and west. The day was one of long and continued exertion, and every one felt that, although much remained to be done before the final expulsion of the rebels, the most difficult part of the undertaking had been overcome.

This is not the place for description of the various buildings successively sapped into or stormed; suffice it to say, that they formed a range of massive palaces and walled courts of vast extent, equalled perhaps, but certainly not surpassed, in any capital in Europe. Every outlet had been

covered by a work, and on every side were prepared barricades and loopholed parapets.

The extraordinary industry evinced by the enemy in this respect has been really unexampled. Hence the absolute necessity for holding the troops in hand, till at each successive move forward the Engineers reported to me, that all which could be effected by Artillery and the Sappers had been done, before the troops were led to the assault.

The 15th instant was employed in securing what had been taken, removing powder, destroying mines, and fixing mortars for the further bombardment of the positions still held by the enemy on the line of our advance up the Goomtee, and in the heart of the city.

Brigadier-General Sir J. Hope Grant, K.C.B., was sent out with Cavalry on one side towards Seetapore to intercept fugitives, while Brigadier Campbell marched with like orders in the direction of Sundeela on a similar duty. They returned on the 17th to their former positions.

On the 16th instant, Sir James Outram, with the 5th Brigade under Brigadier Douglas, supported by two other regiments, Her Majesty's 20th and the regiment of Ferozepore, having crossed over the Goomtee by a bridge of casks opposite the Secunderbagh, advanced, according to order, through the Chutter Munzil to take the Residency.

During the first movements of this operation, a movement of the enemy in retreat across the stone bridge became apparent.

Sir James was ordered to press forward, and he was able, almost without opposition, not only to take the iron bridge in reverse, which was my principal object, but also to advance for more than a mile, and occupy the Muchee Bawun and Great Emambara.

In short, the city was ours.

Brigadier-General Walpole's picquets on the left

bank were attacked by the retreating enemy, who was, as usual, heavily repulsed.

On the 19th a combined movement was organized.

Sir James Outram moved forward directly on the Moosabagh, the last position of the enemy on the line of the Goomtee.

Sir J. Hope Grant cannonaded the latter from the left bank, while Brigadier Campbell, moving right round the western side from the Alumbagh, prevented retreat in that direction.

The rout was now complete, and great loss was inflicted on the enemy by all these columns.

On the 16th, for the last time, the enemy had shown in some strength before Alumbagh, which up to that date was held by only two of our regiments.

Jung Bahadoor was requested to move to his left up the canal, and take the position in reverse from which our position at Alumbagh had been so long annoyed.

This was executed very well by his Highness, and he seized the positions, one after another, with little loss to himself.

The guns of the enemy, which the latter did not stop to take away, fell into his hands.

On the 21st, Sir Edward Lugard was directed to attack a stronghold held by the Moulvie in the heart of the city. This he occupied after a sharp contest, and it now became possible to invite the return of the inhabitants, and to rescue the city from the horrors of this prolonged contest.

Brigadier Campbell, with his Cavalry, attacked the enemy when retreating from the city in consequence of Sir Edward Lugard's advance, inflicting heavy loss, and pursued him for six miles.

I beg to inclose Sir James Outram's own account of his operations, which were removed from my

immediate superintendence, till he re-crossed the Goomtee prior to the attack of the 16th.

It was matter of real gratification to me to be able to entrust the trans-Goomtee operation to this very distinguished officer; and after that had been conducted to my perfect satisfaction, to bring him forward again to put the finishing stroke on the enemy, while the extended position in the town was of necessity held by the troops who had won it. My thanks are eminently due to him, and I trust he will receive them as heartily as they are offered.

I have now the pleasing task of communicating to your Lordship the name of an officer to whom not only I, as Commanding General, but to whom, in truth, the service at large is under great obligation—Major-General Mansfield, the Chief of the Staff, whose labour has been unceasing, whose abilities are of the highest order, and have been of the greatest use to me during this campaign. It is impossible for me to praise this officer too highly, or to recommend him sufficiently to the protection of your Lordship and of the Government.

I desire to draw the particular attention of your Lordship to Brigadier-Generals Franks, C.B., Walpole, Sir J. Hope Grant, K.C.B., and Sir Edward Lugard, K.C.B.

Their divisions have been most admirably commanded, and they have on every occasion amply justified all my expectations.

Brigadier-Generals Walpole and Sir J. Hope Grant were employed more immediately under the direction of Sir James Outram, who speaks in the highest terms of the assistance he received from them.

Sir J. H. Grant's management of his Cavalry and Horse Artillery is always most admirable.

As detailed above, the manner in which the attacks on the main line of operations were directed by Sir Edward Lugard and Brigadier-General Franks reflected the greatest credit on them.

The officers in command of the Cavalry Brigades have proved themselves equal to their high position, and are worthy of your Lordship's favourable consideration.

Brigadier Campbell, in command of the Cavalry on the left, performed his detached duty with much vigilance and judgment. His march round the city on the 19th instant, which was a running fight for the greater part of the day, was a very difficult one.

His pursuit, on the 21st, of the party which broke away, after being driven by Sir Edward Lugard from Saadut Gunge, was highly effective.

Brigadier Hagart has received the marked commendation of Sir J. Hope Grant, and the Brigadiers in command of Infantry Brigades have particularly distinguished themselves under the eyes of their Divisional Commanders:—Brigadier D. Russell, 1st Brigade; Brigadier P. M. M. Guy, 3rd Brigade; Brigadier the Honourable A. Hope, 4th Brigade; Brigadier Douglas, C.B., 5th Brigade; Brigadier Horsford, C.B., 6th Brigade; Brigadier Evelegh, 7th Brigade. And Lieutenant-Colonel Longden. Her Majesty's 10th Foot, attached to the Goorkha Brigade, by order of the Commander-in-chief.

The head-quarters 2nd Brigade, with the 5th Fusiliers, and 78th Highlanders under Brigadier Franklyn, remained at Alumbagh in position, and was well disposed by that officer to resist the enemy's demonstration on the 16th instant.

To Major-General Sir Archdale Wilson, K.C.B., my warmest acknowledgments are due for the effective manner in which he commanded the Artillery Division.

The four Corps, the Naval Brigade, the Royal Artillery, the Bengal Artillery, and the Madras Artillery, worked with the greatest harmony under his happy direction as one regiment.

The merits of Sir Archdale Wilson are too widely known to gain anything by encomium from me, but I may be permitted to express my great satisfaction at having been able to avail myself of the assistance of this most distinguished officer. The effective fire of the Artillery during the long operations which depended so much on the management of that arm, elicited general admiration.

The practice of the 68-pounders of the Naval Brigade was capital, while the Kaiserbagh and other great buildings which had been stormed, showed in a very convincing manner how truly the shells had been directed by the Royal and Bengal Artillery.

Whenever the Field Artillery could be used, the Troops of Horse Artillery, and field batteries of Royal Artillery, the Bengal Artillery, and the Madras Artillery, did the most excellent service.

Sir Archdale Wilson expresses his great obligations to Captain Sir William Peel, K.C.B., R.N., till that most gallant officer was severely wounded; and to Brigadiers Wood, C.B., Royal Horse Artillery, and Barker, C.B., Royal Artillery, respectively commanding the Field and Siege Artillery Brigades.

It would be difficult for me to give an adequate idea of the zeal and activity displayed by the Chief Engineer, Brigadier Napier, Bengal Engineers. Many of the operations depended on his proper appreciation of the obstructions to be overcome, and the means at his disposal for that purpose. His great professional skill and thorough acquaintance with the value of his enemy have been of the greatest service, and I recommend him most cordially to your Lordship's protection. I am under very great obligations to him.

The officers of the great Departments of the army have accompanied me during the siege, and I beg to return them my thanks. They are as follows :—

Major H. W. Norman, Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. Macpherson, Officiating Quartermaster-General of the Army.

Colonel the Honourable W. L. Pakenham, C.B., Officiating Adjutant-General of Her Majesty's Forces.

Captain C. F. Seymour, 84th Regiment, Officiating Quartermaster-General of Her Majesty's Forces.

Captain G. Algood, Officiating Assistant Quartermaster-General of the Army.

Lieutenant-Colonel Keith Young, Judge-Advocate-General of the Army.

Lieutenant P. Stewart, Bengal Engineers, Superintendent of Electric Telegraphs.

Dr. MacAndrew, Inspector-General of Hospitals, Her Majesty's Forces.

Dr. Brown, the Superintending Surgeon of the Force, has again won my sincere thanks for his admirable arrangements.

Captain Fitzgerald, Assistant Commissary-General, who has had the disposition of the Commissariat in the field, has met every want of the army. He has distinguished himself much, and is a credit to his department.

I must draw very particular attention to the services of Major Norman, Deputy Adjutant-General, who, besides his ordinary departmental duties, has performed the very onerous one of Adjutant-General of the army in the field throughout the campaign.

To Captain H. Bruce, Deputy Quartermaster-General, Head of the Intelligence Department, and to Captain G. Algood, Officiating Assistant Quar-

termaster-General, who performed the duties of Quartermaster-General of the army in the field, until the arrival of Lieutenant-Colonel Macpherson. These officers have all been most active in the performance of their duties.

To my personal Staff, and that of Major-General Mansfield, my acknowledgments are due, but more particularly to my Military Secretary, Colonel Sterling, C.B., and to Captain R. G. Hope Johnstone, Bombay Army, Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General to the Chief of the Staff. These two officers are most indefatigable.

A list of the other members of these Staffs is appended.

Finally, I wish to draw your Lordship's attention to the conduct of the regimental officers, commissioned and non-commissioned, and to the men of the regiments.

Their conduct has been very brilliant throughout. The manner in which the 93rd Regiment flung itself into the Begum Kotee, followed by the 4th Sikhs, and supported by the 42nd, was magnificent; and the subsequent attack on the Emambara and the Kaiserbagh reflected the greatest credit on the regimental leaders of the 4th Division, and the soldiers who followed them.

Corrected lists will be sent immediately of the officers and soldiers who are deemed most worthy of distinction in a force in which every one has a claim.

I have, &c.

C. CAMPBELL, General,
Commander-in-chief in India.

No. 3.

The Commander-in-chief to the Governor-General.

Camp, Lucknow,
My Lord, *March* 28, 1858.

I HAVE the honour to report to your Lordship the departure of his Highness Jung Bahadoor from the camp before Lucknow.

I desire to take this opportunity to express my thanks to his Highness for the assistance rendered to me during the late operations by him and his gallant troops.

I found the utmost willingness on his part to accede to any desire of mine during the progress of the siege, and from the first his Highness was pleased to justify his words that he was happy to be serving under my command.

His troops have proved themselves worthy of their commanders, and it will doubtless be a happiness to them hereafter that they were associated with the British arms for the reduction of the great city of Lucknow.

My best thanks are due to the special Commissioner, Brigadier-General Macgregor, C.B., the medium of communication between his Highness and myself.

I beg to recommend him and the British officers serving under his orders to the favourable consideration of your Lordship.

I have, &c,
C. CAMPBELL, General,
Commander-in-chief.

No. 4.

List of the Personal Staff of his Excellency General Sir Colin Campbell, G.C.B., Commander-in-chief in India; and of Major-General W. R. Mansfield, Chief of the Staff.

Head-Quarters Camp, Lucknow, March 22, 1858.

Colonel Sterling, C.B., unattached, Military Secretary to the Commander-in-chief.

Captain Sir David Baird, Bart., Her Majesty's 98th Regiment; Lieutenant F. M. Alison, 72nd Highlanders; and Captain W. F. Forster, 18th Royal Irish, Aides-de-camp to the Commander-in-chief.

Major J. Metcalfe, 3rd Regiment Bengal Native Infantry, Interpreter and Commandant Head-quarters.

Lieutenant R. G. Hope Johnstone, Bombay Army, Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General to Chief of the Staff.

Lieutenant D. M. Murray, Her Majesty's 64th Regiment, and Lieutenant F. R. S. Flood (severely wounded), Her Majesty's 53rd Regiment, Aides-de-camp to the Chief of the Staff.

Surgeon J. Clifford, Officiating Surgeon to the Commander-in-chief.

A. C. STERLING, Colonel,
Military Secretary.

No. 5.

Memorandum of Operations carried on, under the command of Major-General Sir James Outram, G.C.B., during the Siege of Lucknow.

On the morning of the 6th instant, shortly before daybreak, I proceeded, with the force named in the

margin,* to cross the Goomtee river, over the two temporary bridges which had been constructed by the order of his Excellency; the whole of the Cavalry being under the command of Brigadier-General Sir James Hope Grant, K.C.B., the Infantry under that of Brigadier-General Walpole, the Field Artillery under Brigadier D. Wood, C.B., the Siege Artillery, which subsequently joined me, under Lieutenant-Colonel Riddell, R.A. After proceeding a short distance in a northerly direction, the enemy became visible on our left flank, and on being approached by the Cavalry, they were discovered to be in considerable force, chiefly sowars. The 2nd Punjaub Cavalry then attacked on the right, while Major Smith, of the Queen's Bays, with two squadrons of his own regiment, one squadron of the 9th Lancers, and Lieutenant-Colonel D'Aguilar's troop of Horse Artillery, advanced from our left. The enemy were immediately driven back, and pursued to the banks of the river, many being cut up, but I regret to state that in this charge the gallant Major Smith was killed. Our camp was then formed on the Fyzabad road, about half-a-mile in advance of the village of Chinhut, on the Lucknow side; early on the following morning, 7th March, the enemy made a smart attack on our advanced pickets, and brought out several guns under cover of ravines and clumps of trees in our front. They were, however, speedily

* 4th Company Royal Engineers and 254 Bengal Sappers, Lieutenant-Colonel D'Aguilar's Troop Horse Artillery, Captain Mackinnon's Troop, and Captain Remmington's Troop of Bengal Artillery.

2nd Dragoon Guards, 9th Lancers, a detachment of 1st Punjaub Cavalry.

2nd Punjaub Cavalry, a detachment 5th Punjaub Cavalry.

5th Brigade.—23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, 79th Highlanders, 1st Bengal Fusiliers.

6th Brigade.—2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade, 3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade, 2nd Punjaub Infantry.

withdrawn, on our skirmishers and Horse Artillery and Captain Middleton's Field Battery, protected by the Cavalry, coming to the front and opening their fire. The Artillery* practice on this occasion, as on the preceding day, was admirable.

The following day, the 8th instant, under the instructions of his Excellency, Colonel d'Aguilar's troop of Horse Artillery, and the 9th Lancers, re-crossed the river to the head-quarters camp, and the siege guns named in the margin† joined me. Having decided upon an attack on the enemy's position on the next morning, the 9th instant, I caused an entrenchment for eight 24-pounder guns and three 8-inch howitzers to be constructed during the night. The battery was armed, and commenced its fire at daybreak with excellent effect, after which the right column of Infantry, accompanied by Captain Gibbon's field battery, under Brigadier General Walpole, covered with a cloud of skirmishers commanded by Brigadier Horsford, C. B., supported by the 5th Brigade, under Brigadier Douglas, drove the enemy through the jungles, walls, and villages which afforded them an excellent cover, and bringing the right shoulders forward, occupied the Fyzabad road. In the meantime, the left column of attack, composed of the 1st Bengal Fusiliers, supported by two companies of the 79th Highlanders, which had been held in readiness on the left of the battery, together with the Horse Artillery under Brigadier Wood, which had been formed in rear of the bridge across the Kokral, advanced, and in concert with the right column, carried the Chukker Kotee (or Yellow House), the key of the rebel position, in gallant style, and thereby turned the strong line of entrenchment,

* Lieutenant-Colonel D'Aguilar's, C.B., R.A., Captain Remington's, B.A., and Captain Mackinnon's Troop.

† 24-pounder guns, 8; 8-inch howitzers, 4; 8-inch mortars, 10: total, 22.

which had been constructed by the enemy on the right bank of the Goomtee, of which success the skirmishers on the other side of the river, subsequently, were apprised by Lieutenant Butler of the Bengal Fusiliers, who swam across the Goomtee, and climbing the parapet, remained in that position for a considerable time under heavy fire of musketry, until the work was occupied. After the occupation of the Chukker Kothee, we drove the enemy rapidly through the old Irregular Cavalry lines and suburbs to the Padshah Bagh. The fortified gates of this strong walled inclosure were blown open, and the garden occupied, and two guns found by our troops. Three guns and a howitzer were then placed in position to enfilade the works in the rear of the Martiniere, a battery of two 24-pounder guns, and two 8-inch howitzers, was placed near the river to keep down the fire from the town. A battery for five mortars was constructed during the night, and in the morning commenced playing on the Kaiserbagh. Four heavy guns were also placed in a work thrown up by the enemy at the east entrance into the Padshah Bagh.

On the 10th, we were occupied in strengthening our position, the enemy being in force in the suburbs in our front, from which they made an attack in considerable numbers on a picket held by the 79th Highlanders, but were repulsed with heavy loss. General Sir James Hope Grant occupied himself the while in patrolling the vicinity, during which operation a most valuable young officer, Major Sandford, of the 5th Punjaub Irregular Cavalry, was unfortunately killed, but the enemy suffered severely.

During this night, another battery was constructed in the Padshah Bagh for four 24-pounders, two 8-inch howitzers, and five 8-inch mortars, which kept up a vertical and direct fire on the

defences in the interior of the Kaiserbagh. Two more 24-pounders were also brought to bear on the mess-house, and on the Kaiserbagh, in compliance with the instructions of his Excellency. I made arrangements to attack the suburbs in the vicinity of the iron and stone bridges, and shortly after daylight on the 11th instant, the right column as per margin,* formed on the Fyzabad road under the immediate command of Brigadier-General Walpole, and worked its way, covered by its skirmishers, through the town, until it reached the Mosque, on the old cantonment road, which commands the approach to the iron bridge.

The left column, as per margin,† proceeded along the lower road towards the iron bridge. These two columns were connected by a strong chain of skirmishers, which, as well as the left column, met with considerable opposition, as the enemy opened three guns on them from the opposite side of the river, and also held the ground in great strength in front of the rifle skirmishers, commanded by Brevet-Major Warren, Captains Wilmot and Thynne, and Lieutenant Grey, who all behaved most gallantly. Captain Thynne, a most promising officer, I regret to say, was mortally wounded. This column occupied the houses down to the river's bank, and the head of the iron bridge, to the right of which, the two 24-pounder guns were placed in battery. The spirit and dash of the men during this critical operation was most remarkable, and merits my highest commendation. Lieutenant Moorsom, Deputy-Assistant Quartermaster-General, who had been deputed by me to guide the column, was killed

* 79th Highlanders; 2nd and 3rd Battalions Rifle Brigade; 1st Bengal Fusiliers; Captain Gibbon's Light Field Battery, and two 24-pounders.

† Two 24-pounder guns, three field battery guns, Royal Artillery, 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, 2nd Punjaub Infantry, under command of Lieutenant-Colonel Pratt.

on the spot, while reconnoitering on the opposite side of the road. I deplore sincerely the loss of this most gallant and promising young officer, whose soldier-like zeal and acquirements rendered nim an ornament to his profession.

Having left the Bengal Fusiliers posted in the Mosque on the Cantonment Road, I proceeded with the remainder of the right column in that direction, and shortly afterwards met Sir J. H. Grant's Cavalry and Horse Artillery, which in the meantime had been operating on the extreme right. Turning now towards the Stone Bridge, we surprised the camp of the rebel 15th Irregular Horse, whose standards and two guns were captured by the Rifles; the enemy flying in all directions over the plain, many being cut up by our Cavalry.

I then penetrated to the head of the Stone Bridge, through the strong and dense suburbs, without encountering any material opposition. The enemy, however, were able to command it with guns, as well as with musketry, from the tops of several high and strong stone houses, from the opposite side of the river, and the position was, moreover, too distant, and the approaches too intricate, to warrant my holding it permanently with the force at my disposal. I therefore withdrew to the Mosque at the cross road, already occupied by the Bengal Fusiliers, our route being through suburbs in which we destroyed a quantity of munitions of war, and finally we retired to camp, when the arrangements for the occupation of the iron bridge had been completed.

During the nights of the 12th and 13th, having been reinforced by four 18-pounder guns, two 10-inch howitzers, five 10-inch mortars and four $5\frac{1}{2}$-inch mortars, three batteries were erected, from which five 10-inch mortars, ten 8-inch mortars, four 24-pounder guns, were brought to bear upon

the Kaiserbagh, on the fall of which, on the morning of the 14th, the guns and mortars were turned on the Residency, and the buildings to the right of the bridge. During this operation Lieutenant Cuthbert, of the Royal Artillery, brought himself prominently to notice by extinguishing a fire in a small building in front of his battery, in a very dangerous and exposed position. The operations, connected with a breastwork across the Iron Bridge, were conducted by Lieutenant Wynne, R. E., and Serjeant Paul, who displayed great coolness and resolution in the face of a heavy and continual fire.

Having been ordered to join his Excellency's camp, my operations on the north side of the Goomtee were here brought to a close.

Our casualties during these proceedings amounted to 5 officers killed, and 9 wounded, and the loss in men, including serjeants, was 21 killed, and 104 wounded; total 26 killed, and 113 wounded. With the exception of the officers, the above statement of casualties does not include the Cavalry Division; General Sir J. H. Grant having been ordered off into the district, neither his casualty list nor his notice of his officers has been received. From the peculiar nature of the fighting, the actual loss of the enemy is difficult to ascertain. But I cannot estimate it at less than 2,000 throughout the whole operations.

On the 16th instant, under instructions from his Excellency, I proceeded to the Kaiserbagh, where I found the 5th Brigade, under the command of Brigadier Douglas, C. B., comprising the 23rd Fusiliers, the 79th Highlanders, and the 1st Bengal Fusiliers, to which his Excellency had added Her Majesty's 20th Regiment, and the Ferozepore Regiment of Sikhs.

Vast numbers of the enemy having been seen

crossing the Stone Bridge from the city, apparently with the design of attacking Brigadier-General Walpole's camp, on the north of the Gomtee, his Excellency ordered me to press our movement. I immediately ordered the advance, and took possession of the Residency, with little opposition, the 23rd Fusiliers charging through the gateway, and driving the enemy before them at the point of the bayonet, the remainder of the Brigade following them in reserve.

The enemy having been dislodged from the Residency, two companies of the 23rd, under Lieutenant-Colonel Bell, accompanied by Captain Gould Weston, who pointed out the road, pressed rapidly forward, and captured the brass gun, which was in position to sweep the Iron Bridge, after some opposition. In the meanwhile the Residency height was crowned by a field battery of Madras Artillery, under the command of Major Cotter, which kept up a heavy fire on the Muchhee Bhowun. This battery was subsequently withdrawn, and replaced by two 68-pounder guns of the Naval Brigade. On their arrival, the Bengal Fusiliers moved to the Iron Bridge, and shortly afterwards advanced, together with the Regiment of Ferozepore, and took the Muchhee Bhowun and the Imambarah, the enemy precipitately retiring and abandoning six guns. One company of the Fusiliers, under Captain Salisbury, was pushed on to the Roomi-durwaza Gate, where another gun was captured. The 79th were then brought up to occupy the Imambarah, and the remainder of the Bengal Fusiliers were placed in the Muchhee Bhowun.

On the morning of the 17th, Brigadier Douglas caused the Hoseinabad Mosque and the Dowlut-khana, in which two guns and a small mortar were found, to be occupied by a company of the 79th Highlanders. About 1 P. M., with the force named

in the margin,* I moved towards the block of buildings known as Shurfooddowlah's house, having previously occupied the entrance to the Chowk, with three Companies of the 79th Highlanders.

On arriving at the Juma Musjid, nine cart-loads of powder were found in a court-yard in the rear, which impeded our progress. I, therefore, directed it to be destroyed under the supervision of the Engineers. I regret, however, to have to state that from some accidental cause the powder ignited.

Captain Clarke, R. E., and Lieutenant Brownlow, B. E., who had greatly distinguished themselves, have since died from the effects of the explosion, in whose melancholy death the service has sustained a heavy loss, which I sincerely deplore. About thirty men shared their fate, and the rest of the working party were more or less injured.

I then sent two companies of the 79th Highlanders, with one 8-inch howitzer, to take possession of Shurfooddowlah's house, which was occupied without any casualty, the enemy precipitately retreating, although they had made every preparation for a vigorous defence. An iron gun and a brass gun, with an ammunition waggon, together with several small guns, all in position, were captured.

I then reinforced the three companies of the 79th in the Chowk, with five companies of the 20th Regiment, and completed the chain of communication.

On the 18th, Brigadier Douglas ordered Lieutenant Gordon, commanding a picket of the 20th, to clear the houses in his front, which he effected

* Captain Middleton's field battery.—Two 8-inch howitzers; 1 company of Native Sappers; 1 wing of Her Majesty's 20th Foot; 1 ditto 23rd; 1 ditto 79th; Brasyer's Sikhs,

much to the Brigadier's satisfaction, killing 23 of the enemy.

The Stone Bridge was found to be undermined, and the circumstance reported to his Excellency.

On the morning of the 19th, under instructions from his Excellency, I proceeded to attack the Moosa Bagh, the force named in the margin* being assembled for that purpose.

At about half-past 6 A.M., I proceeded to Gao Ghat, and found Ali Nuki Khan's house occupied by the enemy, who opened a sharp fire of musketry on the head of the column : two companies of the 79th, led by Lieutenant Everett, being ordered to advance, soon drove the enemy out, and took possession of it. Considerable delay here took place, in consequence of having to break through a thick wall, during which time I ordered up a wing of the Bengal Fusiliers to occupy the house.

The troops then advanced through the suburbs without opposition towards Moosa Bagh, which position the enemy was reported to occupy with thirteen guns, and 5,000 or 6,000 men.

On arriving on the open ground, two guns were opened on the column, and the enemy appeared in great strength on the road. I immediately ordered out skirmishers from the 79th and 23rd, and Captain Middleton's battery to the front, whose fire soon silenced that of the enemy, during which time the Lancers made a flank movement to the enemy's left, and on our advance their whole force took to flight, abandoning their guns; on finding which I sent to order back the heavy guns under escort of the three companies of the 20th Regiment, as being no longer required

* Two squadrons 9th Lancers; 1 company Royal Engineers; 1 ditto Native Sappers; 1 field battery, Captain Middleton's; two 8-pounders, two 8-inch howitzers, four 8-inch mortars, under Captain Carleton, B.A.; three companies 20th Regiment; seven ditto 23rd Regiment; 79th Highlanders; 2nd Punjaub Infantry.

The two sqaudrons of the 9th Lancers followed up the pursuit for about four miles, when they overtook the enemy, captured six guns, and killed about a hundred of them, the rest dispersing over the country, and escaping by the aid of the nullahs and broken features of the country. The conduct of the officers and men of the 9th was most gallant, as they undauntedly charged masses of the enemy.

The Field Artillery and Infantry followed in support as rapidly as possible, and captured four more guns, making in all twelve, which I believe to be the total possessed by the enemy, no trace of the reported thirteenth gun being observable.

I then occupied the Moosa Bagh with the 2nd Punjaub Infantry, under Major Green, and withdrew the rest of the troops to their quarters in the city.

Throughout the course of these operations, which were very laborious, the cheerfulness and zeal of both officers and men were most conspicuous, and merit my warmest thanks.

I have to express my particular acknowledgments to Brigadier-General Walpole, who afforded me on every occasion the most cordial support, and very ably carried out the operations which fell to his share; also to Brigadier-General Sir James Hope Grant, commanding the Cavalry, whose vigilance and activity in the execution of his onerous duties, were unceasing.

Brigadier Wood, C.B., commanding the field batteries, and Lieutenant-Colonel Riddell, commanding the siege-train, carried on their respective duties to my entire satisfaction. The services of Lieutenant-Colonel Turner, Bengal Artillery, specially attached to the force, were of the highest value to me, and I beg to tender him my cordial acknowledgment for the same.

It is a source of much gratification to me to submit the names of those officers engaged in the

operations on the north bank of the Goomtee, who have been honourably mentioned by Brigadier-General Walpole and their respective commanders, viz.: Brigadiers Horsford, C.B., and Douglas, commanding 5th and 6th Brigades, Lieutenant-Colonel Hill, commanding 2nd battalion Rifle Brigade, Lieutenant-Colonel Macdonald, C. B., commanding 3rd battalion Rifle Brigade, Captain Gibbon, Royal Artillery, who commanded the 9-pounder field battery.

The Brigadier-General also particularly notices the conduct of Captain Barwell, Deputy-Assistant Adjutant-General, and Captain Carey, Deputy-Assistant Quartermaster-General; also that of Captain Warner, Aide-de-camp, and Lieutenant Eccles, his orderly officer.

The Brigadiers wish to record the services of their respective Staffs:—Captain Macpherson, 78th Highlanders (wounded), Brigade-Major of the 5th Brigade, Brevet-Major Mollan, Brigade-Major 6th Brigade, and Brevet-Major Ross, and Lieutenant Walker, their orderly officers.

Brigadier Wood, C.B., favourably mentions the conduct and professional knowledge of Lieutenant-Colonel Turner, Lieutenant-Colonel D'Aguilar, Major Yates, Brevet-Major Pennycuick, Captain Gibbon, Captain Mackinnon, Captain Remmington, and Captain Johnston; he also notices the assistance he received from Captain Frith, his Brigade-Major, and Captain Scott, in charge of the Commissariat arrangements.

Lieutenant-Colonel Riddell, commanding Siege Train, eulogizes Captains Thring, Goodenough, and Walker, R.A., Captain Pearson and Lieutenant Simeon, B.A., and Lieutenants Cuthbert and FitzMaurice, R.A., and Major Turner and Captain Young, Staff officers.

Major Nicholson, R.E., highly applauds the

energy displayed by the officers of that department, viz., Lieutenants Malcolm, Wynne, Swetenham, and Keith, R.E., and Lieutenants Watson, Tennant, Hovenden, and Nuthall, B.E.

Lieutenant-Colonel Wells records the services of Major Bruce, Captains Prevost, Duff, and Norton, of the 23rd Fusiliers.

I have next to notice the services of the officers engaged on the south of city side of the river.

Brigadier Napier, Captain Hutchinson, Brigade-Major, and Lieutenant Greathed, of the Engineers, afforded me, on different occasions, the greatest assistance by their professional advice, and I tender them my cordial thanks; they were ably seconded by Lieutenant Tulloch and Mr. May, attached to that department.

Major Brasyer led his Sikhs with his usual gallantry, and, I regret to add, was severely wounded.

My thanks are also due to Captain Bennett, commanding Her Majesty's 20th Regiment.

Captain Coles, in command of two squadrons of the 9th Lancers, did good service in pursuing the enemy when they abandoned their position in the Moosa Bagh. On this occasion, the local knowledge of Captain Carey, Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General, of the 3rd Division, was of much use to me. Captain Dodgson, Assistant Adjutant-General, Captain Gordon, Deputy Judge Advocate-General, and Ensign Hewitt, 41st Regiment Native Infantry, orderly officer, were present at the occupation of the Moosa Bagh, having joined me from Alum Bagh, where they had been of much service in their respective appointments.

I have, lastly, to bring to his Excellency's consideration, the services of those officers who had the good fortune to be engaged in all the operations on both sides of the river.

Brigadier Douglas has carried out all his instructions with signal ability and success, and deserves my cordial acknowledgments, as does Major Nicholson, R.E., who evinced the most indefatigable industry in the construction of the heavy batteries which it fell to his department to execute, and in choosing sites for which he was constantly exposed to a very heavy fire.

Lieutenant-Colonel Wells commanded the 23rd Fusiliers until incapacitated by illness (on the last day's operation) when the command was assumed by Lieutenant-Colonel Pratt, who also commanded the left column of attack on the 11th instant across the river. Lieutenant-Colonel Taylor was in command of the 79th Highlanders, Major Green, Punjaub Rifles, and Captain Cunliffe commanded the 1st Bengal Fusiliers, until the arrival of Captain Hume, who also deserves my thanks. Captain Middleton commanded the field battery, which was actively engaged throughout.

Brigadier Douglas mentions, with approbation, Captain Stevenson, Acting Brigade-Major, and Lieutenants Walker, 79th, and Utteton, 23rd Fusiliers, his Aide-de-camp and orderly officer.

I have the highest pleasure in acknowledging how much I am indebted to the officers of my personal Staff.

His Excellency is already aware of the opinion I have formed of the merits and services of Colonel Berkeley, Her Majesty's 32nd Regiment, my Military Secretary; and the assistance I have derived from him throughout these operations is an additional obligation I am under to this most deserving officer.

Captain Chamier, Aide-de-camp, and Lieutenant Hargood, Aide-de-camp (horse killed), have worked with the unremitting zeal and activity which has characterized their conduct in all the operations in

which I have been engaged since I left Allahabad in September last.

Captain Weston, 65th Regiment Native Infantry, orderly officer, has signalized himself by the spirit and gallantry which he has displayed on several occasions, and has been of much use to me.

Captains Orr and Bunbury, of the Intelligence Department, have performed their duties with great ability, and Mr. Denison, Civil Service, who recently brought up despatches from the Governor-General, accompanied the forces, and was most active and zealous in rendering aid to the poor sufferers who were blown up in the explosion on the 17th instant.

Mr. Kavanagh, Assistant-Commissioner, from his knowledge of the localities, rendered good service on several occasions.

J. OUTRAM, Major-General,
Commanding the 1st Division of the Army.

No. 6.

Nominal Roll of Officers Killed and Wounded in the Army, under the command of His Excellency the Commander-in-chief, from the 2nd to the 21st of March inclusive.

(See "Gazette," May 4, 1858.)

No. 7.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing in the Army under the command of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, from the 2nd to the 21st March, 1858.

Head Quarters, Camp Lucknow,
March 26, 1858.

General Staff—1 European Officer wounded.

Artillery Division.

Naval Brigade.

H.M.'s Ship Shannon—1 European officer, 1 rank and file, killed; 1 European officer, 13 rank and file, wounded.

Brigade of Field Artillery.

F. Troop, Royal Horse Artillery—2 rank and file, wounded.

2nd Troop, 1st Brigade, Bengal Horse Artillery—1 rank and file, wounded.

3rd Troop, 3rd Brigade, Bengal Horse Artillery—2 horses killed; 1 European officer, 1 rank and file, 2 horses, wounded.

5th Company 12th Battalion Royal Artillery—1 rank and file, 1 horse, killed; 9 rank and file, 1 horse, wounded.

Brigade of Siege Artillery.

Brigade Staff - 1 European officer, killed.

8th Company, 2nd Battalion, Royal Artillery—3 rank and file, wounded.

3rd Company, 8th Battalion, Royal Artillery—1 rank and file, killed; 1 European officer, 2 rank and file, wounded.

6th Company, 11th Battalion, Royal Artillery—2 rank and file, killed; 1 European officer, 5 rank and file, wounded.

6th Company, 13th Battalion, Royal Artillery—1 rank and file killed; 3 rank and file, wounded.

3rd Company, 14th Battalion, Royal Artillery—1 rank and file, killed; 5 rank and file, wounded.

3rd Company, 5th Battalion, Bengal Artillery—1 rank and file, wounded.

Engineer Brigade.

23rd Company, Royal Engineers—1 European officer, 13 rank and file, killed; 1 rank and file, wounded.

Bengal Sappers and Miners—1 European officer, 2 rank and file, killed ; 2 European officers, 4 rank and file, wounded.

Punjaub Sappers—4 rank and file killed ; 1 European officer, 2 native officers, 23 rank and file, wounded ; 4 rank and file, missing.

Delhi Pioneers—6 rank and file, wounded.

Brigade Staff—1 European officer, killed.

Cavalry Division.

1st Cavalry Brigade.

Brigade Staff—1 European officer, wounded.

H.M.'s 9th Lancers—1 rank and file, 1 horse, killed ; 1 European officer, 4 rank and file, 3 horses, wounded ; 1 rank and file, 7 horses, missing.

2nd Punjaub Cavalry—9 rank and file, 17 horses, wounded ; 4 horses missing.

Detachment 5th Punjaub Cavalry—1 European officer, 3 horses, killed ; 6 rank and file, 1 horse, wounded.

1st Seikh Irregular Cavalry—1 European officer, 2 rank and file, killed ; 4 European officers, 1 native officer, 7 rank and file, 13 horses, wounded ; 2 horses missing.

2nd Cavalry Brigade.

H.M.'s 2nd Dragoon Guards—1 European officer, 2 rank and file, 5 horses, killed ; 1 European officer, 5 rank and file, 16 horses, wounded ; 1 rank and file, 18 horses, missing.

H.M.'s 7th Hussars—3 European officers, 2 rank and file, 5 horses, wounded.

Hodson's Horse—2 rank and file, 1 horse, killed ; 1 European officer, 1 native officer, 7 rank and file, 5 horses, wounded ; 1 rank and file, 1 horse, missing.

Pathan Horse—1 rank and file, killed.

1st Infantry Division.

1st Infantry Brigade.

Divisional Staff—1 European officer killed.
H.M.'s 5th Fusiliers—1 European officer, 3 rank and file, wounded.

2nd Infantry Brigade.

H.M.'s 78th Highlanders--1 rank and file, wounded.
H.M.'s 90th Light Infantry—3 rank and file, killed ; 28 rank and file, wounded ; 1 rank and file, missing.
Regiment of Ferozepore—1 European officer, 2 native officers, 5 rank and file, killed ; 1 European officer, 45 rank and file, wounded ; 3 rank and file missing.

2nd Infantry Division.

Divisional Staff—1 European officer, wounded.

3rd Infantry Brigade.

H.M.'s 34th Regiment—4 rank and file, wounded
H.M.'s 38th Regiment—1 rank and file, killed ; 3 European officers, 22 rank and file, wounded.
H.M.'s 53rd Regiment—1 rank and file, killed ; 2 European officers, wounded.

4th Infantry Brigade.

H.M.'s 42nd Royal Highlanders—5 rank and file, killed ; 1 European officer, 39 rank and file, wounded.
H.M.'s 93rd Highlanders—2 European officers, 12 rank and file, killed ; 2 European officers, 59 rank and file, wounded ; 1 rank and file, missing.
4th Punjaub Rifles—8 rank and file, killed ; 4 European officers, 30 rank and file, wounded.

3rd Infantry Division.

5th Infantry Brigade.

Brigade Staff—1 European officer, wounded.

H.M.'s 23rd Fusiliers—4 rank and file, killed; 3 European officers, 25 rank and file, wounded.

H.M.'s 79th Highlanders—7 rank and file, killed; 2 European officers, 21 rank and file, wounded.

1st European Bengal Fusiliers—8 rank and file, killed; 3 European officers, 21 rank and file, wounded.

6th Infantry Brigade.

2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade—1 European officer, killed; 1 European officer, 13 rank and file, wounded.

3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade—1 European officer, 6 rank and file, wounded.

2nd Punjaub Infantry—1 European officer, 1 Native officer, 7 rank and file, killed; 1 European officer, 32 rank and file, wounded.

4th Infantry Division.

Divisional Staff—1 European officer, killed; 2 European officers wounded.

7th Infantry Brigade.

H.M.'s 10th Regiment—4 rank and file, killed; 1 European officer, 23 rank and file, wounded.

H.M.'s 20th Regiment—7 rank and file, killed; 2 European officers, 28 rank and file, wounded.

H.M.'s 97th Regiment—1 European officer, 2 rank and file, killed; 21 rank and file, wounded; 1 rank and file, missing.

Total—16 European officers, 3 native officers, 108 rank and file, 13 horses, killed; 51 European officers, 4 Native officers, 540 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, 63 horses, wounded; 13 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, 32 horses, missing.

Grand Total — 127 officers and men, 13 horses, killed ; 595 officers and men, 63 horses, wounded ; 13 officers and men, 32 horses, missing.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 8.

Return of Ordnance captured from the Enemy during the Operations at Lucknow, by the Army under His Excellency Sir Colin Campbell, G.C.B., Commander-in-Chief.

Camp Lucknow, March 24th, 1858.

Ordnance Iron Guns.

No. 1, 18-pounder, 41 cwt., British manufacture, native carriage.

No. 1, 18-pounder, 41 cwt., British manufacture, two feet knocked off muzzle.

No. 2, 12-pounder, 14 cwt., foreign manufacture.

No. 1, 9-pounder, 17 cwt., 2 lb., British manufacture, trunnions attached by a hoop round the gun.

No. 3, 9-pounder, 12 cwt., foreign manufacture, one burst at muzzle.

No. 1, 8-pounder, 10 cwt., foreign manufacture, trunnions attached by a hoop round the gun.

No. 1, 7-pounder, 9 cwt., foreign manufacture.

No. 1, 6-pounder, 7 cwt., foreign manufacture, dismounted.

No. 1, 6-pounder, 7 cwt. 1qr. 12 lbs., British manufacture, native carriage.

No. 1, 6-pounder, 16 cwt., foreign manufacture, hooped and burst half foot from muzzle.

No. 2, 6-pounder, 6 cwt, foreign manufacture, trunnions attached by hoops round the gun.

No. 1, 5-pounder, 14 cwt., foreign manufacture.
No. 2, 4-pounder, 5 cwt., foreign manufacture.
No. 1, 3-pounder, 4 cwt., foreign manufacture.
No. 2, 3-pounder, 3 cwt., foreign manufacture.
No. 3, 2-pounder, 4 cwt., foreign manufacture, one is iron hooped.
No. 1, 1¼-pounder, 3 cwt., foreign manufacture.
No. 17, 1-pounder and under, various, all foreign manufacture.
No. 1, ordnance iron 8 inch howitzer, 21 cwt., British manufacture.
No. 1, ordnance iron 12-pounder carronade, 10 cwt., British manufacture.

Ordnance Brass Guns.

No. 1, 32-pounder, 80 cwt., foreign, Vent bouche spring, "Lord Cornwallis" engraved on 1st reinforce ring, "Claude Martin, Lucknow, 1786," on base ring.
No. 2, 18-pounder, 50 cwt., foreign, "Claude Martin."
No. 1, 18-pounder, 40 cwt., foreign, burst.
No. 2, 15-pounder, 40 cwt., foreign, both bearing the Dolphin Crest raised on 1st reinforce, and inscribed "Sirkar Ihnas Bahadoor."
No. 1, 12-pounder, 14 cwt., foreign manufacture.
No. 5, 9-pounder, 10 cwt., British manufacture.
No. 4, 9-pounder, from 10 to 6 cwt., foreign manufacture, two of them are unfinished and dismounted.
No. 2, 6-pounder, 6 cwt., foreign manufacture, "Claude Martin" engraved on base ring, vent bouching blown out.
No. 1, 6-pounder, 6 cwt., foreign manufacture, "Claude Martin" engraved on base ring, vent bouching blown out.

No. 3, 6-pounder, 7 cwt., foreign manufacture, dismounted and unfinished.
No. 4, 5-pounder, 6 cwt., foreign manufacture, 1½ feet blown off muzzle of one.
No. 1, 4-pounder, 4 cwt., foreign manufacture, hooped trunnions.
No. 8, 2-pounder, 5 cwt., foreign manufacture, one burst at breech.
No. 1, 1¼-pounder, 3 cwt., foreign manufacture.
No. 11, 1-pounder and under, various, foreign manufacture.
No. 1, 24-pounder howitzer, 10 cwt., "Coates, Ferozepore."
No. 1, 24-pounder howitzer, 9 cwt. 3 qrs. 9 lb., British manufacture.
No. 1, 13-inch mortar, 15 cwt., foreign manufacture.
No. 1, 11-inch mortar, 11 cwt., foreign manufacture.
No. 2, 10-inch mortar, 6 cwt., foreign manufacture.
No. 1, 8-inch mortar, 5 cwt., foreign manufacture.
No. 1, 5½-inch mortar, 2 cwt. 1 qr. 16 lbs., British manufacture, "Sherwood Fort William."
No. 1, 4 7-10th-inch mortar, 1 qr., foreign manufacture.
No. 1, 3 7-10th-inch mortar, 2 qrs., foreign manufacture.

Captured by the Goorkha Force.

No. 1, 18-pounder, 20 cwt. 2 qrs., foreign manufacture, "Claude Martin."
No. 2, 9-pounder, 9 cwt. 3 qrs., British manufacture, one of them hooped 1½ feet from muzzle.
No. 1, 6-pounder, 8 cwt., foreign manufacture, chase knocked off.

No. 1, 6-pounder, 5 cwt. 3 qrs. 27 lb., British manufacture, muzzle much drooped.
No. 1, 3-pounder, 6 cwt., foreign manufacture.
No. 1, 24-pounder howitzer, 9 cwt., 3 qrs. 10 lb., British manufacture, muzzle cut off and hooped.
No. 1, 9-pounder, ordnance iron gun, 20 cwt., British manufacture.
No. 1, 6-pounder, ordnance iron gun, 16 cwt. 2 qrs. 26 lb., British manufacture, trunnions hooped.
No. 2, 4-pounder, ordnance iron gun, 10 cwt., foreign manufacture, trunnions hooped.
No. 1, ½ pounder, ordnance iron gun, 1 qr., foreign manufacture, trunnions hooped.

Total number captured, 113.

14 Guns have been captured since this return was prepared.

TOD BROWN, Lieutenant,
Commissary of Ordnance with the Army.

No. 9.

Present state of the Army in the Field, under the personal command of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

Head-Quarters, Camp before Lucknow, March 2, 1858.

Artillery Division.

Naval Brigade (Her Majesty's ship Shannon)—European officers 26, rank and file 405, total 431.
Field Artillery Brigade—European officers 43, rank and file 757, total 800, horses 930.
Siege Artillery Brigade—European officers 18, rank and file 364, total 382.

Grand Total—European officers 87, rank and file 1526, total 1613, horses 930.

Engineer Brigade.

Royal Engineers—European officers 16, rank and file 201, total 217.

Bengal Engineers—European officers 24, native officers 13, rank and file 212, total 249.

Madras Sappers—European officers 1, total 1.

Punjaub Pioneers—European officers 6, native officers 20, rank and file 755, total 781.

Delhi Pioneers (unarmed)—European officers 3, native officers 8, rank and file 743, total 754.

Grand Total—European officers 50, Native officers 41, rank and file 1911, total 2002.

CAVALRY DIVISION.

1st Cavalry Brigade.

H.M.'s 9th Lancers—European officers 20, rank and file 434, total 454, horses 482.

2nd Battalion Military Train—European officers 12, rank and file 198, total 210, horses 213.

1st Seikh Irregular Cavalry (Wale's Horse)—European officers 8, native officers 15, rank and file 443, total 466, horses 441.

2nd Punjaub Cavalry—European officers 8, native officers 20, rank and file 492, total 520, horses 572.

Detachment 5th Punjaub Cavalry—European officers 4, native officers 4, rank and file 83, total 91, horses 99.

Detachment 12th Irregular Cavalry and Oude Irregular Cavalry—European officers 1, Native officers 6, rank and file 62, total 69, horses 44.

2nd Cavalry Brigade.

H.M.'s 2nd Dragoon Guards—European officers 29, rank and file 442, total 471, horses 448.

H. M.'s 7th Hussars—European officers 30, rank and file 392, total 422, horses 413.

Volunteer Cavalry—European officers 9, rank and file 50, total 59, horses 62.

Detachment 1st Punjaub Cavalry — European officers 4, Native officers 4, rank and file 100, total 108, horses 106.

Hodson's Horse—European officers 7, Native officers 12, rank and file 724, total 743, horses 707.

Grand Total—European officers 132, native officers 61, rank and file 3420, total 3613, horses 3587.

1st Infantry Division.

1st Brigade.

H.M.'s 5th Fusiliers—European offiers 22, rank and file 512, total 534.

H.M.'s 84th Regiment — European officers 22, rank and file 643, total 665.

1st Madras Fusiliers—European officers 33, rank and file 456, total 489.

2nd Brigade.

H.M.'s 78th Highlanders—European officers 18, rank and file 501, total 519.

H.M.'s 90th Light Infantry — European officers 34, rank and file 702, total 736.

Regiment of Ferozepore — European officers 3, native officers 20, rank and file 300, total 323.

2nd Infantry Division.

3rd Brigade.

H.M.'s 34th Regiment — European officers 39, rank and file 533, total 572.

H.M.'s 38th Regiment — European officers 48, rank and file 938, total 986.

H.M.'s 53rd Regiment—European officers 35, rank and file 776, total 811.

4th Brigade.

H.M.'s 42nd Royal Highlanders—European officers 46, rank and file 833, total 879.

H.M.'s 93rd Royal Highlanders—European officers 36, rank and file 900, total 936.

4th Punjaub Rifles—European officers 9, native officers 10, rank and file 451, total 470.

3RD INFANTRY DIVISION.

5th Brigade.

H.M.'s 23rd Fusiliers—European officers 54, rank and file 825, total 879.

H.M.'s 79th Highlanders—European officers 40, rank and file 868, total 908.

1st Bengal Fusiliers—European officers 30, rank and file 546, total 576.

6th Brigade.

H.M.'s 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade—European officers 37, rank and file 756, total 793.

H.M.'s 3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade—European officers 43, rank and file 834, total 877.

2nd Punjaub Infantry—European officers 9, native officers 15, rank and file 566, total 590.

Total—European officers 558, native officers 45, rank and file 11940, total 12543.

Grand Total—European officers 827, native officers 147, rank and file 18797, total 19771, horses 4517.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 10.

Abstract of Effectives.

Artillery—European officers 87, rank and file 1526, total 1613, horses 930.

Engineers (754 unarmed pioneers included)—European officers 50, native officers 41, rank and file 1911, total 2002.

Cavalry—European officers 132, native officers 61, rank and file 3420, total 3613, horses 3587.

Infantry—European officers 558, native officers 45, rank and file 11940, total 12543.

Total—European officers 827, native officers 147, rank and file 18797, total 19771, horses 4517.

Grand Total—European and native officers and men 19771, horses 4517.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 11.

Present State of the Field Force under command of Brigadier-General T. H. Franks, C.B.

Camp before Lucknow, March 4, 1858.

Artillery.

8th Company, 2nd Battalion, Royal Artillery—European officers 4, rank and file 49, total 53.

6th Company, 13th Battalion, Royal Artillery—European officers 8, rank and file 126, total 134, horses 111.

4th Company, 5th Battalion, Bengal Artillery—European officers 1, rank and file 26, total 27.

Detail of a Company, 3rd Battalion, Madras Artillery—European officers 4, rank and file 126, total 130, horses 82.

Total—European officers 17, rank and file 327, total 344, horses 193.

Cavalry.

Detachment Benares Horse—Native officers 3, rank and file 82, total 85, horses 70.

Detached Lahore Light Horse—European officers 11, rank and file 122, total 133, horses 141.

Detachment Pathan Horse—European officers 2, native officers 3, rank and file 104, total 109, horses 88.

Detachment 3rd Sikh Irregular Cavalry—Native officers 5, rank and file 211, total 216, horses 118.

Total—European officers 13, native officers 11, rank and file 519, total 543, horses 417.

British Infantry.

H.M.'s 10th Regiment—European officers 31, rank and file 667, total 698.

H.M.'s 20th Regiment—European officers 31, rank and file 645, total 676.

H.M.'s 97th Regiment—European officers 38, rank and file 575, total 613.

*Goorkhas.**

Infantry and Artillery, 6 Battalions—European officers 10, native officers 96, rank and file 2913, total 3019.

Total—European officers 110, native officers 96, rank and file 4800, total 5006.

Grand Total—European officers 140, native officers 107, rank and file 5646, total 5893, horses 610.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 12.

Abstract of Effectives.

Artillery—European officers 17, rank and file 327, total 344, horses 193.

* The Goorkhas were withdrawn from General Franks, and joined the Maha Rajah Jung Bahadoor's Force, on the Maha Rajah's arrival.

Cavalry—European officers 13, native officers 11, rank and file 519, total 543, horses 417.

Infantry—European officers 110, native officers 96, rank and file 4800, total 5006.

Total—European officers 140, native officers 107, rank and file 5646, total 5893, horses 610.

Grand Total—Officers and men 5893, horses 610.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 13.

Roll of Officers who have served under Brigadier R. Napier, commanding Engineer Brigade, during the operations at Lucknow, in March, 1858, and who are deemed deserving of Honourable Mention.

Royal Engineers.

Colonel Harness, commanding Royal Engineers, in charge of the arrangement for taking the Emambarra, and highly energetic and valuable services, in securing the Kaisur Bagh when the place was carried by a few of our troops, and general cordial co-operation.

Major Nicholson, conducted most satisfactorily, and with great energy and judgment, all siege operations across the river, with the Division under Major-General Sir J. Outram, G.C.B.

Captain W. O. Lennox, senior Field Engineer, on the attack on the Martiniere, actively employed in all the attacks before, and of the Kaisur Bagh. Especially mentioned for honorable notice by Colonel Harness, R.E.

Captain Clerke, Adjutant of the Royal Engineers.

Lieutenant F. Beaumont, very useful in fortifying position taken by Major Wilde's Sikhs across the canal entrenchment, having accompanied their advance. In attack on Emambarra, took a house which turned the enemy's defences, in part breached their outer wall, and enabled Major Brasyer's Sikhs to assault successfully, and materially aid the general assault. In attack on Kaisur Bagh, accompanied advance of Sikhs up Cheenee Bazar, into a position in a gateway which commanded the Kaisur Bagh. Especially brought to notice by Colonel Harness, Royal Engineers.

Lieutenant P. H. Scratchley, Orderly Officer, attended me on all occasions, and was particularly useful.

Lieutenant C. E. Wynns, especially recommended for notice by Major Nicholson, R.E., for the manner in which he removed a breastwork from the Iron-bridge under a heavy fire. Recommended by Major Nicholson for the Victoria Cross.

Bengal Engineers.

Major A. Taylor, commanding Bengal Engineers. Invaluable services and energy in preparation of the Engineer Park. Great energy in charge of the arrangement for attacking Banks' house and Begum's palace ; very valuable and cordial co-operation and assistance in all duties.

Captain G. Hutchinson, Brigade Major, Directing Engineer with Major-General Sir James Outram, G.C.B., in the attacks on the Residency, Muchie Bhawun and the Emambarra

Lieutenant Greathed, Directing Engineer in the attacks on Banks' house and Emambarra, also on the 17th, and with Major-General Sir James Outram, G.C.B., in taking the Mooza Bagh.

Especially recommended for notice by Colonel Harness, R.E.

Lieutenant Gulliver, commanding Punjab Sappers. Attack on the D. Bungalow.

Lieutenant Maunsell, commanding Bengal Sappers. Attack on the Begum's palace.

Lieutenant Medley occupied the Kuddum Russool with Lieutenants Lang and Carnegie, 1 non-commissioned officer, and four privates, held the Shah Nujjif with Lieutenant Champain and 50 Punjaub Sappers, all other troops being withdrawn, on the night of the 8th, within 200 yards of the enemy. Prominently engaged in attacks on Emambarra, Kaisur Bagh, and Mooza Bagh.

Lieutenant Hovenden. Very highly mentioned by Major Nicholson, R.E., for services rendered in siege operations across the Goomtee.

Lieutenant Brownlow (since dead from a powder explosion). Prominently engaged in attacks on Emambarra, on which occasion he led a party across the main road, and drove the enemy out of a house important to hold, but was forced to retire owing to the heavy musketry fire of the enemy; particularly useful in the attacks on the Residency Bridges, Muchie Bhawun and Emambarra.

Lieutenant Lang. commanded a Sapper party in attack on the Martiniere and canal entrenchment, into which he accompanied the advance of the Highlanders. With Lieutenant Medley, when he occupied the Kuddum Russool with his small party, engaged in the attacks on the Emambarra, and with the foremost party of Sikhs in the Kaisur Bagh.

Lieutenant Humphrey, Adjutant Bengal Engineers.

Lieutenant Champain, Adjutant Bengal Sappers.

With Lieutenant Medley when he held the Shah Nujjif on night of 8th with 50 Sappers. Exceedingly useful in the attacks on the Residency Bridges, Muchie Bhawun and Emambarra.

Lieutenant Pemberton, Director of the Park, the duties of which important position he has fulfilled to my entire satisfaction.

Lieutenant Carnegie. One of the three officers and 4 men who occupied the Kuddum Russool.

Madras Engineers.

Lieutenant Scott. Actively engaged in all attacks on the Begum's palace and Kaisur Bagh.

Madras Native Infantry, with Madras Sappers.

Ensign Ogilvy. Engaged in attack on the Emambarra and Kaisur Bagh; in the taking of the latter he accompanied the most advanced party of Her Majesty's 10th Foot, under Captain Norman, assisted in the defence of their post, and went through a heavy fire to bring up reinforcements, which he did, remaining with them until severely wounded. Captain Norman publicly thanks Ensign Ogilvy for his services.

Bengal Native Infantry.

Lieutenant Alfred Tulloch (doing duty with department), Orderly Officer to Brigadier Napier. Attended me on all occasions, and was particularly active and useful.

R. NAPIER, Brigadier,
Chief Engineer.

No. 14.

Roll of Officers who have served under Brigadier General Sir E. Lugard, K.C.B., commanding 2nd Infantry Division during the operations at Lucknow, in March, 1858, and who are deemed deserving of honourable mention.

Head Quarters, 2nd Division, March 24, 1858,

Brigadier Hon. A. Hope, 93rd Highlanders, merits especial notice, has given me most valuable aid, and was actively engaged throughout.

Lieutenant-Colonel Leith Hay, 93rd Highlanders, commanded on every occasion.

Lieutenant-Colonel Gordon, 93rd Highlanders, commanded the advance on the 11th and 21st, a most excellent and gallant officer.

Captains Middleton and Clarke, 93rd Highlanders, Senior Captains, who led the advance Companies on the 11th instant.

Lieutenant and Adjutant McBean, 93rd Highlanders, displayed great personal bravery on the 11th, a gallant good officer.

Lieutenant-Colonel Cameron, 42nd Highlanders, commanded, and well worthy of mention.

Major Priestley, 42nd Highlanders, a most zealous officer, and did good service.

Captains Drysdale and McLeod, 42nd Highlanders. Senior Captains, conspicuous for good service.

Major Wilde, 4th Punjaub Rifles, commanded the Regiment. Conspicuous for his gallantry on every occasion—was badly wounded on the 21st.

Captain Hood, 4th Punjaub Rifles, 2nd in Command, ably supported Major Wilde—was also badly wounded on the 21st.

Lieutenant-Colonel English, C.B., Commanding, and Major Payn, 2nd in Command, 53rd Foot. Though not so actively engaged as the 4th

Brigade, deserve honourable mention for seizing and holding Secundra Bagh on the 11th.

Captain Stewart, 35th Foot, D. A. A. G., was wounded on the 9th instant, gave me satisfaction in the performance of his duties.

Captain Dawson, 1st N.I., D.A.A.G., acted for Captain Stewart from 10th to 23rd, gave me satisfaction in the performance of his duties.

Captain Middleton, 29th Foot, A.D.C., one of the most gallant and intelligent officers I have ever had under me, he accompanied the advance at every attack.

Lieutenant Scott, 9th Lancers, D.A., Quarter-master General, has done his work well, and given me great assistance.

Lieutenant McNeill, 12th N.I., A.D.C., a most intelligent and meritorious officer, has given me great aid.

Major Taylor, Bengal Engineers, accompanied the advance on the 11th, when he was wounded.

Lieutenant-Colonel Harness, accompanied the advance on the 11th, and continued Major Taylor's duties, was indefatigable throughout.

Lieutenant-Colonel Longden, 10th Foot, on special duty, has given me valuable aid throughout, and accompanied the advance on the 11th.

Lieutenant Scratchley, Royal Engineers, and Lieutenant Scott, Madras Sappers, accompanied the advance party on the 11th, with powder bags and ladders.

Captain Cox, B.-Major, 75th Foot, and Lieutenant Butter, Orderly Officer, 93rd Highlanders, strongly recommended by Brigadier Hope, and equally so by me.

Commander Vaughan and Lieutenant Young, Naval Brigade, rendered most important service throughout, especially in breaching the works on the 11th and subsequent days, and bringing the guns to the front after the assault.

Captain Miles and Captain W. Smith, Bengal N.I., in charge of Goorkhas who joined the attack on the 11th instant.

Brigadier Guy, 5th Fusiliers, commanding 3rd Brigade; Captain Fendall, Brigade Major, 53rd Foot; Lieutenant-Colonel R. D. Kelly, 34th Foot, commanding Regiment; Lieutenant-Colonel J. Sparks, C.B., 38th Foot, commanding Regiment; Lieutenant-Colonel T. C. Kelly, 38th Foot, commanding Regiment when Lieutenant-Colonel Sparks was otherwise engaged; merit my best thanks for their exertions throughout the operations.

The Medical Officers of the Division merit great praise for their admirable arrangements for the wounded.

EDWARD LUGARD, Brigadier-General,
Commanding 2nd Infantry Division.

No. 15.

Roll of Officers who have served under Brigadier-General R. Walpole, Commanding 3rd Infantry Division during the operations at Lucknow, in March, 1858, and who are deemed deserving of honourable mention.

Lucknow, March 25, 1858.

Brigadier Douglas, C.B., 79th Regiment, commanded the 5th Brigade of Infantry during operations, and very much distinguished himself, especially in the actions of 9th and 11th.

Brigadier Horsford, C.B., 3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade, commanded the 6th Brigade of Infantry during operations, and very much distinguished himself, especially in the actions of 9th and 11th.

Lieutenant-Colonel Taylor, C.B., 79th Regiment, commanded his regiment, and distinguished

himself during the operations, including the actions of 9th and 11th.

Lieutenant-Colonel Hill, 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade, commanded his regiment, and distinguished himself during the operations, including the actions of 9th and 11th.

Lieutenant-Colonel Macdonell, C.B., 3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade, commanded his regiment, and distinguished himself during the operations, including the actions of 9th and 11th.

Lieutenant-Colonel Wells, 23rd Regiment, commanded his regiment, and distinguished himself during the operations, including the actions of 9th and 11th.

Lieutenant-Colonel Pratt, 23rd Regiment, commanded column, consisting of 23rd Regiment and 2nd Punjaub Infantry, on 11th, when the iron bridge was secured, and distinguished himself on this occasion.

Brevet-Major Green, 2nd Punjaub Infantry, commanded his regiment, and distinguished himself during the operations, including the actions of 9th and 11th.

Captain Hume, 1st Bengal Fusiliers, commanded his regiment, and distinguished himself during the operations subsequent to the 9th, and including the actions of 9th and 11th.

Captain Cunliffe, 1st Bengal Fusiliers, commanded his regiment, and distinguished himself in the operations prior to the 9th, when Captain Hume, his senior officer, superseded him (including attack on camp on 7th).

Captain Carey, Deputy Quartermaster-General, 3rd Division, 17th Regiment N.I., and Captain Barwell, Deputy-Assistant Adjutant-General, 3rd Division, 71st Regiment N.I. These officers particularly distinguished themselves during the recent operations, and are specially recommended

for their intelligence, zeal, and usefulness, on all occasions.

Captain Warner, A.D.C., 7th Regiment L.C., distinguished himself very much by his intelligence and exertions during recent operations.

Lieutenant Eccles, 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade, served as Orderly Officer to the Brigadier-General, and was very active and useful.

Captain Macpherson, Brigade-Major 5th Brigade, 78th Regiment, recommended by Brigadier commanding 5th Brigade, as having been very active and useful.

Captain and Brevet-Major Mollan, Brigade-Major 6th Brigade, 75th Regiment, recommended by Brigadier commanding 6th Brigade, as having been very active and useful.

Captain and Brevet-Major Ross, 3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade, sserved as Orderly Officer to Brigadier commanding 6th Brigade, and recommended as having been active and useful.

Captain Lindsay, 3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade, commanded a company, for the protection of a heavy battery, on which occasion he succeeded in silencing a battery of the enemy's, the fire from which was very galling.

Captains Duff and Prevost, 23rd Regiment, recommended by Lieutenant-Colonel Wells, commanding 23rd Regiment, for having distinguished themselves in the advance on the iron bridge, on the 11th instant.

Captain Gibbon, Royal Artillery, commanded field battery, and distinguished himself during recent operations, including actions of 9th and 11th.

Captain Nixon, 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade, distinguished himself in command of his company in action of the 9th while skirmishing,and is most active and forward in the field and zealous in his duty on all occasions.

Captain and Brevet-Major Warren, 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade, commanded a company on 11th instant, in attack on iron bridge, when he behaved most gallantly in defeating a large force of the enemy.

Captain Wilmot, 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade, especially distinguished himself in saving a wounded soldier of his company from falling into the hands of the enemy, by repeatedly returning their fire while they were pressing on him, the only other two soldiers present being engaged in carrying the wounded man to the rear.

Lieutenant Grey, 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade, commanded a company on 11th instant, in attack on iron bridge, when he behaved most gallantly in defeating a large force of the enemy.

Captain Maitland, 79th Regiment, recommended by Brigadier Douglas, C.B., commanding 5th Brigade, for having distinguished himself generally during recent operations.

Captain Stevenson, 79th Regiment, distinguished himself in command of advanced picquet, on night of 9th, when attacked by a considerable force of the enemy.

Captain Salusbury, 1st Bengal Fusiliers, distinguished himself during recent operations, and is highly spoken of by his commanding officer.

Lieutenant Walker, 79th Regiment, served as Orderly Officer to Brigadier commanding 5th Brigade, and recommended as having been active and useful.

Captain Green, 48th Regiment N.I. (doing duty 2nd Punjaub Infantry), distinguished himself on picquet near iron bridge on 11th instant, and again on 16th, when the enemy attacked the picquets in considerable force and were repulsed.

Lieutenant and Adjutant Fisher, 2nd Punjaub Infantry, distinguished himself generally during recent operations, and highly spoken of by his commanding officer.

R. WALPOLE, Brigadier-General,
Commanding 3rd Division.

No. 16.

Roll of Officers who have served under Major-General Sir A. Wilson, Baronet, K.C.B., commanding Artillery Division, during the operations at Lucknow, in March, 1858, *and who are deemed deserving of honourable mention.*

Captain Sir W. Peel, K.C.B., Naval Brigade, H.M.'s ship Shannon, wounded. Thanked for his admirable arrangements in command of the Naval Brigade.

Commander J. W. Vaughan, Naval Brigade, H.M.'s ship Shannon, succeeded to command of Naval Brigade on Captain Peel being wounded. Prominently noticed.

Captain T. C. Gray, Naval Brigade, H.M.'s ship Shannon, commanding Royal Marine Light Infantry.

Lieutenant W. C. F. Wilson, Naval Brigade, H.M.'s ship Shannon.

Lieutenant W. R. Wratislaw (Supernumerary).

Brigadier D. E. Wood, commanding Field Artillery, Royal Horse Artillery. Thanked for the great and ready asssistance afforded to Sir A. Wilson.

Brigadier G. Barker, C.B., commanding Siege Artillery, Royal Artillery. Thanked for his invaluable assistance and untiring zeal and energy.

Lieutenant-Colonel C. Hogge, Director of Ord-

nance, Bengal Artillery, most zealous and indefatigable.

Lieutenant-Colonel C. J. B. Riddle, Royal Artillery. Thanked for his excellent services. Commanded the Siege Artillery on the left bank of the Goomtee.

Lieutenant-Colonel E. Maberly, Royal Artillery. Thanked for energetic assistance.

Lieutenant-Colonel C. L. D'Aguilar, C.B., commanded Royal Horse Artillery.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. Tombs, C.B., commanding a troop Bengal Horse Artillery.

Lieutenant-Colonel F. Turner, commanding Bengal Horse Artillery.

Lieutenant-Colonel E. B. Johnson, Assistant Adjntant-General of Artillery, Bengal Artillery, thanked for unwearied and indefatigable exertions.

Major G. S. Cotter, Madras Artillery, commanding a field battery.

Major J. R. Anderson, C.B., commanding troop Royal Horse Artillery.

Major H. P. Yates, commanding troop Royal Horse Artillery.

Major J. F. Pennycuick, Royal Artillery.

Major W. W. Barry, Royal Artillery, severely injured by an explosion while endeavouring to prevent accidents from the loose powder in the Kaisur Bagh.

Major W. G. LeMesurier, Royal Artillery.

Major H. A. Carleton, Senior Officer of Bengal Foot Artillery. Thanked for his energetic assistance.

Major N. O. S. Turner, Royal Artillery.

Major F. C. Maude, Royal Artillery.

Major F. F. Remington, Bengal Horse Artillery, commanding a troop.

Major C. H. Barchard, 20th Regiment Bengal

N.I., A.D.C. to Sir A. Wilson. Thanked for indefatigable exertions.

Captain W. A. Middleton, Royal Artillery, commanding a field battery.

Captain J. R. Gibbon, Royal Artillery, commanding a field battery.

Captain C. Waller, Royal Artillery.

Captain G. Moir, Bengal Artillery.

Captain J. E. Thring, Royal Artillery.

Captain C. F. Young, Royal Artillery.

Captain H. L. Talbot, Royal Artillery.

Captain J. M. Campbell, Royal Artillery, orderly officer to Brigadier Barker. Thanked for his very valuable assistance.

Captain W. A. Mackinnon, Bengal Artillery, commanding a troop.

Captain W. H. Goodenough, Royal Artillery.

Captain A. C. Johnson, Royal Artillery.

Captain A Pearson, Bengal Artillery.

Lieutenant A. Bunny, Bengal Horse Artillery, Brigade-Major of Siege Artillery. Particularly thanked.

Lieutenant H. P. Bishop, Bengal Horse Artillery, commanding a troop.

Lieutenant J. S. Frith, Bengal Horse Artillery, Brigade-Major of Field Artillery. Particularly thanked.

Lieutenant E. Simeon, Bengal Artillery.

Lieutenant W. Tod Brown, Bengal Artillery, Commissary of Ordnance. Highly praised for his admirable arrangements of the immense park.

Lieutenant F. G. E. Warren, Royal Artillery.

Lieutenant H. C. S. Dyer, Royal Artillery.

Lieutenant M. H. Fitzmaurice, Royal Artillery.

Lieutenant R. Biddulph, Royal Artillery, Deputy-Assistant Quartermaster-General. Thanked for unwearied and indefatigable exertions.

Lieutenant E. C. Cuthbert, Royal Artillery, distinguished by gallant conduct on the 13th.

Lieutenant H. G. Deedes, H.M.'s 60th Rifles, Extra A.D.C. Thanked for indefatigable exertions.

Lieutenant S. C. Kyle, Royal Artillery.

Names extracted from Sir A. Wilson's report, that Officer having left Lucknow, and a roll not being obtainable.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

Adjutant-General's Office,
Head Quarters, Camp Lucknow,
March 26, 1858.

No. 17.

Nominal Roll of Officers of Her Majesty's ship Shannon's Brigade serving under Captain Peel, K.C.B., who are deemed worthy of promotion, or of honorable mention, for their services during the campaign, and in the capture of Lucknow, March 1858.

LIEUTENANT THOMAS J. YOUNG, Gunnery Officer of Her Majesty's ship Shannon,—This officer has been distinguished in every engagement by his cool courage and admirable skill as a gunnery officer: has been specially employed on all critical occasions, and has been named for the Victoria Cross.—Recommended for promotion.

Lieutenant Nowell Salmon.—An excellent officer; distinguished himself in the Shannon's Brigade at the relief of Lucknow, was severely wounded, and named for the Victoria Cross.—Recommended for promotion.

Mr. Edmund H. Verney, Senior Acting Mate,

zealous and well conducted.—Recommended for promotion.

Officers not eligible for promotion, but worthy of honorable mention.

Lord Walter T. Kerr, Midshipman.—Has had an independent command.—Is very highly recommended.

Lord A. P. Clinton, and Mr. E. J. Church, Midshipmen.—Have behaved admirably, and are very promising officers.

WILLIAM PEEL, Captain, R.N.,
Commanding Shannon's Naval Brigade.

Lucknow, March 31, 1858.

No. 18.

Roll of Officers who have served under Brigadier W. Campbell, Commanding 2nd Cavalry Brigade, during the Operations at Lucknow, in March, 1858, *and who are deemed deserving of honourable mention.*

Camp, near Lucknow,
March 26, 1856.

Lieutenant-Colonel Tombs, C.B., Bengal Horse Artillery, commanded 2nd troop 1st brigade Bengal Horse Artillery.

Lieutenant-Colonel Hagart, H.M.'s 7th Queen's Own Hussars. This officer, commanding cavalry on March 19, dashed into the midst of a number of the enemy in the attempt to rescue Cornet Bankes, who was on the ground wounded.

Major Sir W. Russell, Bart., H.M.'s 7th Queen's Own Hussars. Commanded the rear guard, on the 19th March, and the regiment on the 20th and 21st instant.

Captain Slade, H.M.'s 7th Queen's Hussars. This officer on March 19th, gallantly led his troop against a party of the enemy who attacked the guns. He was wounded.

Lieutenant Wilkin, H.M.'s 7th Queen's Own Hussars. This officer on March 19, made a brave attempt to rescue Cornet Bankes who was surrounded by the enemy, and was wounded.

Cornet Bankes, H.M.'s 7th Queen's Own Hussars. This officer, when his Captain was wounded on March 19, gallantly led on the troop against the enemy who were advancing upon the guns, killed 3 and received 11 wounds

Lieutenant Topham, H.M.'s 7th Queen's Own Hussars. This officer, when acting as Orderly Officer to Brigadier Campbell, rode over a difficult country exposed to the enemy's fire and brought to the front a party of Irregular Horse.

Major Olpherts Bengal Artillery, commanded No. 12 Light Field Battery

Brigadier Stisted, 78th Highlanders, commanded Brigade of Infantry.

Major Bouverie, Brigade-Major.

Lieutenant-Colonel Hamilton, 78th Highlanders, commanded 78th Highlanders

Major Master, 5th Fusiliers, commanded 5th Fusiliers.

Captain Wale, 1st Seikh Irregular Cavalry. This officer showed on all occasions great zeal in command of his regiment, and on March 21, led it most successfully in pursuit of the enemy, till he was shot.

Lieutenant the Hon. F. A. Chichester, 1st Seikh Irregular Cavalry. This officer distinguished himself in leading his regiment in pursuit of the enemy after the death of Captain Wale.

Major Daly, C.B., Hodson's Horse. This officer,

by his activity and zeal, added to his knowledge of Indian warfare, has been of great service to the Brigadier he served under.

Captain Forbes, Brigade-Major; Lieutenant Wilkinson, Deputy-Assistant Quartermaster-General; Captain Bridge, Deputy-Assistant Commissary-General; and Lieutenant R. F. Campbell, 8th Madras Cavalry, Orderly Officer. All afforded every assistance.

W. CAMPBELL, Brigadier,
Commanding 2nd Cavalry Brigade.

No. 19.

List of Officers who have served under Brigadier-General T. H. Franks, C.B., &c.. and who are honourably mentioned in his Report.

Major Sir H. M. Havelock, Bart., Deputy-Assistant Adjutant-General, 4th Division Staff, highly thanked for gallantry and merit.

Lieutenant H. Henderson, Her Majesty's 10th Regiment, Aide-de-Camp to Brigadier General Franks, 4th Division Staff.

Lieutenant S. Cary, 37th Native Infantry, Orderly Officer to Brigadier-General Franks, 4th Division Staff, mentioned for intrepidity.

Brigadier D. Russell, commanding 2nd Infantry Brigade Staff, thanked for his zealous and able support throughout, and particularly in the capture of the Kaisur Bagh, &c.

Captain Spurgin, 1st Madras Fusiliers, Major of Brigade, 2nd Infantry Brigade Staff.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. P. Sparks, commanding Her Majesty's 38th Regiment.

Captain T. Lightfoot, commanding Her Majesty's 84th Regiment.

Lieutenant F. Hardy, Orderly Officer, Her Majesty's 84th Regiment.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. P. Purnell, commanding Her Majesty's 90th Regiment.

Major J. Brasyer (Unattached), commanding Regiment of Ferozepore, mentioned for distinguished gallantry.

Brigadier F. C. Evelegh, C.B., commanding Brigade Staff, particularly thanked.

Captain A. B. Johnson (5th Native Infantry,) Major of Brigade, Brigade Staff.

Ensign O. T. Burne, Her Majesty's 20th Regiment, Brigade Quartermaster, Brigade Staff.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. Fenwick, commanding Her Majesty's 10th Regiment.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. E. Longden, attached to Goorkha Force, Her Majesty's 10th Regiment, rendered most valuable assistance.

Captain H. R. Norman, Her Majesty's 10th Regiment, held a gate of the palace with a subdivision against repeated attempts of the enemy to retake it.

Captain S. F. C. Annesley, Her Majesty's 10th Regiment, highly distinguished.

Lieutenant Percy Beale, Her Majesty's 10th Regiment.

Lieutenant-Colonel G. M. Lys, Her Majesty's 20th Regiment.

Major W. P. Radcliffe, Her Majesty's 20th Regiment, wounded in a personal encounter.

Lieutenant-Colonel E. C. Leigh, Her Majesty's 97th Regiment.

Pat. Carnegy, Esquire, Uncovenanted Civil Service, Intelligence Department.

H. W. NORMAN,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

Adjutant-General's Office,
Head Quarters, Camp Lucknow,
26th March, 1858.

No. 20.

Roll of Officers who have served under Brigadier-General Sir J. Hope Grant, K.C.B., Commanding the Cavalry Division, during the operations at Lucknow, in March, 1858, and who are deemed deserving of Honourable Mention.

Camp, Lucknow Cantonments, March 25, 1858.

Colonel C. Hogart, 7th Hussars, Brigadier commanding 1st Cavalry Brigade. Colonel Hagart showed much zeal, and paid great attention to his brigade.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. Brisco, Commanding Her Majesty's 2nd Dragoon Guards. Colonel Brisco commanded his regiment.

Lieutenant-Colonel C. L. D'Aguilar, C.B., commanding Troop Royal Horse Artillery. Colonel D'Aguilar commanded his troop with great zeal and ability.

Captain W. A. Mackinnon, commanding 2nd Troop 3rd Brigade Bengal Horse Artillery, and Captain and Brevet Major F. F. Remmington, commanding 1st Troop 1st Brigade Bengal Horse Artillery. Both excellent officers, and were of great use to the cavalry Brigade.

Major E. R. Keene, 2nd Dragoon Guards, commanding out-posts. Major Keene was most useful in taking charge of the out-posts.

Major the Honourable C. Powys, commanding Her Majesty's 9th Lancers. Major Powys commanded his regiment, which behaved most gallantly.

Captain S. J. Browne, commanding 2nd Regiment, Punjaub Cavalry. Nothing could be better than the conduct of Captain Browne and his regiment.

Lieutenant J. Watson, commanding Squadron, 1st

Punjaub Cavalry. I cannot speak too highly of Captain Watson.

Lieutenant J. P. Cosserat, commanding Squadron, 1st Punjaub Cavalry. Captain Cosserat is a most excellent officer, and performed his duty on this occasion well.

Lieutenant G. W. C. Plowden, commanding Detachment, 5th Punjaub Cavalry. Captain Plowden promises to be an excellent officer, and commanded his regiment well.

Captain and Brevet Major W. Hamilton, 9th Lancers, Deputy-Assistant Adjutant-General. Major Hamilton was most useful.

Captain Hon. A. H. A. Anson, 84th Regiment, Aide-de-Camp to Brigadier-General Sir J. H. Grant, K.C.B. Captain Anson was also most useful.

Captain C. P. Johnson, 9th Lancers, Extra Aide-de-Camp to Brigadier-General Sir J. H. Grant, K. C. B. No one could be more zealous or useful than Captain Johnson.

Captain H. A. Sarel, 17th Lancers, Brigade-Major 1st Cavalry Brigade. Captain Sarel performed his duties to the entire satisfaction of Brigadier Hagart.

Lieutenant F. S. Roberts, Bengal Horse Artillery, Deputy Assistant-Quartermaster-General. Lieutenant Roberts was most useful to me as Deputy Assistant-Quartermaster-General.

Lieutenant C. W. Havelock, 12th Irregular Cavalry, Orderly Officer to Brigadier-General Sir J. H. Grant, K.C.B. Lieutenant Havelock was very useful.

Lieutenant A. F. W. Gore, 7th Hussars, Orderly Officer to Brigadier Hagart, Captain Gore was also very useful to Brigadier Hagart.

J. HOPE GRANT, Brigadier-General,
Commanding Cavalry Division.

No. 21.

Roll of Officers who have served under Major-General Sir James Outram, G.C.B., commanding the 1st Infantry Division, during the operations at Lucknow, in March, 1858, and who are deemed deserving of honourable mention.

Brigadier-General Walpole, commanding 3rd Division, afforded me the most cordial support, and most ably carried out the operations which fell to his share.

Brigadier-General Sir J. H. Grant, commanding Cavalry Division. The Brigadier was unceasing in the vigilance and activity with which he carried on his most onerous duties, and I derived much valuable assistance from him.

Brigadier Napier, commanding Engineers, afforded me his able professional advice, and most zealously aided me.

Brigadier Wood, C.B., commanded Field Artillery, and carried on the duties to my entire satisfaction.

Brigadier Douglas, commanding 5th Brigade, commanded his brigade throughout all the operations, and carried out his instructions with signal ability and success.

Brigadier Horsford, commanding 6th Brigade. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier-General Walpole, and ably commanded his brigade.

Colonel Berkeley, Her Majesty's 32nd Foot, Military Secretary to Chief Commissioner in Oude. I have on several occasions expressed the opinion I have formed of Colonel Berkeley's services, and the assistance I have derived from him during the course of these operations is an additional obligation I am under to this most deserving officer.

Lieutenant-Colonel Riddell, Royal Artillery, commanded Siege Train much to my satisfaction.

Lieutenant-Colonel D'Aguilar, Royal Artillery (H.A.) Favourably mentioned by Brigadier Wood, C.B.

Lieutenant-Colonel Turner, Bengal Artillery. Temporarily attached to the Artillery on the north side of the river. The services of this most excellent officer were of the highest value to me.

Lieutenant-Colonel Hill, commanding 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier-General Walpole.

Lieutenant-Colonel Wells, commanding Her Majesty's 23rd Regiment. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier-General Walpole.

Lieutenant-Colonel Pratt, H.M.'s 23rd Regiment. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier-General Walpole and Brigadier Douglas, commanded left column of attack on the 11th.

Lieutenant-Colonel Bell, H.M.'s 23rd Regiment, commanded two companies of the 23rd Fusiliers, who captured a gun at the Iron-bridge.

Lieutenant-Colonel Taylor, C.B., 79th Regiment, commanded the 79th, during the operations on both sides the river, very much to my satisfaction on all occasions.

Lieutenant-Colonel Macdonell, C.B., commanding 3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier-General Walpole.

Major Nicholson, commanding Royal Engineers, was indefatigable in his exertions to prepare the batteries, in doing which he was constantly exposed to a very heavy fire.

Captain Bennett, commanding 20th Regiment. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier Douglas.

Captain Cunliffe, commanding 1st Bengal Fusiliers. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier-General Walpole.

Captain Hume, commanding 1st Bengal Fusiliers, commanded the 1st Bengal Fusiliers during the greater part of the operations, on both sides of the river, and much to my satisfaction.

Lieutenant Butler, commanding 1st Bengal Fusiliers, swam across the Goomtee, and by standing on the parapet, notified to our troops that the line of entrenchment was abandoned by the enemy. In doing this he exposed himself most fearlessly.

Major Brasyer, commanding Regiment of Ferozepore, has always distinguished himself most highly in command of his regiment.

Captain Coles, commanding two Squadrons 9th Lancers, commanded two squadrons of the 9th Lancers, in the attack on the Moosa Bagh; these squadrons captured six guns, and Captain Coles conducted the pursuit most gallantly.

Major Green, Punjaub Rifles, commanded his regiment, all through the operations, much to my satisfaction.

Major Yates, Royal Artillery. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier Wood, C.B.

Brevet-Major Pennycuick, Royal Artillery. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier Wood, C.B.

Captain Gibbon, Royal Artillery, Favourably mentioned by Brigadier Wood, C.B., and by Brigadier-General Walpole.

Captain Middleton, Royal Artillery. Captain Middleton's battery was engaged throughout, and did excellent service.

Captain Johnson, Royal Artillery. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier Wood, C.B.

Captain Thring, Royal Artillery. Favourably mentioned by Lieutenant-Colonel Riddell, commanding Siege Train.

Captain Goodenough, Royal Artillery. Favourably mentioned by Lieutenant-Colonel Riddell, commanding Siege Train.

Captain Walker, Royal Artillery. Favourably mentioned by Lieutenant-Colonel Riddle, commanding Siege Train.

Lieutenant Cuthbert, Royal Artillery. Particularly distinguished himself by putting out a fire in front of his battery, in a very exposed and dangerous position.

Lieutenant Fitzmaurice, Royal Artillery. Favourably mentioned by Lieutenant-Colonel Riddell.

Lieutenant Malcolm, Royal Engineers. Favourably mentioned by Major Nicholson, R.E. commanding Engineers.

Lieutenant Wynne, Royal Engineers, behaved with very great coolness and gallantry in removing a breastwork from across the Ironbridge in the face of a heavy and continued fire.

Lieutenant Swetenham, Royal Engineers. Favourably mentioned by Major Nicholson, R.E.

Lieutenant Keith, Royal Engineers. Favourably mentioned by Major Nicholson, R.E.

Serjeant Paul, Royal Engineers, assisted Lieutenant Wynne in the removal of the breastwork, and deserves equal praise for his coolness and gallantry.

Captain Remmington, Bengal Artillery. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier Wood, C.B.

Captain Mackinnon, Bengal Artillery. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier Wood, C.B.

Captain Pearson, Bengal Artillery. Favourably mentioned by Lieutenant-Colonel Riddell.

Lieutenant Simeon, Bengal Artillery. Favourably mentioned by Lieutenant-Colonel Riddell.

Lieutenant Watson, Bengal Engineers. Favourably mentioned by Major Nicholson, R.E.

Lieutenant Tennant, Bengal Engineers. Favourably mentioned by Major Nicholson, R.E.

Lieutenant Nuthall, Bengal Engineers. Favourably mentioned by Major Nicholson, R.E.

Lieutenant Hovenden, Bengal Engineers. Favourably mentioned by Major Nicholson, R.E.

Lieutenant Greathed, Bengal Engineers, was attached to me during the attack on the Moosa Bagh, and rendered most valuable service.

Major Bruce, H.M.'s 23rd Regiment. Favourably mentioned by Lieutenant-Colonel Wells, commanding Her Majesty's 23rd Fusiliers.

Captain Prevost, H.M.'s 23rd Regiment. Favourably mentioned by Lieutenant-Colonel Wells, commanding Her Majesty's 23rd Fusiliers.

Captain Duff, H.M.'s 23rd Regiment. Favourably mentioned by Lieutenant-Colonel Wells, commanding Her Majesty's 23rd Fusiliers.

Captain Norton, H.M.'s 23rd Regiment. Favourably mentioned by Lieutenant-Colonel Wells, commanding Her Majesty's 23rd Fusiliers.

Lieutenant Utterton, H.M.'s 23rd Regiment, Orderly Officer to Brigadier Douglas, and favourably mentioned by him.

Lieutenant Everett, H.M.'s 79th Regiment. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier Douglas, for leading the storming party on Ali Nuckee Khan's house.

Brevet-Major Warren, Rifle Brigade. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier-General Walpole, for his conduct during the advance to the Ironbridge on the 11th.

Captain Wilmot, Rifle Brigade. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier-General Walpole, for his conduct during the advance to the Ironbridge on the 11th.

Lieutenant Grey, Rifle Brigade. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier-General Walpole, for his conduct during the advance to the Ironbridge on the 11th.

Lieutenant Gordon, 20th Regiment Foot. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier Douglas, for clearing a house much to his satisfaction.

Captain G. Weston, 65th N.I., displayed much spirit and gallantry on several occasions, and his services were of much use to me.

Captain Orr, Unattached, of the Intelligence Department performed his duties with much ability; the information furnished by him was of much value.

Captain Bunbury, Unattached, assisted Captain Orr, and I am likewise indebted to him for service in the field.

Captain Chamier, 34th Regiment N.I. and A.D.C. to Sir J. Outram, G.C.B., and Captain Hargood, 1st Madras Fusiliers, and A.D.C. to Sir J. Outram, G.C.B. These officers worked with the unremitting zeal and activity which has characterized their conduct in all the operations in which I have been engaged, since I left Allahabad in September last. Captain Hargood's horse was shot under him at the Moosa Bagh.

Lieutenant Warner, A.D.C. to Brigadier-General Walpole. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier-General Walpole.

Lieutenant Walker, H.M.'s 79th, A.D.C. to Brigadier Douglas. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier Douglas.

Captain Dodgson, 30th N.I., D.A.A. General 1st Division, joined from Alum Bagh, in time for the attack on the Moosa Bagh, and gave me every assistance.

Lieutenant Barker, 78th Highlanders, D.A. Quartermaster-General, 1st Division, joined from Alum Bagh in time for the attack on the Moosa Bagh, and gave me every assistance.

Captain Gordon, 6th N.I. D.J. Adjutant-General 1st Division, joined from Alum Bagh, in time for the attack on the Moosa Bagh, and gave me every assistance.

Captain Barwell, 71st N.I., D.A.A. General, 3rd

Division, favorably mentioned by Brigadier-General Walpole.

Captain Carey, 17th N.I., D.A. Quartermaster-General, 3rd Division, favourably mentioned by Brigadier-General Walpole, and was of much service to me on several occasions.

Captain Frith, Brigade-Major Artillery. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier Wood, C.B.

Captain Stevenson, Officiating Brigade Major 5th Brigade. Favorably mentioned by Brigadier Douglas

Captain Hutchinson, Brigade Major, Engineers, rendered excellent service in the attack on the Iron-bridge, and capture of the Muchee Bowun.

Captain Macpherson, 78th Highlanders, Brigade Major 5th Brigade. Favorably mentioned by Brigadier Douglas.

Brevet-Major Mollan, H.M.'s 75th Foot, Brigade Foot, Brigade-Major 6th Brigade. Favorably mentioned by Brigadier Horsford.

Major Turner, Staff Artillery. Favorably mentioned by Lieut.-Col. Riddell, commanding Siege Train.

Captain Young, Staff Artillery. Favourably mentioned by Lieutenant-Colonel Riddell, commanding Siege Train.

Brevet-Major Ross, Orderly Officer to Brigadier Horsford. Favourably mentioned by Brigadier Horsford.

Lieutenant Hewett, 41st N.I., Orderly Officer to Sir J. Outram, G.C.B., joined from Alum Bagh in time for the attack on Moosa Bagh, and was useful as Orderly Officer.

Lieutenant Eccles, Orderly Officer to Brigadier-General Walpole. Favorably mentioned by Brigadier-General Walpole.

Lieutenant Tulloch, 58th Regiment N.I., Assistant Field Engineer, was very active in the discharge

of his duties as Field Engineer, and was of much use.

Mr. May, Assistant Field Engineer, from his knowledge of the localities, was of much service to me in the advance on Ali Nuckee Khan's house.

J. OUTRAM, Major-General.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 25, 1858.

Westminster, May 21, 1858.

THIS day the Lords being met a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorized by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by Her Majesty, for declaring Her Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to apply the sum of eleven millions out of the Consolidated Fund to the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight.

An Act for granting a Stamp Duty on certain drafts or orders for the payment of money.

An Act to continue an Act of the third and

fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and ten, to amend the laws relating to Loan Societies.

An Act to effect an exchange between the Commissioners of Chelsea Hospital and the Governor and Company of Chelsea Waterworks of lands in the parishes of Saint George, Hanover-square, and Saint Margaret, Westminster, in the county of Middlesex.

An Act to enable the Caledonian Railway Company to make a branch railway to Dalmarnock, in the county of Lanark, and for other purposes.

An Act to authorize the making of a railway from the Lancaster and Carlisle Railway at or near Clifton to the South Durham and Lancashire Union Railway, at or near Kirkby Stephen, all in the county of Westmoreland, and for other purposes.

An Act to confer upon the Local Board of Health for the district of Merthyr Tydfil, further powers with reference to the supply of water, and for other purposes.

An Act for making a railway from the Caledonian Railway, near Symington station, to Biggar and Broughton, and for other purposes.

An Act for better supplying with water, the town and parish of Aberdare, in the county of Glamorgan.

An Act to enable the Dundalk and Enniskillen Railway Company to raise further money, and for other purposes.

An Act for better enabling the British Gas-Light Company (limited), to light with gas certain parts of the town or borough of Kingstown-upon-Hull, and for other purposes.

An Act for making a railway from the Craven Arms station of the Shrewsbury and Hereford Railway, in the county of Salop, to the borough

of Knighton, in the county of Radnor, and for other purposes.

An Act for better supplying with water the borough of Barnstaple, and places adjacent thereto, in the county of Devon, and for other purposes.

An Act for providing a market-house and market-place, and other buildings, for public accommodation at the town of Newport, in the county of Salop, and for establishing and regulating markets and fairs there, and for opening a new street and widening other streets, and otherwise improving the town, and for other purposes.

An Act for supplying and lighting with gas the several townships of Peniston Thurlstone and Oxspring, and other places adjacent, all in the parish of Peniston, in the West Riding of the county of York.

War-Office, Pall-Mall, S.W., 25th May, 1858.

The Secretary of State for War has received the following Nominal List of Casualties in the Royal Artillery, serving in India.

Calcutta, 9th April, 1858.

DIED.

Gunner Henry Bracey, 6 Co. 13 Batt., March 17, 1858, killed in action before Lucknow.

Driver Henry Champen, H. Troop, Royal Horse Artillery, March 18, accidentally drowned by falling into a well at St. Thomas, Madras.

Bombardier Ebenezer Hanger, 5 Co. 11 Batt., March 19., died of contusion at Allahabad.

Corporal William Shaw, 6 Co. 13 Batt., March 21, shot himself accidentally with his own carbine through the head before Lucknow.

Shoeing Smith James Farrell, F. Troop, March 22, accidentally killed by the falling of an archway at Lucknow.

Trumpeter Joseph Orr, 3 Co. 8 Batt., March 28, died of Tetanus after wounds at Lucknow.

Shoeing Smith George Lever, 3 Co. 14 Batt., March 28, died of wounds at Lucknow.

WOUNDED.

Major W. W. Barry, March 17, severely burnt by an explosion before Lucknow.

Assistant-Surgeon W. D. Milne, 4 Co. 14 Batt., March 21, slightly wounded near Saroan.

Serjeant James Johnson, 6 Co. 11 Batt., March 17, slightly wounded before Lucknow.

Corporal Thomas Smith, 6 Co. 11 Batt., March 17, slightly wounded before Lucknow.

Gunner Francis Lawson, 6 Co. 11 Batt., March 17, gunshot wound of head, slight, before Lucknow.

Gunner Thomas Sullivan, 6 Co. 11 Batt., March 17, severely wounded before Lucknow.

Corporal Francis Archer, 3 Co. 8 Batt., March 17, leg broken by gun-wheel passing over it before Lucknow.

Trumpeter Joseph Orr, 3 Co. 8 Batt., March 17, musket-ball back part of knee, severe, since dead.

Bombardier Frederick Perry, 8 Co. 2 Batt., March 17, slightly wounded before Lucknow.

Gunner John Williams, 6 Co. 11 Batt., March 17, severely wounded before Lucknow.

Gunner George Broker, 6 Co. 11 Batt., March 17, severely wounded before Lucknow.

Gunner T. Pash, 6 Co. 11 Batt., March 17, slightly wounded before Lucknow.

Gunner Thomas Todd, 8 Co. 2 Batt., March 17, slightly wounded before Lucknow.

Gunner James Kean, 8 Co. 2 Batt., March 17, severely wounded before Lucknow.

Gunner James Tucker, 3 Co. 14 Batt., March

17, slightly burnt by an explosion before Lucknow.

Gunner Lawrence Power, 3 Co. 14 Batt., March 17, slight contusion of left ankle before Lucknow.

Gunner Alexander McNeil, 3 Co. 14 Batt., March 17. slight gun-shot wound of both legs before Lucknow.

Gunner Hugh Higgonon, 3 Co. 14 Batt., March 17, musket-ball through both cheeks before Lucknow.

Shoeing Smith George Lever, 3 Co. 14 att., March 15, severely burnt by an explosion before Lucknow, since dead.

Gunner William Powers, 5 Co. 14 Batt., March 16, flesh-wound of right fore-arm from musket-ball before Chundaree.

Gunner Robert Woodburne, 6 Co. 13 Batt., March 16, slight contusion of left thigh before Lucknow.

Bombardier John France, 6 Co. 13 Batt., March 17, severely wounded from bursting of a shell, hand amputated.

Gunner Patrick McCarthy, 6 Co. 13 Batt., March 19, three sword-cuts of left hand, severe, before Lucknow.

Gunner William Hatt, 6 Co. 13 Batt., March 19, slight contusion before Lucknow.

Corporal William Barber, 6 Co. 13 Batt., March 19, slight contusion, before Lucknow.

J. E. DUPUIS, Major-General,
Commanding Royal Artillery in India.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lincoln.

Sir Henry Dymoke, Bart., to be Vice-Lieutenant of the county. Dated 15th May, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Somerset.

West Somerset Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry.

Arthur Henry Peile Trewman, Clerk, to be Chaplain, vice Dawe, deceased. Dated 18th May, 1858.

North Somerset Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry.

John Wedgwood Yeeles, Gent., to be Cornet, vice Strachey, promoted. Dated 20th May, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kent.

Kent Militia Regiment of Artillery.

Second Lieutenant Anthony Strother to be First Lieutenant, vice Kennan, resigned. Dated 10th May, 1858.

Royal East Kent Regiment of Mounted Rifles.

Lieutenant Edward Leigh Pemberton to be Captain, vice Lushington, resigned. Dated 20th May, 1858.

Cornet Loftus Leigh Pemberton to be Lieutenant, vice Edward Leigh Pemberton, promoted. Dated 20th May, 1858.

Percy Dixwell Nowell Oxenden, Gent., to be Cornet, vice Bridge, resigned. Dated 20th May, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Forfar.

Forfar and Kincardine Regiment of Militia Artillery.

Second Lieutenant John Allen Allen to be First Lieutenant, vice Barclay promoted. Dated 15th February, 1858.

Augustus Walter Cruickshanks, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant, vice Allen, promoted. Dated 15th February, 1858.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 28, 1858.

AT the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 7th day of *May*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to approve and ratify the schemes duly prepared (as set forth in this Gazette) by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England—

For making better provision for the cure of souls in certain parishes and districts.

For constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the parishes of Llanfihangel y Traethau, Llandecwyn, and Llanfrothen, in the county of Merioneth, and in the diocese of Bangor.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 7th day of *May*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to approve the representations made (as set forth in this Gazette) by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England—

As to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church called Christ Church, situate at Smannel, in the parish of Andover-with-Foxcott, in the county of Southampton, and in the diocese of Winchester, to be named "The District Chapelry of Christ Church, Smannel-with-Hatherden."

As to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of the Holy Trinity, situate at Holmfirth, in the parish of Kirkburton, in the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon, to be named "The District Chapelry of the Holy Trinity, Holmfirth."

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 7th day of *May*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to approve and ratify the schemes duly prepared (as set forth in this Gazette) by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England—

For compensating certain spiritual persons whose emoluments have been diminished by reason of proceedings under the Act passed in the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven.

For authorizing the sale of certain property belonging to the prebend of Combe and Harnham, with the prebend of Ruscombe Northbury annexed, in the cathedral church of Salisbury.

Foreign-Office, May 26, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. John Markham Dean as Consul in the Falkland Islands for His Majesty the King of Denmark.

NOTICE.

Foreign-Office, May 26, 1858.

Notice is hereby given, that the Earl of Malmesbury has appointed John England, Esq., to be Agent at the Port of Hull for the issue of Foreign-Office Passports.

Whitehall, May 28, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto the Honourable and Reverend Augustus Duncombe, M.A., the Deanery of the Metropolitical Church of York, the same being void by the death of Sir William Cockburn, Bart., D.D.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,
28*th May*, 1858.

2*nd Regiment Dragoon Guards*, Captain John Griffith Price to be Major, without purchase, vice J. P. Smith, killed in action. Dated 7th March, 1858.

Lieutenant G. H. Allfrey to be Captain, without purchase, vice Price. Dated 7th March, 1858.

Cornet H. John de Montmorency to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Allfrey. Dated 7th March, 1858.

6*th Dragoon Guards.*

The Commissions of the undermentioned Officers to be antedated to 15th November, 1857:—

Captain Stillman,
Lieutenant and Adjutant Graham,
Lieutenant Grainger.

3*rd Light Dragoons*, Cornet John Unett to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Dymond promoted. Dated 28th May, 1858.

5*th Light Dragoons*, Assistant-Surgeon John Atkinson, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 28th May, 1858.

6*th Dragoons*, Cornet the Honourable W. O. B. Annesley to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Dawson, promoted. Dated 28th May, 1858.

9*th Light Dragoons*, Lieutenant Richard Shaw to be Captain, without purchase, vice Hutchinson, died of his wounds. Dated 22nd March, 1858.

Cornet Samuel Ashton Pretor to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Shaw. Dated 22nd March, 1858.

The Commissions of the late Captain French, as Captain, and of Lieutenant Evans, as Lieutenant, have been antedated to 20th June, 1857.

10*th Light Dragoons.* The surname of the Cornet appointed in the Gazette of the 21st instant, is *Houstoun*, not *Houston.*

11*th Light Dragoons*, Somerset Saunderson, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Somers promoted. Dated 28th May, 1858.

18*th Light Dragoons*, Riding-Master Edward Greatrex, from the 5th Light Dragoons, to be Riding-Master. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Military Train, Ensign Nathaniel Burslem to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Gibson, promoted. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Lieutenant James Milne to be Instructor of Musketry. Dated 14th May, 1858.

Royal Artillery.

To be Assistant-Surgeons.

Assistant-Surgeon Samuel Pratt Woodfull, from the Staff. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon Edward Hardinge, from the Staff. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon James Daltera, from the Staff. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon Alexander Dudgeon Gulland, M.D., from the Staff, vice Harris, deceased. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon Eugene Francis O'Leary, from the Staff, vice Voss, promoted on the Staff. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Scots Fusilier Guards, Captain Richard Augustus

Cooper, from the 93rd Foot, to be Lieutenant and Captain, vice Knollys, who exchanges. Dated 28th May, 1858.

1*st Regiment of Foot.* The promotion of Captain E. A. Stuart to bear date 30th March, 1858, instead of 23rd April, 1858, as previously stated.

4*th Foot*, George William Hughes, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice James Browne, appointed to the 21st Foot. Dated 28th May, 1858.

6*th Foot*, Lieutenant W. C. F. B. Bennett to be Captain, by purchase, vice McCleland, who retires. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Ensign Edmund Hall, from the 48th Foot, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Bennett. Dated 28th May, 1858.

7*th Foot*, Frederick Charles Keyser, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Tibeaudo, promoted. Dated 28th May, 1858.

10*th Foot*, Abraham Richard Montfort, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Lieutenant Percy Beale to be Adjutant, vice Sir H. M. Havelock, Bart., promoted in 18th Foot. Dated 25th March, 1858.

11*th Foot*, Lieutenant W. D. Naper to be Captain, by purchase, vice Tibbits, who retires. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Ensign John A. Miers to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Naper. Dated 28th May, 1858.

George Coote, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Davies, promoted. Dated 28th May, 1858.

13*th Foot*, Pierce William Hughes, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice England, promoted. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Dudley Thomas Persse, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Palmer, promoted. Dated 29th May, 1858.

14*th Foot*, Ensign F. W. Harington, from 17th Foot, to be Ensign. Dated 28th May, 1858.

The Commission of Lieutenant John Glancy, as Adjutant, to bear date 19th February, 1858, instead of 23rd April, 1858, as previously stated.

15*th Foot*, Ensign C. Willis, from 49th Foot, to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Ensign C. E. Layard to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Dated 28th May, 1858.

16*th Foot*, Assistant-Surgeon William Sly, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 28th May, 1858.

17*th Foot*, Frederick William Harington, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Enderby, promoted in the 5th Foot. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Edward Jackson Harris, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice FitzGerald, appointed to the 55th Foot. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Henry Grey MacGregor, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Harington, appointed to the 14th Foot. Dated 29th May, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon James Greer Cuppage, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 28th May, 1858.

18*th Foot*, Edmund Charles Prichard, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Macgregor, promoted. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon William Isaac Spencer, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 28th May, 1858.

19*th Foot*, Edgar Angelo Dickenson, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice O'Rorke,

appointed to the 60th Foot. Dated 28th May, 1858.

20*th Foot*, Ensign Owen Tudor Burne to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Morshead, promoted in the 15th Foot. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon John Henry Gouldsbury Meares, from the 59th Foot, to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 28th May, 1858.

22*nd Foot*, James Fraser, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 28th May, 1858.

23*rd Foot*, Assistant-Surgeon Richard William Berkeley, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 28th May, 1858.

24*th Foot*, Captain John Henry Lutman to be Major, without purchase. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Lieutenant William Vesey Munnings to be Captain, without purchase, vice Lutman. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Ensign James B. Scott, from the 49th Foot, to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Munnings. Dated 28th May, 1858.

John Fletcher Caldwell, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Bannatyne, appointed to the 8th Foot. Dated the 28th May, 1858.

The Commissions of Captain de Montmorency and Lieutenant Scott to be antedated to 8th July, 1857.

The Commissions of Captain Halahan and Lieutenant Johnstone to be antedated to 21st July, 1857.

28*th Foot*, Ensign N. FitzStubbs has been permitted to retire from the Service, by the sale of his Commission. Dated 28th May, 1858.

31*st Foot*, Alexander Gordon Selwyn Maynard, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice McIntyre, promoted. Dated 28th May, 1858.

37*th Foot*, Francis Openshaw Sargeant, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Hawkes, promoted. Dated 28th May, 1858.

48*th Foot*, William Rapp Tudor, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice E. Hall, promoted in the 6th Foot. Dated 28th May, 1858.

49*th Foot*, George Shirley, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Scott, promoted in the 24th Foot. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Robert Oliver Aldworth, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Willis, promoted in the 15th Foot. Dated 29th May, 1858.

57*th Foot*, Francis Henry Clayton, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Wayne, promoted. Dated 28th May, 1858.

59*th Foot*, Assistant-Surgeon Henry Knaggs, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Meares, appointed to the 20th Foot. Dated 28th May, 1858.

72*nd Foot*. The Commissions of Major Rocke, Captain Stewart, and Lieutenant Pennefather, to be antedated to 6th March, 1858.

75*th Foot*, Lieutenant J. C. Justice to be Adjutant, vice Barter, promoted in the 24th Foot. Dated 17th April, 1858.

The Commission of Captain W. J. J. Smith to be dated *5th* not *4th* of October, 1857, as previously stated.

76*th Foot*, Ensign George William Wigelsworth to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Robinson, who retires. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Ernest Rogby Bartleet, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Wigelsworth. Dated 28th May, 1858.

77*th Foot*, Oscar Henry Blount, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Jordan, promoted. Dated 28th May, 1858.

78*th Foot.* The Commissions of Captain H. T. Macpherson to be dated 6*th*, not 5*th*, of October, 1857, as previously stated.

The Commission of Lieutenant William Thomson to be antedated to the 19th July, 1857.

82*nd Foot.* The Commission of Lieutenant Ryan to be dated 30*th*, not 29*th*, November, 1857, as previously stated.

93*rd Foot*, Lieutenant Edward Welch to be Captain, without purchase, vice Charles William McDonald, killed in action. Dated 12th March, 1858.

Lieutenant and Captain Wm. Wallingford Knollys, from the Scots Fusilier Guards, to be Captain, vice Cooper, who exchanges. Dated 28th May, 1858.

96*th Foot*, Lieutenant Elias Wm. Dixon Gray to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Mundell, promoted. Dated 21st May, 1858.

97*th Foot*, Brevet-Lieutenant Colonel F. Burton to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase, vice Ingram, killed in action. Dated 15th March, 1858.

Brevet-Major C. R. Chichester to be Major, without purchase, vice Burton. Dated 15th March, 1858.

Lieutenant R. K. Little to be Captain, without purchase, vice Chichester. Dated 15th March, 1858.

Ensign E. M. Cookesley to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Little. Dated 15th March, 1858.

98*th Foot*, James George Ballantyne, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Stewart, promoted. Dated 28th May, 1858.

2*nd West India Regiment*, Frederick Ludwig Mathews, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice de Lancey, promoted. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Royal Canadian Rifles, Ensign W. F. Field to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Dated 28th May, 1858.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Ensign Thomas B. Thornett, from the Gold Coast Artillery Corps. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Edward Rodney, Cecil Pechell, Gent., vice Field. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Gold Coast Artillery Corps, Thomas G. Danger, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Thornett, appointed to the Royal Canadian Rifle Regiment. Dated 28th May, 1858.

HOSPITAL STAFF.

To be Assistant-Surgeons to the Forces.

Albert Stanley Knight Prescott, Gent., vice Sharpe, appointed to the 95th Foot. Dated 6th May, 1858.

William Astle Hope, M.B. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Richard Thomas Golty Catton, Gent. Dated 7th May, 1858.

John Bradshaw, Gent. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Joseph Salkeld Johnston, M.D. Dated 7th May 1858.

George Simpson Cameron, Gent. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Stephen Henry Marshall, Gent. Dated 7th May, 1858.

John Boutflower Gent. Dated 7th May, 1858.

Thomas Turville Gardner, Gent. Dated 7th May, 1858.

BREVET.

The Christian names of Captain and Brevet-Major Evans, 1st Bombay Fusiliers, who was promoted to be Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army

in the Gazette of 14th instant, are "William Edwyn," and not "Edwyn" only as therein stated.

The undermentioned Officers, having completed three years' actual service, in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, to be promoted to be Colonels in the Army, under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854:

Lieutenant-Colonel A. B. Montgomery, 1st Foot. Dated 2nd May, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel F. C. Evelegh, C.B., 20th Foot. Dated 12th May, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel R. C. H. Taylor, C.B, 79th Foot. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel E. A. Somerset, C.B., Rifle Brigade. Dated 29th May, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Buckingham.

2nd Regiment of Royal Bucks Yeomanry Cavalry.

Cornet Henry Small to be Lieutenant, vice Walford, resigned.

Cornet Philip Chetwode Browne to be Lieutenant, vice Nash, resigned.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Westmorland.

Royal Westmorland Light Infantry Regiment of Militia.

Henry Shawe Jones, Gent., to be Captain, vice Bell, resigned.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Norfolk.

1st or Western Regiment of Norfolk Militia.

Ensign Reginald Octavius Day to be Lieutenant, vice Eastwood, removed. Dated 24th May, 1858.

James Dalton Peytherch, Gent., to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Davey, resigned. Dated 20th May, 1858.

2nd or Eastern Regiment of Norfolk Militia.

Adjutant Robert Charles Holmes to be Captain. Dated 22nd March, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stafford.

1st Regiment of King's Own Staffordshire Militia.

Assistant-Surgeon John Ley Hichens to be Surgeon, vice Woolhouse, resigned. Dated 21st May, 1858.

2nd Regiment of King's Own Staffordshire Militia.

John William Sneyd, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Watts, removed. Dated 24th May, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

The Victoria Rifles.

Henry Jacob Jordan, Esq., to be Captain, vice Sole, appointed to the 5th West York Militia. Dated 19th May, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Worcester.

Worcestershire Regiment of Militia.

William Mason, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Ramus, resigned.

Roland Davies, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Hilton, resigned.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 28, 1858.

India Board, May 31, 1858.

THE following papers have been received at the East India House:

No. 1.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

Military Department,
Allahabad, March 15, 1858.

No. 32 of 1858.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General is pleased to direct the publication of the following Reports of an expedition against Ghose Mahomed Khan, the Agent of the rebel chief of Allygurh, which took place on the 24th of August, 1857, in the district of Allygurh, near Coel.

These documents have only now reached Government in the Military Department.

The Governor-General has much satisfaction in

publicly recognizing the eminent services on that occasion of Mr. A. H. Cocks, Special Commissioner; of Brevet-Major Montgomery, 15th Regiment Native Infantry, who commanded the expedition; of Captain Murray, late of the Gwalior Contingent, commanding the Jat Horse: and his Lordship tenders his best thanks to Captain Strover, commanding a detachment of the 3rd European Regiment; to Lieutenant Griffin, commanding the detachment of Artillery; to Lieutenant De Kantzow, in command of the Militia; to Mr. Daniell, Civil Service; to Mr. Volunteer Hennessy, who particularly distinguished himself in the field; to Mr. P. Saunders, whose services are highly eulogized; and to the other gentlemen of the civil service, and to the military and medical officers, whose gallant conduct and good services are mentioned in these Reports.

The Governor-General deeply laments the death of Mr. J. O'B. Tandy, who behaved with conspicuous gallantry in this affair, and whose conduct throughout was only what was to have been expected from his known character, and his former most zealous services.

No. 2.

Mr. A. H. Cocks, Special Commissioner, to C. B. Thornhill, Esquire, Secretary to Government, North West Provinces.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of his Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, that we are in possession of the important town of Coel; and that, as far as can at present be ascertained, the effects of the victory which was obtained over the rebels, on the 24th ultimo., are as satisfactory as could be hoped for.

2. His Honor has already been demi-officially

informed of the operations of the force under Major Montgomery. I now record the reasons for the advance on Coel, and a short resumé of matters since I left Agra.

3. On the 21st ultimo, I was deputed to Hattrass to collect revenue and restore confidence to the people of that part of the district, who had abstained in a certain measure from evincing the rebellious spirit generally shown by the inhabitants of this Zillah.

4. I found, on arrival at Hattrass, that none of the objects of the expedition could be satisfactorily carried out, in consequence of the insolence of Ghose Mahomed Khan, who had, on the part of the King of Delhi, set himself up at Coel as the Ruler of that place. He had sent out a considerable force of his horsemen to Mudrack, 8 miles from Allygurh, on the road to Hattrass, and an advance guard to Sasnee, only 6 miles from the latter place; and his followers boasted of their intention to advance on Hattrass itself.

5. All these demonstrations quite paralysed my efforts for good; and, with the hearty concurrence of Major Montgomery, a movement on Coel was decided upon. We accordingly marched to Sasnee on the evening of the 23rd, and halted there. The next morning we resumed our march, and came up with the rebels, 3 miles from Coel, at about 10 A.M., when the battle began, and lasted till 1 P.M.

6. Major Montgomery will report the plan of operations as well as the conduct of the troops. I will only observe that, before we left the field, not an enemy was in sight. The corpses of most of their slain were leisurely examined by us; and those of our own, only five in number, were reverently removed and placed on a conveyance.

7. On political grounds, I was most anxious to make an entrance into Allygurh; but, for military

reasons, (which Major Montgomery will explain, and which were undoubtedly most prudent,) the order was given to retire. This was done in a dignified manner. We remained three hours at Sasnee, and reached Hattras at night.

8. The next morning I learnt that all the rebels who fought against us, with Ghose Mahomed at their head, had precipitately abandoned the city; that two of the leaders, (Moulvees), who had inflamed the religious fanaticism of the Mussulman population, had been killed; and that all the peaceful citizens of Coel were anxiously expecting our arrival.

9. More ammunition was accordingly procured from Agra; and on the 28th, at 7 A.M., we made a triumphant entry into the town and cantonments, where we have remained ever since in undisturbed possession.

10. I beg to bring to your notice the useful and gallant services of Captain Murray, of the late Gwalior Contingent. His Report is herewith enclosed, and it fully shows the aid given by the Jat Horsemen, under Thakoor Gobind Sing. Captain Murray has shown himself throughout the expedition to be as brave and dashing a soldier in the field as he is cautious and sensible in counsel; and his example infused some measure of courage into the Jats. I cordially agree with all he says of his subordinates. Mr. Hennessy is a most promising young gentleman; and I sincerely trust he may obtain a commission from the Honorable Company, to which I pledge myself he will do honor. Mr. P. Saunders was also prominently engaged during the whole action; and I mention him in my Report as he was in some measure associated with me. Major Montgomery will, I doubt not, mention his conspicuous gallantry, as well as that of his cousin, the lamented Mr. J. O'B. Tandy, who fell, as all anticipated, in a noble and self-sacrificing manner.

11. I trust Thakoor Gobind Sing will be well rewarded with a Khillut, as well as in some substantial manner, for the services he has rendered, and the sacrifices he has made to prove his fidelity.

12. Chobay Ghunseean Doss, late Tehseelda of Hattras, must be mentioned as an extraordinary example of wisdom, bravery, and integrity. His intelligence from all parts has never failed; his advice has been judicious and honest; and his influence with all parties, and respect with which he is treated by them, are as remarkable as his unflinching attitude towards the enemies of the Government. In a word, during the whole of this rebellion, I have seen no native equal to him, or more deserving of the confidence of the Government of India, and of a higher mark of their regard.

13. The Deputy-Collector of Boolundshuhur, Doorga Persad, has shown himself to be a man of considerable bravery, as well as of intelligence; and I would say the same of the two brothers of the Chobay Ghunseean, by name, Jey Kissau and Dhunput Roy, Tehseeldars, respectively, of Hattrass and Eglas.

14. I beg to express the high opinion I entertain of the services of Messrs. Lane, Daniell and E. Colvin. Mr. Lane was only a volunteer, and therefore I had not so much to do with him. Mr. Colvin was with me throughout the expedition. He not only gave me every assistance as a coadjutor in the work of the district, but was also prominent in the field, where he had the good fortune to shoot one of the leading Ghazees. On Mr. Daniell and the foot under Rundeer Sing, devolved the protection of the baggage in the rear. The duty was important and dangerous, and it was well and bravely performed. I forward Mr. Daniell's Report.

15. In conclusion, I beg to express my hearty thanks to Major Montgomery for his uniform co-operation; and there is but one opinion amongst all who have been associated with him, as to the qualities he has shown in the command of the force. I know not whether to dilate most on his admirable arrangements on the line of march, or on the field of battle, or in cantonments. He is everywhere, day and night.

I have &c.

A. COCKS,
Special Commissioner.

No. 3.

Brevet-Major G. J. Montgomery, 15th Native Infantry, Major of Brigade, Commanding Detachment at Hattrass, to Lieutenant-Colonel H. Cotton, Commanding at Agra.

Camp Hattrass, September 1, 1857.

See London Gazette, January 16, 1858.

No. 4.

Captain J. J. Murray to A. Cocks, Esq., Special Commissioner.

SIR, *Camp Hattrass, August* 25, 1857.

AGREEABLY to your request, I have the honour to furnish for your information the following account of the part taken by Thakoor Gobind Sing's Jat Horse,* under my command, in the engagement with the Allygurh insurgents, at Maun Sing's garden, on the 24th instant.

2. Before attacking their position, Major Montgomery ordered the Militia Cavalry, under Lieutenant De Kantzow, and the Jat Horse, to charge 150 Irregular Cavalry, who were threatening our left flank, and circling round to the rear of our

* 70 sowars under Thakoor Gobind Sing.

column. The Militia Cavalry,* being a small body and easily handled, were the first to move off, but the Jat Horse quickly followed in support, and by their formidable appearance contributed, in no small degree, to the defeat of the Irregulars, who, after firing a few shots, were driven back to the rear of their position in complete disorder, and did not again show themselves during the action.

These latter were in uniform, and armed with carbines, &c.

3. Shortly afterwards, I was ordered to sweep round by the right of Maun Sing's garden, and cut up some of the enemy, who were making their escape; but, finding a large party of at least 800 men and 50 sowars, drawn up in good order on the right of the garden, Lieutenant Griffin, at my request, moved up 2 of his guns, and opened fire with terrible effect, killing at least 150 of them, and completely dispersing the remainder.

I was preparing to follow them up, when I received an order to charge into the garden and clear it of the enemy. This, a portion of the Jat Horse did in gallant style, headed by Kurruck Sing, who (with 3 sowars) was wounded in an encounter with 7 of the most desperate Mussulmans, whom they killed. Kurruck Sing was also dangerously wounded by a musket-ball, on leaving the garden; but, I am glad to say, is going on favourably.

4. Thakoor Gobind Sing gave me every assistance, and was under fire throughout the engagement. Deputy Collector Doorga Persad and Jey Kissan, Tehseeldar of Hattrass, also distinguished themselves.

5. I have great pleasure in bringing to your notice Mr. Volunteer Hennessy, who kindly accompanied me, and, as you must have observed, particularly distinguished himself. He killed 5

* 22 men.

men with his rifle, 1 with a revolver, and would have been very severely wounded, had not his pouch saved him from a sword cut, in an encounter with a Mussulman, and he fortunately escaped with a contusion of the arm.

6. Mr. Collier, of the Militia Cavalry, who was attached to me, behaved with his usual gallantry.

I have, &c.,
J. J. MURRAY, Captain,
Late Gwalior Contingent,
Commanding Jat Horse, on the 24th instant.

No. 5.

MEMORANDUM.

SIR,

ON the morning of the 24th instant, under Major Montgomery's orders, I marched with the contingent of footmen, furnished by Thakoor Gobind Sing, to the number of 111, from Sasnee. They were under the command of Rundeer Sing, the Thakoor's nephew. I was ordered to remain with them all day, and march in the rear of the force, and to carry out the commanding officer's orders, with regard to this part of the force. They marched in excellent order, up to the field, about a mile distant from the rear of the force; the enemy's cavalry were seen a short distance to the right, but made no attempt at attack, keeping parallel to the rear guard until they joined the main body. I there received an order to dispose the men in the rear, with a view to prevent any attack. The footmen were therefore drawn up, on each side of the baggage in the fields on the side of the road, and the cavalry, about 10 in number, who were sent to my rear on the road, completed the cordon, being drawn up between the two lines of infantry. They kept this position until the order to return to Hattrass was given, when the horsemen marched

in front of the main body, and the footmen in two lines on each side of the baggage. Thakoor Rundeer Sing's activity was conspicuous. The order he preserved among his men was very creditable.

I have, &c.,
C. J. DANIELL, Joint Magistrate.

No. 6.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

Military Department,
Allahabad, March 15, 1858.

No. 33 of 1858.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General is pleased to direct the publication of the following despatch from the Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army, forwarding a report of the storming and capture of the town of Meeangunge, in Oude, on the 23rd ultimo, by the troops under the command of Brigadier-General Sir J. Hope Grant, K.C.B., and to record his concurrence in the high opinion expressed by his Excellency the Commander-in-chief, of the merits of that officer, and his acknowledgment of the gallant and effective service of the officers and soldiers under Sir J. Hope Grant's command.

No. 7.

The Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to the Government of India.

Head Quarters, Camp before Lucknow,
March 6, 1858.

No. 132 A.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor, by desire of the Commander-in-Chief, to forward, for the information of the

Right Honorable the Governor-General, a copy of a report, dated the 5th instant, from Brigadier-General Sir J. Hope Grant, K.C.B., of the successful storm of the town of Meeangunge, in Oude, on the 23rd ultimo, by the troops under his command, on which occasion 6 guns were captured, and about 900 of the rebels killed or taken prisoners.

2. His Excellency considers that Sir J. Hope Grant, in this, as in all other affairs in which he has been engaged, displayed great energy, zeal, and ability, and that he well deserves the approbation of his Lordship.

I have, &c,
H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 8.

Brigadier-General Sir J. H. Grant, K.C.B., commanding Cavalry, to the Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

Camp before Lucknow,
SIR, *March 5*, 1858.

I HAVE the honor to report that, on the morning of the 23rd February, I marched with the force named in the margin,* to Meeangunge, (with which I had been sent out to clear the country on the left bank of the Ganges, and along the main road from Cawnpore to Lucknow,) where I heard a force of 2000 infantry had taken up a position in the town with 300 cavalry outside, and 5 or 6 guns.

The town was an old walled city with three strong gates, one leading to Lucknow, another to Cawnpore, and the third to Rohilcund; at each of the gates were placed guns behind strong breast-

* Artillery, 326; Cavalry, 636; Native Sappers and Miners, 44; Infantry, 2,240;—Total, 3,246. Siege guns, 2; field ditto, 12;—Total, 14.

works, and these three sides were covered with trees. I reconnoitred, and found on the fourth side an excellent position within 350 yards, where the 2 heavy guns, under Major Anderson, C.B., could be brought up, and a part of the wall, in which was a postern gate beside a house called the Palace, which could be breached. I immediately ordered up the 2 guns, placed the 53rd Regiment with the 38th in support, in rear of the guns behind a village. I sent the cavalry, with 4 guns of the Royal Horse Artillery, to cover the Lucknow road; and the 34th Regiment, with 2 other guns and a troop of cavalry, to cover the baggage on the Rohilcund road. Major Turner's troop of 9-pounders, under command of Lieutenant Bishop, I placed on the right of the heavy guns, to keep down the musketry fire from the walls of the town.

In the space of 50 minutes, the 2 heavy guns made a practicable breach, and I then ordered the 53rd Regiment to advance to the assault. They were formed into two columns, one was to proceed through the left of the town under Colonel English, the other to the right under Major Payne; this duty was performed most admirably by the 53rd; they approached the town through some lanes to the left, they rushed in at the breach, stormed the town and took it; 6 guns were also taken. Numbers of the enemy were killed, and numbers tried to make their escape through the gates, but we were everywhere prepared for them, and altogether there must have been 500 killed and 400 taken prisoners. The cavalry, artillery, and infantry, on all sides, did their duty, and gave me the greatest satisfaction.

I cannot speak too highly of the assistance I received from Major Anderson, C.B., commanding Artillery, from Lieutenant-Colonel J. Hagart, commanding the Cavalry, and from Lieutenant-Colonel Sparks, commanding the Infantry Brigades; also

from Major Turner, Bengal Horse Artillery, and from Major Michell, and Lieutenant Bishop, commanding troops of Royal and Bengal Horse Artillery; from Major Horne, commanding 7th Hussars, and from Captain Anson, commanding 9th Lancers; from Lieutenant-Colonel Kelly, commanding 34th Regiment; and from Lieutenant-Colonel Kelly, commanding 38th Regiment; also from Lieutenant-Colonel English and Major Payne, 53rd Regiment, who so successfully commanded all their columns of assault, and from Captain Gough and Lieutenant Watson, commanding detachments of Irregular Cavalry; Lieutenant Dirom, Bengal Horse Artillery, Lieutenant Martiu, 9th Lancers, and Captain Fendall, 53rd Regiment, Brigade Majors of Artillery, Cavalry, and Infantry, were of the greatest use throughout the day. Lieutenant Warren, commanding the heavy guns, deserves great praise for the speedy and effective manner the wall was breached.

To my own personal staff I am deeply indebted for their services; Captain Hamilton, Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Lieutenant Roberts, Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General, Captain the Honorable A. Anson, Aide-de-Camp, and Lieutenant Havelock, extra Aide-de-Camp. Captain Bruce, Head of the Intelligence Department, and Captain Evans, Deputy Commissioner, afforded me the most valuable aid in obtaining information on this as on every other occasion; Lieutenants Wilkinson and Hogge, of the Commissariat Department, exerted themselves to the utmost, and materially lessened the difficulties of the march.

I have, &c.,

J. HOPE GRANT, Brigadier-General,
commanding Cavalry.

No. 9.

Return of Casualties of the Force under the Command of Brigadier-General J. Hope Grant, C.B., on the 23rd of February, 1858, at Meangunge.

Camp, Meangunge, February 24, 1858.

ARTILLERY.

Staff—1 captain, 1 officer's horse, wounded.

E. Troop Royal Horse Artillery—2 troop horses, wounded.

3rd Troop 3rd Brigade Bengal Horse Artillery—1 troop horse, wounded.

CAVALRY.

Detachment Her Majesty's 7th Hussars—1 serjeant, 4 rank and file, 6 troop horses, wounded.

Detachment Her Majesty's 9th Lancers—1 officer's horse killed ; 2 rank and file, 3 troop horses, wounded.

Detachment 1st Punjab Cavalry—2 rank and file, 1 troop horse, killed ; 1 troop horse, missing.

Detachment Hodson's Horse—1 native officer, 3 rank and file, 2 troop horses, wounded.

3RD INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Her Majesty's 34th Regiment—1 rank and file wounded.

Her Majesty's 53rd Regiment—1 subaltern, 5 rank and file, wounded.

Total—2 rank and file, 1 officer's horse, 1 troop horse, killed ; 1 captain, 1 subaltern 1 native officer, 1 serjeant, 15 rank and file, 1 officer's horse, 14 troop horses wounded ; 1 troop horse missing.

J. HOPE GRANT, Brigadier-General Commanding Force.

No. 10.

List of Officers Wounded.

Staff—Captain O. Jones, Royal Navy, Extra A.D.C. to Brigadier-General J. H. Grant, C.B., sword cut right hand.

3rd Infantry Brigade—Lieutenant J. Brockhurst, Her Majesty's 53rd Regiment, dangerously shot in the abdomen.

No. 11.

Return of Ordnance captured by the Force under Brigadier-General Grant, C.B., at Meangunge.

Camp, Meangunge, February 23, 1858.

1 Brass gun and carriage, with limber, 6-pounder.
3 Iron guns and carriage, 3-pounders. These guns and carriages have all been destroyed.
2 Iron guns and carriage, 2-pounders.

Total, 6 guns.

JOHN R. ANDERSON, Major,
Royal Horse Artillery,
Commanding Artillery with Brigadier-General Grant's Force.

No. 12.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

Military Department,
Allahabad, March 22, 1858.

No. 38 of 1858.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General has much pleasure in publishing the following report of an engagement between a detachment of the Jat Horse, under the command of Captain

J. J. Murray, and a body of the enemy's cavalry, at Kutchla Ghat, in which the latter were defeated and dispersed.

The Governor-General tenders his acknowledgments to Captain Murray, Lieutenant Hennessy, and the men who were engaged in this spirited affair.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor-General.

R. J. H. BIRCH, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, with the Governor-General.

No. 13.

Captain J. J. Murray, commanding Jat Horse, to W. Muir, Esq., Secretary to Government, North-Western Provinces.

SIR, *Camp Kashgunge, March* 13, 1858.

I HAVE the honor to forward, for the information of the Right Honorable the Governor-General, a copy of my letter No. 25, of the 11th instant, to Lieutenant Prinsep, Detachment Staff, at Allygurh, giving the particulars of an affair I had with the enemy's cavalry at Kutchla Ghat, on the 11th instant.

2. I earnestly beg to bring to the notice of Government, Local Lieutenant and Adjutant A. C. Hennessy, who was very severely wounded in the charge, and whose bravery was most conspicuous.

3. Nothing could exceed the steadiness of the men when retiring, and their bravery in the attack, those opposed to them being Irregular Cavalry, completely armed, and with every advantage in their favour.

4. The enemy have not yet carried out their threat of advancing on this place, and I hope to

be able to hold my position till the arrival of the column under Major-General Penny, three or four days hence, when, I believe, the Jat Horse will return to Allygurh.

I have, &c.,
J. J. MURRAY, Captain,
Commanding Jat Horse.

No. 14.

Captain J. J. Murray, commanding Jat Horse, to Lieutenant Prinsep, Officiating Detachment Staff, Allygurh.

March 11, 1858.

No. 25.

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of Major Eld, commanding at Allygurh, that, having received information last night of the arrival of Nycazalle Khan, at Kutchla Ghat, with 3 guns and 1000 cavalry and infantry, and further that Wulleedad Khan, thus reinforced, intended to cross over with his whole force this morning, I considered it advisable to make a re-advancement towards the Ghat, to watch the movements and, as far as practicable, ascertain the actual strength of the enemy.

Accordingly, this morning, I took with me 200 horse, and, on approaching the banks of the river, the enemy, who were on the alert, turned out in force, having at least 600 cavalry (Irregulars), 2000 drilled infantry, and 3 field-guns, besides 2 or 3 others in position.

Having satisfied myself as to their strength, and observing no preparations for crossing over, I decided on returning at once to Kashgunge ; but had scarcely moved off, when to my great surprise, I saw a strong part of their cavalry crossing the river immediately opposite the Ghat, and where I had been informed it was not fordable, under

cover of their field-guns. I continued to retire in perfect order, not wishing to engage with the enemy so near their main body. They, however, advanced rapidly, and a mile on this side of Rnggoub pressed so closely on my column, that I considered it necessary to charge them, and did so successfully, driving them to that village, beyond which I did not deem it prudent to follow them.

We killed 7 of the enemy, and completely checked their further advance.

I was thus enabled to continue my march unmolested to Sarun, where I halted during the day. In the charge, I regret to say that that most gallant young officer, Lieutenant and Adjutant Hennessey, received three very severe sword-cuts in the right arm, and which will deprive me of his valuable services for some time, and 2 sowars of the Jat Horse were killed; 3 horses are also missing.

The advanced portion of the enemy's cavalry, thus driven back, numbered about 200, and came on with great boldness, well knowing that my men were newly raised and without fire-arms.

It appears that the enemy, being checked in their advance in this direction, subsequently, with a strong force, proceeded to the village of Arhair, two miles above the Ghaut, where Darah Sing Thakoor has a strong Ghurrie, defended by 250 armed followers, with a gun. The enemy attacked the place, but were unsuccessful, and recrossed the river in the afternoon, taking with them a gun, which had been left outside the Ghurrie.

When they retired, Darah Sing and his followers left the place, and are now in Sarun. The enemy lost a number of men, and the Thakoor one or two.

I have, &c.,

J. J. MURRAY, Captain,
Commanding Jat Horse.

No. 15.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

Military Department,
Allahabad, March 22, 1858.

No. 40 of 1858.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General is pleased to direct the publication of the following Report, by Colonel F. Rowcroft, commanding Sarun Field Force, detailing the particulars of the signal victory obtained on the 5th instant, by the troops under his command, over a rebel force greatly outnumbering them.

Fully concurring in the praise bestowed by Colonel Rowcroft on Captain Sotheby, R.N., commanding the Naval Brigade of Her Majesty's ship Pearl; on Major Richardson, and Captain Chapman, and the Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry led by them; on Colonel Byroon Sing Kooer and Major-Captain Sewuckram Thappa, and in his acknowledgment of the good services of the officers and men of all arms under his orders, the Governor-General further desires to place on record his full appreciation of the admirable manner in which they were commanded in this action by Colonel Rowcroft himself.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor-General.

R. J. H. BIRCH, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India,
with the Governor-General.

No. 16.

Camp Amorah, March 6, 1858.

ON the signal and complete defeat yesterday of the enemy, who had moved up in great force,

from Belwa, Fyzabad, and Nawabgunge, Colonel Rowcroft, commanding the Field Force, offers, with great pleasure, his best thanks and congratulations to all the officers and men of the Pearl's Naval Brigade, under the command of Captain Sotheby, R.N.; the Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry under Major Richardson; Gorrucknath and Bunuk Goorkha Regiments, under military charge of Captains Barclay and Brooks, with Captain MacGregor attached; to Colonel Byroop Singh Kooer, and Major-Captain Sewukram Thappa, Goorkha Commandants; Lieutenant Turnour, R.N., in charge of the naval artillery; Lieutenants Ratcliffe and Grant, R.N., in charge of the Naval Column; Lieutenant Pym, R.N., in charge of marine skirmishers, aided by a party of rifles from the Naval Column, under Lieutenant Ingles; Lieutenant Burlton, in charge of Seikh skirmishers—all rendered their usual most active and excellent services. The charges of the yeomanry cavalry were gallant and most effective; early in the action, that of the right squadron, under Captain Chapman, ordered and directed by Colonel Rowcroft, was carried out with a rapid and telling effect, driving in the left of the enemy, killing great numbers, turning and shaking their centre. The advance of the Naval Brigade and Gorrucknath Regiment, ordered at the same time, drove the whole line of the enemy into full retreat, compelling them to abandon their guns; and here a detachment of 20 troopers, yeomanry cavalry, with Cornets Copland and Prinsep, ordered from the right squadron to the rear of naval guns, to cover and protect them, did excellent and useful service: the combined movements and advance of all the troops leading to the capture of 7 of the enemy's guns. Shortly before this movement, Colonel Rowcroft received a Report from Major Richardson, commanding left squadron on the left, that

the enemy, in great force, had got round our left rear, threatening our camp. Orders were sent to Major Richardson, with a troop of his whole squadron, to attack and clear out the enemy, most gallantly and effectually carried out by Major Richardson and his squadron, actively aided by a few Goorkha companies, under Captain Brooks. Major Richardson reports that he received great assistance from Cornets Kloer and Troup, who were his Orderly Officers. Colonel Rowcroft's best thanks are also due to Captain Morgan, Field Force Staff, and to the Honorable V. A. Montague, his Acting Aide-de-Camp, for their ready and zealous services ; also to Drs. Shore and Dickenson, of the Naval Brigade, and to Dr. J. W. R. Ainesbury, of the Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry and to Rev. W. Williams, Naval Chaplain, present in the field.

The field force* moved out about $7\frac{1}{2}$ A.M., took up a position and formed line a little to the west of the village of Amorah and our camp, when the bugle calls of the enemy were soon heard, and their lines seen over-lapping our flanks. The action commenced at $8\frac{1}{2}$ A.M. and closed at $12\frac{1}{2}$ P.M., in four hours; the enemy, reported to be 4,000 sepoys of the 1st, 10th, 58th, 56th, 5th Gwalior Contingent, and 2nd Oude Police Corps, 700 strong, 10,000 irregulars, 300 sowars, and 9 guns, being beaten at all points, pursued 7 miles, and completely routed with heavy loss of 7 guns† with limbers and ammunition, and 500 killed and wounded. This most successful action by the field force may be considered to have saved Goruckpore from a second immediate rebellion.

* Royal Marines 32, Naval Column 140, Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry 200, Goorkhas 850, Seikhs 39, 4 12-pounder howitzers.

† Enemy's guns captured—1 18-pounder, 1 9-pounder, 2 6-pounders, 3 2- and 4-pounders.

Colonel Rowcroft is very happy that our Casualty List is not heavy, though he has to regret the loss of Second Master, Mr. John Fowler, R.N., of the Pearl, killed in action by a round shot.

The above ordered to be read and explained to regiments and detachments at a parade ordered for that purpose.

No. 17.

Colonel Rowcroft to Colonel R. J. H. Birch, C.B., Military Secretary, with the Right Hon. the Governor-General, Allahabad.

Camp Amorah, 9 miles from Belwa, opposite Fyzabad, March 6th, 1858.

SIR, No. 168.

I HAVE the honor to acquaint you, for the information of the Right Honorable the Governor-General, that on the 4th instant, in the evening and during the night, I received reports that the enemy were preparing in great force with several guns to move on us from Belwa, Fyzabad, and Nawabgunge. The camp, baggage, &c., was at once struck and packed that night. About 7.30 the next morning, the 5th instant, the Field Force as per margin,* moved out of camp, and I took up a position and formed line a little to the west of the village of Amorah and the camp; the Naval Brigade and guns in the centre across the road, the two Goorkha Regiments on the right and left of the Naval Brigade, the Sikh Detachment on the left of the Goorkhas, and the Yeomanry Cavalry, one squadron on the right, and one on the left of my line. I rode forward a little in advance to meet a

* H.M.S. frigate Pearl's Royal Marines, 32; Naval Column, 140; Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry, 200; Gorruknath and Burruk Goorkha Regiments, 850; Bengal Sikh (Police Battalion), 39; 12-Pr. Howitzers, 4.

Cavalry Patrol. From the officer's report, I at first thought it was a party of the enemy sent into the villages for plunder, but I immediately heard the bugles of the enemy sounding a halt, and then the advance. I doubled the strength of the patrol, and ordered the officer to obtain further information, and to be careful not to commit his patrol by going into any village.

They soon returned, the officer reporting the enemy to be advancing in great force. Our line remained steady in position, anxiously awaiting the moment for attacking the enemy.

The bugle sounds neared on our line, and the enemy soon showed themselves in great force, their line extending right and left, over-lapping our flanks. Our guns opened from the centre, and the enemy commenced a heavy and rapid cannonade from several guns on our line. I ordered out the skirmishers and the whole line to advance. I received a report from Major Richardson, commanding left sqnadron, that the enemy in force were pushing round my left rear. I ordered him to detach a troop, or if necessary with the squadron, to attack and clear out the enemy, but not to leave my left for any time. This was gallantly and effectually carried out by Major Richardson and his squadron, zealously and actively aided by Captain Brooks, with a party of Goorkhas, cutting up and killing a number of the enemy. Here Captain Jenkins and Cornet Durnford had their horses shot and killed under them. Major Richardson reports that he received great assistance from Cornets Kloer and Troup, his orderly officers.

2. I saw there was no time to be lost, and that a rapid and decisive blow must be struck. Leaving orders for the guns to continue the advance and fire, and taking a party of Rifles of 20 men from the Naval Column, with Lieutenant Ingles, R.N., to re-inforce the Marine skirmishers, I rode on to

the right squadron, and ordered Captain Chapman to advance rapidly with his squadron, inclining to the right, and bringing up his right shoulders to charge the enemy's sowars and infantry, hoping it would also shake their centre. At the same time I sent an orderly trooper with an order to the Gorrucknath Goorkha Regiment, on the right of the Naval Brigade, to advance at the charge, and the Goorkhas moved gallantly forward. The result of this movement was soon apparent. I saw the left of the enemy hesitating, and some pressing towards their centre. the sowars in rapid retreat.

Down came the Yeomanry Cavalry at a charging pace, well and steadily together, on the moving masses of infantry, routing them and cutting down and killing great numbers, upwards of 90 reported. The whole left of the enemy soon gave way. I galloped up to the Yeomanry Cavalry, and thanked Captain Chapman and the squadron for their good gallant movement and charge, and ordered Captain Chapman to move towards the left to threaten the enemy's centre. The combined movement and gallant bearing of the troops, the steady advance of the Naval Brigade, soon shattered the whole line of the enemy. They abandoned their guns and were in full retreat, and our gallant troops captured 7 guns with limbers and ammunition. When ordering the right squadron to advance, I detached a party of 20 troopers to the rear of the naval guns to cover and protect them, and this party, under Acting Cornets Copland and Prinsep, by their gallant and excellent service aided in capturing some of the guns.

3. The pursuit now commenced for 7 miles to near Belwa, the enemy having to be driven out of topes and villages as we advanced.

A short distance from Belwa the enemy made a short stand with a large force, keeping up an effective fire on us from a heavy gun; and here I

have to regret the loss of Acting Second Master Mr. John Fowler, R.N., of the Pearl, killed by a round shot, also Private Poiroonoo Singh, of the Gorrucknath Regiment, mortally struck by a round shot shattering his chest (since dead). The effective fire of our guns, the advance of our troops, and the right squadron moving forward to be ready for a charge, soon drove the enemy out of sight into the heavy jungle and woods.

4. After advancing about a mile further and halting a short time, I prepared for returning to camp. The troops began to feel the fatigue and heat, and the Goorkha troops were much distressed with the heat and marching through much heavy ground and cultivation.

5. My best and warmest thanks are due to Captain Sotheby, R.N., Commanding the Naval Brigade of the Pearl, and to the officers and seamen, who with their guns were my main stay in the action, and most valuable to me at all times; also to Major Richardson, Commanding, and to Captain Chapman, Commanding Right Squadron. and to the officers and men of tho Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry, whose services have been most useful to me—always active, ready and willing for any duty ordered. Also to Captains Barclay, 68th Regiment Native Infantry, and Brooks, 1st Light Cavalry, in military charge of the two Goorkha Regiments, with Captain MacGregor, 9th Light Cavalry, attached, who were zealous and forward in their duties; and the Commandants, Colonel Byroop Singh Kooer, and Major Captain Sewuckram Thappa, always bravely urging on their men; also to those zealous active officers Lieutenant Turnour, R.N., in charge of Naval Artillery, Lieutenants Radcliffe, R.N., and Grant, R.N., in charge of Naval Column, and to Lieutenant Pym, R.N., with his gallant active Marine skirmishers, and to Lieutenant Ingles, R.N., with the useful

and valuable riflemen of the Naval Column, and to Lieutenant Burlton, 40th Regiment Native Infantry, with his brave ready Sikh skirmishers, who reports Havildar Kurrum Singh, Bengal Police Battalion, for his conspicuous good conduct and gallant bearing.

6. My best thanks are also due to Captain Morgan, 22nd Regiment Native Infantry, Field Force Staff, and to the Honourable V. A. Montague, R.N., my acting Aide-de-camp, for their zealous ready services in the field. Also to Drs. Shore and Dickenson of the Naval Brigade, Dr. J. W. R. Ainesbury, Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry, ready and active for anything required in their department; as also to Dr. Hilson, in medical charge of the Burruk Regiment, and to Rev. Mr. Williams, naval chaplain present in the field. Also to Deputy Magistrate Shekh Karroodeen, present in the field, and rendering all the assistance in his power. Lieutenant Grant, R.N., and Midshipman Lord Chas. Scott, and Gunner W. M. Goodfellow, seaman, with a few sailors, quickly and gallantly turned one of the captured guns on the enemy, firing 3 rounds of grape.

7. The action commenced at 8.30 A.M., and closed at 12.30 P.M. In four hours the enemy, their forces reported to be 4,000 Sepoys, 14,000 irregulars, 300 Sowars and 8 guns, were completely defeated and driven into rapid retreat, with the severe loss of 7 guns* and some 500 men killed and wounded. The Sepoys were of the 1st, 10th, 53rd, and 56th Regiments Native Infantry, 5th Regiment Gwalior Contingent, and 2nd Oude Police Battalion, 700 strong. The other regiments had lately been completed to 500 and 600 strong. The Nazim Mahomed Hossen and Rajahs of Gonda and Churdah and other chiefs were present in the field

* 1 18-pounder, 1 9-pounder, 1 6-pounder, 4 3-pounders.

on elephants, but are said soon to have fled in palankeens.

8. I am happy to report our casualty list not heavy. I beg to attach it, also a list of guns, limbers and ammunition captured.

9. This most successful action by the Field Force, so greatly out-numbered by the enemy in men and guns, may be considered to have saved Goruckpore a second immediate rebellion, the Baboos and Zemindars and villages in neighbourhood being ready to rise to a formidable extent.

10. I beg earnestly to recommend all the officers and men of the different arms in action at the battle of Amorah to the most favourable consideration of the Right Honourable the Governor-General Viscount Canning.

I have, &c.,
F. ROWCROFT, Colonel,
Commanding Sarun Field Force,
Goruckpore District.

P S.—I beg to add, since this dispatch was prepared, accounts from the side of the enemy at Belwa and Fyzabad make their loss about 800 men killed and wounded

F. ROWCROFT, Colonel,
Commanding Sarun Field Force.

No. 18.

List of Ordnance Stores captured in the Battle of Amorah, on the 5th March, 1858.

1	18-pounder iron gun,	length	5 ft.	10 in.	With Carriages.
1	9-pounder do	do	4 ft.	9 in.	
1	6-pounder brass gun,	do	4 ft.	6 in.	
2	3-pounder iron guns,	do	4 ft.	6 in.	
2	3-pounder do	do	3 ft.	7 in.	

7 limbers complete, with a large quantity of various sorts of ammunition, and a cart with 25,000 musket balls.

W. P. TURNOUR, Lieutenant; R.N.,
In charge of the guns attached to the Naval Brigade.

E. S. SOTHEBY, Captain, R.N.,
Commanding Naval Brigade.

No. 19.

General Return of Casualties of the Sarum Field Force, in the Action at Amorah, on the 5th of March, 1858, in the Goruckpore District.

ROYAL NAVAL BRIGADE.

Mr. John Fowler, Acting 2nd Master, killed by a round shot.

Issac Ringwood, A.B., severely, gunshot wound of thigh.

George Jenfold, A.B., severely, contusion of foot.

John Maddock, Ord. Seaman, slightly, contusion of chest by a musket ball.

Henry Trout, Ord. Seaman, slightly, gunshot wound of thigh.

Luke Howarth, Leading Stoker, slightly, contusion of thigh by a grape shot.

James Lambert, Captain of Main Top, slightly, gunshot wound of leg.

Griffith Roberts, Ord. Seaman, slightly, gunshot wound of right hand.

Philip Moan, Ord. Seaman, slightly, splinter wound of arm.

Charles Thomas, Yeoman of Signals, slightly, Gunshot wound of finger.

Abstract.

Killed	1
Wounded severely	2
Wounded slightly	7
Total—1 killed and 9 wounded ...	10

Regiment of Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry, in the Battle of Amorah, on the 5th March, 1858.

Cornet Durnford, 3rd Troop, slightly, blow from the butt-end of musket.
Corporal Ainslie, 3rd Troop, slightly, spent musket ball.
Trooper Bass, 3rd Troop, severely, bayonet wound of right arm.
Trooper Caillot, 3rd Troop, slightly, sword cut in right arm.

2 Horses killed.
5 Horses severely wounded, 1 since dead.
10 Horses slightly wounded.
1 Horse missing.

Abstract.

Wounded severely	1
Wounded slightly	3
Total wounded	4

Horses.

Killed	2
Wounded severely	5
Wonnded slightly	10
Missing	1
Total—2 killed, 15 wounded, 1 missing	18

Goruknath Goorkha Regiment, in the Battle of Amorah, on the 5th March, 1858.

Sepoy Pooroonooding, 7th Co., dangerously, round shot shattering right arm and chest, since dead.

Sepoy Korroobin Bimcoory, 7th Co., slightly, musket blow on the arm, finger cut.

Sepoy Baxun Buhtelli, 7th Co., dangerously, right leg shattered with round shot, thigh amputated.

Abstract.

Killed	1
Wounded dangerously	1
Wounded slightly	1
Total—1 killed and 2 wounded ...	3

Burruk Goorka Regiment, in the Battle of Amorah, on the 5th March, 1858.

Sepahi Damdhur Thapa, 10th Co., severely, gunshot wound of head.

Abstract.

Wounded severely	1

General Abstract.

Killed, 1 Officer, 1 Non-Commissioned Officer rank and file, 2 horses.

Wounded, 1 Officer, 15 Non-Commissioned Officers rank and file, 15 horses (1 since dead).

Missing, 1 horse.

F. ROWCROFT, Colonel,
Commanding Field Force,
Goruckpore District.

No. 20.

The Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to Government Secret Department, Bombay.

Adjutant-General's Office,
Mahableshwur, April 1st, 1858.

SIR, No. 11.

THE Commander-in-Chief has desired me to transmit to you the accompanying despatch from Brigadier Stuart, commanding 1st Brigade Central India Field Force, received through Major-General Sir Hugh Rose, K.C.B., reporting the capture by storm of the fort of Chandairee, on the 17th ult,, and to request that it may be laid before the Right Honourable the Governor in Council.

2. This successful exploit has been obtained by much dash and gallantry on the part of the storming party, and fortunately with small loss of life.

3. When the detailed accounts of the siege shall have been received, his Excellency desires me to say they shall be submitted to Government, with such observations as may be necessary.

I have, &c.,
EDWARD GREEN, Colonel,
Adjutant-General.

No. 21.

Brigadier Stuart, Commanding 1st Brigade Central India Field Force, to the Assistant Adjutant-General Central India Field Force.

Camp of Chandairee,
March 17th. 1858.

SIR, No. 83.

I HAVE the honor to report for the information of the Major-General Commanding Central India Field Force that the fort of Chandairee was carried by assault at 5 A.M. this day by the troops of this

brigade, the breach was reported practicable last evening and proved a fair one, the impetuous rush of the stormers of the 86th and 25th regiments carried everything before it. Captain Keatinge, Political Assistant, was, I regret to say, severely wounded whilst forward in the storming party. I beg to enclose a list of casualties on our side; the loss of the enemy is unknown at present, but in and about the fort there are from 40 to 50 bodies; their flight was most precipitate, and they scattered over the surrounding jungle in every direction, with the exception of about 200, who somewhat in a body fled northwards. All the guns in the fort, eight of iron and two of brass, are in our possession. Major Robertson is in charge of the fort, but I propose to make it over to the Sir Soobah of Scindiah after having entirely demolished the bastion we breached. The town of Chandairee is now entirely freed from rebels, and the inhabitants are resuming their occupations; the Sir Soobah has now charge of the gates of it, which up to this morning have been strongly held by the rebels, who cut off all communication with it from my brigade.

2. Lieutenant Dowker arrived here at half-past 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, giving me information of the approach of Captain Abbott with a considerable body of Irregular Cavalry from the northwards. I instantly despatched a letter by a native officer's party of the 3rd Regiment C.H.C. to Captain Abbott, informing him of my intended attack on Chandairee this morning, and desiring him to invest the north side of the fort; this letter most unfortunately never reached Captain Abbott till this day at noon at this place, and to its miscarriage must be attributed the escape of some of the enemy

3. I shall forward a despatch, giving all particu-

lars of the siege of Cha dairee for the information of the Major-General as soon as possible.

I have, &c.,

C. S. STUART. Brigadier,
Commanding 1st Brigade Central India Field Force.

No. 22.

Nominal Roll of Officers and Men of the 1*st Brigade Central India Field Force, Killed and Wounded at the Assault and Capture of the Fort of Chandairee, on the morning of the* 17*th of March*, 1858.

Staff—Political Agent and Captain Bombay Artillery Keatinge, March 17, 1858, dangerously wounded.

Royal Engineers—Sapper George Alcock, March 17, slightly wounded.

Royal Engineers—Corporal of Ordnance Denis Hogan, March 17, slightly wounded.

Her Majesty's 86*th Regiment, March* 17, 1858.

Lieutenant R. F. Lewis, slightly wounded.

Lieutenant and Adjutant H. C. Cochrane, slightly wounded.

Serjeant-Major Jerome Murphy, slightly wounded.

Private John McGowan, killed.

,, James Butler, mortally wounded, since dead.

,, John Sykes, dangerously wounded.

,, John Kane, dangerously wounded.

,, John Bourke, severely wounded.

,, Dominick Mullen, severely wounded.

,, John Sutton, severely wounded.

,, Jeremiah Murphy, severely wounded.

,, Patrick Stanton, severely wounded.

,, Patrick Bestick, severely wounded.

Private Patrick Hanlon, severely wounded.
„ Thomas Johnson, severely wounded.
„ Arthur O'Neal, slightly wounded.
„ Darby Collier, slightly wounded.
„ Michael Murphy, slightly wounded.
„ Martin Welsh, slightly wounded.

25th Bombay N.I.—Lieutenant John Forbes, slightly wounded.

25th Bombay N.I.—Private Babajee Wanee, slightly wounded.

25th Bombay N.I.—Private Trimbukhjee Juctole, slightly wounded.

Abstract.

Staff—1 wounded.
Royal Engineers—2 wounded.
Her Majesty's 86th Regiment—1 killed, 18 wounded, (1 since dead.)
25th Bombay Native Infantry—3 wounded.
Total—1 killed, 24 wounded.

W. MACKENZIE, M.D., Staff-Surgeon,
1st Brigade Central India Field Force.

Camp Chandairee, March 17, 1858.

No. 23.

The Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to Government, Secret Department, Bombay.

Adjutant General's Office,
Head Quarters, Mahableshwur,
April 10, 1858.

SIR, No. 146.

IN continuation of the letter from this department (No. 2701) under date the 29th ultimo, transmitting a despatch from Major-General Sir Hugh Rose, K.C.B., commanding the Central India Field Force, dated Koomeree, 9th idem, I am desired

by the Commander-in-Chief to request you will bring to the notice of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, the favorable mention made by the Major-General of the under-mentioned officers in the affair with the insurgents, which resulted in the evacuation of the strong fortress of Garracotta : — Lieutenant-Colonel Liddell, commanding 3rd European Regiment ; Captain Lightfoot, commanding No. 18, Light Field Battery, Bengal Artillery ; Captain Hare, Hydrabad Contingent ; Captain Need, Her Majesty's 14th King's Light Dragoons ; Lieutenant Dick, 3rd Regiment Light Cavalry ; Lieutenant Strutt, Bombay Artillery.

2. His Lordship in Council will doubtless observe that Major-General Sir Hugh Rose has particularly noted the conduct of Captains Hare and Need, and Lieutenant Strutt, and his Excellency therefore solicits that the Right Honorable the Governor in Council will accord to them, as also to the other officers above mentioned, the approbation they have so well deserved.

I have, &c.,
EDWARD GREEN, Colonel,
Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 24.

Major Evans commanding Salpoora Field Force, to the Quartermaster-General.

Camp, Amba Rawnee, April 12, 1858.

(Extract.) No. 36.

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, that soon after my arrival at Burwanee, I ascertained that Bheema and Mamassia Naiks had in reality no intention of submitting to terms, and that their only object in negotiating was to gain time.

2. I therefore determined on attacking them on the morning of the 11th instant, as also Kaja Sing, Doulut Sing, and Kaloo Bawa, who I learnt were encamped with them at this place.

3. With this view I issued orders for Captain Sealy to march on Dalia Bawrie, situated to the eastward of Amba Rawnee, on the morning of the 10th, and for the details, &c., under his orders, that under Captain Langston, which was then at Pursool, and the head-quarter detachment at Burwanie, to leave their respective camps at daybreak, and to join in a simultaneous attack from the north, south, and east, on the enemy's position on the morning of the 11th instant.

4. As mentioned in my former letter, Burwanee is to the north, and Pursool to the south of Burwanee.

5. The chiefs with 3000 followers, consisting of Makranees and Bheels, took up their position on the top of a narrow and steep range of hills, the summits of which afforded excellent cover, owing to their being crowned with rocks and huge stones.

6. My own detachment and Captain Langston's attacked simultaneously from front and rear at about 8 A.M.

The troops actually engaged are mentioned in the margin.*

7. Both columns advanced with much spirit, and circling round the enemy's left flank attacked him from three sides.

8. The troops were soon on the summit of the range, where a most determined resistance was

* Troops engaged:—Head-Quarters Detachment, 45 Poona Horse; 210 Right Wing, 9th Regiment; 60, 4th Rifles; 110 Bheels Corps; 2, 4⅕-inch mortars.—Captain Langston's Detachment:—58 Poona Horse, 236 Left Wing 9th Regiment; 58, 4th Rifles; 70 Bheel Corps; 2 4⅖-inch mortars.

offered, under cover of the rocks, especially by the Makranees, who here fought desperately, and it was not till 3 P.M. that the hills were cleared of them.

9. Many of the enemy escaped eastward, or from the right of the position, owing to the unaccountable non-appearance of Captain Sealy's detachment, which, up to the present moment, I have not heard of. The only surmise I can make as to this detachment not having come up, is that it may have met with resistance on the road.

10. The approaches to the enemy's position, excepting from the south, are most difficult. That from the north was scarcely practicable.

11. A detachment of the Poona Horse was ultimately so placed as to prevent escape from the right flank, and the enemy were completely surrounded and their entire position gained.

12. The enemy must have lost about 150 killed. The number of wounded is unknown. 62 men are made prisoners.

200 women and children have also been taken prisoners.

I enclose a list of casualties.

No. 25.

SATPOORA FIELD FORCE.

Return showing the number of Casualties on the 11th of April, 1858, at Amba Rawnee.

Camp near Silawad, April 14, 1858.

Detachment Artillery.

Wounded—1 European officer, 1 private.

Detachment 4th Rifles.

Killed—1 private.

Wounded—1 native officer, 12 privates, (two since dead.)

9th Regiment Native Infantry.

Killed—1 native officer, 2 naiks, 7 privates, 1 Bheastie.

Wounded—1 European officer, 2 havildars and duffadars, 2 naiks, 24 privates, (one since dead.)

Missing—havildars and duffadars 1, privates 6.

Detachment Poona Irregular Horse.

Wounded—havildars and duffadars 1, privates 2.

Bheel Corps.

Killed—3 privates.

Wounded—1 European officer, 3 privates.

Total of casualties—15 killed, 51 wounded, 7* missing.

Grand Total—73.

Four horses also wounded, and several men received slight contusions.

S. THACKER, Captain,
Acting Staff-Officer, Satpoora Field Force.

H. W. EVANS, Major,
Commanding Satpoora Field Force.

Nominal Roll of European Officers Wounded.

Captain Birch, commanding Bheel Corps, seriously.

Lieutenant Basevi, commanding Detachment Artillery, severely.

Assistant-Surgeon Shepherd, 9th Regiment N.I., slightly.

H. W. EVANS, Major,
Commanding Satpoora Field Force.

* Six of these men have since been found.

No. 26.

The Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines to the Secretary to Government of India, Military Department, Fort William.

Ordnance Office,
November 11, 1857.

SIR, No. 3,736.

IN reply to your letter, No. 190, dated 5th current, I have the honor to say that I have received authentic information only of the deaths of the individuals named in the margin.* However, I forward a roll including also persons belonging to the Ordnance Department, concerning whom no account has been received since the commencement of the mutiny, and who, there is little reason to doubt, have also been killed by mutineers and people of the country through which they passed in attempting to escape.

I have, &c.,

A. ABBOTT, Col.
Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.

No. 27.

Return of Persons Killed by Mutineers.

Lieutenant-Colonel F. R. Bazely, Principal Commissary of Ordnance, Lucknow, September 25, killed in action.

Lieutenant-Colonel G. D. Willougby, Officiating Commissary of Ordnance, Delhi, believed to have been killed, or to have died of wounds.

Mr. John Scully, Conductor of Ordnance, Delhi, May 11, killed by explosion of the Delhi magazine.

* Conductor Scully, Serjeant Hoyle, and Conductor Coleman.

Mr. J. Nolan, Conductor of Ordnance, Delhi, May 11, supposed to have been killed.

Mr. R. N. Settle, Sub-Conductor, Delhi, May 11, supposed to have been killed.

Mr. George Connor, Sub-Conductor, Delhi, May 11, supposed to have been killed.

5. Serjeant Isaac Hoyle, Park Serjeant, Delhi, May 11, killed by Sepoys while proceeding to the magazine.

Mr. John Buckley, Conductor, Delhi, May 11, wounded—escaped to Meerut.

7. Mr. Geoffry Coleman, Conductor, Allahabad, June 22, died of wounds by insurgents.

Mr. Nicholas Reilly, Assistant-Com. of Ordnance, Cawnpore, June, supposed to have been killed.

Mr. George H. Manvill, Officiating Sub-Conductor, Cawnpore, June, supposed to have been killed.

Mr. Richard Saunders, Magazine Serjeant, Cawnpore, June, supposed to have been killed.

11. Lieut. George Forrest, Assistant-Commissary of Ordnance, Delhi, May, wounded at Delhi.

Mr. Mathew Ions, Conductor and Engineer, Futtyghur, June, believed to have been killed.

Mr. Michael Rohan, Conductor, Futtyghur, June, believed to have been killed.

Mr. Patrick Hammond, Sub-Conductor and Assistant-Engineer, Futtyghur, June, believed to have been killed.

The wives and children of all the Warrant and Non-commissioned Officers have been killed, with exception to Nos. 5, 7, and 11.

A. ABBOTT, Colonel,
Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.

Fort William, Ordnance Office,
November 11, 1857.

No. 28.

Lieutenant-Colonel Nuthall to the Officiating Secretary to the Governor of India, Military Department, Fort William.

Commissary-General's Office, Fort William, February 12, 1858.

SIR, No. 868.

WITH reference to your letter, No. 191, dated 5th November, 1857, I have the honour to forward for submission to Government copy of an authentic list of all Europeans who have fallen victims to the mutineers in the circle of the Indore Residency.

I have, &c.,
T. J. NUTHALL,
Officiating Commissary-General.

No. 29.

List of Europeans who fell Victims to the Mutineers during the outbreaks of Gwalior, Indore, Mhow, and Mehidpore.

Killed by the Moorar Mutineers on June 14th and 15th, 1857, at Moorar.

Major Blake, commanding 2nd Regiment Gwalior Contingent.
Major Shereiff, Commanding 2nd Regiment Gwalior Contingent.
Captain Hawkins and two of his children, 1st Co. Artillery, Gwalior Contingent.
Captain Stewart, commanding 2nd Co. Artillery, Gwalior Contingent.
Mrs. Stewart and one child.
Lieutenant Proctor, Adjutant 4th Regiment Gwalior Contingent.

Doctor K. W. Kirke, Superintending Surgeon Gwalior Contingent.
Mr. Coopland, Chaplain.
Serjeant-Major Twitchin, 4th Regiment Gwalior Contingent.
Serjeant-Major Pike, 2nd Regiment Gwalior Contingent.
Mrs. Pike, wife of above.
Quartermaster - Serjeant Webb, 4th Regiment Gwalior Contingent.
Drummer Collins, Veteran Establishment.
Gunner Hill, Veteran Establishment.
Park-Serjeant Cronan, Gwalior Magazine.
Staff-Serjeant Kelly, 1st Co. Artillery, Gwalior Contingent.
Mrs. Burrows, wife of the late Mr. A. Burrows, of the Ordnance Department.
Mrs. Quick, wife of Serjeant Quick, at the Chumbul River, died on her way to Agra, from fatigue and exposure.

Killed by the Indore Mutineers on July 1st at Indore.

Mr. Avery, Superintendent Telegraphic Department.
Mrs. Avery, wife of above.
Mr. Bone, Inspector Telegraph Department.
Mrs. Bone, wife of above.
Mr. Butler, Assistant in charge of Telegraph Office.
Mrs. Butler and child.
Mr. Brookes.
Mr. McBeth, Veteran Establishment.
Mrs. McBeth and five children.
Mr. Murray, Clerk in the Opium Department.
Mrs. Moran.
Mrs. Beauvais.
Mrs. Crawley and child.

Mr. W. W. Novis, Clerk in the Presidency Office.
Mrs. Novis, wife of above.
Mr. McMahon, Civil Engineer.
Mr. Alphonse, Band Master.
Mr. Payne.

Colonel J. Platt, commanding 23rd Regiment N.I., July 1, killed by the Mhow Mutineers.
Major A. Harris, commanding 1st Bengal Light Cavalry, July 1, killed by the Mhow Mutineers.
Captain J. Fagan, Adjutant 23rd Regiment N.I., July 1, killed by the Mhow Mutineers.
Lieutenant Mills, Malwa Contingent, Mehidpore, November 8, killed by Velaytee and Makranee Insurgents.
Dr. Carey, Mehidpore, November 8, killed by Velaytee and Makranee Insurgents.
Serjeant-Major Mansaw, Mehidpore, November 8, killed by Velaytee and Makranee Insurgents.
Serjeant-Major O'Connel, Mehidpore, November 8, killed by Velaytee and Makranee Insurgents.
Lieutenants Brodie and Hunter, Muttragur, June 7, killed by united Malwa Contingent Cavalry.

A. R. E. HUTCHINSON,
Bheel Agent and Political Assistant in charge Residency.

Indore Residency, January 22, 1858.

No. 30.

The Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, Fort William.

Commissary-General's Office, Fort William, February 13, 1858.

SIR, No. 872.

WITH reference to your letter, No. 861, dated 18th November, 1857, I have the honor to forward for submission to Government the accompanying

copies of two casualty descriptive rolls, Nos. 28 and 29, dated 27th of January, 1858, of Serjeant John Ryan and Conductor William Berrill and their families, who were killed during the mutiny.

I have, &c.,

T. J. NUTHALL,
Officiating Commissary-General.

No. 31.

Casualty Descriptive Roll of the under-mentioned Non-commissioned Officer, late attached to this Division, as called for in Deputy Commissary-General's Letter D, *No.* 361, *23rd of January*, 1858.

Cawnpore, Commissariat Office, January 27, 1858.

No. 28.

John Ryan, serjeant. I am informed, he was in the entrenched position, with his wife, 3 children, a brother, and a mother-in-law, on the 10th of June, 1857 ; they all left the entrenchment at dawn, and proceeded in the direction of the cattle sheds, where they were surrounded by the sowars, and killed.

L. R. CHRISTOPHER,
Deputy-Assistant Commissary-General.

No. 32.

Casualty Descriptive Roll of the under-mentioned Warrant Officer, late attached to this Division, as called for in Deputy Commissary-General's Letter D, *No.* 361, *23rd January*, 1858.

Cawnpore, Commissariat Office, January 27, 1858.

No. 29.

William Berrill, Conductor, with his wife and daughter, were in the entrenched position on

the 24th of June, 1857, when Mr. Shepherd left it. He saw them just before leaving. They were all killed after the surrender. The late Conductor Berrill has two sons at present employed in the Lieutenant-Governor's Office, at Allahabad.

L. R. CHRISTOPHER,
Deputy-Assistant Commissary-General.

No. 33.

Lieutenant-Colonel O. Cavenagh, Town Major, to Major F. D. Atkinson, Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department.

Town Major's Office, Fort William, March 1, 1858.

SIR, No. 347.

WITH reference to your letter, No. 871, dated the 18th November, 1857, I have the honor to forward descriptive roll of the non-commissioned officers who have been killed by the mutineers during the rebellion.

I have &c.,
O. CAVENAGH, Lieut.-Col., Town Major.

No. 34.

Descriptive Roll of Non-Commissioned Officers borne on the Town Major's List.

Town Major's Office, Fort William, February 25, 1858.

Serjeant-Major Henry Murphy, Hurrianah Light Infantry, killed near Hissar, on the 29th May, 1857.

Farrier-Serjeant Bartholomew Hernon, No. 2, Oude Light Field Battery, killed at Lucknow, on the 18th July, 1857.

ORFLEUR CAVENAGH,
Lieutenant-Colonel, Town Major.

No. 35.

The Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to the Government of India.

Camp, Lucknow,
March 28, 1858.

SIR, No. 166A.

IN continuation of my letter, No. 145A, of the 19th instant, I have the honor, by desire of the Commander-in Chief, to enclose for the information of the Governor-General returns of the killed, wounded and missing of the force under his Excellency's personal command on the 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th and 21st instant.

I have, &c.,
H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 36.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the Army under the Command of the Commander-in-Chief, on the 16th of March, 1858.

Camp, Lucknow, March 17, 1858.

ARTILLERY DIVISION.

Siege—3rd Co., 8th Bat., Royal Artillery—1 non-commissioned officer, wounded.

Field—3rd Brigade, Bengal Horse Artillery—1 European officer, wounded.

Field—5th Co., 12th Bat., Royal Artillery—1 rank and file, wounded.

Field—6th Co., 13th Bat., Royal Artillery—1 rank and file, wounded.

ENGINEER BRIGADE.

Punjaub Pioneers—1 rank and file, wounded; 2 rank and file, missing.

3rd Infantry Division.

.M.'s 23rd Fusiliers—1 non-commissioned officer killed; 1 European officer, 8 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, wounded.

H.M.'s 79th Highlanders—1 rank and file, wounded.

1st European Bengal Fusiliers—1 non-commissioned officer, 1 rank and file, killed; 1 European officer, 5 non-commissioned officers rank and file, wounded.

3rd Battalion, Rifle Brigade—1 European officer, 1 rank and file, wounded.

2nd Punjaub Infantry—4 non-commissioned officers rank and file, wounded.

4th Infantry Division.

H.M.'s 10th Foot—1 rank and file, killed.

H.M.'s 90th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.

Regiment of Ferozepore—1 European officer, 6 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, wounded.

Divisional Staff—1 European officer, wounded.

Total—4 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, killed; 6 European officers, 30 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, wounded; 2 rank and file, missing.

Grand Total—4 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, killed; 36 officers and men, wounded; 2 rank and file, missing.

No. 37.

Nominal Roll of Europeans Killed and Wounded.

Corporal Archer Francis, Siege Artillery, 3rd Co., 8th Bat., Royal Artillery, leg broken by gun-wheel in removing captured guns.

Veterinary Surgeon T. Hickman, Field Artillery, 3rd Brigade, Horse Artillery, wounded slightly.
Gunner and Driver Sparrow, 5th Co., 12th Bat., Royal Artillery, wounded slightly.
Gunner and Driver Woodburn, 6th Co., 13th Bat., Royal Artillery, wounded slightly.
Private Richard White, H.M.'s 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, killed.
Lieutenant A. L. Tobin, H.M.'s 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, wounded severely.
Serjeant James Dawson, H.M.'s 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, wounded mortally.
Corporal William Ritchie, H.M.'s 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, wounded slightly.
Private Thomas Hamlet, H.M.'s 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, wounded slightly.
Private James Witt, H.M.'s 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, wounded slightly.
Private Thomas Slack, H.M.'s 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, wounded slightly.
Private Richard Hemming, H.M.'s 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, wounded slightly.
Private James Morgan, H.M.'s 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, wounded slightly.
Private Thomas Harrox, H.M.'s 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, wounded slightly.
Private James Malcolm, H.M.'s 79th Highlanders, wounded severely.
Private Thomas McLaughlin, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, killed.
Colour Serjeant Thomas McBride, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, killed.
Lieutenant William Ellis, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, wounded slightly.
Private William Cambridge, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, wounded slightly.
Private G. Knowles, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, wounded slightly.

Private J. Evans, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, wounded severely.

Private J. Morrissy, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, wounded severely.

Private J. Kelly, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, wounded severely.

Ensign —— Drake, doing duty, 3rd Battalion, Rifle Brigade, wounded slightly.

Private Thomas Higginbottom, doing duty, 3rd Battalion, Rifle Brigade, wounded severely.

Private Patrick Phelan, H.M.'s 10th Foot, died of wounds.

Private William Cocum, H.M.'s 90th Regiment, wounded slightly.

Major J. Brasyer, Regiment of Ferozepore, wounded.

Lieutenant S. Chalmers, 53rd N.I., Sub-Assistant Commis.-General, Divisional Staff, wounded severely.

No. 38.

Numerical Return of Killed and Wounded on the 17th March, 1858.

Camp, Lucknow, March 18, 1858.

Artillery Division.

Siege, 8th Co., 2nd Bat., Royal Artillery—1 gunner wounded, March 16.

Siege, 6th Co., 11th Bat., Royal Artillery—1 non-commissioned officer, 1 trumpeter, wounded.

Field, 6th Co., 13th Bat., Royal Artillery—1 gunner and driver, wounded; 1 bombardier, killed, March 16.

Engineer Brigade.

23rd Company, Royal Engineers—1 European officer, 14 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, killed; 1 sapper, wounded.

Bengal Engineers, doing duty with Royal Engineers—1 European officer, killed.

Punjaub Pioneers—1 non-commissioned officer, or rank and file, killed.

3rd Infantry Division.

1st European Bengal Fusiliers—1 European officer wounded, March 15.

H.M.'s 79th Highlanders—1 non-commissioned officer, 1 rank and file, wounded.

2nd Punjaub Infantry—2 non-commissioned officers, or rank and file, wounded.

Total—2 European officers, 16 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, killed; 1 European officer, 9 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, wounded.

Grand Total—18 officers and men, killed; 1 European officer, 9 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, wounded.

No. 39.

Nominal Roll of Killed and Wounded on the 17th of March, 1858.

Camp, Lucknow, March 18, 1858.

Gunner James Kean, 8th Co., 2nd Bat., Royal Artillery, wounded severely, March 16, 1858.

Serjeant James Johnson, 6th Co., 11th Bat., Royal Artillery, wounded slightly, March 16.

Trumpeter Thomas Sullivan, 6th Co., 11th Bat., Royal Artillery, wounded severely, March 16.

Gunner and Driver Henry Bracey, 6th Co., 13th Bat., Royal Artillery, wounded severely, March 16.

Bombardier John France, 6th Co., 13th Bat., Royal Artillery, killed.

Captain F. O. Salusbury, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, wounded slightly on the 15th March.

Serjeant James Blythe, H.M.'s 79th Highlanders, wounded severely, March 15.
Private John Down, H.M.'s 79th Highlanders, wounded slightly, March 15.

23rd Company Royal Engineers. Died from the effects of a Gunpowder Explosion.

Captain A. J. Clerke.
Lance-Corporal James Davis.
Sapper Michael Daily.
„ James Bunting.
„ Andrew Fairservice.
„ William Robinson.
„ Charles Tucker.
„ William Outerson.
„ George Beer.
„ David Northwood.
„ James Slade.
„ John Yeo.
„ Alfred Smith.
„ Frederick Morgan.
„ John Ford.
„ James Chapman, suffering severely from the effects of a gunpowder explosion.
Lieutenant E. P. Brownlow, Bengal Engineers, doing duty with Royal Engineers, died from the effects of a gunpowder explosion.

No. 40.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, on the 18th of March, 1858.

Head Quarters, Camp, Lucknow, March 19, 1858.

Artillery Division.

Naval Brigade, Her Majesty's Ship Shannon—1 A.B., wounded.

1st Cavalry Brigade.

Pathan Horse—1 non-commissioned officer, rank and file, killed.

3rd Infantry Division.

H.M.'s 79th Highlanders — 3 rank and file, wounded.

1st European Bengal Fusiliers —1 rank and file, killed ; 1 rank and file, wounded.

4th Infantry Division.

H.M.'s 20th Regiment—1 European officer, 4 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, wounded.

H.M.'s 90th Regiment—1 rank and file, missing from the 15th of March.

H.M.'s 97th Regiment—1 non-commissioned officer, wounded.

Regiment of Ferozepore —2 native officers, killed ; 6 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, wounded.

Total—2 native officers, 2 non-commissioned officers, killed ; 1 European officer, 16 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, wounded ; 1 rank and file missing.

Grand Total—4 native officers and non-commissioned officers, killed; 17 European officers and men, wounded ; 1 rank and file, missing.

No. 41.

Nominal Roll of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, on the 18th March, 1858.

Head Quarters, Camp, Lucknow, March 19, 1858.

Thomas Sullivan, A.B., Naval Brigade, H.M.'s ship Shannon, wounded severely.

Private George Andrews, H.M.'s 79th Highlanders, wounded slightly.
Private John Brown, H.M.'s 79th Highlanders, wounded slightly.
Private John Todd, H.M.'s 79th Highlanders, wounded slightly.
Private Thomas Martin, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, killed by the explosion of a mine.
Private Robert Brian, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, wounded slightly.
Captain A. R. Warren, H.M.'s 20th Regiment, wounded slightly.
Serjeant J. Buckley, H.M.'s 20th Regiment, wounded slightly.
Private T. Peck, H.M.'s 20th Regiment, wounded severely.
Private R. Opeay, H.M.'s 20th Regiment, wounded severely.
Private J. Winning, H.M.'s 20th regiment, wounded slightly.
Serjeant A. White, H.M.'s 97th Regiment, wounded slightly.
1 man of Her Majesty's 90th Regiment missing, name not yet reported.

No. 42.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, on the 19*th March*, 1858.

Head Quarters, Camp, Lucknow, March, 20, 1858.

Artillery Division.

3rd Co., 14th Bat., Royal Artillery—1 acting bombardier, wounded.
6th Co., 13th Bat., Royal Artillery—1 Gunner and Driver, wounded.

ENGINEER BRIGADE.

Punjaub Pioneers—1 rank and file, wounded.

1ST CAVALRY BRIGADE.

H.M.'s 9th Lancers—1 rank and file, killed; 1 European officer, 3 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, and 3 horses, wounded; 3 horses missing.

3RD INFANTRY DIVISION.

H.M.'s 79th Highlanders—2 rank and file, killed; 1 rank and file, wounded.

Total—3 rank and file, killed; 1 European officer, 7 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, 3 horses, wounded; 3 horses, missing.

Grand Total—3 rank and file, killed; 8 officers and men, 3 horses, wounded; 3 horses, missing.

No. 43.

Nominal Roll of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, on the 19th of March, 1858.

Head Quarters, Camp, Lucknow, March 20, 1858.

Acting Bombardier Joseph Tucker, 3rd Co., 14th Batt., Royal Artillery, slightly burnt by explosion.

Gunner and Driver Patrick McCarthy, 6th Co., 13th Bat., Royal Artillery, wounded severely.

Private G. J. Prangnell, H.M.'s 9th Lancers, killed.

Captain T. W. H. Hutchinson, M.M.'s 9th Lancers, wounded dangerously, since dead.

Corporal Samuel Newman, H.M.'s 9th Lancers, wounded dangerously, since dead.

Private G. G. Andrews, H.M.'s 9th Lancers, wounded slightly.
Private P. Donohoe, H.M.'s 9th Lancers, wounded slightly.
Private Thomas Munro, H.M.'s 79th Highlanders, wounded dangerously, since dead.
Private William Taylor, H.M.'s 79th Highlanders, wounded dangerously.
Private Peter Jack, H.M.'s 79th Highlanders, wounded dangerously.

No. 44.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, on the 20th of March, 1858.

Head Quarters, Camp, Lucknow, March 21, 1858.

Divisional Staff—1 European officer, killed.
Brigade Staff—1 European officer, killed.

Artillery Division.

Siege, 3rd Co., 14th Bat., Royal Artillery—1 rank and file, killed.*

Cavalry Brigade.

H.M.'s 7th Hussars—3 European officers, 2 rank and file, 4 horses, wounded.
Hodson's Horse — 2 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, 1 horse, killed ; 1 native officer, 7 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, 5 horses, wounded ; 1 non-commissioned officer, rank and file, 1 horse, missing.

First Infantry Division.

1st Battalion 5th Fusiliers — 1 European officer, 3 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, wounded.

* This man was returned in a former casualty return as wounded.

H.M.'s 78th Highlanders — 1 rank and file, wounded.

Third Infantry Division.

H.M.'s 23rd Fusiliers—1 rank and file, wounded.
1st European Bengal Fusiliers—3 rank and file, wounded.

Total—2 European officers, 3 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, 1 horse, killed; 4 European officers, 1 native officer, 17 rank and file, 9 horses, wounded; 1 non-commissioned officer, rank and file, 1 horse, missing.

Grand Total—5 officers and men, 1 horse, killed; 22 officers and men, 9 horses, wounded; 1 non-commissioned officer, rank and file, 1 horse, missing.

No. 45.

Nominal Roll of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, on the 20th of March, 1858.

Head Quarters, Camp, Lucknow, March 21, 1858.

Lieutenant O. D. Thackwell, 15th N.I., Assistant Baggage Master to Siege Artillery, Divisional Staff, killed.

Lieutenant Jonathan Cape, 30th N.I., Assistant Baggage Master to Engineer Brigade, killed.

Shoeing Smith George Laver, 3rd Co., 14th Bat. Royal Artillery, died on the 20th instant, from wounds previously received.

Captain Slade, Her Majesty's 7th Hussars, wounded.

Lieutenant Wilkin, Her Majesty's 7th Hussars, wounded.

Cornet Bankes, Her Majesty's 7th Hussars, wounded dangerously.
Private John Kelly, Her Majesty's 7th Hussars, wounded slightly.
Private Thomas Harrison, Her Majesty's 7th Hussars, wounded severely.
Ensign J. A. Cubitt, Her Majesty's 1st Bn. 5th Fusiliers, wounded slightly.
Private Thomas Johnson, Her Majesty's 1st Bn. 5th Fusiliers, wounded severely.
Private William McGee, Her Majesty's 1st Bn. 5th Fusiliers, wounded slightly.
Private Thomas Mara, Her Majesty's 1st Bn. 5th Fusiliers, wounded slightly.
Private George Maycock, Her Majesty's 78th Highlanders, wounded slightly.
Private John Kiely, Her Majesty's 23rd Fusiliers, wounded severely.
Private James Moore, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, wounded severely.
Private Dennis Burns, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, wounded severely.
Private Benjamin Johnson, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, wounded slightly.

No. 46.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing on the 21st March, 1858.

Head Quarters, Camp, Lucknow, March 22, 1858.

Engineer Brigade.

Punjaub Pioneers – 1 European officer, 3 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, wounded; 2 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, missing.

2ND CAVALRY BRIGADE.

Her Majesty's 7th Hussars—1 horse wounded.

1st Seikh Irregular Cavalry—1 European officer, 2 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, killed; 3 European officers, 1 native officer, 6 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, 5 horses, wounded; 1 horse missing.

2ND INFANTRY DIVISION.

Her Majesty's 93rd Highlanders—11 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, wounded.

4th Punjaub Rifles—1 non-commissioned officer, rank and file, killed; 2 European officers, 6 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, wounded.

3RD INFANTRY DIVISION.

Her Majesty's 79th Highlanders—1 non-commissioned officer, rank and file, died of wounds received on the 17th March.

1st European Bengal Fusiliers—1 non-commissioned officer, rank and file, killed.

2nd Punjaub Infantry—1 non-commissioned officer, rank and file, died of wounds received on the 11th March.

Total—1 European officer, 6 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, killed; 6 European officers, 1 native officer, 26 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, 6 horses, wounded; 2 non-commissioned officers, rank and file, 1 horse, missing.

Grand Total—7 officers and men killed; 33 officers and men, 6 horses, wounded; 2 non-commissioned officers rank and file, 1 horse missing.

No. 47.

Nominal Roll of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, on the 21st of March, 1858.

Head Quarters, Camp, Lucknow, March 22, 1858.

Ensign Knowles, Punjaub Pioneers, wounded, gun-shot in knee.

Captain F. Wale, Commandant, 1st Seikh, I.C., killed.

Lieutenant Godby, 1st Seikh, I.C., wounded slightly.

Lieutenant Montgomerie, 1st Seikh, I.C., wounded slightly.

Lieutenant Sandeman, 1 Seikh, I.C., wounded slightly.

Her Majesty's 93rd Highlanders.

Private John Armstrong, wounded severely.
" Alexander Berrie, wounded slightly.
" Alexander Beath, wounded slightly.
" James Ferguson, wounded slightly.
" Francis Lauchlan, wounded severely.
" James Lyons, wounded slightly.
" James McDonald, wounded severely.
" Samuel McBurnie, wounded severely.
" Thomas Marshall, wounded slightly.
" Alexander McLeod, wounded slightly.

Serjeant John McKay, wounded slightly.

Major Wilde, 4th Punjaub Rifles, wounded severely.

Captain Hood, 4th Punjaub Rifles, wounded dangerously.

Serjeant James Blyth, Her Majesty's 79th Highlanders, died of wounds received on the 17th of March.

Private Angus Cameron, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, shot in the city.

No. 48.

General Orders by the President of the Council of India in Council.

Fort William, March 30, 1858.

No. 510 of 1858.

IN continuation of the List of Casualties during the operations at Cawnpore on the 26th, 27th, 28th, and 29th of November last, under Major-General Windham, C.B., announced in Government General Order, No. 47, of the 12th of January, 1858, the Honourable the President of the Council of India in Council, directs the publication of the following return of the casualties in the Madras Brigade, during the engagements on those dates.

No. 49.

Return of Wounded of the Madras Brigade, in Action, near Cawnpore, on the 26th, 27th, and 28th of November, 1857.

Staff—2 captains wounded.

C. Company, 5th Bat. Madras Artillery—1 native officer, 2 havildars, 2 naicks, 10 privates, 1 driver, 1 armourer.

No. 50.

Nominal Roll of European and Native Commissioned Officers of the Madras Brigade Wounded in Action, near Cawnpore, on the 26th 27th, and 28th November, 1857.

Captain A. Howlett,* 27th Madras N I. Officiating Commissariat Officer, slightly.

Captain C. H. Drury,† 27th Madras N.I., Brigade Major, severely.

* This officer's horse was killed under him on the 28th of November, 1857.

† This officer's horse was killed under him on the 27th of November 1857.

Jemadar Sheik Emom, C. Co., 5th Bat., Madras Artillery, slightly.

C. H. DRURY, Captain,
Brigade Major, Madras Troops.

M. CARTHEW, Brigadier,
Commanding Madras Troops in Bengal.

Camp Futtehpore, March 8, 1858.

No. 51.

Abstract of the above.

November 26, 1857.—1 havildar, 1 naick, 1 private, 1 driver, 1 armourer, 1 gun bullock, wounded.

November 27.—1 naick wounded.

November 28.—1 jemadar, 1 havildar, 9 privates, 3 gun bullocks, wounded.

Total—1 jemadar, 2 havildars, 2 naicks, 10 privates, 1 driver, 1 armourer, 4 gun bullocks, wounded.

None killed or missing.

N.B.—Only 4 guns of battery at Cawnpore.

ROBERT CADELL, Lieutenant and Captain, commanding C. Company, 5th Bat., Madras Artillery.

M. CARTHEW, Brigadier, Commanding Madras Troops in Bengal.

Camp Mewayee, March 6, 1858.

No. 52.

The President of the Council of India in Council to the Court of Directors of the East India Company.

Fort William, Foreign Department, April 8, 1858.

No. 26.

IN continuation of our letter, No. 20, dated the 22nd ultimo, we have the honor to transmit here-

with an additional list of persons killed and wounded by the rebels, as noted in the margin.

No. 53.

E. C. Bayley, Esq., Officiating Deputy Secretary to Government North-West Provinces, to G. F. Edmonstone, Esq., Secretary to Government of India with the Governor-General.

Allahabad, March 17, 1858.

SIR, No. 27A.

IN continuation of letter No. 87, dated 3rd ultimo from this department, I am desired by the Right Honourable the Governor-General to forward copy of a letter from Major W. C. Erskine, No. 121 of 1858, with copy of supplemental return therein referred to, of Europeans killed and wounded by the rebels in the Jubbulpore division.

I have, &c.,
E. C. BAYLEY,
Officiating Deputy-Secretary to Government of the North-Western Provinces.

No. 54.

Major W. C. Erskine, Commander Jubbulpoor Division, to W. Muir, Esq., Secretary to Government North-West Provinces, Allahabad.

Camp, Syda, February 27, 1858.

SIR, No. 121.

I HAVE the honor to transmit the supplemental return of Europeans, &c., murdered by rebels and mutineers, called for in the Secretary's letter to Government Central Provinces, No. 38, of the 3rd instant.

I have, &c.,
W. C. ERSKINE, Major, Commissioner.

No. 55.

Supplemental Return of Europeans Killed and Wounded by the Rebels in the Jubbulpore Division, at Jhansie, on June 7th or 8th, 1857.

Mr. T. Andrews, Pl. Supt. Ameen.
Mr. R. Andrews, Deputy Magistrate.
Mrs. R. Andrews and three children.
Mr. Wilton, Patrol.
Two Miss Wiltons.
Mrs. Wilton and 1 child.
Mr. Orr, Superintendent of Customs.
Mrs. Orr.
Mother of Mr. Orr.
Wife of Serjeant Newton, 12th Bengal N.I., and four children.
Sergeant Ryley, Overseer Pub. W. Department.
Mr. Blyth, Sub-Assistant Revenue Surveyor.
Mrs. Blyth and three children.
Mr. Blyth's mother-in-law.
Mr. Millan, Sub-Assistant Revenue Surveyor.
Mrs. Millan and three children.
Mr. Munrood, Sub.-Assistant Revenue Surveyor.
Two Messrs. Young, Sub.-Assistant Revenue Surveyors.
Mr. Gabriel, Sub.-Assistant, Revenue Surveyor.
Mr. A. Scott, Head Clerk, Deputy Commissioner's Office.
Mr. C. Purcell, Head Clerk, Superintendent's Office.
Mr. J. Purcell, Clerk, Head Clerk, Superintendent's Office.
Mr. G. Elliott, Clerk, Deputy Commissioner's Office.
Father and Mother of Mr. G. Elliot.
Mr. Crawford, Clerk, Deputy Commissioner's Office.

Two Messrs. Mutlos, Clerks, Deputy Commissioner's Office.
Mr. Fleming, out of employ.
Mr. Double, Head Clerk Jaloun, Deputy Commissioner's Office, Oraie.
Mrs. Double, Oraie.
Major Jenkins, 10th M.N.I., Assistant Quartermaster-General, near Jubbulpore, killed in action.
Captain Tottenham, 4th M. Lt. Cavalry, near Jubbulpore, November 9, killed in action.
Assistant-Surgeon M'Egan, 14th Irregulars, June 7 or 8, supposed to be murdered at Jhansie.
Mrs. M'Egan, June 7 or 8, supposed to be murdered at Jhansie.

W. C. ERSKINE, Commissioner.

Commissioner's Office, Camp Syda,
February 27, 1858.

No. 56.

List of Casualties among the Military and Naval Officers of the Bombay Establishment known up to this date.

Bombay Castle, April 24, 1858.

Captain Robert Bainbrigge of the 23rd Regiment N.L.I., and Acting Brigade Major, Rajpootana Field Force, April 1, at Camp Kotah, killed by the explosion of one of the enemy's magazines.
Captain Evelyn Bazalgette, Her Majesty's 95th Regiment, April 1, at Camp Kotah, killed by the explosion of one of the enemy's magazines.
Captain (Brevet - Lieutenant - Colonel) Sydney Turnbull, of the Regiment of Artillery, commanding Artillery Central India Field Force, April 4, died of wounds received at the assault on the town of Jhansie.

Lieutenant Atherton Allan Park, of the 24th Regiment N.I., April 3, killed in action at Jhansie.

Lieutenant William George Douglas Dick, of the Bombay Engineers, April 8, killed in action, at Jhansie.

Second Lieutenant Hugh Robert Meiklejohn, of the Bombay Engineers, April 8, killed in action at Jhansie.

Surgeon Thomas Stack, attached to Her Majesty's 86th Regiment, April 8, killed in action at Jhansie.

Second Lieutenant Charles Hancock, of the Bombay Engineers, Assistant Field Engineer, Rajpootana Field Force, April 15, at Kotah, from wounds received by an explosion of the enemy's magazines on the day of the assault.

H. L. ANDERSON, Secretary to Government.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 1, 1858.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, May 31, 1858.

THE name of the Baron de Bliss was inadvertently inserted in the list of Gentlemen attending Her Majesty's Drawing Room on the 15th instant, no such title being acknowledged in this country.

Foreign-Office, May 29, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Samuel Ward to be Consul at Bristol for the United States of America.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of The Count de Mélano as Consul-General in London for the Republic of Nicaragua.

Foreign-Office, May 31, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. George R. West as Consul at the Bay of Islands for the United States of America.

Foreign-Office, June 1, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Albert G. Catlin as Consul at Prince Edward's Island for the United States of America.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Mr. Thomas Dickson as Consul at Colombo for His Majesty the King of the Belgians.

Whitehall, May 31, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to nominate, constitute, and appoint Harry Maxwell Inglis, Esq., to be one of the Ordinary Clerks of Session in Scotland, in the room of John Russell, Esq., resigned.

Crown-Office, May 26, 1858.

MEMBER returned to serve in the present PARLIAMENT.

City of Limerick.

James Spaight, of George-street, in the City of Limerick, Esq., in the room of George Gavin, Esq., whose election has been declared void.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, June 1, 1858.

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations

have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Helsingfors, reporting the re-opening of the Navigation at that port.

Board of Trade, Whitehall,
June 1, 1858.

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Minister at Lisbon, reporting that the Board of Health at that capital has notified that Buenos Ayres is considered infected with Yellow Fever.

Board of Trade, Whitehall,
June 1, 1858.

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Dunkirk, reporting that the Prefect of the Northern Department has recently notified that until the 10th September next, water will not be retained in the Commercial Basin of the Harbour of that place.

War-Office, Pall-Mall.
1*st June*, 1858.

32*nd Regiment of Foot.*

To be Lieutenants.

Lieutenant A. R. W. Thistlethwayte, from 33rd Foot, vice Cook, promoted in the 100th Foot. Dated 1st June, 1858.

Lieutenant G. Walker, from 88th Foot, vice Clery, promoted in the 100th Foot. Dated 1st June, 1858.

Lieutenant S. B. Noble, from 68th Foot, vice Browne, promoted in the 100th Foot. Dated 1st June, 1858.

100th Foot.

To be Captains, without purchase.

Captain and Brevet-Major T. M. L. Weguelin, from half-pay 56th Foot. Dated 1st June, 1858.

Captain R. B. Ingram, from 97th Foot. Dated 1st June, 1858.

Captain P. G. B. Lake, from 2nd West India Regiment. Dated 1st June, 1858.

Lieutenant Henry Cook, from 32nd Foot. Dated 1st June, 1858.

Lieutenant James Clery, from 32nd Foot, vice de Rottenburg, promoted. Dated 1st June, 1858.

Lieutenant H. G. Browne, from 32nd Foot, vice Robertson, promoted. Dated 1st June, 1858.

To be Lieutenants.

Lieutenant G. B. Coulson, from 49th Foot. Dated 1st June, 1858.

Lieutenant John Lee, from 17th Foot, and to be Adjutant. Dated 1st June, 1858.

Lieutenant James Lamb, from 50th Foot. Dated 1st June, 1858.

Lieutenant F.W. Benwell, from 33rd Foot. Dated 1st June, 1858.

Lieutenant H. L. Nicholls, from 39th Foot. Dated 1st June, 1858.

Lieutenant Joseph Dooley, from 77th Foot. Dated 1st June, 1858.

Lieutenant R. L. Bayliff, from 33rd Foot. Dated 1st June, 1858.

Lieutenant G. F. Grant, from 62nd Foot. Dated 1st June, 1858.

Lieutenant C. J. Hampton, from 56th Foot. Dated 1st June, 1858.

BREVET.

Captain Joseph Maycock, 53rd Foot, to be Major in the Army. Dated 24th March, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel Frank Turner, Bengal Artillery, to be Colonel in the Army. Dated 24th March, 1858.

To be Lieutenant-Colonels in the Army.

Major Henry A. Olpherts, Bengal Artillery. Dated 15th January, 1858.

Major James Metcalfe, Bengal Infantry. Dated 24th March, 1858.

Major Chas. Harris Blunt, Bengal Artillery. Dated 24th March, 1858.

To be Majors.

Captain Richard Charles Lawrence, 73rd Bengal Native Infantry. Dated 19th January, 1858.

Captain Henry Nicoll, 50th Bengal Native Infantry. Dated 19th January, 1858.

Captain Southwell Greville, 1st Bengal European Fusiliers. Dated 19th January, 1858.

Captain Alfred Light, Bengal Artillery. Dated 19th January, 1858.

Captain George Cliffe Hatch, 57th Bengal Native Infantry. Dated 24th March, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Pembroke.

James William Bowen, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 27th May, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the Tower Hamlets.

King's Own Light Infantry Regiment of Militia.

Ensign William Lewis Kulback to be Lieutenant, vice Strong, retired. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Chester.

The Earl of Chester's Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry,

Captain Lee Porcher Townshend to be Major, vice Brooke, resigned. Dated 15th May, 1858.

Lieutenant Shallcross FitzHerbert Widdrington to be Captain, vice Townshend, promoted. Dated 20th May, 1858.

Cornet The Honourable John Byrne Leicester Warren to be Lieutenant, vice Widdrington, promoted. Dated 25th May, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Nottingham,

Royal Sherwood Forresters or Nottinghamshire Regiment of Militia.

Robert Felix Bower St. Clair, Gent.. to be Ensign. Dated 26th May, 1858.

Edwin Robert Ives, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 26th May, 1858.

Leonard Jaques, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 26th May, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kent.

East Kent Regiment of Militia.

Augustus Frederick Tanner, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Chisholm, promoted. Dated 20th May, 1858.

Clement Wolseley Featherstonhaugh, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Leatham, promoted. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Warwick.

Warwickshire Militia. 2nd Regiment.

Ensign Percival Richards to be Lieutenant, vice John Blacksley, resigned. Dated 22nd May, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Leicester.

Leicestershire Militia.

Robert Curzon, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 23rd May, 1858.

Commission signed by Her Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy of the County of Lanark.

2nd Royal Lanarkshire Militia.

Ensign William Benjamin Wilkin to be Lieutenant, vice Wardell. Dated 21st May, 1858.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 1, 1858.

INVESTITURE OF HIS MOST FAITHFUL MAJESTY, PEDRO THE FIFTH, KING OF PORTUGAL, WITH THE ENSIGNS AND HABIT OF THE MOST NOBLE ORDER OF THE GARTER.

Lisbon, May 28, 1858.

THE QUEEN, Sovereign of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, having been pleased, by a

Commission under Her Majesty's Sign Manual and the Great-Seal of the Order, to constitute and appoint the Most Honourable John Alexander, Marquess of Bath, Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, on a Special Mission to this Court, and Sir Charles George Young, Knight, Garter Principal King of Arms, to be Her Majesty's Plenipotentiaries for Investing His Most Faithful Majesty, Pedro 5th, King of Portugal and the Algarves, Duke of Saxony, with the Ensigns and Habit of that Most Noble Order, the said Plenipotentiaries embarked at Plymouth, on the 11th instant, on board Her Majesty's frigate Diadem (accompanying the Squadron escorting the Queen of Portugal to Lisbon), together with their respective Suites and landed in this City on the 17th instant.

On the 20th instant, the Marquess of Bath was honoured with an audience of His Most Faithful Majesty, at the Palace of Belem, at which, Garter and the respective Suites were presented. Their Majesties the King and Queen afterwards held a General Reception, at which the Plenipotentiaries and respective Suites were presented to Her Majesty the Queen, and to His Majesty the King Don Ferdinand.

The requisite arrangements for His Majesty's Investiture having been made, His Majesty was pleased to appoint Thursday the 27th instant, for that purpose.

At four o'clock on that day, the several persons appointed to carry the Insignia assembled at the residence of the Marquess of Bath, and from thence proceeded to the Royal Palace of Belem in the following Order :—

Escort of Lancers.

Four Grooms of the Royal Household in State Liveries, on Horseback.

Royal Footmen in State Liveries.

A Royal State Carriage, conveying two Gentlemen.

A Royal State Carriage, conveying two Gentlemen.

A Royal State Carriage, conveying three Gentlemen.

A Royal State Carriage, drawn by eight Horses, conveying Her Majesty's Plenipotentiaries.

Royal Footmen in State Liveries.

Grooms of the Royal Household in State Liveries, on Horseback,

Escort of Lancers.

On arriving at the Palace, the Mission was received by a Guard of Honour of the 7th Regiment of the Line, and advancing through the Hall, was met by the Marquess of Bemposta Subserra, Introducer of Ambassadors, and conducted to a Saloon of the Palace, where the Procession was formed, and whence it advanced through the Corridor to the Throne Room, in the following Order :—

Captain William Moorsom, R.N., C.B., bearing the Book of the Statutes on a Velvet Cushion.

Captain George Stoney Swinny, Aide-de-Camp to Sir Harry W. Smith, Bart., bearing the Sword of the Order in like manner.

Lieutenant-General Sir Harry W. Smith, of Aliwal, Bart., G.C.B., bearing the Hat and Star of the Order in like manner.

Lieutenant-Colonel Lord Burghersh, C.B., bearing the Collar of the Order in like manner.

James Robinson Planché, Rouge Croix Pursuivant of Arms, in his Tabard, and bearing the Garter and the Riband and George of the Order, in like manner.

William Courthope, Esq., Somerset Herald, Secretary of the Commission, in his Tabard and Collar of SS., and carrying in his hand the Sovereign's Commission.

Henry Percy Anderson, Esq., Secretary to the Special Mission, bearing the Mantle and Cordon of the Order, on a Velvet Cushion.

Sir Charles George Young, Knight, Garter Principal King of Arms, in his Mantle, Chain, and Badge, bearing his Sceptre, and the Sovereign's Letters of Credence.

His Excellency John Alexander, Marquess of Bath, Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, on a Special Mission.

Advancing into the Royal Presence, with due reverences, the Mission was received by His Most Faithful Majesty, surrounded by the Ministers of State and Great Officers of the Court.

The Gentlemen bearing the Insignia divided to the right and left, the Plenipotentiaries advancing between them ; the Secretary of the Commission, Somerset Herald, remaining near to the Plenipotentiaries, to deliver to them the Insignia.

The First Plenipotentiary, the Marquess of Bath, then made an Address to His Majesty, declaratory of the object of the Mission, to which His Majesty made a most gracious reply ; Garter then delivered to his Lordship the Letters of Credence, which his Lordship presented to the King, who delivered the same to the Marquess de Loulé, President of the Council and Minister of Foreign Affairs. The Statutes were then in like manner presented to the King, and next the Commission, both of which were delivered by His Majesty to the Marquess de Loulé, by whom the latter was subsequently returned to Garter.

Garter then taking the Garter, delivered it to the Marquess of Bath, who buckled the same around His Majesty's left leg ; Garter reading the Admonition in Latin.

His Majesty was next invested with the Riband and George appendant, Garter reading the Admonition.

The King then delivered his Sword, which Garter received, and retained as an ancient Fee appertaining to his office ; and His Majesty was invested with the Sword of the Order.

His Majesty being then divested of the Riband and George, which was received by an Officer of the Court, Garter presented to the Marquess of Bath the Mantle with which His Majesty was invested by the Plenipotentiaries,

His Majesty was in like manner invested with the Collar of the Order: Garter then delivered to the Marquess of Bath the Hat and Feathers, which were presented by his Lordship to the King, and his Lordship immediately after delivered the Star of the Order to His Majesty.

The King then delivered to the Marquess of Bath His Majesty's Nomination of a Proxy under the Royal Signet and Sign Manual, in the event of an Installation in the Royal Chapel of St. George at Windsor.

The ceremony of Investiture being completed, the Plenipotentiaries, with their respective Suites making their reverences, withdrew from the Royal Presence, and were reconducted to the Saloon, whence they had advanced to the presence of His Majesty.

There were present during the Investiture, Her Majesty the Queen; His Majesty The King Don Ferdinand; the Infanta Dona Isabel Maria; the Infants Don Louis and Don John; the Queen's Brother, the Prince of Hohenzollern; the Marquess de Loulé, President of the Council and Minister, of Foreign Affairs; the Minister of Public Works, Commerce, and Industry; the Minister of War; the Duke of Saldanha, Grand Marshal of the Court; the Duke of Terceira, Grand Equerry; the Viscount de Carreira, Great Chamberlain to the King; the Patriarch of Lisbon; the Marquess de Fronteira, Great Chamberlain to the Queen; the Marquess of Bemposta Subserra, Introducer of Ambassadors, and other Officers of the Household; the Councillors of State; Henry Howard, Esquire, British Minister at the Court of Lisbon; the British Consul; the Foreign Ministers at the Court of Lisbon, and other distinguished Personages; as also Rear-Admiral Sir Henry D. Chads, K.C.B., and the

Captains in command of Her Majesty's Ships in the Tagus.

A splendid Banquet was afterwards given, at which were present, their Majesties the King and Queen, His Majesty wearing the Ensigns of the Order of the Garter; the King Don Ferdinand; the Infanta Dona Isabel Maria, and the Infants Don Louis and Don John; the Queen's Brother the Prince of Hohenzollern; the Plenipotentiaries, and their Suites; the Ministers of State and Great Officers of the Court; the British Minister, and other Persons of Distinction.

After the Banquet their Majesties held a Circle, at which the Plenipotentiaries and their Suites took leave of the Court, the Mission having throughout been received with the greatest attention and condescension by their Majesties and Royal Family.

CHAS. GEO. YOUNG,
Garter.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 4, 1858.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, June 4, 1858.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty will hold a Levee at St. James's Palace, on Friday the 11th instant, at two o'clock.

Whitehall, June 3, 1858.

The following Addresses of congratulation to the Queen, on the occasion of the Marriage of Her Royal Highness the Princess Royal with

His Royal Highness Prince Frederick William of Prussia, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Home Department for presentation, have accordingly been presented by him to Her Majesty, who has been pleased to receive the same very graciously.

From the Ministers and Elders of the Church of Scotland, met in General Assembly.

From the Ministers and Elders of the Free Church of Scotland in General Assembly convened.

Whitehall, June 4, 1858.

The following Address of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, having been transmitted by William David, Earl of Mansfield, K.T., Her Majesty's Commissioner, to the Right Honourable Spencer Horatio Walpole, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has been by him presented to the Queen ; which Address Her Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

May it please your Majesty,

The gracious letter with which your Majesty has been pleased to honour this General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, has been received by us with profound respect.

We can never cease to remember the gratifying terms in which your Majesty has annually assured our predecessors and ourselves, of the constant and undiminished interest hitherto taken by our beloved Sovereign in our national Church, and it cannot fail to be encouraging to us to be reassured of the continuance of the cordial good will and friendly spirit still animating your Majesty with a firm determination to uphold and secure to this ecclesiastical establishment the full enjoyment of

all its rights and privileges, and to watch with pleasure and with care, over its liberties and its interests.

We rejoice to know that the Lord God Omnipotent, whose dominion ruleth over all, has placed your Majesty in the high and responsible position of guardian of our church, and that, far from looking on the proceedings of our Assembly as a matter of indifference or of slender importance, your Majesty has been deeply impressed with the loyalty and devotion which have characterized its counsels hitherto; and thus recognizing the claims it has established on the Royal confidence and support, your Majesty contemplates with satisfaction the session now commencing, in the full conviction that our efforts will be successfully directed to promote the efficiency of our ecclesiastical discipline, and the spread of pure religion among all classes of the people.

Fully assured of the eminent qualities and tried discretion of the Right Honourable the Earl of Mansfield, and having had experience of the dignity and kindness with which he has previously exercised his high functions, to the great satisfaction of this Church, we feel it to be our duty to receive him with every token of warm regard.

We receive with deep gratitude your Majesty's Royal Warrant for two thousand pounds for the reformation of the Highlands and Islands, and we will earnestly study to apply this munificent gift to the purposes for which it has hitherto been specially destined.

That the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, the Supreme King and Head of the Church, may pour down on your Majesty the most precious spiritual and temporal benefits; that He may also abundantly bless His Royal Highness the Priuce Consort, and all the Royal offspring;

and that, when this world and its works shall have passed away, you may all be raised up to the glories and felicities of the everlasting kingdom of Our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, is the fervent prayer of, may it please your Majesty, your Majesty's most faithful, loyal, and obedient subjects, the Ministers and Elders of the Church of Scotland, met in this General Assembly.

Signed in our name, in our presence, and at our appointment, by

M. Leishman, Moderator.

Edinburgh, May 24, 1858.

Downing-Street, June 3, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint William Girod, Esq., to be Police Magistrate for the city and parish of Kingston, in the Island of Jamaica; and Godfrey Hastings Kneller, Esq., to be Collector of Customs and Superintendent of the Pilotage Establishment of Her Majesty's Settlements in the River Gambia.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, June 2, 1858.

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a despatch from Her Majesty's Ambassador at Paris, inclosing copy of a French Imperial Decree authorizing the negotiation in France of Foreign Railway Shares, and of which the following is a translation :

Art. 1.—The negotiation at the Paris and Provincial Bourses, of Shares issued by Railway Companies on account of railways constructed beyond the French territory, is regulated by the

laws and regulations applicable to the negotiation of French securities of a similar nature, subject, however, to the conditions mentioned in the following Articles :

Art. 2.—The Companies must prove that they are constituted in conformity with the laws of the country where they are formed.

For this purpose they must remit to the Minister of Finance, and to the Syndical Chamber of Share Brokers (Agents de Change), authentic copies of :—

1st. The authorised public acts by which their formation has been sanctioned, and which have empowered them to construct a railway or railways.

2nd. The statutes, statements of special conditions (cahiers de charges), and in general all the documents by which they have been regulated or modified.

Art. 3 —The Companies are obliged to show that their shares as also their bonds, if they have issued any, are officially recognised (estées) in the country to which the railways belong.

Art. 4. - The shares must not be of less than 500 francs. All those which have been issued should be paid up to the extent of seven-tenths.

They will not be authentically placed upon the list of the French Bourses until they have given rise to operations sufficiently numerous for their course to be appreciated.

Art. 5.—The bonds can be negotiated and quoted in France when the capital (capital social), or that portion of such capital which is represented by shares shall have been paid up, and the issue in France of such bonds shall have been authorised by the Ministers of Finance, of Agriculture, of Commerce, and of Public Works.

Art. 6.—It is forbidden to any sharebroker to

assist to negotiate the shares of foreign Companies previous to their being admitted by the Syndical chamber of Sharebrokers as negotiable.

It is equally prohibited before such admission has been signified, either to publish the course of these shares in France, or to announce subscriptions open in France for shares and bonds of foreign Companies.

Art. 7.—Nothing is to prejudice any authorization granted previously to the promulgation of this decree.

CRIMEAN AND BALTIC MEDALS.

Agents of Transports in the Black Sea and Baltic.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset House, 3rd June, 1858.

The Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty have been pleased to take a favourable view of the claims of the Officers who served as agents for transports during the late war, with reference to their having awarded the Crimean and Baltic Medal. Such Officers therefore as served as agents for transports in the Black Sea, between the 14th September, 1854, and the 9th September, 1855, or who served in the Baltic, during the operations in that sea in the years 1854 and 1855, should make application to the Accountant-General of the Navy (producing a certificate of identity, and specifying the period during which they were employed in the Black Sea or in the Baltic, as the case may be), when if their claims be satisfactorily established, the medal will be awarded to them.

War-Office, 2nd June, 1858.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to signify Her intention to confer the Decoration of the Victoria Cross on the undermentioned Officers and Non-Commissioned Officers of Her Majesty's Army, who have been recommended to Her Majesty for that Decoration, in accordance with the rules laid down in Her Majesty's Warrant of the 29th of January, 1856, on account of Acts of Bravery performed by them in the Crimea during the late War, as recorded against their several names; viz.:

2nd Dragoons.

Serjeant Henry Ramage.—For having, at the battle of Balaklava, galloped out to the assistance of Private McPherson, of the same Regiment, on perceiving him surrounded by seven Russians, when by his gallantry he dispersed the enemy, and saved his comrade's life. For having, on the same day, when the Heavy Brigade was rallying, and the enemy retiring, finding his horse would not leave the ranks, dismounted and brought in a prisoner from the Russian lines. Also for having dismounted on the same day, when the Heavy Brigade was covering the retreat of the Light Cavalry, and lifted from his horse Private Gardiner, who was disabled from a severe fracture of the leg by a round shot. Serjeant Ramage then carried him to the rear from under a very heavy cross fire, thereby saving his life, the spot where he must inevitably have fallen having been immediately afterwards covered by the Russian cavalry.—Date of Act of Bravery, 26th October, 1854.

3rd Regiment.

Brevet-Major Mark Walker (late of the 30th Regiment).—For having, at Inkerman, distin-

guished himself in front of his Regiment, by jumping over a wall, in the face of two battalions of Russian infantry, which were marching towards it,—for the purpose of encouraging his comrades by his example to advance against such heavy odds,—which they did, and succeeded in driving back both Battalions.—Date of Act of Bravery, 5th November, 1854.

57th Regiment.

Colour-Serjeant George Gardiner.—For distinguished coolness and gallantry upon the occasion of a sortie by the enemy, and when he was acting as Orderly Serjeant to the Field-Officers of the trenches, — Left Attack upon Sevastopol, — in having rallied the covering parties which had been driven in by the Russians, thus regaining and keeping possession of the Trenches. Also, for unflinching and devoted courage in the attack on the Redan, on the 18th June, 1855, in having remained, and encouraged others to remain in the holes made by the explosion of shells, from whence, by making parapets of the dead bodies of their comrades, they kept up a continuous fire until their ammunition was exhausted, thus clearing the enemy from the parapet of the Redan. This was done under a fire in which nearly half the officers, and a third of the Rank and File of the Party of the Regiment were placed *hors de combat.*—Date of Acts of Bravery, 22nd March and 18th June, 1855.

Surgeon James Mouat, C.B., (late of 6th Dragoons, now Deputy-Inspector-General of Hospitals).—For having voluntarily proceeded to the assistance of Lieutenant-Colonel Morris, C. B., 17th Lancers, who was lying dangerously wounded in an exposed situation after the retreat of the

Light Cavalry at the battle of Balaklava, and having dressed that officer's wounds in presence of, and under a heavy fire from the enemy. Thus, by stopping a serious hemorrhage, he assisted in saving that officer's life. Date of Act of Bravery, 26th October, 1854.

Royal Engineers.

Captain Howard Craufurd Elphinstone.—For fearless conduct, in having, on the night after the unsuccessful attack on the Redan, volunteered to command a party of voluntcers, who proceeded to search for and bring back the scaling ladders left behind after the repulse; and while successfully performing this task, of rescuing trophies from the Russians, Captain Elphinstone conducted a persevering search, close to the enemy, for wounded men, twenty of whom he rescued and brought back to the Trenches. Date of Act of Bravery, 18th June, 1855.

Colour-Serjeant Henry McDonald.—For gallant conduct, when engaged in effecting a lodgment in the enemy's Rifle Pits, in front of the Left advance of the Right Attack on Sevastopol; and for subsequent valour, when, by the Engineer Officers being disabled from wounds, the command devolved upon him, and he determinately persisted in carrying on the sap, notwithstanding the repeated attacks of the enemy.—Date of Act of Bravery, 19th April, 1855.

Colour-Serjeant Peter Leitch.—For conspicuous gallantry in the assault on the Redan, when, after approaching it with the leading ladders, he formed a caponnière across the ditch, as well as a ramp, by fearlessly tcaring down gabions from the parapet, and placing and filling them until he was disabled from wounds. Date of Act of Bravery, 18th June, 1855.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,
4th June, 1858.

Royal Horse Guards. The Christian names of Cornet Whitmore, appointed on the 14th ultimo, are *Thomas Charles Douglas* only.

5th Light Dragoons, John Akin Dyer, Esq., late Paymaster Lanarkshire Militia, to be Paymaster. Dated 4th June, 1858.

7th Light Dragoons, Cornet the Honourable C. Craven Molyneux to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Standish, who retires. Dated 4th June, 1858.

9th Light Dragoons, Charles Agnew, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase, vice Pretor, promoted. Dated 4th June, 1858.

Military Train, Cornet Henry Adams, from half-pay of the late Land Transport Corps, to be Ensign, vice Burslem, promoted. Dated 4th June, 1858.

Royal Regiment of Artillery, Second Captain and Brevet-Major John Spurway to be Captain, vice Street, who resigns. Dated 26th May, 1858.

Lieutenant George Joseph Smart to be Second Captain, vice Spurway. Dated 26th May, 1858.

Captain Richard Henry Crofton to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet-Colonel Cocks, who retires upon half-pay. Dated 26th May, 1858.

Second Captain George Ramsay Craik Young to be Captain, vice Crofton. Dated 26th May, 1858.

Lieutenant Henry Noel Eden to be Second Captain, vice Young. Dated 26th May, 1858.

1st Foot, Lieutenant John James Heywood to be Adjutant, vice Muller, promoted. Dated 4th June, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon Thomas John O'Grady, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Chester,

whose appointment, from the Staff, as stated in the Gazette of 21st ultimo, has been cancelled. Dated 4th June, 1858.

2nd Foot.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Edward George St. John, Gent., vice Eman, promoted. Dated 4th June, 1858.

Henry James Harvey, Gent., vice Greene, who resigns. Dated 5th June, 1858.

5*th Foot*, Lucius John Blake, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 4th June, 1858.

7*th Foot*, Lieutenant Charles H. Malan to be Captain, by purchase, vice Hall, who retires. Dated 4th June, 1858.

Ensign William Lloyd Browne to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Malan. Dated 4th June, 1858.

Edward Bridges, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Browne. Dated 4th June, 1858.

10*th Foot*, William Malcolm, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 4th June, 1858.

11*th Foot*, Vyvyan Williams, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 4th June, 1858.

14*th Foot*, Lieutenant William Dods to be Captain, by purchase, vice Spencer, who retires. Dated 4th June, 1858.

16*th Foot*, Ensign C. M. R. Reyne, from 41st Foot, to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Dated 4th June, 1858.

The appointment of William Ford Longbourne, Gent., to an Ensigncy, by purchase, as stated in the Gazette of 23rd April last, has been cancelled.

17*th Foot*, Herbert Kerr, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 4th June, 1858.

22*nd Foot*, Ensign Francis Edward Holyoake to

be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Campbell, promoted. Dated 4th June, 1858.

23rd Foot.

To be Lieutenants, without purchase.

Ensign C. J. Wrench. Dated 4th June, 1858.
Ensign A. Cary. Dated 4th June, 1858.
Ensign J. W. Costley. Dated 4th June, 1858.
Ensign G. Packe. Dated 4th June, 1858.
Ensign A. Graham. Dated 4th June, 1858.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Ensign Nicholas Gosselin, from the 39th Foot, vice Wrench. Dated 4th June, 1858.
Ensign Nathaniel C. Ramsay, from the 25th Foot, vice Cary. Dated 4th June, 1858.
Francis Jones, Gent. Dated 4th Juue, 1858.
Samuel William Ralph Sadler, Gent. Dated 5th June, 1858.
Thomas James Bowyer, Gent., vice Costley. Dated 6th June, 1858.
Henry Frederick Seagram, Gent., vice Packe. Dated 7th June, 1858.
Robert Albert Evans Hay, Gent., vice Graham. Dated 8th June, 1858.
24*th Foot*, Ensign H. B, Pulleine, from the 30th Foot, to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Nangle, promoted in 15th Foot. Dated 4th June, 1858.

To be Ensigns, without purchase,

Ensign Robert H. B. Airey, from 13th Foot. Dated 4th June, 1858.
A. C. Hennessy, Gent. Dated 4th June, 1858.
Francis Arthur Holmes Yonge, Gent. Dated 5th June, 1858.
34*th Foot*, Lieutenant John Leslie Moore, to be Captain, without purchase, vice Brevet-Major

Harman, whose Brevet Rank has been converted into Substantive Rank under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854. Dated 4th June, 1858.

36*th Foot*, Lieutenant Richard B. Lloyd to be Captain, by purchase, vice Woodwright, who retires. Dated 4th June, 1858.

Ensign Arthur Francis Kelsey to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Lloyd. Dated 4th June, 1858.

Christopher Spurgeon, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Kelsey. Dated 4th June, 1858.

37*th Foot*, Lieutenant Thomas Jackson to be Captain, without purchase, vice Bedford, killed in action. Dated 28th March, 1858.

Ensign T. S. G. Jones to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Jackson. Dated 28th March, 1858.

Serjeant John Reilly to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Jones. Dated 4th June, 1858.

49*th Foot*, Captain Edward John Cleather, from half-pay Royal Staff Corps, to be Captain, vice Brevet-Major William Bellairs, whose Brevet Rank has been converted into Substantive Rank, under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854. Dated 4th June, 1858.

Lieutenant Henry Dalton Scoones to be Captain, by purchase, vice Cleather, who retires. Dated 4th June, 1858.

Ensign John Isaac Nason to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Scoones. Dated 4th June, 1858.

Alexander Dingwall Fordyce, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Nason. Dated 4th June, 1858.

60*th Foot*, Ensign Newton Jones Pauli to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Phillipps, promoted. Dated 4th June, 1858.

73*rd Foot*, Assistant-Surgeon John McKinnel, M.D., from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Curran, who exchanges. Dated 4th June, 1858.

77*th Foot*, Lieutenant James M. Daly to be Captain, by purchase, vice Long, who retires. Dated 4th June, 1858.

84*th Foot*, Captain Charles F. Seymour to be Major, without purchase, vice Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Reed, who retires upon full-pay. Dated 4th June, 1858.

Lieutenant Henry Browne to be Captain, without purchase, vice Seymour. Dated 4th June, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon Robert William Jackson, from the 90th Foot, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Poppelwell, who exchanges. Dated 4th June, 1858.

90*th Foot*, Staff-Surgeon of the Second Class Patrick Joseph Clarke to be Surgeon, vice Home, who exchanges. Dated 31st March, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon George Bell Poppelwell, from the 84th Foot, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Jackson, who exchanges. Dated 4th June, 1858.

Rifle Brigade.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

John Ormsby Vandeleur, Gent., vice Palmer, promoted. Dated 4th June, 1858.

Arthur Wilson Patten, Gent., vice Buller, promoted. Dated 5th June, 1858.

St. Helena Regiment, Ensign G. S. Furnell to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Dated 4th June, 1858.

Lieutenant John McNamee, to be Adjutant, vice Barnes, promoted. Dated 4th June, 1858.

DEPOT BATTALION.

The appointment of Captain R. G. Coles to be an Instructor of Musketry, as notified in the Gazette of 2nd February, 1858, has been cancelled, this Officer having already been Gazetted to that appointment on 16th June, 1856.

UNATTACHED.

Major and Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Archibald Alison, Unattached, to have the Substantive Rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854. Dated 4th June, 1858.

The undermentioned Officers to have their Brevet Rank converted into Substantive Rank, under the Royal Warrant of the 6th October, 1854 :—

Brevet-Major George Byng Harman, 34th Foot. Dated 4th June, 1858.

Brevet-Major Thomas Esmonde, Unattached. Dated 4th June, 1858.

HOSPITAL STAFF.

Staff-Surgeon of the First Class John Bent, from half-pay, to be Staff-Surgeon of the First Class, upon full pay, and attached temporarily to the Military Prison at Aldershot. Dated 10th March, 1858.

Surgeon Anthony Dickson Home, from the 90th Foot, to be Staff-Surgeon of the Second Class, vice Clarke, who exchanges. Dated 31st March, 1858.

To be Assistant-Surgeons to the Forces.

Assistant-Surgeon William Curran, from the 73rd Foot, vice McKinnel, who exchanges. Dated 4th June, 1858.

Robert Spence, Gent., vice Miller, appointed to the 4th Foot. Dated 24th March, 1858.

John Collins, M.D., vice Jay, appointed to the 8th Foot. Dated 24th March, 1858.

Julius Wiles, Gent., vice Davidson, placed on half-pay. Dated 4th June, 1858.

BREVET.

Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel M. B. G. Reed, retired full pay 84th Foot, to be Colonel in the Army, the rank being honorary only. Dated 4th June, 1858.

Captain Edward John Cleather, 49th Foot, to be Major in the Army. Dated 9th November, 1846

Brevet-Major E. J. Cleather, 49th Foot, to be Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army. Dated 20th June, 1854.

To be Majors in the Army.

Captain George R. Browne, 88th Foot. Dated 4th June, 1858.

Captain Frederick F. Vane, 23rd Foot. Dated 4th June, 1858.

The undermentioned promotions to take place in succession to the following General Officers deceased; the Captains who were originally promoted to be Brevet-Majors in these successions having been subsequently recommended for promotion for their service in India, from the 19th January last :—

Major-General Griffiths, died 15th March, 1858.

Major-General Bisshopp, died 21st March, 1858.

Brevet-Major Charles Durie, Unattached, Staff Officer of Pensioners, to be Major in the Army, from the 16th March, 1858, instead of 3rd April, 1858, vice Brevet-Major Robertson, 8th Foot, whose promotion has been antedated.

Captain Harvey W. Pole Welman, 86th Foot, to be Major in the Army, vice Brevet-Major Daniell, 8th Foot, whose promotion has been antedated. Dated 22nd March, 1858.

Captain Edward D. Atkinson, 37th Foot, to be Major in the Army, vice Brevet-Major Durie, whose promotion has been antedated. Dated 3rd April, 1858.

The undermentioned Officers, having completed three years' actual service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, to be Colonels in the Army, under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854:—

Lieutenant-Colonel A. T. Heyland, C.B., 56th Foot. Dated 1st April, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel C. Elmhirst, 9th Foot. Dated 20th May, 1858.

The undermentioned Officers, having completed three years' service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, to be Colonels in the Army, under the Royal Warrant of 3rd November, 1854, viz.:—

Lieutenant-Colonel David William Paynter, C.B., Royal Artillery. Dated 15th May, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Charles Hadden, Royal Engineers. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Brecknock.

Frederick Charles Ashworth, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 1st July, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lincoln.

Royal North Lincoln Militia.

Augustus Frederick Tanner, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Robert Kiero Watson, resigned. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the East Riding of the County of York, *and of the Borough of* Kingston-upon-Hull.

East York Regiment of Militia.

Allen Mackarmich Beauchant, Esq., to be Captain, vice Reynard, deceased. Dated 27th May, 1858.

Joseph Bolland, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Beauchant, promoted. Dated 27th May, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the West Riding of the County of York, *and of the City and County of the City of* York.

4th Regiment of West York Militia.

Lieutenant Joseph Hartley to be Captain, vice Stapleton, resigned. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Hussar Regiment of Yorkshire Yeomanry Cavalry.

Lieutenant Robert Tennant to be Captain, vice Atkinson, resigned. Dated 8th May, 1858.

Cornet William Beckett Denison to be Lieutenant, vice Tennant, promoted. Dated 8th May, 1858.

William F. Markham, Gent., to be Cornet, vice Denison, promoted. Dated 8th May, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stafford.

Queen's Own Royal Regiment of Staffordshire Yeomanry Cavalry.

Lieutenant Hugo Francis Meynell Ingram to be Captain, vice Hall, resigned. Dated 13th May, 1858.

Cornet William Henry Sneyd Kynnersley to be Lieutenant, vice Ingram, promoted. Dated 27th May, 1858.

Leicester Militia.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the resignation by Lieutenant Wilson of the Commission which he holds in the above Regiment.

TREASURY WARRANT.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the regulation of the duties of postage," power is given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, from time to time, by Warrant, under their hands, to alter and fix any of the rates of British or inland postage, payable by law on the transmission by the post of foreign or colonial letters or newspapers, or any other printed papers, and to subject the same to rates of postage according to the weight thereof, and a scale of weight to be contained in such Warrant, and, from time to time, by Warrant as aforesaid, to alter or repeal any such altered rates, and to make and establish any new or other rates in lieu thereof.

And whereas it is expedient that regulations should be made for the transmission by the post of the letters hereinafter mentioned.

Now we, the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in exercise of the power or authority in us for such purpose vested in and by the said Act, and of all other powers enabling us in this behalf, do, by this Warrant (under the hands of two of us the said Commissioners, by the authority of the statute in that case made and provided), order and direct that on every letter not exceeding half an ounce in weight, transmitted by the post between any place in the United Kingdom, and the islands of Martinique, Guadaloupe, and Curaçoa respectively (direct or through

any foreign country), there shall be charged and taken in lieu of any rates of British postage now payable by law on such letters, an uniform British rate of six pence.

And we direct that on every letter not exceeding half an ounce in weight, transmitted by the post between the said islands of Martinique, Guadaloupe, and Curaçoa or any of them, and any of Her Majesty's colonies, or any foreign country through the United Kingdom (whether through any colony or foreign country or not), there shall be charged and taken in lieu of any rates of British postage now payable by law on such letters, the rates of British postage following (that is to say),

For the conveyance of every such letter between the islands of Martinique, Guadaloupe, and Curaçoa, or any of them and any part of the United Kingdom, a rate of sixpence; and for the conveyance of every such letter between the port in the United Kingdom of the departure or arrival of the packet or ship conveying the same, and the colony or foreign country to or from which the same shall be forwarded, such a further or additional rate of postage, as shall from time to time be charged and payable for British postage on letters posted or delivered at the port in the United Kingdom, of the departure or arrival of the packet or ship conveying the same and transmitted direct between such port and any such colony or foreign country.

And we direct that on every letter transmitted as is mentioned in this Warrant, exceeding half an ounce in weight, there shall be charged, taken, and paid, progressive and additional rates of postage as follows, that is to say:

On every such letter exceeding half an ounce in weight and not exceeding one ounce in weight, two rates of postage.

On every such letter exceeding one ounce and not exceeding two ounces in weight, four rates of postage.

On every such letter exceeding two ounces and not exceeding three ounces in weight, six rates of postage.

And on every such letter exceeding three ounces and not exceeding four ounces in weight, eight rates of postage.

And for every ounce in weight above the weight of four ounces, there shall be charged and taken two additional rates of postage; and every fraction of an ounce above the weight of four ounces, shall be charged as one addditional ounce, and each progressive and additional rate, chargeable under this clause, shall be estimated and charged at the sum which any such letter would be charged with under this Warrant, if not exceeding half an ounce in weight.

And we direct that in all cases in which any letter in respect of which any rate of postage is chargeable by this Warrant shall pass through a foreign country, any foreign postage payable thereon shall be charged and paid thereon in addition to the British postage.

And we further direct that nothing in this Warrant contained shall in anywise prejudice or affect the privilege granted by the said recited Act, in favour of petitions and addresses forwarded to Her Majesty by the post, nor the privilege granted by the same Act to members of each House of Parliament to receive by the post petitions and addresses to Her Majesty and petitions addressed to either House of Parliament, not exceeding thirty-two ounces in weight exempt from postage; nor shall anything in this Warrant contained in anywise prejudice or affect the privilege which seamen and soldiers employed in Her

Majesty's Service, and seamen and soldiers employed in the service of the East India Company, now by law enjoy of sending and receiving by the post letters not exceeding half an ounce in weight, subject to the regulations and restrictions in respect of the same.

And we further direct that nothing in this Warrant contained shall be deemed and construed to extend to any letters or packets posted in or addressed to France, or any foreign country through France, and transmitted between France or foreign countries through France, and the islands of Martinique, Guadaloupe, and Curaçoa, or either of them, all of which last-mentioned letters and packets shall be charged and chargeable with the same rates of postage as if this Warrant had not been signed.

And we further direct that the term "by the post," used in this Warrant, shall, as to the sea conveyance, include the conveyance by any British packet boat, and the said term shall also include the sea conveyance by any private ship.

And we further direct that this Warrant shall come into operation on the 1st day of July, 1858.

Provided lastly, and we hereby declare and direct, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury, by Warrant duly made at any time hereafter, to alter or repeal any of the rates hereby altered or the regulations hereby made, and to make and establish any new or other rates or regulations in lieu thereof, and from time to time to appoint at what time the rates that may be payable are to be paid.

Whitehall, Treasury Chambers, the first day of June, 1858.

Henry Whitmore,
Howard Taylor.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.

Trinity Term, 21*st Victoria*,
4*th June*, 1858.

This Court will hold Sittings on Monday the 14th, Tuesday the 15th, Wednesday the 16th, Thursday the 17th, Friday the 25th, and Saturday the 26th days of June instant, and will at such Sittings proceed in disposing of the cases then pending in the New Trial Paper, and any cases that may be then remaining for argument in the Special and Crown Papers. The Court will also hold a Sitting on Saturday the 3rd day of July next, at eleven o'clock, and will at such Sitting give judgment in cases previously argued.

By the Court.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 4, 1858.

By the QUEEN.

A PROCLAMATION.

In order to the Electing a Peer of Scotland.

VICTORIA, R.

WHEREAS George Sholto, Earl of Morton, was duly elected and returned to be one of the sixteen Peers of Scotland to sit in the House of Peers in the present Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and is since deceased: In order to the electing another Peer of Scotland to sit in his room, We do, by the advice of Our Privy Council, issue forth this Our Royal Proclamation, strictly charging and commanding all the Peers of Scotland to assemble and

meet at Holyrood House, at Edinburgh, on Tuesday the twenty-ninth day of this instant June, between the hours of twelve and two in the afternoon, to nominate and choose another Peer of Scotland to sit and vote in the House of Peers in this present Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in the room of the said George Sholto, Earl of Morton, deceased, by open election and plurality of voices of the Peers that shall be then present, and of the proxies of such as shall be absent (such proxies being Peers, and producing a mandate in writing duly signed before witnesses, and both the constituent and proxy being qualified according to law): and the Lord Clerk Register, or such two of the principal Clerks of the Session as shall be appointed by him to officiate in his name, are hereby respectively required to attend such meeting, and to administer the oaths required by law to be taken there by the said Peers, and to take their votes; and immediately after such election made and duly examined, to certify the name of the Peer so elected, and to sign and attest the same in the presence of the said Peers the electors, and return such certificate into Our High Court of Chancery of Great Britain: and We strictly charge and command that this Our Royal Proclamation be duly published at the Market Cross at Edinburgh, and in all the county towns of Scotland, ten days at least before the time hereby appointed for the meeting of the said Peers to proceed on such election.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this fifth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and in the twenty-first year of Our reign.

GOD save the QUEEN.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 7th day of *May*, 1858.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

This day the Right Honourable Sir Edward George Earle Lytton Bulwer Lytton, Bart., and the Right Honourable Sir John Taylor Coleridge, Knt., were, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took their respective places at the Board accordingly.

Her Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Sir Edward George Earle Lytton Bulwer Lytton, Bart., to be one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, he this day took the oaths appointed to be taken thereupon, instead of the oaths of allegiance and supremacy.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 8, 1858.

India Board, June 3, 1858.

THE following papers have been received at the East India House.

No. 1.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

Allahabad, April 3, 1858.

No. 53 of 1858.

The Right Honorable the Governor-General is pleased to publish, for general information, the following despatch from the officer commanding in Kumaon, submitting the report of a successful attack by the troops under Captain F. W. Baugh,

commanding Nepal Contingent, on a party of the enemy at Sitargunge, on the 4th of March, 1858.

No. 2.

Colonel J. K. McCausland, Commanding in the Kumaon, to the Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

Camp, Huldwanee, March 6, 1858.

SIR, No 128.

FOR the information of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, I have the honour to forward a report from Captain Baugh, of a successful attack upon a party of the enemy.

2. Having heard they had sent a detachment to collect revenue at Sitargunge, 25 miles from this, I determined to surprise them. The unfortunate and unexpected absence of the larger part of their force rendered the expedition less successful than I had hoped it would have been. We have since ascertained that the number of the enemy killed was 25, and the effect must be very good, as it will show them they are not safe within 30 miles of the hills.

3. Considerable credit is due to Captain Baugh, for his exertion in mounting the whole party on elephants, and for his subsequent arrangements. Mr. C. Carmichael, C.S., was most useful. Surgeon H. Irwin, 66th Goorkhas, volunteered to accompany the force.

4. The rebel army is now at Buteree,* under command of Fuzul Huq, and is reported to consist of about 5,000 men, with 6 guns.

I have, &c.,
J. K. McCAUSLAND, Colonel,
Commanding in Kumaon.

* Half-way between Huldwanee and Bareilly, on the direct road 30 miles from this.

No. 3.

Captain F. W. Baugh, Commanding Nepal Contingent, to Captain Brownlow, Major of Brigade.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of the officer commanding in Kumaon, that, agreeably to instructions, I marched, at 10 P.M. on the 3rd instant, with the force, as per margin,* to Sitargunge; the Infantry and Artillery mounted on elephants, and arrived there at daylight on the 4th instant. I was unfortunately delayed three-quarters of an hour on the road by the elephant carrying one of the mountain howitzers falling sick.

The rebels had double sentries posted on the roof of the Government Tehseel, a high building, some 40 or 50 yards square. I ordered the cavalry to gallop up and surround it; but before they could do so, some 8 or 10 of the rebels made their escape to the West into the high grass, the rest 15 were killed, among whom was a man called Khoda Buksh, and said to be the Thannadar of the place, who had wounded a Sepoy of the 66th Goorkhas slightly, the only casualty that occurred. The main body of this party had gone the previous day to a dinner at a village about 6 miles distant, and I deemed it imprudent to follow them.

All their papers and horses were captured, and brought into Camp, at which I arrived at 3 P.M., on the 4th instant, having marched 50 miles in 17 hours, including 3 hours in the different halts.

* 2 Mountain Howitzers, 18 men, 66th Goorkhas as Artillerymen; 66th Goorkhas, 64 rank and file; Nepaul Contingent, 40 rank and file; Rohilcund Horse, 100 rank and file.

Mr. C. Carmichael, C. S., who accompanied the force at the request of Major Ramsay, Commissioner, gave me every assistance from his knowledge of the different localities on the road and at Sitargunge. All behaved with the greatest cheerfulness and activity. I have, &c.,

H. W. BAUGH, Captain,
Commanding Nepal Contingent.

No. 4.

Notification of the Governor-General.

Allahabad, April 12, 1858.

No. 586.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General is pleased to direct that the following Letter from Brigadier-General Franks, bringing prominently to notice the names of officers lately attached to the Jounpore Field Force, be published for general information :—

His Lordship takes this opportunity to offer his cordial acknowledgments of their valuable services to Lieutenant-Colonel Wroughton, and the several officers named by Brigadier-General Franks.

G. F. EDMONSTONE,
Secretary to the Government of India,
with the Governor-General.

No. 5.

Brigadier-General Franks, Commanding 4th Division, to Colonel Birch, C.B., Secretary to the Government of India in the Military Department.

Camp, Mahomed Bagh, before Lucknow, March 12, 1858.

SIR, No. 151.

THE Jounpore Field Force, of which I have had command since early in December last, having

recently been broken up, and incorporated with the Army under the personal command of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief as the 4th Division, I consider it to be due to the British Officers attached to the Goorkha portion of the force, prominently to bring their names before the Right Honorable the Governor-General.

2. I have at all times received the most hearty co-operation from Lieutenant-Colonel Wroughton, in military charge. His tact and management of the Goorkhas have already gained for him the thanks of the Governor-General in Council, and his spirited conduct at the head of the force at the actions of Chanda, Ameerepore and Sultanpore have been cordially acknowledged by me in my despatch regarding these battles. I beg strongly to recommend this Officer to the particular notice of Government.

His great knowledge of the native character and language, pre-eminently fit him for a responsible situation such as he now holds.

3. Captain Steel, Staff Officer to the Force, is highly spoken of by Colonel Wroughton, and he has been mentioned favourably in my despatch. Captain Steel has been present in nearly every engagement in which the Goorkhas have taken part.

4. The following officers have been attached and have seen service with the different Goorkha Battalions, viz., Captain Boileau, who was in Military charge of the right column, Captain Miles, the left column, and Lieutenant Smith, the centre column, and Lieutenants Clark, Gully, and Hay, attached to those columns, also Lieutenant Hind, who has lately been appointed to the Force, and joined previous to the recent engagements.

Of every one of these officers, Colonel Wroughton speaks in the highest terms as having afforded

him most efficient assistance, and I have much pleasure in bearing testimony to their worth.

5. Assistant-Surgeons Paske, Wright, Garden, and Squire have, I have been informed by Colonel Wroughton, in every way upheld the good name of their profession by their attention to their duties.

6. In conclusion, I have to express my great obligations to the whole of these officers, military and medical, for the great and cordial assistance they have always rendered on all occasions, and I beg that their services may be brought to the notice of Government. I have, &c.

T. H. FRANKS, Brigadier-General.

P.S.—I here beg to add what I have omitted in the body of this letter, that my acknowledgments are particularly due to Lieutenant Wemyss Smith, 58th Regiment Native Infantry, attached to Goorkha Force, who, at the battle of Sultanpore, acted as my orderly officer, and whose knowledge of the locality, resulting from his having been stationed there at the time of the mutiny, was of great assistance to me. Towards the close of the action, I detached him in charge of 2 Battalions of Goorkhas, who pursued a body of the retreating enemy, and secured 3 guns which they were endeavouring to withdraw.

T. H. FRANKS, Brigadier-General,
Commanding 4th Division.

No. 6.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Allahabad, April 12, 1858.

No. 64 of 1858.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General has much satisfaction in publishing the following

report of a gallant and successful attack on the enemy retreating from Lucknow, by the troops under the command of Brigadier-General Sir J. Hope Grant, K.C.B., at Koorsee, on the road to Fyzabad, on the 23rd of March, 1858.

No. 7.

The Deputy-Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, with the Governor-General.

Head-Quarters, Camp Lucknow, March 28, 1858.

SIR, No. 167 A.

I HAVE the honour, by the direction of the Commander-in-Chief, to forward for the information of the Right Honorable the Governor-General, copy of a letter* from Brigadier-General Sir J. Hope Grant, K.C.B., commanding the Cavalry Division of this Army, dated 26th instant, No. 60, reporting his having overtaken a body of the enemy at Koorsee, in this neighbourhood, and captured 14 guns.

2. His Excellency much regrets the loss in this affair of a gallant young officer, Lieutenant Mac Donnell, attached to the 2nd Punjaub Cavalry.

3. Returns of casualties and of ordnance captured in the action are annexed.

I have, &c.,
H. W. NORMAN,
Major, Deputy-Adjutant-General of the Army.

* With Report from Brigadier-General Sir J. H. Grant, K.C.B., on the defeat by the troops under his command of a body of the enemy and capture of 14 guns.

No. 8.

Brigadier-General Sir J. Hope Grant, K.C.B., commanding Division, to the Deputy-Adjutant-General of the Army.

Camp, near Lucknow, March 26, 1858.

No. 60.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of his Excellency Sir Colin Campbell that agreeably to the orders received from Major-General Mansfield, Chief of the Staff, I marched at 12 o'clock on the night of the 22nd instant, with the force, as per margin,* in the direction of Koorsee ; finding it however nearly impossible to proceed with the heavy guns across the country roads in the dark, I halted the column a short distance from the cantonments until morning, it was consequently nearly 4 P.M. on the 23rd before we arrived at Koorsee. We found the enemy in full retreat along the Fyzabad-road. Forming up the Cavalry and the Horse Artillery, I advanced, leaving the Infantry with the heavy guns pointing towards the village. Two guns of the advance guard, under Lieutenant Hunter, had in the mean time come into action against a party of rebels who were making their way out of a small ghuree on our left front, for the purpose of joining the main body on the Fyzabad-road ; these were soon dispersed, and as we were clear of the village I gave the order to change front to the right, by this movement our line completely covered the

* Major Remmington's and Captain Mackinnon's troops of Bengal Horse Artillery; Major Moir's heavy Field Battery; Her Majesty's 2nd Dragoon Guards; 2nd Punjaub Cavalry; 1st Punjaub Cavalry (detachment); Her Majesty's 53rd Regiment; 2nd and 3rd Battalions Rifle Brigade and 2nd Punjaub Infantry, with some Sappers and Miners.

flank of the retreating enemy ; a few rounds from the Horse Artillery caused them to scatter, on seeing which the 1st and 2nd Punjaub Cavalry on the left of the line under the command of Captain Samuel Brown charged most gallantly five or six times through the rebels, cutting up about 200 and capturing 14 guns, besides several ammunition waggons, 2 elephants, some camels, bullocks, and quantities of baggage.

I directed Lieutenant Manderson with 2 guns, Horse Artillery and a squadron of the 2nd Dragoon Guards, the whole under command of Captain Loftus, to proceed to the support of the Punjaub Cavalry; the success was complete, achieved however at the loss of two fine gallant officers, Lieutenant Mac Donnell, 2nd Punjaub Cavalry, killed, and Captain Cosserat, commanding detachment 1st Punjaub Cavalry, dangerously wounded.

I have to thank the following officers for the assistance they afforded me :

Brigadier Horsford, commanding the Infantry ; Lieutenant-Colonel Maberly, Royal Artillery, commanding the Artillery ; Captain Mackinnon and Major Remmington, commanding troops of Bengal Horse Artillery, and Major Moir, Bengal Artillery, commanding heavy field battery; Lieutenants Manderson and Hunter, Bengal Horse Artillery, and Lieutenant Strange, Royal Artillery, Staff Officer to Lieutenant-Colonel Maberly ; Lieutenant-Colonel Briscoe, commanding 2nd Dragoon Guards ; Major Keene, commanding the outposts, and Captain Loftus, both of the 2nd Dragoon Guards ; Captain T. Browne, commanding 2nd Punjaub Cavalry, and Captain Cosserat, and after that officer was wounded, Lieutenant Mackenzie, commanding detachment 1st Punjaub Cavalry ; Lieutenant-

Colonel English, C.B., commanding Her Majesty's 53rd Regiment; Lieutenant-Colonel MacDonell, C.B., commanding 3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade; Lieutenant-Colonel Percy Hill, commanding 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade, and Major Green, commanding 2nd Punjaub Infantry; also Lieutenant Watson, commanding Sappers and Miners, and Major Mollan, Major of Brigade; Captain Scott, Officiating Deputy Commissary-General, and — Forbes, Esquire, Civil Service.

My own personal Staff—

Major Hamilton, Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General; Lieutenant Roberts, Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General; Captain the Honorable A. Anson, Aide-de-Camp, and Captain Johnson, extra Aide-de-Camp, were of the greatest possible use to me.

I have, &c.,
J. H. GRANT, Brigadier-General,
Commanding Division.

No. 9.

Return of Casualties of the Force under the Command of Brigadier-General Sir J. Hope Grant, K.C.B., which took place on the 23rd of March, 1858, at Koorsee.

Camp, Lucknow Cantonments, March 25, 1858.

ARTILLERY.

1st Tr. 1st Br., Bengal Horse Artillery—2 Lascars,* 1 troop horse, killed; 2 artillerymen,† 2 troop horses, wounded.

* These 2 Lascars were killed by the explosion of a tumbril, on the 3rd instant.

† These 2 Artillerymen were burnt by the above explosion.

CAVALRY.

2nd Punjaub Cavalry—1 subaltern, 1 rank and file, 1 troop horse, killed; 6 rank and file, 7 troop horses, wounded; 7 troop horses, missing.

1st Punjaub Cavalry—1 captain, 1 troop horse, wounded.

Total—1 subaltern, 3 rank and file, and lascars, 2 troop horses, killed; 1 captain, 8 rank and file, 10 troop horses, wounded; 7 troop horses missing.

Grand Total—4 subalterns, rank and file, 2 troop horses, killed; 9 captains, rank and file, 10 troop horses, wounded; 7 troop horses missing.

J. HOPE GRANT, Brigadier-General, Commanding Force.

List of Officers killed.

Cavalry—Lieutenant F. J. MacDonnel, 2nd Punjaub Cavalry, killed, 23rd March, 1858.

List of Officers wounded.

Cavalry—Captain J. P. Cosserat, 1st Punjaub Cavalry, dangerously, 23rd instant.

J. HOPE GRANT, Brigadier-General, Commanding Force.

No. 10.

Return of Ordnance captured from the Enemy, on the 23rd of March, 1858, by the force under command of Sir J. Hope Grant, K.C.B.

Camp near Lucknow, March 25, 1858.

One gun, brass, 9-pounder, 9 cwt. 3 qr. 7 lb., British manufacture.

One gun, brass, 9-pounder, 9 cwt. 3 qr. 7 lb., British manufacture.

One gun, brass, 8-pounder, 9 cwt., native manufacture.
One gun, brass, 9-pounder, 12 cwt., native manufacture
One gun, brass, 6-pounder, 8 cwt., native manufacture.
One gun, brass, 3-pounder, 4 cwt., native manufacture.
One gun, brass, 3-pounder, 1 cwt., native manufacture.
One gun, brass, 2-pounder, 1 cwt., native manufacture.
One gun, iron, 8-pounder, 22 cwt. 17 lb., British manufacture, hooped trunnions.
One gun, iron, 6-pounder, 10 cwt., foreign manufacture.
One gun, iron, 4-pounder, 7 cwt., foreign manufacture.
One gun, iron, $1\frac{1}{4}$-pounder, 3 cwt. 1 qr., foreign manufacture.
One gun, iron, 1-pounder, 4 cwt., foreign manufacture.
One howitzer, brass, $5\frac{1}{10}$ inch, 1 cwt. 2 qr., foreign manufacture.

Return of Carriages captured.

9 gun carriages, native manufacture.
7 gun limbers, ditto.
2 gun carriages, English manufacture.
5 gun limbers, ditto.
4 ammunition waggons, ditto, native boxes on one waggon body.
1 store cart.
1 French cart.
3 tumbrils.

E. MABERLEY, Lieut.-Col., Royal Artillery, Commanding Artillery Force under Sir J. H. Grant, K.C.B.

No. 11.

The President of the Council of India in Council to the Court of Directors of the East India Company.

No. 29. (Foreign.)

Fort William, April 22, 1858.

IN continuation of our letter, No. 26, dated 8th instant, we have the honor to transmit herewith an additional list of persons killed and wounded by the rebels, as noted on the margin.*

No. 12.

Office Memorandum.

Military Department, April 9, 1858.

No. 323.

THE undersigned has the honor to forward to the Foreign Department the accompanying copy of a list of Europeans killed and wounded during the present rebellion, in continuation of Office Memorandum No. 949, of the 22nd of February last.

F. ATKINSON,
Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department.

No. 13.

List of Europeans belonging to the East India Company's Service or not, who have been Killed or Wounded by the hands of Rebels, prepared from papers on record in the Military Department, in continuation of the list forwarded to the Foreign Department with Office Memorandum from the Military Department, No. 949, *dated February* 22, 1858.

Captain Hawkins' two children, 1st Co. Art. Gwa.

* Office Memorandum from Military Department, dated 9th April, 1858, No. 323.

Con., Moorar, 14th or 15th June, 1857, killed by the Moorar Mutineers.

Mrs. Stewart and one child, wife of Captain Stewart, Com. 2 Co. Art. G.C., Moorar, 14th or 15th June, killed by the Moorar mutineers.

Mr. Coopland, Chaplain, Moorar, 14th or 15th June, killed by the Moorar mutineers.

Mrs. Pike, wife of Serjeant-Major Pike, 2nd Reg. G.C., Moorar, 14th or 15th June, killed by the Moorar mutineers.

Mrs. Burrows, wife of the late Mr. A. Burrows, Ordnance Department, Moorar, 14th or 15th June, killed by the Moorar mutineers.

Mrs. Quick, wife of Serjeant Quick, at Chumbul River, died on her way to Agra from fatigue and exposure.

Killed by the Mutineers at Indore, July 1.

Mr. Avery, Super. Telegraph Department.

Mrs. Avery, wife of above.

Mr. Bone, Inspector Telegraph Department.

Mrs. Bone, wife of above.

Mr. Butler, Assistant in charge of Telegraph Office.

Mrs. Butler and child.

Mr. Brooks.

Mr. McBeth, Veterinary Establishment.

Mrs. McBeth and five children.

Mr. Murray, Clerk of Opium Department.

Mrs. Moran.

Mrs. Beauvois.

Mrs. Crawley and child.

Mr. W. W. Novis, Clerk of Pres. Office.

Mrs. Novis, wife of above.

Mr. McMahon, Civil Engineer.

Mr. Alphonse, Band Master.

Mr. Payne.

Lieutenant Brodie, U. Malwa Contingent, Muttragurh, June 7, killed by U. Malwa Contingent Cavalry.

Lieutenant Hunter, U. Malwa Contingent, Muttragurh, June 7, killed by U. Malwa Contingent Cavalry.

Mr. G. W. Shaw, Per. Conductor of Ordnance, Delhi, May 11, killed by the mutineers.

William Crow, Magazine Serjeant, Delhi, in May, killed by the mutineers.

Benjamin Edwards, Ser. and Labory.-man, Delhi, May 11, shot by the mutineers when defending the Delhi magazine.

Mr. J. Smith, Head Clerk, Delhi, May 11, killed by the mutineers in endeavouring to escape.

James Law, Serjeant Per. Cap Factory, Meerut, May 10, killed at Meerut.

James Potter, 2 M. Serj. and Serj.-Maj. 26th Reg. Native Light Infantry, Meean Meer, Lahore, July 30, murdered by men of his corps.

Mrs. Joyce, Prostitute, Sudder Bazar, Jullundur, June 7, shot by the mutineers.

Captain and Brevet-Major S. F. MacMullen, 6th Light Cavalry, Jullundur, June 7, shot through the first finger by a trooper of the Ct. Light Cavalry.

Killed by people of the town or Suddur Bazaar, during the mutinous outbreak of Native Regiments at Meerut, on May 10.

Corporal Mortimer, 60th Rifles.

— Mc Kinlay, Pensioner, Chelsea Hospital.

— Murkoe, Pensioner, Chelsea Hospital.

Fife-Major Murphy, 11th N.I.

Eliza Law (9 years) child of Assistant Overseer.

Sophia Longdale (7 years) child of R. M. 3rd Cav.

J. and M. Heatheby, children of a Tehsildar, Delhi District.

Five men and two women, names and designation unknown, murdered at the same time and place.

Lieutenant J. Eckford, 6th N.I., and Cap. in D.P.W., May 10, wounded severely by people of the town at Bazaar.

Serjeant-Major Henry Murphy, Hurreeanah Light Infantry, near Hissar, May 29, killed by the mutineers.

1st European Bengal Fusiliers.

Private Joseph Clarke, Umballa, May 25, dead.

Private Alexander Buckland, May 14, missing since the storming of Delhi.

Private William Mansfield, Delhi, May, 17, dead.

Private Timothy Connolly, Umballa, December 28, dead.

Private William Cossedy, Barrackdore, December 30, dead.

Private John McLaren, Umballa, December 31, dead.

Corporal Edwin Yeatman, Dugshai, January 6, 1858, dead.

Private Patrick Connelly, Agra, January 9, dead.

Corporal Andrew Brackley, Delhi, January 11, dead.

Private Timothy Healy, Ferozepore, January 24, dead.

Private Reynold Gerrard, Futtypore, killed in action.

Private Charles Purcell, Umballa, November 24, 1857, dead.

Private John Coleman, November 3, died of wounds received in action.

Private John Griffin, Camp Kurnaul, November 16, killed.

Private John Turley, Nov. 18, died of wounds received in action.

Private Richard Ashton, Delhi, November 24, dead.
Serjeant Edward B. Hickey, Delhi, November 25, dead.
Private William Ahern, Delhi, November 26, dead.
Private Lewis Burdon, Delhi, November 27, dead.
Corporal Maurice Leonard, Delhi, Oct. 1, dead.
Private James Blackwood, Delhi, October 2, dead.
Corporal John Murphy, Delhi, October 5, dead.
Serjeant William Darvill, Delhi, October 6, dead.
Private William Green, Delhi, October 10, dead.
Private George Harvey, Delhi, October 17, dead.
Private John Colliglian, Delhi, October 7, dead.
Corporal James Hardigan, October 17, died of wounds received in action.
Private Edward Holmes, October 17, died of wounds received in action.
Private Richard Dougherty, Delhi, October 24, dead.
Drummer Alfred Comby, Delhi, October 25, killed.
Private Henry Totton, Delhi, August 25, killed in action.
Private Michael Coleman, Delhi, August 25, killed in action.
Corporal Henry Horton, Dugshai, September 1, dead.
Private John Kemble, Delhi, August 30, dead.
Private Thomas Clean, Delhi, September 1, dead.
Serjeant Michael Carroll, Umballa, August 27, dead.
Private Henry Evans, Delhi, September, 2, dead.
Private Patrick Ryan, Delhi, September 3, dead.
Private John Lamb, Delhi, September 6, dead.
Private Robert Maxwell, Delhi, September 6, dead.

Serjeant-Major Timothy Bellamore, September 11, died proceeding to join department.

Killed in Action at Delhi, September 14.

Colour-Serjeant Austin Dunleary; Serjeants Alfred Webb, Michael Hutchinson, Edmund Rippon, Samuel Peert; Privates George Robinson, John Savery, John Dawson, Adam Black, John Hogan, John Tempany; Corporal Charles Pogson; Privates Dennis Moonay, James Stapleton, George William Cook, John Deneby, John Lanery, Charles French, Walter Hastings, William Stephenson, John Wood; Corporals William Fisher, Thomas Rogers; Privates John McGovern, Elijah Taylor, John O'Flarity.

Died of Wounds received in Action at Delhi, September 15.

Colour-Serjeant Eli London; Privates Daniel Campbell, Jeremiah Coleman, William Neale, John Perry; Corporal Walter Evoy; Privates Hugh Dougherty, John Page; Corporal Thomas Moran.

Private John Peardon, Delhi, September 17, dead.

Private James Mullins, Delhi, September 17, dead.

Corporal James Murphy, Delhi, September 20, dead.

Private Alexander Dalrymple, Delhi, September 20, dead.

Private Daniel McKay, Delhi, September 21, dead.

Private William Longworth, Delhi, September 21, dead.

Private Robert Maxwell, Delhi, September 11, killed in action.

Private Joseph Perunt, Dugshai, September 25, killed.
Corporal Andrew Egan, Delhi, dead.
Private James Rhymes, Delhi, July 29, dead.
Colour-Serjeant Henry Gray, Delhi, August 9, killed in action.
Private William Osborne, Delhi, August 9, dead.
Serjeant Soloman Morgan, Delhi, August 12, killed in action.
Serjeant James Wright, Delhi, August 12, killed in action.
Corporal James Tole, Delhi, August 12, killed in action.
Private Hugh McAferty, Delhi, August 12, killed in action.
Private William Ellison, Delhi, August 13, dead.
Serjeant William Owens, Delhi August 13, dead.
Private James McCartney, Umballa, August 14, dead.
Private Henry McAnleay, Delhi, August 16, dead.
Private John Roberts, Delhi, August 16, dead.
Private John Ward, Delhi, August 18, dead.
Private Henry C. Huff, Delhi, August 19, dead.
Private William Duffy, Delhi, August 21, dead.
Private Thomas Hardy, Delhi, August 22, dead.
Private William Reinford, Delhi, August 24, dead.
Private Constantine Logan, 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers, Delhi, January 31, 1858, dead.
Private James Russell, 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers, Delhi, January 6, dead.
Private Patrick Ennis, 3rd Bengal European Regiment, Fort Agra, January 15, died.
Private Martin Kelly, 3rd Bengal European Regiment, Ferozepore, January 6, died proceeding to Ferozepore.
Private Edward Walsh, 3rd Bengal European Regiment, Fort Agra, January 7, died.

Private William Williams, 3rd Bengal European Regiment, Fort Agra, January 26, died.
Serjeant James Farrell, Artillery Pensioners, August 5, 1857, dead.
Serjeant William Green, Artillery Pensioners, July 29, dead.
Serjeant Dennis Matthew, Artillery Pensioner, July 10, dead.
Serjeant Isaac Hoyle, Ordnance Department, Delhi, killed by the insurgents.
Serjeant Matthew Ogle, Canal Department, Cawnpore, June 29, supposed to have been murdered by the insurgents.
Serjeant John Duffy, European Invalid Battalion, in hospital, January 31, 1858, dead.
Gunner William Wharton, European Invalid Battalion, in hospital, February 5, dead.
Private Joseph Barcott, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, Delhi, July 6, 1857, dead.
Private Edward Casey, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, Kurnaul, May 26, dead.
Private James Gorrn, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, Kurnaul, May 27, dead.
Private Murty Scanlon, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, Delhi, September 14, killed.
Private James Caldwell, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, Delhi, September 14, killed.
Private John Harvey, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, Delhi, September 14, killed.
Private Thomas Turner, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, Delhi, September 14, killed.
Private Bernard McGurk, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, Delhi, September 14, killed.
Private Timothy Neill, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, Delhi, September 15, killed.
Private William Hamilton, 1st European Bengal Fusilier, Delhi, September 28, dead.

Private John James, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, Delhi, February 7, dead.

Corporal Daniel Gillespie, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, Agra, February 12, dead.

Private Henry Morris, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, Dugshai, February 14, dead.

Private George Shelding, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, Delhi, September 16, 1857, dead.

Serjeant William Reed, Commissary Department, Poosah, November 17, dead.

Private Richard Walker, 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers, Raneegunge, January 16, 1858, dead.

Serjeant-Major Henry Murphy, Hureeanah Light Infantry, near Hissar, May 29, 1857, dead

Serjeant-Major Thomas McDonough, 71st N.I., Lucknow, supposed to have been killed.

Serjeant-Major Michael Keagh, 7th Light Cavalry, Lucknow, supposed to have been killed.

Quartermaster-Serjeant James Moore, Light Cavalry, Lucknow, supposed to have been killed.

Quartermaster-Serjeant John Gribbon, Light Cavalry, Lucknow, supposed to have been killed.

Corporal Joseph Lawson, D.P.W., October 18, dead.

Serjeant-Major James Matthews, 6th Oude Infantry, supposed to have been killed.

F. ATKINSON,
Officiating Secretary to Government of India,
Military Department.

No. 14.

The Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to Government, Military Department, Bombay.

Adjutant-General's Office, Head Quarters, Mahableshwar, April 24, 1858.

SIR, No. 445.

IN continuation of the letter from this Department, No. 1228, of 8th February last, I have the honour, by instructions of the Commander-in-Chief, to forward for submission to the Right Honourable the Governor in Council, and transmission to the Honourable the Court of Directors, the annexed List of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Soldiers of the Honourable Company's Service on the Bombay Establishment, whose lives have, up to this date, been reported as sacrificed during the mutinous outbreak in India.

I have, &c.,
E. GREEN, Colonel, Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 15.

List of European Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers of the Honourable Company's Service on the Bombay Establishment, who, up to this date have been reported Killed and Wounded during the mutinous outbreak in India.

Adjutant-General's Office, Head Quarters, Mahableshwar, April 23, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel Sydney Turnbull, Artillery, 1st Troop Horse Brigade, April 4, Jhansi, of wounds received in action.

Captain Robert Bainbrigge, 23rd Reg. N.L.I.,

April 1, Kotah, by the explosion of enemy's magazines.

Sub-Conductor William Henry West, Ordnance Department, March 26, Kotah, killed by round shot.

Gunner James Darby, 1st Co. 2nd Bat. Artillery, March 29, Kotah, of wounds received in action.

3rd European Regiment.

Corporal Michael Hennesey, April 1, Jhansi, killed in the action on the Betwa.

Lance-Corporal William Amos, April 1, killed in the action on the Betwa.

Private James Watson, April 1, Jhansi, killed in the action on the Betwa.

Private Bernard Dempsey, March 3, Tolbohut (?) of wound received in action.

Corporal Alexander Anderson, April 3, Jhansi, of wound received in action at the storming.

Private James Mc Laren, April 3, Jhansi, of wound received in action at the storming.

Private Thomas Burnham, April 3, Jhansi, of wound received in action at the storming.

Private John Grady, April 3, Jhansi, of wound received in action at the storming.

Private John Mc Kenan, April 3, Jhansi, of wound received in action at the storming.

Private Miles Bryan, April 3, Jhansi, of wound received in action at the storming.

Private Patrick Maher, April 3, Jhansi, of wound received in action at the storming.

Private William Wheeler, April 4, Jhansi, of wound received in action at the storming.

Private John Harrison, April 4, Jhansi, of wound received in action at the storming.

Private William Cox, April 5, Jhansi, of wound received in action at the storming.

Private Charles Eaton, April 8, Jhansi, of wound received in action at the storming.
Private George Baker, April 9, Jhansi, of wound received in action at the storming.
Private Patrick Meehan, April 12, Jhansi, of wounds received in the action on the Betwa.
Private Thomas Laird, April 15, Jhansi, burnt by an explosion at the storming.

E. GREEN, Colonel,
Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 16.

List of Casualties by Death, &c., among the European Commissioned Officers of the Honourable Company's Army, in consequence of the Mutinies in Northern India, that have been reported to this Department from 13*th April*, 1858, *up to this date.*

Lieutenant and Brevet-Captain John Peloquin Cosserat, 34th Regt. Light Infantry, April 18, died at Lucknow, of wounds received in action.

F. S. GABB, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

Adjutant-General's Office, Fort Saint George, April 26, 1858.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 5th day of *June*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order, with reference to a petition from the Justices of the Peace for the county of Pembroke, in accordance with the provisions of the Act passed in the seventh and eighth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend the law respecting the office of county

coroner," that the county of Pembroke be divided into two districts for the purposes of the above recited Act, and in the manner in the said petition proposed.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 5th day of *June*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order that all the provisions of the "Common Law Procedure Act, 1852," and of the "Common Law Procedure Act, 1854," and the rules made and to be made in pursuance thereof, shall extend and apply to the Court of Record of the borough of Ipswich, called the Court of Small Pleas.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 5th day of *June*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order that the jurisdiction of the court of local jurisdiction in the borough of Ipswich, called the Court of Small Pleas for the town or borough of Ipswich, be excluded in all causes whereof the County Court, established under the Act of 9th and 10th years of Her Majesty's reign, cap. 95, and extending over the limits of the said Court of Small Pleas, hath cognizance.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 5th day of *June*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to approve the Report of the General Board of Health, dated the 12th day of May, 1858 (as set forth in this Gazette), and to order and direct that "The Public Health Act, 1848," and every part thereof except the section

numbered 50 in the copies of that Act, printed by Her Majesty's printers, shall be applied to and be in force within and throughout the entire area, places, and parts of places comprised within the boundaries of the hamlet of Cwmdu, in the parish of Llangynwyd, in the county of Glamorgan, and that such area, places, and parts of places, shall be and constitute a district for the purposes of the said Public Health Act accordingly; and that a Local Board of Health be elected therein in conformity to the instructions and regulations contained in the said report.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 5th day of *June*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order, with reference to a representation made (as set forth in this Gazette), by the Right Honourable Spencer Horatio Walpole, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that no new burial-ground shall be opened in any of the undermentioned parishes without the previous approval of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and that burials in the said parishes shall be discontinued with the following modifications, from and after the sixteenth of June instant, as follows; viz.:

TAUNTON.—In the *Silver-street Chapel Burial-ground*, in the parish of Saint Mary Magdalene, Taunton. ASHBY-DE-LA-ZOUCH.—In the *Burial ground* of *Trinity Church*, in the parish of Ashby-de-la-Zouch, with the exception of now existing vaults and brick graves, which can be opened without disturbing soil that has been already buried in, in which each coffin shall be imbedded in a layer of powdered charcoal, four inches thick, and be separately entombed in

brick or stone work properly cemented, and in which only the bodies of the husbands, wives, parents, and unmarried children of those already buried therein shall be interred. MANCHESTER.—Wholly in the *Roman Catholic Burial-ground*, *Livesey-street*, Manchester. HALIFAX.—In the *Old Churchyard of Ripponden*, in the parish of Halifax, with the exception of now existing walled graves, which can be opened without disturbing soil that has been already buried in, and in which each body shall be separately entombed in an air-tight manner.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 5th day of *June*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order that the time for the discontinuance of burials in the churchyards and burial-grounds undermentioned be postponed as follows, viz.:

In the churchyard of the parish of BALDOCK, Herts, from the first of June to the first of September, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight; in the churchyard of BOWER-CHALK, Wilts, from the first of June to the first of December, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight; in the churchyard of Saint Mary, CLITHEROE, in the parish of Whalley, from the first of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, to the first of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty; in the parish new burial-ground, and in the Wesley Burial-ground, DARLASTON, from the first of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, to the first of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine; in the churchyard of HEXHAM, from the first of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, to the first of

January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine; in the churchyard of the parish of SELBY, from the first of June to the first of September, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight; in Saint Mary's Churchyard, in the Independent Chapel Burial-ground in Saint Mary's parish, in Saint Peter's churchyard, in the two Baptist burial-grounds in Saint Peter's parish, in the Primitive Methodist and in the Calvinistic Baptist Burial-grounds in Saint Leonard's parish, and in All Hallows Burial-ground, all in WALLINGFORD, from the thirtieth of June to the thirty-first of December, one thousand eight hundred and fifty eight.

And whereas by an Order in Council of the eleventh of December, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, burials were directed to be discontinued from and after the first of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, in Saint Patrick's Roman Catholic Burial-ground, York-road, LEEDS, and it seems fit that the said Order be varied; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that interments be discontinued in the said burial-ground, except in vaults and walled graves, in which each coffin shall be embedded in charcoal, and separately entombed in an air-tight manner, and that no soil that has been buried in be disturbed.

And whereas by an Order in Council of the eighth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, burials were directed to be discontinued in a portion of the burial-ground of Saint John's Church, MANCHESTER, and it seems fit that the said Order be varied; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice aforesaid, is pleased to order in lieu thereof, and it is hereby ordered, that interments be discontinued in the whole of

the said churchyard of Saint John, Manchester, except in now existing vaults and walled graves, in which each coffin shall be embedded in charcoal, and separately entombed in an air-tight manner, and except in now existing family graves not less than five feet deep, a layer of earth a foot deep being left undisturbed above the previously existing coffin ; and it is further ordered, that no vault or grave be opened in the said churchyard except to bury another member of the same family.

And whereas by an Order in Council of the eighteenth of October, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, burials were directed to be discontinued in the churchyard of St. Gregory, SUDBURY, in Suffolk, from and after the first of August, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, which period has since been extended in respect of part of such churchyard, to the first of June instant, and it seems fit, that the said Order be again varied ; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice aforesaid, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that burials be permitted in the new portion of the said churchyard of St. Gregory, Sudbury, provided that, with the exception of family vaults and brick graves, only one body be buried in a grave ; and with the same exception, no grave be reopened ; and it is further ordered that the said family vaults and brick graves be used on condition that they be opened without disturbing soil that has been already buried in, and that each coffin be embedded in a layer of powdered charcoal, four inches thick, and be separately entombed in an airtight manner.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 5th day of *June*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order that the representa-

tions made by the Right Honourable Spencer Horatio Walpole, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that no new burial-ground should be opened in any of the undermentioned parishes without the previous approval of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and that interments in the same should be discontinued with the following modifications :

MONMOUTH. — Forthwith beneath the several *churches* and *chapels* in the parish of Monmouth, and also in *St. Thomas's Churchyard*, and the *Baptist Burial-ground;* and that in the *cemetery* or *additional churchyard of St. Mary's*, Monmouth, except so far as is compatible with the Official Regulations for new burial-grounds, omitting No. 3 :—and that in the *Independent Burial-ground* interments be discontinued from and after the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, except in graves not less than five feet deep which are free from water and remains. FINCHLEY, MIDDLESEX. From and after the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, in the *parish churchyard* of Finchley, with the exception of now existing vaults and brick graves, which can be opened without disturbing soil that has been already buried in, and in which each body shall be separately entombed in brick or stone work properly cemented, and that the only bodies interred be those of the husband, wife, parents, unmarried children, and brothers and sisters of persons already buried therein ; and that in *Holy Trinity Churchyard*, in the parish of Finchley, except in family vaults and graves, only one body be buried in each grave. LLANDAFF.—Forthwith in the *Cathedral* of Llandaff, and within three yards thereof, also except in now existing vaults and walled graves, in

which each coffin shall be embedded in charcoal and separately entombed in an airtight manner in that part of the *churchyard* which is to the south of the cathedral, and from and after the first of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, in the rest of the churchyard. TITCHFIELD, HANTS.—Forthwith in the *parish church* of Titchfield; and from and after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, in the *parish churchyard*, with the exception of family vaults and brick graves, which can be opened without disturbing soil that has been already buried in, and in which each coffin shall be separately entombed in brick or stone work properly cemented. WESTBOURNE, SUSSEX.—Forthwith in the *parish church* of Westbourne; and from and after the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, in the *churchyard*, with the exception of vaults and brick graves which were in existence on April thirtieth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and which shall be used on the following conditions,—that they are free from water, that, when required, they be opened without disturbing soil that has been recently buried in, and that each coffin be entombed in brick or stone work properly cemented. GREAT WARLEY, ESSEX.—Forthwith in the *parish church;* and from and after the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, in the *churchyard* of Great Warley, Essex.

should be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on the seventeenth day of July next.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 5th day of *June*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order that the petition of the Local Board of Health for the district of Sowerby Bridge, in the West Riding of the county of York, praying that Her Majesty would be pleased to order that the said Local Board of Health for the Sowerby Bridge District shall be a burial board for the district of such local board, be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on the the thirteenth day of July next.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 5th day of *June*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order upon the representation of the Right Honourable Spencer Horatio Walpole, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State (as set forth in this Gazette) that the churchwardens or such other person or persons as may have the care of the vaults under the church of Saint George the Martyr, Southwark, do adopt or cause to be adopted, the following measures in respect of such vaults, viz.:

1. That the said vaults, when accessible, be freely lime-washed.
2. That the coffins contained in the said vaults be embedded in a mixture of fresh earth, sand, or gravel, and powdered charcoal, and be entombed in brick-work, according to the plan hereunto annexed, and that all apertures in the arch of the vaults be filled up.
3. That the existing ventilating openings on the north of the church, now buried in the

earth, be re-opened, and that the ventilating openings on the south of the church, adjoining Church-street, be each guarded by a layer of powdered charcoal; that ventilating tubes of sufficient size, and terminating above the roof of the church, be provided, to convey from those divisions of the vaults not otherwise ventilated, any foul air that may escape.

4. That the works be effected under the superintendence of the Medical Officer of Health of the District, and that McDougal's Powder and other disinfectants be employed whenever requisite.

This Gazette contains certain Statutes for the future government and regulation of the University of Cambridge, repealing, and in substitution for, the existing statutes of the said University, except so far as any of such existing Statutes are retained in force by the provisions of the same, which were, on the 24th day of March last, framed by the Commissioners appointed for the purposes of an Act passed in the session of Parliament holden in the 19th and 20th years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to make further "provision for the good Government and Exten- "sion of the University of Cambridge, of the "Colleges therein, and of the College of King "Henry the Sixth at Eaton," published in pursuance of the provisions of the said Act.

Also, certain Statutes for the regulation of the University of Cambridge, relating to questions of a temporary nature within the same, by the said Commissioners, on the same date.

Also certain Statutes with respect to the Establishment and Regulation of Hostels in the University of Cambridge, which were on the 21st of May last, made by the said Commissioners.

Whitehall, June 5, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to give and grant unto Colonel Henry Daniell, late of the Coldstream Guards, Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals William Charles Humfrey, and Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals William Cruickshank, M.D., Her royal licence and permission that they may accept and wear the Insignia of the Imperial Order of the Medjidie of the Fourth Class; and unto Lieutenant-Colonel Edward George Wynyard, of the Grenadier Guards, Major Vincent Wing, Depôt Battalion, late of the 95th Regiment, Captain George Bennett, of the 20th Regiment, Captain John Hart Dunne, late of the 31st, and now of the 99th Regiment, Commissary William Lawrieston Mackelcan Young, C.B., Field Train Department, and Staff-Surgeon of the Second Class Alexander Douglas Taylor, M.D., Her Majesty's royal licence and permission that they may accept and wear the Insignia of the Fifth Class, of the same Order, which His Imperial Majesty the Sultan hath been pleased to confer upon them respectively, as a mark of His Majesty's approbation of their distinguished services before the enemy during the late war.

MEMORANDUM.

The class of the Imperial Order of the Medjidie, which Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable St. George Gerald Foley, C.B., and Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Stopford Claremont, C.B., received Her Majesty's licence and permission to accept and wear, was the *Fourth* Class, and not the *Fifth* Class, as stated in the Supplement to the Gazette of 2nd of March, 1858.

Whitehall, June 5, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal appointing the Right Honourable Edward Henry Stanley (commonly called Lord Stanley) to be Her Majesty's Commissioner for the Affairs of India.

Whitehall, June 7, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Robert Stephen to the church and parish of Renfrew, in the presbytery of Paisley, and county of Forfar, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend George Alexander to the parish of Stirling.

Foreign-Office, June 7, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. George Fawcus as Vice-Consul at North Shields for His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Mecklenburgh Schwerin.

Crown-Office, June 7, 1858.

MEMBER returned to serve in the present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of King's Lynn.

The Right Honourable Edward Henry Stanley, commonly called Lord Stanley, President of the Board of Control for the Affairs of India.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Anglesey.

The Honourable Florance George Henry Irby to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Sussex.

Light Infantry Battalion of the Royal Sussex Militia.

Joseph Bonham Clay, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Wetherell, resigned. Dated 31st May, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Forfar.

Forfar and Kincardine Regiment of Militia Artillery.

First Lieutenant John Barclay to be Captain, vice Ogilvy, resigned. Dated 15th February, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

2nd or Edmonton Royal Rifle Regiment of Middlesex Militia.

Frederick Bridger, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Bridger, resigned. Dated 24th May, 1858.

MEMORANDUM.

4th or Royal South Middlesex Regiment of Militia.

The Commission of Ensign John Francis Spenlove Waite is cancelled from the 22nd May, 1858.

Leicester Militia.

Her Majesty has been pleased to accept the resignation of Lieutenant Hercules Akerman, of the Commission which he holds in the Leicestershire Regiment of Militia.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 11, 1858.

India Board, June 11, 1858.

THE following papers have been received at the East India House.

No. 1.

Major-General H. G. Roberts, Commanding Rajpootana Field Force, to the Adjutant-General of the Army, Bombay.

Camp before Kotah, April 7, 1858.

SIR, No. 97.

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, the successful assault of Kotah, on the 30th of March last, by the troops I have the honor to command. I arrived with the 1st Brigade, opposite Kotah, on the morning of the 22nd ultimo, and encamped to the westward, on the left bank of the Chumbel. The 2nd Brigade and siege train joined in the evening; the 13th Native Infantry, under Captain Adams, had joined the previous evening, having made forced marches to do so.

2. A reconnoissance having been made, it was determined by the Commanding Engineer, that two batteries should be erected on this side the river, one near the village of Sukkutpore, and the other at Kennaree; the object was to keep down the fire of some of the enemy's guns, which enfiladed the ferry, and, by high elevation, threw round-shot into my camp; these batteries were completed and opened fire on the morning of the 24th.

The enemy were 6000 in number.

3. On the 26th instant, I sent 200 men of Her Majesty's 83rd, and the Rifle Company of the 13th Regiment Native Infantry, under command of Lieutenant-Colonel Heatley, of the former regiment, into the portion of the town held by the Maha Rao, who, since my arrival, had, on two successive mornings, been assaulted by the rebels, and an attempt made by them to carry the place by escalade. I have to thank Lieutenant-Colonel Heatley for the able manner in which he commanded this detachment, and the service it rendered up to the time of the assault, and beg to bring Colonel Heatley's services, on this account, prominently to his Excellency's notice. On the 28th I was joined by the Belooch Horsemen, under Lieutenant Macauley.

4. On the 28th, the position of the left battery was changed to the left of the village of Kenaree. Late on the evening of this day, Her Majesty's 8th Hussars arrived, under Lieutenant-Colonel De Salis.

5. On the 27th and 28th, two 12-pounders and six 8-inch mortars were, by the indefatigable labour of the artillery officers and men, aided by working parties of infantry, got into position in the town. A slack fire of two shots per hour from each piece, at certain points named, was opened from these guns; and, towards evening, a large magazine of the enemy, followed by several smaller ones, was exploded.

6. Up to this time, a strong fire had been kept up on the Rajah's quarter of the town by the enemy.

7. On the morning of the 30th, quick firing was commenced from all the guns and mortars, and continued till about ½-past 11 A.M, when, all being reported ready, the firing ceased by signal, and the troops, who had been passed over the river in the morning, told off into their

respective columns of assault, entered the rebels' quarter through the Khetonepole gate. The 1st column, as per margin,* under Brigadier Parke, led; they at once wheeled off to the right, and on reaching the Futteydar bastion, they wheeled to the left, thus outflanking and turning all the enemy's guns in position, in the various streets leading directly towards the defences occupied by us.

8. Brigadier Parke then continued his march as directed, on the Joorawan Boorj, the broad ramp of which I had the gratification of seeing the detachment of his noble regiment ascending, under command of Major Thellusson, as steadily as on parade.

The enemy, on his nearing the top, ran for it, or let themselves down by ropes, abandoning 3 guns to the Brigadier, who moved rapidly on, turning again to his left, to the Soorujpole gate, which, after slight resistance, he also occupied, with its large bastions, on which were 3 more large guns. Brigadier Parke had thus outflanked, and at length taken the enemy's position in this portion of the city in reverse; and, on finding this, and on the steady advance into the heart of the city of the 2nd column,† under Lieutenant-Colonel Holmes, who followed the 1st column till he reached the 3rd bastion from the Futteydar bastion, and then turned to his left for the Soorujpole gate, and of the 3rd column,‡ under Lieutenant-Colonel Raines,

* 250 Her Majesty's 72nd Regiment, under Major Thellusson; 250 13th Regiment Native Infantry, under Captain Adams, accompanied by a party of Sappers, under Lieutenant Paterson, Royal Engineers.

† 250 Her Majesty's 83rd Regiment, under Major Steele; 250 12th Regiment Native Infantry, under Lieutenant Howison.

‡ 250 Her Majesty's 95th Regiment, under Major the Hon. E. Massey; 250 10th Regiment Native Infantry, under Lieutenant Roome; each accompanied by a party of Sappers, under an Engineer Officer.

Her Majesty's 95th Regiment, the enemy made off in every direction in which they could see a chance of escape.

9. Many were shot and bayonetted; many escaped by letting themselves down by ropes from the walls, and others threw themselves over, and were dashed to pieces. Some occupied houses, and fought till slain. Lieutenant-Colonel Holmes, finding that Brigadier Parke had possession of the Soorujpole gate and Joorawan bastion, both considered the keys of the place, with marked spirit and energy pushed on, and took a number of guns, particularly those in a detached work called the Futtey ghurree; and entering through the gate from the Rampoora division of the town, took the Lallpoora gate. The reserve,* under Brigadier Macan, was pushed along to the left, and went on gallantly, till it communicated with Colonel Holmes's column at the Rampoora gate.

10. By half-past 2 p.m., Kotah was completely in our hands. I left in the afternoon sufficient troops in the city, and at the gates, to secure our success, and withdrew the remainder to our camp.

11. From several explosions of powder our loss has been more than I had expected. I may, however, be permitted to congratulate his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief on the smallness of it, when compared with the magnitude of the work to be accomplished. The gallantry of the troops, European and native, and good judgment of the officers in command of the columns, greatly tended to this.

12. I beg to bring to his Excellency's notice the immense aid I received from Major Tremenhere, commanding Engineers, and of Captain Cumberland, and the officers of Her Majesty's and

* 250 Her Majesty's 83rd Regiment, under Lieutenant-Colonel Heatley; 250 13th Regiment N.I., under Captain Stenart.

the East India Company's Engineers, and Sappers and Miners. The work of the Artillery has been almost beyond belief, Lieutenant-Colonel Blake commanding up to noon 29th inst.; Captain Aitken and Petrie, and Lieutenant Brown, with their officers under them, deserve the highest praise. There being no reserve artillerymen, I was obliged to take men from the Horse Artillery and Field Batteries; and Lieutenant-Colonel Price, of the Royal Artillery, who arrived and took command on the 29th, and to whom I am much indebted, informs me that the men working the siege guns had been on duty without intermission for 36 and 48 hours.

13. To Major Wray, Field Commissary of Ordnance, my most especial thanks are due for the uninterrupted hard work and the energy he has displayed throughout. The several Brigadiers have conveyed to me their marked approbation of their Staff Officers.

14. The superintendence of the Medical Department, under Doctor Burn, and the arrangements for the Field Hospital, under Field-Surgeon Hockin, were very satisfactory.

15. The Commissariat, under that able officer, Captain Lucas, left me nothing to desire. His arrangements have been most complete throughout.

16. The able and ever ready assistance afforded me by my personal Staff, I have most thankfully to acknowledge. The nature of the operations required much energy and exertion from them all; it was unsparingly given, and I would beg to bring to his Excellency's most favourable notice the names of Captain Hardy, Assistant Adjutant-General, Captain Ballard, C.B., Assistant-Quarter-master-General, and Lieutenant Newall, my aide-de-Camp, all of whom were nearly the whole day engaged in the city with the columns conveying my orders. I should not omit to bring to his

Excellency's favourable notice the good services rendered by Lieutenant Heathcote, Deputy Assistant-Quartermaster-General.

I need hardly say that the arrangements for crossing the river, and march of the columns through the Rajah's part of the town, were so good that no confusion occurred of any sort. I must not omit a conspicuous act of gallantry performed by Lieutenant Cameron, Her Majesty's 72d Highlanders, reported by Brigadier Parke, as having headed an attack up a narrow entrance of a house, defended by a party of desperate men, two of whom he slew, and was himself desperately wounded.

17. My escort, composed of a party of Guzerat Irregular Horse, under a most able native officer, Meer Mahomed Ally, did me good service.

18. Above 400 of the enemy were killed, and numbers of prisoners taken, some of whom have been tried and executed; others await trial.

19. The conduct of the detachments of native infantry, of the 10th, 12th, and 13th Regiments, deserve the highest praise.

20. I regret there was no opportunity for the Cavalry to distinguish themselves in these operations; but the 1st Lancers, under Captain Anderson, detachment of the 2nd Cavalry, under Captain Simpson, and Scinde Horse, under Major Malcolm Green, the whole under the direction of Lieutenant-Colonel Owen, have shown the best spirit throughout, and performed the harassing duties of outpost and patrol in a manner to have earned my warmest thanks. They are now joined by a squadron of Her Majesty's 8th Hussars and Colonel Blake's Troop of Horse Artillery, in pursuit of the enemy, and, should opportunity offer, I have no doubt of having the gratification of reporting a splendid result.

21. As the first object of attack was to seize

the Joorawun bastion and Soorujpole gate, I had placed the Cavalry at Gaumuchford to watch the only outlet, namely, the Lallpoora gate; but the rebels had in the morning taken their moveable guns out at the Soorujpole gate, many accompanying them, and, when they saw how the day went, they fled. These two gates, two miles apart, are separated by a belt of thick jungle, stretching out for many miles, quite unfit for cavalry manœuvres, and, moreover, entirely secured the enemy from view.

22. I cannot close this despatch without tendering to Brigadier-General Lawrence, Officiating Governor-General's Agent in Rajpootana, who accompanied me from Nusseerabad, and was with me during the assault, my best thanks for the unwearied aid afforded me by him. I would also beg to bring to most favourable notice the services of Captain Macdonald and his corps of Meenas, who joined me on the march. They have most willingly made themselves useful in many ways, guarding baggage, escorting prisoners, and, as working parties, have elicited the admiration of both Engineer and Artillery Officers observant of them. They were at the Pattunpole gate, and most eager to be employed in the assault, had I required their services on that duty.

23 I beg to enclose a list of casualties and return of captured Ordnance. The latter has subsequently been found not complete; a supplementary return shall be forwarded.

24. A more accurate plan shall be forwarded directly the Engineers have completed their survey now proceeding.

I have, &c.,
H. G. ROBERTS, Major-General,
Commanding Rajpootana Field Force.

No. 2.

From the List of Killed and Wounded in the Attack on Kotah, from 22nd to 29th of March, 1858.

Lieutenant H. S. K. Pechell, 1 Co., ½ Artillery, wounded slightly.

No. 3.

Attack on Kotah, on the 30th March, 1858.

Lieutenant A. S. Cameron, 2nd Co., H.M.'s 72nd Regiment, wounded severely; sword cut of left hand and bayonet wound of left side.

Abstract of Fighting Men.

Number of killed from 23rd to 29th of March, 7; 30th March, 7; total 14.

„ Severely wounded from 23rd to 29th of March, 4; 30th March, 19; total, 23.

„ Slightly wounded from 23rd to 29th of March, 5; 30th March, 18; total, 23.

Total from 23rd to 29th of March, 16; 30th March, 44.

Grand total, 60.

Killed.

Europeans	13
Natives	1

Wounded.

Europeans	32
Natives	14
Total	60

Europeans Officers wounded severely ... 2

A. BURNS, M.D.,
Superintending Surgeon, R.F.F.

No. 4.

Return of Ordnance captured in the City of Kotah, on the 30th of March, 1858, by the Field Force under Major-General Roberts.

Brass Ordnance.

24-pounder gun, length 14 feet, weight 60 cwt. On a large field carriage in bad repair.

14-pounder gun, length 7 feet, weight 25 cwt. Carriage serviceable.

12-pounder gun, length 12 feet, weight 40 cwt. On old travelling carriage with limber.

12-pounder gun, length 11 feet, weight 40 cwt. On old travelling carriage with limber.

12-pounder gun, length 8½ feet, weight 25 cwt. Carriage struck by a shot, otherwise serviceable.

12-pounder gun, length 9 feet, weight 30 cwt. Carriage in fair order.

8-pounder gun, length 6 feet, weight 14 cwt. Muzzle, a dragon's mouth, carriage in fair order.

8-pounder gun, length 7 feet, weight 14 cwt. Field carriage in good order, gun excellent.

8-pounder gun, length 7 feet, weight 14 cwt. Field carriage in good order, gun excellent.

7-pounder gun, length 7 feet, weight 15 cwt. Excellent gun-carriage in good repair.

6-pounder gun, length 7 feet, weight 9 cwt. English gun in good order, carriage indifferent.

6-pounder gun, length 7 feet, weight 12 cwt. On a new field carriage.

6-pounder gun, length 5 feet, weight 9 cwt. Carriage broken.

6-pounder gun, length 7 feet, weight 14 cwt. Carriage with limber in fair order.

6-pounder gun, length 5½ feet, weight 12 cwt. Large weighty gun on very fair carriage.

6-pounder gun, length 5½ feet, weight 10 cwt. Large weighty gun on very fair carriage.

5-pounder gun, length 5 feet, weight 8 cwt. On ground in arsenal, being bouched.

4-pounder gun, length 4½ feet, weight 5 cwt. On field carriage in serviceable order, with elevating screw, and as good as the general run of native guns.

4-pounder gun, length 5 feet, weight 9 cwt. On field carriage in serviceable order, with elevating screw, and as good as the general run of native guns.

4-pounder gun, length 4½ feet, weight 8 cwt. On field carriage in serviceable order, with elevating screw, and as good as the general run of native guns.

4-pounder gun, length 5 feet, weight 9 cwt. On field carriage in serviceable order, with elevating screw, and as good as the general run of native guns.

4-pounder gun, length 5 feet, weight 6 cwt. On field carriage in serviceable order, with elevating screw, and as good as the general run of native guns.

4-pounder gun, length 6 feet, weight 10 cwt. On field carriage in serviceable order, with elevating screw, and as good as the general run of native guns.

3-pounder gun, length 3½ feet, weight 4 cwt. Carriage fitted with bullock gear, shifted frequently during the siege.

3-pounder gun, length 5 feet, weight 5 cwt. On field carriage in serviceable order, and with good elevating screw.

3-pounder gun, length 5 feet, weight 8 cwt. On field carriage in serviceable order, and with good elevating screw.

3-pounder gun, length 4¼ feet, weight 4½ cwt.

On field carriage in serviceable order, and with good elevating screw.

3-pounder gun, length $5\frac{1}{4}$ feet, weight 9 cwt. On field carriage in serviceable order, and with good elevating screw.

3-pounder gun, length 4 feet, weight 7 cwt. On field carriage in serviceable order, and with good elevating screw.

3-pounder gun, length 5 feet, weight 9 cwt. On field carriage in serviceable order, and with good elevating screw.

2-pounder gun, length 5 feet, weight 6 cwt. Field carriage.

2-pounder gun, length 3 feet, weight $1\frac{1}{2}$ cwt. On a low garrison carriage, (old.)

$7\frac{1}{2}$-inch howitzer,* length $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, weight 4 cwt. Used apparently for throwing stones.

$7\frac{1}{2}$-inch howitzer,* length $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, weight 4 cwt. Used apparently for throwing stones.

Iron Ordnance.

68-pounder gun, length 15 feet, weight 160 cwt. On the ground, not used during the siege. A very large garrison carriage under repair by its side.

32-pounder gun, length 7 feet, weight 28 cwt. On travelling carriage, gun a good deal scored.

32-pounder gun, length 7 feet, weight 28 cwt. On travelling carriage, gun a good deal scored.

24-pounder gun, length 7 feet, weight 25 cwt. Old travelling carriage, gun good.

24-pounder gun, length 6 feet, weight 18 cwt. Old travelling carriage, gun good.

12-pounder gun, length 7 feet, weight 20 cwt. Gun burst at muzzle, still used.

* One ammunition box for these two howitzers containing light balls.

9-pounder gun, length 16 feet, weight 30 cwt. On old garrison carriage.
9-pounder gun, length 7 feet, weight 8 cwt. On field carriage.
4-pounder gun, length 7½ feet, weight 10 cwt. Field carriage broken and useless.
4-pounder gun, length 7 feet, weight 14 cwt. Field carriage serviceable, limber attached.
4-pounder gun, length 7 feet, weight 14 cwt. Field carriage in fair order.
3-pounder gun, length 6 feet, weight 6 cwt. No carriage.
3-pounder gun, length 6 feet, weight 1½ cwt. On an old garrison carriage.
3-pounder gun, length 5 feet, weight 6 cwt. Field carriage.
3-pounder gun, length 3 feet, weight 2 cwt. Field carriage, without limber, mounted on wall.
2-pounder gun, length 8 feet, weight 3 cwt. Field carriage, without limber, mounted on wall.
2-pounder gun, length 8 feet, weight 2 cwt. Field carriage, without limber, mounted on wall.
2-pounder gun, length 7 feet, weight 4 cwt. Field carriage, without limber, mounted on wall.
1-pounder gun, length 3 feet, weight 1 cwt. Field carriage, without limber, mounted on wall.
1-pounder gun,* length 3 feet, weight 1 cwt.
1-pounder gun,* length 2½ feet, weight 1¼ cwt.
1-pounder gun,* length 3½ feet, weight 2 cwt.

Five infernal machines (consisting of 40 matchlock barrels fixed on frames, moveable on wheels) found at the ends of the streets. Six scaling ladders, in excellent order, near the gate.

The large magazine contains an unlimited quantity of powder in large sacks ; and good sup-

* These three guns with three others in the Tope Khan have no carriages, and were not used at the siege.

plies of round shot and grape (made up into cartridges) are with the guns in the batteries, besides several large ammunition waggons filled with cartridges in the streets leading to the different batteries.

Total—56 pieces.

E. WRAY, Major,
Field Commissary Ordnance,
Rajpootana Field Force.
J. PRICE, Lieutenant-Colonel, R.A.,
Commanding Artillery Brigade,
Rajpootana Field Force.

No. 5.

Lieutenant-Colonel E. Price, R.A., Commanding the Artillery Brigade, Rajpootana Field Force, to the Assistant Adjutant-General, Rajpootana Field Force.

Camp Kotah, April 15, 1858.

SIR, No. 62.

I HAVE the honor to forward a supplementary return of guns, &c., captured in the city of Kotah. The first return which was taken the day after the assault, showed the number captured as follows:

	Brass.	Iron.	Total.
1st Return	34	22	56
Cavalry Return, April 5, 1858	7	1	8
Supplementary Return... ...	9	2	11
	50	25	75

I have, &c.,
E. PRICE, Lieut.-Col., R.A., Commanding Artillery Brigade, Rajpootana Field Force.
H. G. ROBERTS, Major-General, Commanding Rajpootana Field Force.

No. 6.

Supplementary Return of Guns found in the city of Kotah after the First Roll had been sent into Head Quarters.

Camp Kotah, April 10, 1858.

Brass.

3-pounder gun, length 4½ feet, weight 5 cwt. Filigree mouldings. This gun sent to Nusseerabad by order of General Roberts.

5-pounder gun, length 6½ feet, weight 10 cwt. Filigree mouldings. Carriage useless.

6 2-pounders, length 3 feet, weight 2 cwt. each. These six pieces were mounted on one carriage in a double tier, forming an infernal machine of guns. Carriage under repair, and so much damaged as to be useless.

6-pounder, length 5 feet, weight 12 cwt. On a field carriage.

Iron.

2-pounder, length 3 feet, weight 2 cwt. On field-carriage old and useless. Found in enemy's camp.

1-pounder, length 3 feet, weight 3 cwt. On field-carriage useless.

The following found in the arsenal on examination: 30 stone shells, several thousand rounds of solid shot of different calibres, 500 swords, 60 stand of flint muskets, 8 bayonets, 200 spears, 50 matchlocks, 7 infernal machines in addition to those already reported; rockets, a few chain shot, and 6 small brass guns 1½ feet long, calibres from 8 oz. to 1 lb.

E. WRAY, Major,
Field Commissary Ordnance.

J. PRICE, Lieut.-Col., R.A., Commanding
Artillery, Rajpootana Field Force.

No. 7

Major Evans, commanding Satpoora Field Force, to the Quartermaster-General of the Army, Bombay.

Camp, near Silawud, April 14, 1858.

SIR, No. 41.

WITH reference to my hurried report, dated 12th instant, informing you of the entire defeat, on the 11th instant, of the insurgent chiefs at Amba Pawnee, where a large number of their followers were attacked by a portion of the field force under my orders, and driven from a strong and well-chosen position, the approaches to which, excepting from one point, they had reason to believe inaccessible, I have now the pleasure to express to his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief how much I feel indebted to the whole of the officers and men of all arms engaged, for the very gallant and spirited manner in which they commenced and followed up the attack, and in spite of intense heat, unsatiated thirst, and an obstinate resistance of seven hours' duration, gained complete possession of the enemy's stronghold.

2. The co-operation throughout was complete, and both officers and men materially contributed to the success of the day, by displaying much coolness and intelligence as well as courage.

3. As an instance which fell under my own observation, I beg to bring to notice the conduct of Lieutenant Stanley Scott, Adjutant of the Bheel Corps, and Lieutenants Hanson and Sibthorpe, of the 9th Regiment, who, with some twenty men of the latter corps, made an attack, at the termination of the day, on a strong position situated on the summit of a hill, protected by large boulders of stone, and defended by a num-

ber of Muckranees, who, rendered desperate by the certainty of their ultimate destruction, made frequent sallies, sword in hand, and for some time offered a most determined resistance.

4. These officers, taking advantage of the little cover the ground afforded, cautiously but perseveringly advanced in skirmishing order to within twelve paces of their enemy, keeping their men loaded for the final rush. They lost 4 of their number at the onslaught ; but 23 of the Muckranees were left dead on the scene of action.

5. I omitted to mention, in my former letter, that the 4 Mountain Train mortars were brought to bear upon the enemy, with some effect for a short time ; but the rapid advance of the troops from both sides rendered their prolonged use dangerous to my own men.

6. Lieutenant Basevi, of the Artillery, was unfortunately severely wounded by a sword cut in a gallant hand to hand encounter with one of the enemy.

7. The Detachment Poona Irregular Horse, under Naib Russuldar Hyat Meer Khan, did excellent service by taking up a position on the enemy's right, and thereby cutting off his retreat in that direction.

8. I beg to enclose the accompanying report from Captain Langston; and, in thanking Captain Birch and Lieutenant Hall for the gallant conduct noticed therein, I would also acknowledge the prompt, able, and successful manner in which Captain Langston conducted the attack on the enemy's rear.

9. I find I have greatly underrated the enemy's loss : 170 bodies were counted the day after the action ; the number of killed must, therefore, have exceeded 200.

10. I also learn that, in addition to the 62 men

taken prisoners, 445 women and children, and amongst them the wives of some of the chief insurgents, have been brought in. In my former letter their number was under-estimated.

11. I beg to enclose an amended list* of casualties, by which it will be observed that I omitted to mention the name of Captain Birch amongst the wounded; and that, with one exception, the whole of the missing have since been accounted for.

I have, &c.,
W. H. EVANS, Major.
Commanding Satpoora Field Force.

P.S.—I have to express my obligation to Major Haselwood, for having furnished me with the valuable information on which the attack was based.

W. H. E.

No. 8.

Captain Langston, Commanding Right Column Satpoora Field Force, to the Staff Officer, Satpoora Field Force.

Camp, Amba Pawnee, April 12th, 1858.

SIR, No. 5.

I HAVE the honor to inform you that, in accordance with instructions received from Major Evans, Commanding Satpoora Field Force, I marched with the right column, strength as per margin,† from Parsoul, at 1.10 A.M. yesterday.

* See London Gazette, May 31, 1858.

† Artillery—2 4⅕ inch mortars: 1 Native Officer; 19 N.C. rank and file. 4th Rifles—2 Officers; 1 Native Officer; 58 N.C. rank and file. 8th Regiment Native Infantry—3 Officers; 2 Native Officers; 295 N.C. rank and file. Poona Horse—1 Native Officer; 58 sabres. Bheel Corps—1 Officer; 2 Native Officers; 70 rank and file.

2. After proceeding some six miles, I detached a party (that had been previously told off for the purpose), consisting of:—1 jemadar, 19 sabres, Poona Horse ; 1 ensign, 1 subadar, 40 N.C. rank and file, 9th Regiment Native Infantry ; 1 jemadar, 60 N.C. rank and file, Bheel Corps ; the whole under Ensign Bonnor, 9th Regiment Native Infantry, to Meina Mata, westward of Pursool, so as to prevent any fugitive rebels escaping in that direction.

3. The remainder of my column continued the route to Amba Pawnee with an advance guard, consisting of detachment 4th Rifles and Bheel Corps, with 6 sowars Poona Horse.

4. On arriving within about two miles of Amba Pawnee, I ordered the advance guard, under Lieutenant Hall, reinforced by the Light Company 9th Regiment Native Infantry, to skirmish to the front. They were immediately fired on by the enemy, who at the same time commenced falling back on their main body, strongly posted on a range of high hills directly in our front.

5. The ground being favourable for cavalry movements, I ordered the Poona Horse to the front, who, dashing forward, cut up several of the enemy, thereby materially accelerating the general retreat to their mountain stronghold.

6. On coming within range, I selected an eligible position for the mortars, and commenced shelling the enemy, who were observed in large numbers crowning the heights. At the same time I threw out skirmishers to the right and left, with a view of hemming in and outflanking the enemy. Lieutenant Hall, 4th Rifles, commanded on the right, and was accompanied by Captain Birch, who kindly volunteered his services ; Lieutenant Hawthorn, 9th Regiment Native Infantry, took the left. I remained to direct opera-

tions, Captain Baugh, 9th Regiment Native Infantry, commanding the reserve.

7. The right party, advancing, carried all before them, notwithstanding a heavy fire from the enemy, who were in a great measure sheltered by large boulders of stone, from behind which they were enabled to act with comparative safety; but vain were their endeavours: the men, led in the most gallant manner, defeated all attempts of the rebels to break through, and drove them back at all points with great slaughter.

8. Lieutenant Hawthorn, extending his skirmishers to the left, communicated with the right of Major Evans's column, and then advanced with his main body up the hill, the enemy being thus exposed to a severe cross fire. The summit was gained, and the two columns co-operated.

9. The enemy's position was well chosen, the hill being partially scarped, and it speaks well for the gallantry of the troops employed,—storming so strong a natural fortification under so severe and galling a fire.

10. I then joined Lieutenant Hall, and remained with him till the close of operations. The rest of the column took ground to the right, and ultimately joined the head quarter column on the north side of the hill.

11. Annexed is a list of casualties*.

12. I estimate the enemy's loss at between 150 and 200. My column also took 37 men and 57 women and several children prisoners.

13. I beg to bring to the notice of the officer commanding Field Force, the gallant conduct of Lieutenant Hall, 4th Rifles, and Captain Birch, who, with only some 25 men, kept an overpowering force of the enemy in check, and prevented their escape to the eastward. The behaviour of

* See London Gazette, May 31.

Boghur Junal Khan, Poona Horse, also deserves notice, in having either shot or cut down several of the enemy.

I have, &c.,
J. LANGSTON, Captain,
Commanding Right Column Satpoora Field Force.

No. 9.

Major Evans, Commanding Satpoora Field Force, to the Qartermaster-General of the Army, Bombay.

Camp, near Silawad, April 16, 1858.

[Extract.] No. 45.

I HAVE the honor to forward, for the information of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief and Government, the accompanying report from Captain Sealy, relative to his encounter with the enemy on the 11th instant.

Considering the very difficult nature of the country, the overwhelming force opposed to him, and the number of bullocks, laden with commissariat supplies, he had to protect, I am of opinion that Captain Sealy acted judiciously in not attempting to join in the attack on Amba Pawnee.

Both officers and men appear to have done their duty gallantly, and I trust that their conduct, as well as that of their commanding officer, will meet with approval.

Captain Sealy's detachment joined the other detachment of the force at this place this morning.

Silawud is Mawassia's camp, and is seven miles to the south of Amba Pawnee.

No. 10.

Captain Sealy, Commanding Detached Column Satpoora Field Force, to the Staff Officer Satpoora Field Force, Amba Pawnee.

Camp, near Balcan, April 12, 1858.

SIR, No. 53.

I HAVE the honor to forward, for the information of the officer commanding the Satpoora Field Force, the following report of the operations of the column under my command.

2. At daylight on the 11th instant, all baggage and Commissariat supplies being ready, the column, after furnishing the requisite guards and escorts, marched, strength as per margin,* with the intention of co-operating with the other two columns in attacking the enemy at Amba Pawnee.

3. After advancing about a quarter of a mile, three scouts were sent to a high hill on the right, to ascertain if the enemy's scouts could be seen. This not being the case, the column moved on, and, after advancing about half a mile further, a report was sent by the officer of the advance guard, that the leading file heard sounds as of the firing of mortars. Thinking this might proceed from one or other of the columns, I proceeded with my staff-officer to the front, and had scarcely arrived there when some of the enemy were seen on the high hill to our right, and immediately

* 4-4 Artillery.—Mountain Train, 1 gun, 12-pounder, 1 howitzer 4⅔ inch : 1 Captain, 1 subadar, 1 staff-sergeant, 2 havildars, 12 rank and file. 2-4 Artillery.—1 jemadar, 2 havildars, 20 rank and file: escort to Train. Poona Horse.—1 Lieutenant, 2 russuldars, 1 naik russuldar, 4 duffedars, 37 sowars. 19th Regiment N.I.—2 Captains, 2 Lieutenants, 1 Ensign, 2 subadars, 5 jemadars, 20 havildars, 227 rank and file, 10 drummers and fifers, 5 Bheestees. Bheel Corps.—1 Lieutenant, 1 subadar, 1 jemadar, 4 havildars, 71 rank and file.

a few shots were fired. The advance guard was instantly thrown into skirmishing order, and as soon as Captain Briggs came up with the 19th Regiment, he was directed to throw out a portion also.

4. About this time the enemy's nokara was heard, and a green standard planted on the high ground on the right, above mentioned, around which a large body of the enemy assembled, while a portion moved to occupy the ravine in our front. The officer of the advanced guard, Captain Anderton, seeing this, proceeded to dislodge them. While so employed, a party of the enemy succeeded in getting to our left front, when Lieutenant Atkins, heading the detachment of the Bheel Corps, arrived, and having driven them off, held this important position with his detachment throughout the operations. It was in the performance of this duty that officer was wounded, and after securing the position was obliged to be conveyed to the rear.

5. In the meantime the Mountain Train was brought into position. The gun was placed so as to keep down the fire from the ravine (which it raked), and from the high ground and the right front, while the howitzer was brought to play on the large body of the enemy, where their standard had been planted, which was shortly removed, and the enemy around it temporarily dispersed, but endeavoured again to bring the standard to the front with the view of planting it, but a round or two more from the howitzer again caused its removal.

6. The fire of the enemy on our right front, however, continued heavy, and the enemy attempted to descend, but were driven back by the 19th, and an occasional shell from the howitzer.

7. It was about this time that an individual of rank, wearing a red turban, who had attracted the notice of us all, fell wounded, and was carried off. He was supposed to be either Dowlat Sing or Kajee Sing, and, placed under good cover, picked off many of the 19th, and from his piece several shots reached the gun and howitzer at a distance of between 500 and 600 yards. It was only at a few paces from the howitzer that Lieutenant Blair, in the act of conveying orders to the officer commanding the 19th Regiment was wounded.

8. The fire of the enemy now slackened, and finding that I had expended more than half of the Mountain Train ammunition, I only threw a shell occasionally, when I saw any number of the enemy collected; but seeing from the very determined opposition we had encountered that a large body of the insurgents was around us, and encumbered with my wounded without the means for their transport, and having besides a thousand commissariat bullocks with supplies to protect, I considered it advisable to retire to my original position at Dababowrie. With this in view, and while the fire was slack, I directed the baggage and commissariat to retire, sending the half of the Poona Horse with them.

9. Finding that the enemy had now in a great measure retired, and fired an occasional shot only, I commenced to withdraw the troops, having as a rear-guard the companies of the 19th Regiment, accompanied by the gun from the Mountain Train, and reached Daba-bowrie, without further casualties, about half-past ten A.M., having been engaged with the enemy about four hours.

10. During the action, the enemy made an attempt to capture our commissariat, and had detached about two hundred men for that purpose,

but were most successfully driven off, and pursued by a party of the 19th Regiment and Bheel Corps, amounting to 54 men, under Subedar Comajee Kuddum of the former corps.

11. I beg to enclose lists of killed and wounded of the column, but have been unable to ascertain the loss on the part of the enemy ; it must have, however, far exceeded ours.

12. Before concluding, I consider it my duty to bring to the notice of Major Evans, that the troops behaved throughout the action most satisfactorily, and that I was well supported by all the officers, and am much indebted for their exertions on the occasion.

I have, &c.,
G. P. SEALY, Captain,
Commanding Detached Column Satpoora Field Force.

No. 11.

Return showing the number of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the Field Detachment, 19th Regiment N.I., on the 11th of April, 1858.

Camp Dubba Bowrie, April 11, 1858.

Killed—1 private.
Dangerously wounded—2 privates (since dead).
Severely wounded — 1 lieutenant, 1 naique, 12 privates. 1 camp follower.
Slightly wounded—1 lieutenant, 1 subadar, 1 jemedar, 1 havildar, 13 privates.
Missing—1 naique.
Total — 2 lieutenants, 1 subadar, 1 jemedar, 1 havildar, 2 naiques, 28 privates, 1 camp follower.

P. W. BRIGGS, Captain,
Commanding Field Detachment, 19th N.I.
G. P. SEALY, Captain,
Commanding Detachment Santpoora Field Force.

No. 12.

Return showing the number of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, of the Detachment Poona Irregular Horse, in the Action fought near Dubba Bowrie, on the 11th of April, 1858.

Severely wounded—1 horse.
Slightly wounded—1 horse.
Total—2 horses wounded.

C. D. LA TOUCHE, Lieutenant,
2nd in Command Poona Irregular Horse.
G. P. SEALY, Captain,
Commanding Detachment Santpoora Field Force.

No. 13.

From the Nominal Roll of the Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the Detachment Bheel Corps, in the Action fought near Dhabba Bowrie, on the 11th of April, 1858.

Lieutenant J. W. Atkins, severely wounded.

No. 14.

Return showing the number of Wounded and Missing in the Field Detachment, Bheel Corps, on the 11th of April, 1858.

Camp Dhabba Bowrie, April 11, 1858.

Severely wounded—1 lieutenant.
Slightly wounded—1 havildar, 1 private.
Missing—1 private.
Total—1 lieutenant severely wounded; 1 havildar, 1 private, slightly wounded; 1 private missing.

J. W. ATKINS, Lieutenant,
Commanding Field Detachment, Bheel Corps.
G. P. SEALY, Captain,
Commanding Detachment Santpoora Field Force.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 5th day of *June*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to rescind and abolish the Schedule annexed to a certain Order made by His late Majesty King William the Fourth, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, "to regulate and provide for the perform-"ance of quarantine at the garrison and ter-"ritory of Gibraltar," and bearing date at the Court at St. James's on the thirteenth of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty, by which the port dues on ships and vessels at Gibraltar are charged according to their rig, and to substitute in lieu thereof a new schedule on the principle of charging such dues according to their tonnage (as set forth in this Gazette).

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 5th day of *June*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order, with reference to a petition from the Justices of the county of Northampton, in general quarter sessions assembled, on the seventh day of April last, representing that the number of polling places for the northern division of the said county was insufficient, that the town of Thrapston, and the village of Kingscliffe, shall be polling places for the said northern division of the county of Northampton.

Also with reference to a petition from the Justices for the county of Essex, in general quarter sessions assembled, on the sixth day of April last, representing that the number of polling places for the southern division of the said county was insufficient, that the town of Brentwood shall

be a polling place for the southern division of the county of Essex.

Also with reference to a petition from the Justices of the Peace for the county of Southampton, in quarter sessions assembled, representing that the number of polling places for the northern division of the said county is insufficient, that the town of New Alresford shall be a polling place for the northern division of the county of Southampton.

Also with reference to a petition from the Justices of the Peace acting in and for the county of Kent, assembled at the general quarter sessions of the peace, holden at Maidstone, in and for the western division of the said county, on the twenty-second day of October, 1857, representing that the number of polling places for the western division of the said county of Kent was insufficient, that the town of Tunbridge Wells shall be a polling place for the western division of the county of Kent.

Also with reference to a petition from the Justices of the Peace assembled at the general quarter sessions of the peace holden at Lewes, in and for the eastern division of the county of Sussex, on the fifth day of April last, representing that the number of polling places for the said eastern division was insufficient, that the towns of Hailsham and Uckfield shall be polling places for the eastern division of the said county of Sussex.

Also with reference to a petition from the Justices of the Peace of the North Riding of the county of York, in general quarter sessions assembled, at Northallerton, on the sixth day of April last, representing that the number of polling places within the said riding was insufficient, that the town of Pickering shall be a polling place for the North Riding of the county of York.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 5th day of *June*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to approve and ratify the schemes duly prepared (as set forth in this Gazette) by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England—

For constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the chapelry of Wibsey, in the parish of Bradford, in the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon.

For substituting a money payment to the Bishop of Rochester for a certain estate belonging to his see.

For substituting a money payment to the present succentor or sub-dean of the cathedral church of Saint David's for the property belonging to the said succentorship or subdeanery.

For substituting a money payment to the treasurer of the cathedral church of Saint Paul, in London, for certain property belonging to him as such treasurer.

Downing-Street, June 10, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint C. Elliott, Esq., M.D., to be Principal Medical Officer for the Island of Ceylon; Edward John Eagles, Esq., to be Registrar of Population and Property in the Colony of British Guiana; and Charles Grey Howick Davis, Esq., to be Stipendiary Magistrate for the said Colony.

Crown-Office, June, 9, 1858.

MEMBER returned to serve in the present PARLIAMENT.

County of Hertford.

The Right Honourable Sir Edward George Earle Lytton Bulwer Lytton, Bart., of Knebworth

Park, in the county of Hertford, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

NOTICE TO SHIPOWNERS AND MASTERS.

Board of Trade, Whitehall,
June 10, 1858.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Note from the Russian Minister at this Court, relative to an Imperial Decree establishing a new system for the measurement of vessels in Russia, which is given below, and stating that the rule will be applied henceforth to all Russian vessels without exception; but that with regard to foreign vessels, the method will only be applied in case the Masters are unable to produce either a document establishing their right to hoist the colours, or ship's papers, known in Russia, under the denomination of "Titres de propriété du bâtiment," which documents should certify the number of lasts measured by the ship to which they belong.

(Translation.)

Russian Method of determining the Tonnage or Lastage of Ships.

1. Measure in English feet—
   a. The *length* of the upper deck from the back of the stem to the front of the sternpost.
   b. The *breadth* inside of the under surface of the planking of same deck, taken amidships; and
   c. The *depth* in the ship's well over the keel from the deck planks to the limber boards.
2. Multiply the three preceding dimensions

into one another; that is to say: length, breadth, and depth, and divide the product by 130, the quotient will give the capacity of the ship in tons, and by dividing this quotient by 2, the capacity in lasts will be obtained.

3. If there is a poop on the upper deck, or a light deck above the quarter deck, they must in each case be measured, the *length* inside, the *breadth* amidships, and the *height* between the planks of the decks.

Multiply these three dimensions into one another, divide the product by 90, and then divide the quotient by 2, the quotient after the last division must be added to the measurement previously obtained, and the sum total will give the whole capacity of the ship in lasts.

4. Steam vessels are to be measured in the same manner as sailing vessels, but a deduction is to be made from their capacity of three-fourths ($\frac{3}{4}$) of a last for each nominal horse-power of the engine.

Commission signed by the Queen.

Royal Sussex Light Infantry Regiment of Militia.

George Henry Shuttleworth, Esq., to be Paymaster. Dated 3rd May, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kent.

Kent Militia Regiment of Artillery.

First Lieutenant Charles Nassau Girardôt to be Captain, vice Smith, resigned. Dated 10th May, 1858.

East Kent Regiment of Militia.

Lieutenant George Wildes to be Captain, vice Eustace, resigned. Dated 8th June, 1858.

Ensign James Roxburgh to be Lieutenant, vice Wildes, promoted. Dated 8th June, 1858.

Charles Callaway Ross, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Roxburgh, promoted. Dated 8th June, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stafford.

2nd Regiment of King's Own Staffordshire Militia.

Thomas Fletcher Boughey, Esq., to be Captain, vice Mackinnon, resigned. Dated 27th May, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the West Riding of the County of York *and of the City and County of the City of* York.

2nd Regiment (Light Infantry) of West York Militia.

Edward Arthur Elgin, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 1st April, 1858.

Lieutenant Augustus Romaine Grant De Vaux to be Captain, vice Williams, resigned. Dated 1st June, 1858.

Alfred Herbert Lucas, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 1st June, 1858.

Commission signed by Her Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy of the County of Lanark.

2nd Royal Lanarkshire Militia.

Ensign Archibald William Ramsay Davidson to be Lieutenant, vice Thompson. Dated 5th June, 1858.

Commission signed by the Governor and Captain of the Isle of Wight.

Isle of Wight Artillery Militia.

Thomas Alexander Robinson, Gent., Adjutant, to serve with the rank of Captain. Dated 25th May, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lancaster.

4th or Duke of Lancaster's Own (Light Infantry) Regiment of Royal Lancashire Militia.

Lieutenant George Arthur Crawford to be Captain, vice Mather, appointed to the 5th Lancers. Dated 17th April, 1858.

COURT OF EXCHEQUER.

11th day of June, 1858.

This Court will, on Thursday the 1st, and Saturday the 3rd, days of July, hold sittings, and will at such sittings proceed in giving judgment in all matters then standing for judgment; and will also at such sittings proceed in disposing of such motions and applications which shall then be pending, or such cases in the special paper, as the Court shall give leave to be brought on at the said sittings.

Fred. Pollock.
Samuel Martin.
G. Bramwell.
W. H. Watson.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 15, 1858.

Admiralty, June 14, 1858.

A DESPATCH, of which the following is a copy, has been received by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty from Captain Sotheby, of Her Majesty's steam-ship Pearl, reporting proceedings of the Naval Brigade under his command in India:

No. 74.

SIR, *Camp Amorha, April* 22, 1858.

I HAVE the honour to acquaint you, for the information of my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that the Pearl's Naval Brigade took part in a very successful action with the rebels, on the 17th instant, at the village of Thamowlee. At 7·30 A.M. intelligence was received that about 400 sepoys, with some sowars and two guns, had approached within three miles from our camp and four from Belwar, on a looting expedition; a troop of cavalry, with a detachment of infantry was immediately ordered out to disperse them; but, as reinforcements were requested, I joined, at 9·30, with two howitzers and a party of seamen, and found the enemy retiring, somewhat hastened by a few well directed shell; but, as they were falling back on their forces, which were coming out, whilst we were moving from ours, in concert with Major Cox, in hopes of drawing them out, we retired two miles, immediately followed by the rebels cheering and keeping up

a brisk fire at a prudent distance, we then halted in some topes making very good practice with our two guns. Colonel Rowcroft, at twelve o'clock, joined with the head-quarters, who, with Major Cox, made a flank movement on the enemy's left, whilst we on our left pushed forward, driving the enemy out of the villages, the whole pursuing them for three miles, where a troop (55) of the Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry, under their gallant leader, Major Richardson, made a most dashing charge against 400 sepoys drawn up behind a village with a gun, which they captured, and left 60 dead on the field all with English accoutrements. The heat was intense under a vertical sun, and a furious hot wind in our faces, rendered it nearly impossible to discern the two parties: the men being much fatigued, we rested a few minutes and returned to camp, having 2 killed and 19 wounded, nearly all belonging to the cavalry, 5 of whom were officers.

The enemy's force is reported to be during the latter part 2,000 sepoys and 1,000 irregulars, with 100 sowars and 4 guns, and their loss between 200 and 300; our force was as per margin.*

It is my pleasant duty to record that the behaviour of the men was most excellent, ever most eager to move forward.

Lieutenant N. E. B. Turnour, who has been in six actions with the brigade, was in charge of the guns, and made capital practice. Lieutenant H. D. Grant was in charge of the seamen; a most zealous officer, and to whose services I am at all times much indebted, as well as Lieutenant F. G. Pym and his Marines.

The following officers were present in the field, and rendered most efficient service in this as in

* 400 Ghoorkhas and Sikhs; 180 Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry; 250 13th Regiment; 180 Naval Brigade.

all previous engagements: Messrs. A. W. Ingles and J. M. Maquay, Acting Mates; Messrs. C. F. Foot and V. A. Montagu, Midshipmen; Messrs. Parkins, Cooley, and Burton, Warrant Officers, and Drs. W. J. Shone and Dickinson, Assistant Surgeons; and Mr. T. H. L. Bowling, Acting Clerk; as also James Coe, Captain of the Main-top; William Thompson, Gunner's Mate; and Luke Pearse, Carpenter's Mate; at all times most valuable and well-conducted men, and whom I beg most respectfully to recommend to their Lordships' notice.

My Aide-de-Camp, Mr. H. F. Stephenson, Midshipman, was much exposed to the enemy's fire in conveying messages; he has also been six times in action.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) E. S. SOTHEBY,
Captain, R.N.,
Commanding Pearl's Naval Brigade.

The Secretary of the Admiralty.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 5th day of *June*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to approve and ratify the schemes duly prepared (as set forth in this Gazette) by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England—

For determining the portion of the improved value to be made payable to us in a certain lease of a coal mine about to be granted by the perpetual curate of Pelsall, in the county of Stafford.

For determining the portion of the improved value to be made payable to us in a certain mining lease about to be granted by the Vicar of Gwinear, in the county of Cornwall.

St. James's Palace, June 11, 1858.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon William Rae, Esquire, M.D., Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, and Inspector of Hospitals and Fleets.

St. James's Palace, June 11, 1858.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon James Prior, Esquire, Deputy Inspector of Hospitals and Fleets, Royal Navy.

St. James's Palace, June 11, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased, on the nomination of the Earl of Shrewsbury and Talbot, to appoint John Robin Harris, Esq., late First Lieutenant Royal Guernsey Militia Artillery, to be one of Her Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen-at-Arms, vice Philip Salomons, Esq., resigned.

Whitehall June 14, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, appointing the Right Honourable Charles Philip Earl of Hardwicke, Richard Plantaganet Grenville Nugent Chandos Temple (commonly called Marquess of Chandos), the Right Honourable Edward Cardwell, Vice-Admiral William Fanshawe Martin, Sir James Dalrymple Horn Elphinston, Bart., Captain John Shepherd, Royal Navy, bearing the rank of Commodore, William Schaw Lindsay, Esq., John Shepherd, Esq., Deputy Master of the Trinity House, and Richard Green, Esq., to be Her Majesty's Commissioners

to enquire into the best means of Manning the Navy.

Whitehall, June 15, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Andrew Gray to the new church of Dumfries, in the presbytery and county of Dumfries, vacant by the death of Doctor Thomas Duncan, late Minister thereof.

The Queen has also been pleased to present the Reverend Angus Macintyre to the church and parish of Kildalton, in the presbytery of Kintyre and Island of Islay, vacant by the death of the Reverend Archibald McTavish, late Minister thereof.

NOTICE.

Foreign-Office, June 15, 1858.

Notice is hereby given, that on and after this 15th day of June, the charge payable on the issue of a Foreign Office Passport is reduced from six shillings to two shillings.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, June 14, 1858.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul-General at Odessa, reporting that the port of Poti, on the Black Sea, has been opened to foreign commerce.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, June 15, 1858.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations

have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, an extract from the French "Moniteur," containing an Imperial Decree, which adopts (*reproduit*) the new regulations issued by the British Admiralty, respecting the exhibition and use of lights and fog signals by sea going vessels.

The French regulations, like the English, are to take effect on and after the 1st of October next.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,
15th June, 1858.

Royal Regiment of Horse Guards, Cornet Francis G. A. Fuller to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Williams, promoted. Dated 15th June, 1858.

4*th Dragoon Guards*, Captain John Edward Brodhurst, from the 40th Foot, to be Captain, paying the difference, vice Shawe, who exchanges, receiving the difference. Dated 15th June, 1858.

9*th Light Dragoons*, Captain Charles Clements Brooke, from the Royal London Militia, to be Riding Master. Dated 15th June, 1858.

10*th Light Dragoons.*

To be Lieutenants, by purchase.

Cornet E. Lovell Lovell, vice Mayne, promoted. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Cornet Lord Ralph D. Kerr. Dated 15th June, 1858.

17*th Lancers*, Troop Serjeant-Major George Pumfrett to be Riding Master. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Military Train.

Major Henry Ralph Browne to be Lieutenant-Colonel, by purchase, vice G. Robeson, who retires. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Captain Godfrey Cooper to be Major, by purchase, vice Browne. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Ensign Bernard H. Burke to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Murphy, appointed to the 5th Light Dragoons. Dated 15th June, 1858.

4th Regiment of Foot.

To be Lieutenants, without purchase.

Ensign A. C. Twentyman. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Ensign F. Rynd. Dated 15th June, 1858.

5th Foot, William Ford Longbourne, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 15th June, 1858.

9th Foot, Captain George Spaight, from half-pay Unattached, to be Captain. Dated 15th June, 1858.

10th Foot, Lieutenant J. E. Whaite to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 15th June, 1858.

11th Foot, Captain Robert Vaughan Dickens, from half-pay Unattached, to be Captain. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Lieutenant William Henry Clarkson to be Captain, by purchase, vice Boyd, who retires. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Ensign William Taylor Corrie to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Clarkson. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Quartermaster David Simpson to be Paymaster, vice Boyd, who retires upon half-pay. Dated 15th June, 1858.

14*th Foot.*

To be Lieutenants, without purchase.

Ensign S. Watson. Dated 15th June, 1858.
Ensign G. L. Bryce. Dated 15th June, 1858.
Ensign J. Wilson. Dated 15th June, 1858.
Lieutenant Henry William Heaton to be Instructor of Musketry, in succession to Lieutenant Costin, appointed Adjutant. Dated 20th May, 1858.

15*th Foot*, Lieutenant J. Smyth to be Captain, by purchase, vice Butler, who retires. Dated 15th June, 1858.
Lieutenant R. H. Fry to be Captain, by purchase, vice Synge, promoted in the 1st West India Regiment. Dated 15th June, 1858.
Ensign Alfred Wintle to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Smyth. Dated 15th June, 1858.

17*th Foot.*

To be Lieutenants, without purchase.

Ensign Thomas Rochfort Hunt, vice John Lee, appointed to the 100th Regiment. Dated 15th June, 1858.
Ensign D. F. Allen. Dated 15th June, 1858.

19*th Foot.*

To be Lieutenants, without purchase.

Ensign G. D. Harris. Dated 15th June, 1858.
Ensign T. D. Rew. Dated 15th June, 1858.
Ensign W. R. Islis. Dated 15th June, 1858.
Ensign R. H. Hackett. Dated 15th June, 1858.

20*th Foot.*

To be Lieutenants, without purchase.

Ensign S. Egan. Dated 15th June, 1858.
Ensign R. Blount. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Ensign T. H. Hoblyn. Dated 15th June, 1858.
Ensign C. K. Chatfield. Dated 15th June, 1858.
William Wynne Goodrich, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, in succession to Lieutenant Rochfort, promoted. Dated 15th June, 1858.
Augustus Bolle de Lasalle, Esq., formerly Paymaster in the British German Legion, to be Paymaster. Dated 18th May, 1858.
21*st Foot*, Lieutenant Arthur Cassidy, from the 78th Foot, to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 15th June, 1858.

To be Lieutenants, without purchase.

Ensign G. W. Furlong. Dated 15th June, 1858.
Ensign E. T. Bainbridge. Dated 15th June, 1858.
Ensign F. W. Hamilton. Dated 15th June, 1858.
Ensign J. H. Patrickson. Dated 15th June, 1858.
Ensign E. W. Pearman. Dated 15th June, 1858.
Ensign R. B. Gaskell. Dated 15th June, 1858.
22*nd Foot*, Lieutenant Henry Albert Norris, from 73rd Foot, to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 15th June, 1858.
Lieutenant George Collins, from half-pay, 4th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice H. A. M. Deane, who exchanges. Dated 15th June, 1858.
Ensign Thomas Gilling Gilling, from the 48th Foot, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Collins, who retires. Dated 15th June, 1858.
Frederick Trotter, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Holyoake, promoted. Dated 15th June, 1858.
24*th Foot*, Ensign William Wynne Goodrich, from the 20th Foot, to be Ensign. Dated 15th June, 1858.

The Christian names of Ensign Henmessy are Alexander Carden.

37*th Foot*, Brevet-Major Edward D. Atkinson to be Major, without purchase, vice Lewis, who retires upon full-pay. Dated 15th June, 1858.

39*th Foot*, Ensign Frederick Trotter, from the 22nd Foot, to be Ensign, vice Gosselin, appointed to the 23rd Foot. Dated 15th June, 1858.

40*th Foot*, Captain Charles Fleetwood Shawe, from the 4th Dragoon Guards, to be Captain, vice Brodhurst, who exchanges. Dated 15th June, 1858.

41*st Foot.*

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Thomas P. A. Bracken, Gent., vice Jemmett, promoted in 15th Foot. Dated 15th June, 1858.

John Caulfield, Gent., vice Reyne, promoted in 16th Foot. Dated 16th June, 1858.

47*th Foot*, Lieutenant James A. Bloomfield to be Captain, by purchase, vice Lowry, who retires. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Ensign John Stanley to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Bloomfield. Dated 15th June, 1858.

52*nd Foot*, Lieutenant Thomas Archer Julian to be Adjutant, vice Stopford, who resigns the Adjutancy only. Dated 8th April, 1858.

60*th Foot.*

To be Lieutenants, by purchase.

Ensign A. H. Woodgate, vice McGill, promoted. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Ensign W. H. Moseley, vice Sewell, who has retired. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Ensign W. L. K. Ogilvy, vice Denne, who retires. Dated 15th June, 1858.

61*st Foot*, Charles Hercules Atkinson, Gent., to be Ensign by purchase, vice Boileau, promoted. Dated 15th June, 1858.

64*th Foot*, Lieutenant Henry Edward Couper, from the 82nd Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Dickens, promoted, without purchase, to an Unattached Company. Dated 15th June, 1858.

67*th Foot*, Captain John Stanley Howard, from half-pay Unattached, to be Captain, vice Daniel Thompson, seconded, being appointed Captain Instructor of Musketry, at Hythe. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Lieutenant Arthur Henry Coney to be Captain, by purchase, vice Howard, who retires. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Ensign George Masters Cardew to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Coney. Dated 15th June, 1858.

68*th Foot*, Lieutenant Sheffield Grace to be Captain, by purchase, vice Wilkinson, who retires. Dated 15th June, 1858.

73*rd Foot*, Serjeant James Kirk, from the Royal Marines, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Bayley, promoted. Dated 15th June, 1858.

75*th Foot*, Ensign James Streets to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Faithfull, deceased. Dated 1st November, 1857.

86*th Foot*, Assistant-Surgeon Joseph Sawyers, M.D., from the 24th Foot, to be Surgeon, vice Stack, killed in action. Dated 26th January, 1858, the antedate not to carry Pay.

95*th Foot*, Lieutenant Robert Wield to be Captain, without purchase, vice Bazalgette, killed in action. Dated 2nd April, 1858.

Ensign Robert Maenee to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Wield. Dated 2nd April, 1858.

100th Foot.

The transfer of the undermentioned Officers, as stated in the Gazette of the 1st June, 1858, has been cancelled :

Lieutenant George Fox Grant, from the 62nd Foot.

Lieutenant Charles J. Hampton, from the 56th Foot.

Rifle Brigade.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Gerald Edmund Boyle, Gent., vice Ramsbottom, promoted. Dated 2nd June, 1858.

Christopher Hatton Turnor, Gent., vice Phillips, promoted. Dated 3rd June, 1858.

1st West India Regiment, Captain Robert Follett Synge, from the 15th Foot, to be Major, by purchase, vice Chamberlayne, promoted in the 3rd West India Regiment. Dated 15th June, 1858.

2nd West India Regiment, Lieutenant R. S. Wilkinson Jones to be Captain, without purchase, vice Lake, appointed to the 100th Foot. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Ensign Charles Edward Russell to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Jones. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Royal Canadian Rifle Regiment, Ensign William Henry Surman to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Gold Coast Artillery Corps, Edwin Hewett, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Clark, whose appointment, as stated in the Gazette of the 7th May, 1858, has been cancelled. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Royal Malta Fencible Regiment, Ensign T. Emmanuel Bonavia to be Instructor of Musketry. Dated 20th May, 1858.

UNATTACHED.

Major and Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel James Villiers, of the 47th Foot, to have the Substantive Rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854. Dated 15th June, 1858.

The undermentioned Officers to have their Brevet Rank converted into Substantive Rank, under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854 :

Brevet-Major Charles Edward Mansfield, of the 33rd Foot. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Brevet-Major William Warry, of the 34th Foot. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Lieutenant Robert Vaughan Dickens, from the 64th Foot, to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 15th June, 1858.

BREVET.

The following promotions to take place consequent upon the death of Major-General Thomas Falls, on the 26th May, 1858 :

Major-General Sir W. R. Mansfield, K.C.B., Chief of the Staff in the East Indies, promoted on the 18th May, 1858, for distinguished service, to be placed on the Permanent Establishment of General Officers.

Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Wise, upon half-pay as Major Unattached, to be Colonel. Dated 27th May, 1858.

Brevet-Major John Sampson, upon half-pay as Captain 8th Garrison Battalion (Staff Officer of Pensioners), to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 27th May, 1858,

Captain Henry Reynolds, 58th Foot, to be Major. Dated 27th May, 1858.

The undermentioned Officers, having completed three years' actual service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonels, to be promoted to be Colonels in the Army, under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854.

Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Ernest C. Wilford, Chief Instructor of the School of Musketry, Hythe. Dated 25th April, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel John D. Johnstone, C.B., 33rd Foot. Dated 2nd June, 1858.

Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable A. E. Hardinge, C.B., Coldstream Guards, Assistant-Quartermaster-General in Dublin. Dated 25th May, 1858.

Major J. O. Lewis, Retired full-pay 37th Foot, to be Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army, the rank being honorary only. Dated 15th June, 1858.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,
15th June, 1858.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been pleased to command that the two following Officers be appointed additional Members of the Council of Military Education :

Brevet-Colonel Thomas Elwyn, of the Royal Artillery. Dated 15th June, 1858.

The Rev. Henry Moseley, M.A., Canon of Bristol. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Commission signed by the Queen.

Hampshire Regiment of Militia.

Thomas Walter Hives, Gent., to be Quarter-

master from the 23rd April, 1858, vice Heydon, deceased.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Bedford.

Bedfordshire Regiment of Militia.

Captain William Stuart to be Major, vice Cooper, resigned. Dated 9th June, 1858.

Lieutenant George B. Sharpe to be Captain, vice Stuart, promoted. Dated 9th June, 1858.

Ensign John James Spedding to be Lieutenant, vice Sharpe, promoted. Dated 9th June, 1858.

Edward Toseland, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Spedding, promoted. Dated 9th June, 1858.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 18, 1858.

Admiralty, June 17, 1858.

A DESPATCH, of which the following is a copy, has been received by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty from Captain Sotheby, of Her Majesty's steam-ship Pearl, commanding a Naval Brigade in India :

SIR, *Camp Kaptangunge, April* 29, 1858.

I HAVE the honour to inform you, for the information of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that the Pearl's Naval Brigade was engaged in a series of actions with the enemy on the 25th instant, near the village of Puchawas. Intelligence being received at 11 A.M. that they were approaching our camp, the Field Force, as

per margin,* always ready, was immediately under arms, and marched out to meet them, Brigadier Rowcroft taking command of the right column, whilst Major Cox and myself took charge of the left; on advancing one mile we soon found the enemy in front, posted in woods and villages, who commenced the action by firing shell from two 9-pounder guns (horsed) with great precision, but as all our men were nearly in skirmishing order, with little effect. As their range was considerably beyond our small 12-pounder howitzers, I immediately ran them up within 700 yards, and after a few rounds, shelled them out, but keeping up a running fire as they retreated for about two and a half miles, when a vidette gave notice that a body of 1,500 men with 3 guns was on our left; we immediately went in that direction about two miles, and found them posted in some thick woods and jungle. As our men were very much fatigued from the intense heat, many already having dropped from coups-de-soleil, it was necessary to give them a few minutes' rest, and to keep up communication with the Brigadier, who had been engaged successfully on our right with another body, and was then moving towards us; we then rapidly advanced with our guns, the seamen with the 13th Light Infantry as skirmishers, making beautiful practice, killed many of the enemy, who were under the Rajah of Gouda (seated on an elephant); in about half an hour they gave way, we pursuing them for two miles, towards the Gogra, over which many escaped, their retreat to Belware being threatened by the cavalry. In the meantime, the other two rebel forces, who had been driven back, had joined and advanced within

* 153 Naval Brigade; 246 13th Light Infantry; 188 Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry; 425 Goorkhas and Sikhs.

one mile of our camp to attack it, when the Brigadier, who had heard of their approach, moved quickly to the right, just in time to meet them on the road, and after some sharp firing and shelling on both sides, drove them back. On hearing of his being again in action we quickly rejoined him, and sent a few well-directed rockets into some woods, which hastened their retreat, and burnt them out of a village. It being nearly sunset, and the troops quite exhausted from the intense heat, and constantly moving for seven hours, we halted, and shortly afterwards returned to camp.

The enemy's force is reported upwards of 3,000, with 5 guns, but as they were so quickly worked, and taken to the rear, we were only able to capture 1 ammunition waggon.

They had about 70 killed.

I am happy to report we had no casualties, though it was perfectly miraculous how all escaped, for their practice with the guns, especially the shells, was unusually good.

The men behaved in their usual cool and cheerful manner, much to my satisfaction, and went over 18 miles under a burning sun.

The following officers were in the field, and rendered me much valuable assistance, and I beg permission to recommend them to the favourable notice of their Lordships.

Lieutenant N. E. B. Turnour, in charge of 2 guns.

Lieutenant H. D. Grant, with the seamen, a most zealous officer.

Lieutenant F. G. Pym, with the Marines.

Mr. A. W. Ingles, mate, very active with the skirmirshers.

Mr. C. F. Foot, midshipman, with the other 2 howitzers.

Mr. H. F. Stephenson, midshipman, my Aide-de-Camp, always at hand, and ready to convey messages.

Messrs. Parkins, and Burton, warrant officers: the latter struck down by a coup-de-soleil.

Drs. W. J. Shone, and Dickinson, with the Rev. E. A. Williams, and Mr. T. H. L. Bowling, acting-clerk.

William Thompson, gunner's-mate, and Luke Pearse, carpenter's-mate, were also of much service.

I regret to say our sick list is very large, owing to the exposure to the sun, and living in tents at this period of the year.

On the 27th, at 10 P.M., having destroyed our entrenchments after dark, and blown up captured guns, we retired on Kaptangunge, fourteen miles, as there were several bodies of rebels in our rear, and others threatening to cross from Oudh.

I have, &c.

E. S. SOTHEBY, Captain R.N.
Commanding Pearl's Naval Brigade.

To the Secretary of the Admiralty, London.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 5th day of *June*, 1858.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council was pleased to order with reference to a petition from the Town Council of the city of Hereford, that powers be vested in the said Town Council for providing requisite places of burial, under the provisions of the Act, intituled "An Act to make further provision for the burial of the dead in England beyond the limits of the metropolis," or of any other Act of Parliament relating to burials, for the inhabitants of the parishes of All Saints, Saint Peter, Saint Owen, Saint Nicholas, and Saint John the Baptist, in the said city.

War-Office, June 18, 1858.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Major-General Charles Thomas Van Straubenzee, C.B., Commanding Her Majesty's Land Forces in China, to be an Ordinary Member of the Military Division of the Second Class, or Knights Commanders of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

Her Majesty has also been graciously pleased to made and ordain a Special Statute of the said Most Honourable Order for appointing the following Officers in the Service of Her Majesty and of the East India Company, to be Extra Members of the Military Division of the Third Class, or Companions of the said Order, viz.:—

Colonel Henry Hope Graham, 59th Regiment.
Colonel Thomas Holloway, Royal Marines.
Colonel Franklin Dunlop, Royal Artillery.
Lieutenant-Colonel Frederick Charles Arthur Stephenson, Scots Fusilier Guards.
Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Conyngham Kelly, 38th Regiment.
Lieutenant-Colonel Samuel Wells, 23rd Regiment.
Lieutenant-Colonel William Augustus Fyers, Rifle Brigade.
Major William Drysdale, 9th Lancers.
Lieutenant-Colonel William Beveridge Thomson, 3rd Bengal European Regiment.
Lieutenant-Colonel Richard Drought, 60th Bengal Native Infantry.
Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Hogge, Bengal Artillery.
Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Frederick Dunsford, 59th Bengal Native Infantry.
Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Farquhar, 6th Bombay Native Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel Keith Young, 50th Bengal Native Infantry.
Lieutenant-Colonel Frederic Freeman Remmington, Bengal Artillery.
Lieutenant-Colonel George Bourchier, Bengal Artillery.
Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Harris Blunt, Bengal Artillery, and
Major Dighton Macnaghten Probyn, 6th Bengal Light Cavalry.

War-Office, 18th June, 1858.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to confirm the grant of the Decoration of the Victoria Cross to the undermentioned Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Men of Her Majesty's and of the East India Company's Armies, which Decoration has been provisionally conferred upon them by Major-General Sir James Outram, G.C.B., and by the late Major-General Henry Havelock, K.C.B., on account of Acts of Bravery performed by them in India, as recorded against their several names, in virtue of the power delegated to Generals commanding Corps, Divisions, or Brigades, by Her Majesty's Warrant of the 29th January, 1856, viz. :

Royal Artillery.

Captain (now Major) Francis Cornwallis Maude, C.B.—This officer steadily and cheerily pushed on with his men, and bore down the desperate opposition of the enemy, though with the loss of one-third of his Artillerymen. Sir James Outram adds, that this attack appeared to him to indicate no reckless or foolhardy daring, but the calm heroism of a true soldier, who fully appreciates the difficulties and dangers of the task he has

undertaken; and that, but for Captain Maude's nerve and coolness on this trying occasion, the Army could not have advanced. (Extract from Field Force Orders of the late Major-General Havelock, dated 17th October, 1857.)

Bengal Artillery.

Captain (now Lieut.-Col.) William Olpherts.—For highly distinguished conduct on the 25th of September, 1857, when the troops penetrated into the city of Lucknow, in having charged on horseback, with Her Majesty's 90th Regiment, when gallantly headed by Colonel Campbell, it captured two guns in the face of a heavy fire of grape, and having afterwards returned, under a severe fire of musketry, to bring up limbers and horses to carry off the captured ordnance, which he accomplished. (Extract from Field Force Orders of the late Major-General Havelock, dated 17th October, 1857.)—Date of Act of Bravery, 25th September, 1857

78th Regiment.

Lieut. (now Capt.) Herbert Taylor Macpherson.—For distinguished conduct at Lucknow, on the 25th September, 1857, in setting an example of heroic gallantry to the men of the regiment, at the period of the action, in which they captured two brass nine-pounders at the point of the bayonet. (Extract from Field Force Orders of the late Major-General Havelock, dated 17th October, 1857.)—Date of Act of Bravery, 25th September, 1857

Assistant-Surgeon Valentine Munbee McMaster.—For the intrepidity with which he exposed himself to the fire of the enemy, in bringing in, and attending to, the wounded, on the 25th of September, at Lucknow. (Extract from Field

Force Orders of the late Major-General Havelock, dated 17th October, 1857.)—Date of Act of Bravery, 25th September, 1857.

1st Madras Fusiliers.

Serjeant Patrick Mahoney.—For distinguished gallantry (whilst doing duty with the Volunteer Cavalry) in aiding in the capture of the Regimental Colour of the 1st Regiment Native Infantry, at Mungulwar, on the 21st of September, 1857. (Extract from Field Force Orders of the late Major-General Havelock, dated 17th October, 1857.)—Date of Act of Bravery, 21st September, 1857.

84th Regiment.

Serjeant-Major George Lambert.—For distinguished conduct, at Onao, on the 29th of July; at Bithoor, on the 16th of August; and at Lucknow, on the 25th of September. (Extract from Field Force Orders of the late Major-General Havelock, dated 17th October, 1857.)—Date of Acts of Bravery, 29th July, 16th August, and 25th September, 1857.

Lance-Corporal Abraham Boulger. — For distinguished bravery and forwardness, as a skirmisher, in all the twelve actions fought between 12th July, and 25th September, 1857. (Extract from Field Force Orders of the late Major-General Havelock, dated 17th October, 1857.)—Date of Acts of Bravery, from 12th July to 25th September, 1857.

Private Joel Holmes.—For distinguished conduct in volunteering to assist in working a gun of Captain Maude's Battery, under a heavy fire, from which gun nearly all the Artillery men had been shot away. (Extract from Field Force

Orders of the late Major-General Havelock, dated 17th October, 1857.)

78th Regiment.

Private James Hollowell.—A party, on the 26th of September, 1857, was shut up and besieged in a house in the city of Lucknow, by the rebel sepoys. Private James Hollowell, one of the party, behaved, throughout the day, in the most admirable manner; he directed, encouraged, and led the others, exposing himself fearlessly, and by his talent in persuading and cheering, prevailed on nine dispirited men to make a successful defence, in a burning house, with the enemy, firing through four windows. (Extract from Divisional Orders of Major-General Sir James Outram, G.C.B., dated 14th October, 1857.)—Date of Act of Bravery, 26th September, 1857.

5th Regiment.

Private Peter McManus.—On the same occasion, Private McManus kept outside the house, until he was himself wounded, and under cover of a pillar, kept firing on the sepoys and preventing their rushing on the house. He also, in conjunction with Private John Ryan, rushed into the street, and took Captain Arnold, of the 1st Madras Fusiliers, out of a dooly, and brought him into the house in spite of a heavy fire, in which Captain Arnold was again wounded. (Extract from Divisional Orders of Major-General Sir James Outram, G.C.B., dated 14th October, 1857.)—Date of Act of Bravery, 26th September, 1857.

1st Madras Fusiliers.

Private John Ryan.—In addition to the above

act, Private Ryan distinguished himself throughout the day by his intrepidity, and especially devoted himself to rescuing the wounded in the neighbourhood from being massacred. He was most anxious to visit every dooly. (Extract from Divisional Orders of Major-General Sir James Outram, G.C.B., dated 14th October, 1857.)—Date of Act of Bravery, 26th September, 1857.

Private Thomas Duffy.—For his cool intrepidity and daring skill, whereby a 24-pounder gun was saved from falling into the hands of the enemy. (Extract from Divisional Orders of Major-General Sir James Outram, G.C.B., dated 16th October, 1857.)

78th Regiment.

Private Henry Ward—"For his gallant and devoted conduct in having on the night of the 25th, and morning of the 26th of September, 1857, remained by the dooly of Captain H. M. Havelock, 10th Regiment, Deputy Assistant-Adjutant-General, Field Force, who was severely wounded, and on the morning of the 26th of September, escorted that Officer and Private Thomas Pilkington, 78th Highlanders, who was also wounded, and had taken refuge in the same dooly, through a very heavy cross fire of ordnance and musketry. This soldier remained by the side of the dooly, and by his example and exertions kept the dooly bearers from dropping their double load, throughout the heavy fire, with the same steadiness as if on parade, thus saving the lives of both, and bringing them in safety to the Baillie Guard." (Extract from Divisional Orders of Major-General Sir James Outram, G.C.B., dated 27th October, 1857.)—Date of Act of Bravery, 25th and 26th September, 1857.

HER Majesty has also been graciously pleased to signify Her intention to confer the Decoration of the Victoria Cross on the undermentioned Officers of Her Majesty's and of the East India Company's Armies, who have been recommended to Her Majesty for that Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Regulations laid down in Her Majesty's Warrant before referred to, on account of Acts of Bravery performed by them in India, viz. :

90th Regiment.

Surgeon Anthony Dickson Home.—For persevering bravery and admirable conduct in charge of the wounded men left behind the column, when the troops under the late Major-General Havelock, forced their way into the Residency of Lucknow, on the 26th September, 1857. The escort left with the wounded had, by casualties, been reduced to a few stragglers, and being entirely separated from the column, this small party with the wounded were forced into a house, in which they defended themselves till it was set on fire. They then retreated to a shed a few yards from it, and in this place continued to defend themselves for more than twenty-two hours, till relieved. At last, only six men and Mr. Home remained to fire. Of four officers who were with the party, all were badly wounded, and three are since dead. The conduct of the defence during the latter part of the time devolved therefore on Mr. Home, and to his active exertions previously to being forced into the house, and his good conduct throughout, the safety of any of the wounded, and the successful defence, is mainly to be attributed.—Date of Act of Bravery, 26th September, 1857.

Assistant-Surgeon William Bradshaw.—For in-

trepidity and good conduct when ordered with Surgeon Home, 90th Regiment, to remove the wounded men left behind the column that forced its way into the Residency of Lucknow, on the 26th September, 1857. The dooly bearers had left the doolies, but by great exertions, and notwithstanding the close proximity of the sepoys, Surgeon Home, and Assistant-Surgeon Bradshaw. got some of the bearers together, and Assistant-Surgeon Bradshaw with about twenty doolies, becoming separated from the rest of the party, succeeded in reaching the Residency in safety by the river bank.—Date of Act of Bravery, 26th September, 1857

Bengal Veteran Establishment.

Captain George Forrest.—For gallant conduct in the defence of the Delhi Magazine, on the 11th May, 1857.—Date of Act of Bravery, 11th May, 1857.

Captain William Raynor.—For gallant conduct in the defence of the Magazine at Delhi, on 11th May, 1857.—Date of Act of Bravery, 11th May, 1857.

Commissariat Department (Bengal Establishment).

Deputy Assistant Commissary of Ordnance John Buckley—For gallant conduct in the defence of the Magazine at Delhi, on the 11th May, 1857. Date of Act of Bravery, 11th May, 1857.

2nd Dragoon Guards.

Lieutenant Robert Blair.—"A most gallant feat was here performed by Lieutenant Blair, who was ordered to take a party of one serjeant and twelve men and bring in a deserted ammunition waggon. As his party approached, a body of fifty or sixty of the enemy's horse came down upon him, from

a village, where they had remained unobserved: without a moment's hesitation he formed up his men, and, regardless of the odds, gallantly led them on, dashing through the rebels. He made good his retreat without losing a man, leaving nine of them dead on the field. Of these he killed four himself; but, to my regret, after having run a native officer through the body with his sword, he was severely wounded, the joint of his shoulder being nearly severed." Despatch from Major-General James Hope Grant, K.C.B., dated 10th January, 1858.—Date of Act of Bravery, 28th September, 1857.

9th Lancers.

Lieutenant Alfred Stowell Jones (now Captain 18th Hussars.—"The Cavalry charged the rebels and rode through them. Lieutenant Jones, of the 9th Lancers, with his squadron, captured one of their guns, killing the drivers, and, with Lieutenant-Colonel Yule's assistance, turned it upon a village, occupied by the rebels, who were quickly dislodged. This was a well-conceived act, gallantly executed." Despatch from Major-General James Hope Grant, K.C.B., dated 10th January, 1858. Date of Act of Bravery, 8th June, 1857.

2nd Punjab Cavalry.

Captain (now Major) Dighton Macnaghten Probyn.—"Has been distinguished for gallantry and daring throughout this campaign. At the battle of Agra, when his squadron charged the rebel infantry, he was some time separated from his men, and surrounded by five or six sepoys. He defended himself from the various cuts made at him, and before his own men had joined him had cut down two of his assailants At another time, in single combat with a sepoy, he was

wounded in the wrist, by the bayonet, and his horse also was slightly wounded; but, though the sepoy fought desperately, he cut him down. The same day he singled out a standard bearer, and, in the presence of a number of the enemy, killed him and captured the standard. These are only a few of the gallant deeds of this brave young officer." Despatch from Major-General James Hope Grant, K.C.B., dated 10th January, 1858.

1st Punjab Cavalry.

Lieutenant John Watson.—"Lieut. Watson, on the 14th November, with his own squadron, and that under Captain, then Lieutenant, Probyn, came upon a body of the rebel cavalry. The Ressaldar in command of them,—a fine specimen of the Hindustani Mussulman,—and backed up by some half dozen equally brave men, rode out to the front. Lieutenant Watson singled out this fine looking fellow, and attacked him. The Ressaldar presented his pistol at Lieutenant Watson's breast, at a yard's distance, and fired; but, most providentially, without effect; the ball must, by accident, have previously fallen out. Lieutenant Watson ran the man through with his sword, and dismounted him; but the native officer, nothing daunted, drew his *tulwar*, and with his Sowars renewed his attack upon Lieutenant Watson, who bravely defended himself until his own men joined in the *melée*, and utterly routed the party. In this rencontre, Lieutenant Watson received a blow on the head from a *tulwar*, another on the left arm, which severed his chain gauntlet glove, a *tulwar* cut on his right arm, which fortunately only divided the sleeve of the jacket, but disabled the arm for some time; a bullet also passed through his coat, and he received a blow on his leg, which lamed him for some days

afterwards." (Despatch from Major-General James Hope Grant, K.C.B., dated 10th January, 1858.) Date of Act of Bravery, 14th November, 1857.

MEMORANDUM.

Lieutenants Duncan Charles Home and Philip Salkeld, Bengal Engineers, upon whom the Victoria Cross was provisionally conferred by Major-General Sir Archdale Wilson, Bart., K.C.B., for their conspicuous bravery in the performance of the desperate duty of blowing in the Cashmere Gate of the Fortress of Delhi, in broad daylight, under a heavy fire of musketry, on the morning of the 14th September, 1857, preparatory to the assault, would have been recommended to Her Majesty for confirmation in that distinction, had they survived.

India Board, June 18, 1858.

The following List has been received at the East India House.

List of European Commissioned, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Soldiers, of the Honourable Company's Service on the Bromley Establishment, who up to this date have been reported Killed and Wounded during the mutinous outbreak in India.

Adjutant-General's Office,
Head Quarters, Mahableshwur, May 12, 1858.

Lieutenant William George Douglas Dick, Engineers, April 3, 1858, Jhansi, killed at the assault.

Second Lieutenant Hugh Robert Meiklejohn, Engineers, April 3, Jhansi, killed in the assault.

Second Lieutenant Charles Hancock, Engineers, April 14, Kotah, died of injuries received by an explosion at the assault.

Lieutenant Atherton Allan Park, 24th Regiment N.I., April 3, Jhansi, killed by gunshot at the assault.

Quartermaster-Serjeant Richard Hiles, 1st Troop Horse Artillery, April 20, Jhansi, died from effeects of wounds received at the action on the "Betwa."

Private John Smith, 3rd European Regiment, April 30, Jhansi, died of wounds received at the assault.

E. GREEN, Colonel,
Adjutant-General, Bombay Army.

Birmingham, June 15, 1858.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon John Ratcliff, Esq., of Wyddrington, in the county of Warwick, Mayor of Birmingham.

Foreign-Office, June 16, 1858.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint the Honourable Richard Bickerton Pemell Lyons, now Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at Florence, to be Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Grand Duke of Tuscany.

Downing-Street, June 17, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Charles Arthur Redl, Esq., to be Rector of the Royal College of Mauritius, and John Sealy, Esq., and Nathan Lewis Young, Esq., M.D., to be Members of the Council of Barbados.

Whitehall, June 18, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Robert Baker, Esq., to be an Inspector of Factories in the room of Thomas Jones Howell, Esq., deceased.

Westminster, June 11, 1858.

THIS day the Lords being met a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorized by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by Her Majesty, for declaring Her Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to abolish Franchise Prisons.

An Act to amend the Act concerning Non-parochial Registers, and the Acts for Marriages, and for registering Births, Deaths, and Marriages, in England, and concerning Vaccination.

An Act to reduce the Stamp Duty on Passports.

An Act to confirm a contract for the sale by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works of certain lands to the Commissioners of Chelsea Hospital.

An Act to authorise the Metropolitan Board of Works to form an improved communication between Limehouse and the Victoria Park, in the county of Middlesex, and for other purposes.

An Act for abolishing the tolls now levied on the bridge over the Shannon at Portumna in Ireland.

An Act to repeal the Act relating to the Company of Proprietors of the Liverpool Exchange, and to substitute other provisions in lieu thereof.

An Act for enabling the Justices of the county of Lancaster to erect or provide Assize Courts in or near Manchester, in the hundred of Salford, and for other purposes.

An Act for enabling the Corporation of the city of Manchester to raise further sums of money, and for other purposes.

An Act to regulate the annual close time for salmon fisheries in the river Tay and its tributaries, and on the sea coasts adjoining.

An Act to authorize the Ely Valley Railway Company to make a branch railway to be called The Mwyndy Branch, and for other purposes.

An Act to enable the Selkirk and Galashiels Railway Company to raise additional capital.

An Act for granting further powers to the Malvern Improvement Commissioners.

An Act for enabling the Company of Proprietors of the Birmingham Canal Navigations to raise further money, and for other purposes.

An Act to provide for the better maintenance of the Garngad Road, in the county of Lanark.

An Act for repealing so much of several Acts for building Vauxhall Bridge, and for making convenient roads thereto, as relate to certain of such roads, providing for the future maintenance and repair of such roads, and for other purposes.

An Act for better enabling the British Gas Light Company (Limited), to light with gas certain parts of the district called the Staffordshire Potteries, and for other purposes.

An Act for more effectually maintaining the

navigation of the River Trent, from Wilden Ferry, in the counties of Derby and Leicester, or one of them, to Gainsborough, in the county of Lincoln, and other works connected therewith.

An Act to enable the London Dock Company to raise a further sum of money, and to augment their capital stock, and for other purposes connected with their docks.

An Act for extending, improving and maintaining the Port and Harbour of Burghead, in the county of Elgin.

An Act for lighting with gas the parish of Maidstone, and the neighbourhood thereof, in the county of Kent.

An Act for the more effectual management and repair of the road from Manchester, in the county palatine of Lancaster, through Hyde to Mottram-in-Longdendale, in the county palatine of Chester.

An Act for incorporating the Stoke Fenton and Longton Gas Light Company, and extending their powers, and for other purposes.

An Act for the regulation of certain Public Sufferance Wharves, in the port of London.

An Act to repeal the Acts relating to the Besselsleigh Turnpike Road, in the county of Berks, and to make other provisions in lieu thereof.

An Act for increasing and regulating the capital and borrowing powers of the Brentford Gas Light Company, for consolidating into one Act the provisions of the several Acts relating to the Company, and for other purposes.

An Act for vesting the Inverury and Old Meldrum Junction Railway, by way of lease in the Great North of Scotland Railway Company, and for other purposes.

An Act for making a railway from Banbridge

to Lisburn, to be called The Banbridge, Lisburn, and Belfast Railway, and for other purposes.

An Act for making a railway from the Meigle Station of the Scottish North-Eastern Railway to the town of Alyth, to be called The Alyth Railway, and for other purposes in relation thereto.

Whitehall, June 12, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto Basil-Herne-Harper Diprose, of Tangley-park, in the parish of Hampton, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, Her royal licence and authority that he may in compliance with an injunction contained in the last Will and Testament of Basil-Herne Burchell, late of Hans-place, in the parish of Chelsea, in the said county of Middlesex, Esquire, a Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Unattached, in Her Majesty's Army, deceased, take and henceforth use the surname of Birchill in lieu and instead of that of Diprose, and that he may be called Basil-Herne-Harper Birchill, and that the said surname of Birchill may in like manner be taken, borne, and used by his issue:

And to command that the said royal concession and declaration be recorded in Her Majesty's College of Arms, otherwise to be void and of none effect.

Whitehall, June 15, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to give and grant unto Osmond Cecil Cortis and Walter Halsted Cortis, minors (on the Petition of their father, Charles Cortis, of Worthing, county Sussex, Chemist), and unto Edward Charles Cortis of Worthing aforesaid, elder brother of the said minors, Her royal licence and authority that they may,

in compliance with an injunction contained in the last will and testament of Edward Stanford, of Worthing aforesaid, assume and take the surname of Stanford, in lieu of that of Cortis :

And also to command that the said royal concession and declaration be recorded in the College of Arms, otherwise to be void and of none effect.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, June 17, 1858.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Minister at Lisbon, stating that a Portuguese Royal Decree, providing that bales of merchandize will not be permitted to be imported for consumption in the continental portion of Portugal and the adjacent islands, unless described in the ship's manifest, with all the requirements contained in the regulations forming part of the Portuguese Consular Code.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, June 17, 1858.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at Madrid, reporting that a Spanish Royal Decree has been recently issued prolonging the period fixed for the free importation into Spain of wheat, flour, barley, and maize, and other alimentary grain, until the 31st December, 1858.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,
18*th June*, 1858.

Royal Regiment of Artillery, Brevet-Colonel Edward Charles Warde, C.B., to be Colonel, vice Fraser, who retires upon full-pay. Dated 5th June, 1858.

Captain Murray Octavius Nixon to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Warde. Dated 5th June, 1858.

Second Captain and Brevet-Major John Edward Michell to be Captain, vice Nixon. Dated 5th June, 1858.

Lieutenant Alexander Walter Armstrong Ogilvie to be Second Captain, vice Dowse, who resigns. Dated 5th June, 1858.

Lieutenant Robert Henry Newbolt to be Second Captain, vice Michell. Dated 5th June, 1858.

19*th Foot.* The surname of the third Ensign, who was promoted to a Lieutenancy in the Gazette of the 15th instant, is *Iles*, not *Islis*, as then stated.

49*th Foot.* The surname of the Ensign appointed in the Gazette of 30th March, 1855, is *Dolmage*, not *Dalmage*, as then stated.

BREVET.

Colonel William Fraser, on the Retired Full-pay List of the Royal Artillery, to be Major-General, the rank being honorary only. Dated 5th June, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Dorset.

Henry Nugent Bankes, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 11th June, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Salop.

South Salopian Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry.

Cornet Henry George Harnage to be Lieutenant, vice Eyton, resigned. Dated 15th June, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Surrey.

1*st Regiment of Royal Surrey Militia.*

Henry Edward Saunders, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 9th June, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

The Victoria Rifles.

Abraham Trew, Gent, late 1st Battalion Rifle Brigade, to be First Lieutenant and Adjutant, vice Whitaker, resigned. Dated 3rd June, 1858.

Barclay Greenhill, Gent., to be First Lieutenant. Dated 3rd June, 1858.

Hans Busk, Gent., to be First Lieutenant. Dated 3rd June, 1858.

William Dickinson, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 3rd June, 1858.

William Louis Collins, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 3rd June, 1858.

Charles Percy Croft, Esq., M.D., to be Surgeon. Dated 3rd June, 1858.

4*th or Royal South Middlesex Regiment of Militia.*

Alexander George Gunning, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Burke, promoted. Dated 8th June, 1858.

George Rooke, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Riley, resigned. Dated 8th June, 1858.

Commission signed by the Vice Lieutenant of the County of Stafford.

1st Regiment of King's Own Staffordshire Militia.

William Alexander Hearnden, Gent., to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Hichens, promoted. Dated 10th June, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Chester.

2nd Regiment of Royal Cheshire Militia.

Ensign George Robert Willson to be Lieutenant, vice Featherstonhaugh, resigned. Dated 1st June, 1858.

Ensign Frederick Henry Kelsall to be Lieutenant, vice Williams, resigned. Dated 5th June, 1858.

Ensign Edgar Gardner to be Lieutenant, vice Hicks, resigned. Dated 10th June, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Edinburgh.

Edinburgh or Queen's Regiment of Light Infantry Militia.

John Dunbar, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Pott, promoted. Dated 8th June, 1858.

Worcestershire Militia.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held in this regiment by Ensign King. Dated 17th June, 1858.

TREASURY WARRANT.

Whereas by an Act passed in the eighth year of the reign of her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the better Regulation of Colonial

Posts," power is given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury by Warrant under their hands, to alter and fix any of the rates of colonial postage payable by law for the transmission of letters by the post, and to subject the same to rates of postage according to the weight thereof, and a scale of weight to be contained in such Warrant, and from time to time, by Warrant as aforesaid, to alter or repeal any such altered rates and make and establish any new or other rates in lieu thereof, and by Warrant as aforesaid to appoint at what time the rates that might be payable were to be paid:

And whereas further powers are given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, by another Act of Parliament, passed in the eleventh year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for giving further facilities for the transmission of Letters by Post, and for the Regulating the Duties of Postage thereon, and for other purposes relating to the Post Office:"

And whereas it is expedient to make regulations for the transmission by the post within Jamaica of the packets hereinafter mentioned:

1. Now we, the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in exercise of the powers vested in us in and by the said beforementioned Acts, and of all other powers enabling us in this behalf, do by this Warrant, under the hands of two of us, the said Commissioners, by the authority of the Statute in that case made and provided, order and direct as follows, (that is to say):

All packets consisting of books, publications, or works of literature or art, posted in the colony of Jamaica, may be transmitted by the post within the colony of Jamaica, subject to the several rates and regulations hereinafter contained (that is to say):

On every such packet, if not exceeding one ounce in weight, there shall be charged and taken one uniform rate of colonial postage of one penny.

And on every such packet, if exceeding one ounce, and not exceeding two ounces in weight, there shall be charged and taken one uniform rate of colonial postage of twopence.

And for every additional ounce in weight of any such packet above the weight of two ounces, there shall be charged and taken an additional rate of colonial postage of one penny, and every fractional part of every such additional ounce in weight shall be charged as one ounce in weight.

No such packet, which in length, or width, or depth, shall exceed the dimensions of two feet, shall be forwarded by the post, under the provisions aforesaid.

No such packet, which shall exceed the weight of three pounds, shall be forwarded by the post, under the provisions aforesaid.

The terms "books, publications, or works of literature or art," in this Warrant used, shall for the purposes of this Warrant, mean and comprise all such articles as in their general character, are either literary, or consist of printed, written, engraved, or lithographed matter (although not strictly literary) including books (whether printed, written, or plain) publications, or compilations (whether in print or in manuscript), almanacks, printed or lithographed letters, and such artistic productions as prints, maps (whether on paper, or canvas, or cloth, and whether printed or written), and photographs when not on glass or in frames containing glass, and any description of paper, parchment, or vellum (whether printed, lithographed, written upon,

or plain, or any mixture of the four), together with any binding, mounting, or covering, of or upon, or belonging to any such article or production, or any portion thereof, or of, or belonging to any paper, parchment, or vellum, and including also any cases or rollers of prints, or maps, book markers (whether of paper, or otherwise), pencils, pens, or other thing, usually appertaining to any such article, or production, paper, parchment, or vellum, or necessary for its safe transmission which shall be sent in the same packet with any such article, or production, to which they or it shall belong: Provided, nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall extend to authorize the sending by the post, under the provisions of this Warrant, of any patterns, or books of patterns, or papers of patterns, of any article or thing whatsoever, unless such patterns consist merely of paper.

Every packet transmitted by the post under the authority of this Warrant shall be sent open at the ends or sides, and either without a cover or in a cover or envelope open at the ends or sides; and there shall be no written letter, either closed or open, nor any written communication, in the nature of a letter, either closed or open (whether such letter or communication be addressed to, or intended for, the person to whom the packet shall be directed or any other person), nor any inclosure, sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, nor any other inclosure, not authorized by this Warrant, sent in or with any such packet; nor shall there be any written letter or any written communication in the nature of a letter, in or upon any such packet, or on the cover or envelope thereof.

2. In order to prevent any obstacles to the due and regular transmission of letters by the post, any officer of the Post Office may delay the transmission of any packet, posted or forwarded by the post, under the provisions of this Warrant, for the space of twenty-four hours after the time at which the same ought to be dispatched, in due course of the post or (at his option) until the despatch of the mail next after that by which the same ought in due course of the post to be forwarded by him.

3. The transmission of the packets aforesaid, under this present Warrant, shall be restricted to such as shall be sent by the post between places within the Island of Jamaica, and by the post of any post town in the said island.

4. If any packet, or the cover or envelope of any packet sent, or tendered or delivered, in order to be sent by the post under the provisions of this present Warrant, shall not be open at the ends or sides, or shall, in length or width, or depth, exceed the dimensions of two feet, or if any such packet shall exceed the weight of three pounds, or if there shall be any written letter, or any written communication in the nature of a letter, in or upon any such packet, or on the cover or envelope thereof, (whether such letter or communication be addressed to, or intended for the person to whom the packet shall be directed or any other person,) every such packet shall and may be detained and opened, and, at the option of the Postmaster-General, shall be either returned or given up to the sender thereof, or be given up to the person to whom it shall be addressed, or be forwarded to the place of its destination, and every such packet on being so returned, or given up, or forwarded, shall be chargeable with the like amount of postage to which it would have been liable as a letter if the

postage had been paid when posted, and such postage may be either paid by the sender, or be charged to the person to whom such packet shall be given up or forwarded.

5. If any packet sent, or tendered or delivered in order to be sent by the post under the provisions of this Warrant, shall contain any written letter, or any written communication in the nature of a letter, whether closed or open, or any inclosure sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, or any other inclosure not authorized by this Warrant, every such letter, or communication, or inclosure, may be taken out by any officer of the Post Office, and either returned or given up to the sender thereof, or forwarded to the address on the packet, charged in either case, not only with the full rates of postage as an unpaid letter, but also with a further and additional rate of one penny, and the remainder of the packet, if the postage be duly paid when posted, may be forwarded to the place of its address without any extra charge.

6. Upon every packet transmitted by the post under the authority of this Warrant, the postage thereof shall be paid at the time of the same being posted.

7. If any packet sent, or tendered or delivered in order to be sent by the post under the provisions of this Warrant, shall be posted, and the postage paid thereon at the time of the same being posted, shall be less in amount than the rate of postage to which such packet would be liable under and by virtue of the several regulations, orders, directions, and conditions hereinbefore contained, but equal in amount to the single rate of postage which would be chargeable under this Warrant if such packet did not exceed an ounce in weight, every such packet shall be forwarded,

charged with the amount of the difference between the postage so paid thereon and the postage to which such packet would be liable as aforesaid, together with a further and additional rate of postage equal in amount to the single rate of postage chargeable under this Warrant on a packet not exceeding one ounce in weight, but if any such packet shall be posted without any postage having been paid thereon, or with a postage paid thereon less in amount than the single rate of postage chargeable under this Warrant, every such last mentioned packet shall and may be detained and opened, and at the option of the Postmaster-General, shall be either returned or given up to the sender thereof, or be given up to the person to whom it shall be addressed or be forwarded to the place of its destination. And every such last mentioned packet on being so returned, given up, or forwarded, shall be chargeable with the like amount of postage to which it would have been liable as a letter if the postage had been paid when posted, and such postage may be either paid by the sender, or may be charged to the person to whom such packet shall be forwarded.

8. The postage chargeable on any packet under the provisions of this Warrant, shall not in any case exceed the rates of postage to which any such packet would be liable as a letter.

9. Nothing hereinbefore contained shall be construed to extend to interfere with or in anywise to affect any privileges relating to the transmission by the post in Jamaica of printed newspapers, or any printed publications which are allowed to pass by the post in Jamaica under the newspaper privileges, nevertheless any printed newspapers which are not authorized to be transmitted by the post in Jamaica under such privilege may be transmitted by the post at the rates of postage,

and under the regulations contained in this Warrant.

10. The rates of postage chargeable on packets transmitted by the post under the provisions of this Warrant, shall be in lieu of any rates of colonial postage now chargeable by law thereon.

11. This Warrant shall come into operation on the first day of August, 1858.

12. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury by Warrant duly made at any time hereafter, to alter or repeal any of the rates of postage hereby fixed, or altered, or any of the regulations hereby made, and to make and establish any new or other rates of postage or regulations in lieu thereof, and from time to time to appoint at what time the rates of postage that may be payable are to be paid.

Whitehall, Treasury Chambers, the 15th day of June, 1858.

Henry Whitmore.
Howard Taylor.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 22, 1858.

Buckingham Palace, June 21, 1858.

THIS day had audience of Her Majesty;

Don Juan Bautista Alberdi, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Argentine Confederation, to deliver his credentials:

To which audience he was introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of Malmesbury, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign

Affairs; and conducted by Major-General the Honourable Sir Edward Cust, K.C.H., Her Majesty's Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's Palace, June 21, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Colonel the Honourable Augustus Frederick Liddell to be one of Her Majesty's Grooms in Waiting in Ordinary, in the room of Colonel the Honourable Alexander Nelson Hood, lately appointed Equerry to Her Majesty.

Foreign-Office, June 18, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Joseph B. Holderby as Consul at Dundee for the United States of America.

NOTICE.

Foreign-Office, June 21, 1858.

Notice is hereby given that the Earl of Malmesbury has appointed Edward Glynn, Esq., to be Agent at the Port of Newcastle-upon-Tyne for the issue of Foreign Office Passports.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, June 21, 1858.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Acting Consul at Naples, stating that

from and after the 10th July next, all ships arriving in the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies must be furnished with a clean Bill of Health from the Neapolitan Consul at the port of loading, and if with Brazilian produce on board, certifying that it has been duly aired, and shipped in free pratique. In the absence of such certificate vessels will be subjected to quarantine.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, June 21, 1858.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Superintendent of Trade in China, inclosing a copy of the following Circular, published by the British Vice-Consul at Amoy relative to the fixed duty upon the importation of opium :

CIRCULAR.

British Consulate, Amoy, 10*th April,* 1858.

His Excellency the Taoutae of Amoy, having notified officially that a tax of 48 dollars per chest, viz.: 40 dollars as duty, and 8 dollars for expenses of collection, is now levied on each chest of opium, and collected from the native purchaser, the undersigned begs to notify that questions connected with that article will stand in the same category as those connected with any other imported article.

H. M. Acting Consul further notifies to British merchants and shipmasters, that, for the future, when handing in manifests to the Consular Office,

the quantity of opium imported will be required to be given in common with other merchandize.

(L.S.)

(Signed) W. RAYMOND GINGELL.

To the British Mercantile
Community, Amoy.

True copy,
P. J. HUGHES.

Home-Office, June 18, 1858.

The Girls Industrial Home, situate at St. Matthew's-street, Ipswich, in the county of Suffolk, has been certified by the Secretary of State as fit to be a Reformatory School, under the provisions of the Statute 17 and 18 Vict., c. 86.

India Board, June 22, 1858.

THE following papers have been received at the East India House:

No. 2.

The Adjutant-General of the Army to the Officiating Secretary to the Government of India in the Military Department.

Calcutta, April 22, 1858.

SIR, No. 954.

IN continuation of my letter No. 598, of the 8th ultimo, I have the honour to forward the undermentioned returns (duplicate) of Europeans who have been either killed or wounded during the present rebellion, for submission to the Honour-

able the President in Council, and for eventual transmission to the Honourable the Court of Directors.

1. Returns of Europeans killed or wounded by rebels in the district of Agra, from May last, dated 1st March, 1858.

2. Return of an Officer of the 4th Irregular Cavalry, killed in June last, dated 8th February, 1858.

I have, &c.,
W. MAYHEW, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 3.

From the Return of Europeans who have been Killed or Wounded at the hands of Rebels in the District of Agra, from the month of May, 1857, to present date.

Agra, March 1, 1858.

Lieutenant P. H. C. Burlton, 67th N.I., Muttra, May 30, 1857, killed by the mutineers of the 44th and 67th N.I.

Captain E. A. C. D'Oyly, 2nd Co., 3rd Bat. Artillery, Agra, July 5, wounded severely in action with the Neemuch mutineers, and died on the 7th July, 1857.

Major G. P. Thomas, 3rd European Regiment, Agra, July 5, wounded severely in action with Neemuch mutineers, and died on the 4th August, 1857.

Lieutenant A. Pond, 3rd European Regiment, Agra, July 5, wounded slightly in action with the Neemuch mutineers.

Lieutenant C. M. N. Fellowes, 3rd Europeon Regiment, Agra, July 5, wounded slightly in action with the Neemuch mutineers.

Lieutenant J. H. Lamb, 6th Co., 8th Batt. Artillery, Agra, July 5, wounded severely in action with the Neemuch mutineers, and died on the 25th August, 1857.

Lieutenant H. P. Williams, 72nd N.I., Agra, July 5, wounded severely in action with the Neemuch mutineers.

Major John Jacob, late of Scindia's service, Agra, July 5, murdered by the Mahomedan inhabitants at Agra, between the 6th and 7th July, 1857, after proclaiming the King of Delhi as reigning sovereign of India.

Ensign H. L. Marsh, 16th N.I. Grs., Allygurh, August 24, killed on attacking the mutineers under Ghose Mahomed Khan, Naib Soobah of the King of Delhi, on the 24th August, 1857, at Maun Sing's garden, near Allygurh, when detached, under the command of Brevet-Major G. J. Montgomery, Major of Brigade, Agra.

Lieutenant C. M. L. Clarke, late Gwalior Contingent, Allygurh, August 24, severely wounded on attacking the mutineers under Ghose Mahomed Khan, Naib Soobah of the King of Delhi, on the 24th August, 1857, at Maun Sing's garden, near Allygurh, when datached, under the command of Brevet-Major G. J. Montgomery, Major of Brigade, Agra.

Lieutenant J. M. Glubb, 38th N.I., Sappers and Miners, Futtehpore Sikree, October 28, severely wounded on attacking the rebels in the Durgah and Tehseeli, at Futtehpore Sikree, on the 28th October, 1857, when detached under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel H. Cotton.

Lieutenant E. B. Wimberley, 3rd European Regiment, Futtehpore Sikree, October 28, slightly wounded on attacking the rebels in the Durgah and Tehseeli, at Futtehpore Sikree, on the 28th

October, 1857, when detached under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel H. Cotton.

No. 4.

Return of an Officer murdered in the 4th Regiment Irregular Cavalry.

Delhi, February 8, 1858.

Lieutenant John Smith, 44th N.I., and Adjutant 4th Irregular Cavalry, Moozuffurnugur, June 21, 1857, was on command at Moozuffurnugur in June last, and was then first wounded by a young recruit, Aman Ally, of the 1st Troop, who shot him in the side with a pistol.

J. LONGFIELD, Brigadier,
Commanding at Delhi.

No. 6.

List of Casualties by Death, among the European Commissioned Officers of the Honourable Company's Army, in consequence of the Mutinies in Northern India, that have been reported to this Department from the 27th of April, 1858, *up to this date.*

Captain John Sinclair, 39th N.I., April 5, 1858, killed at Jhansee in action.

Lieutenant Henry Clerk, 8th N.I., April 1, severely wounded in action at the Belwah River before Jhansee.

G. A. ARBUTHNOT, Acting 2nd Assist.
Adjutant-General of the Army.

Adjutant-General's Office,
Fort Saint George, 8th May, 1858.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,
22nd June, 1858.

100th Regiment of Foot.

Major-General Viscount Melville, K.C.B., to be Colonel. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,
22nd June, 1858.

4th Regiment of Dragoon Guards, Cornet Henry Haskett Chilton to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Wilkinson, who retires. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

3rd Light Dragoons, Lieutenant Jacob Camac Murphy to be Captain, by purchase, vice Hawkes, who retires. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Cornet G. J. Teevan to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Murphy. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

9th Light Dragoons, Captain A. F. Steele to be Major, by purchase, vice the Honourable C. Powys, who retires. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Lieutenant Charles David Rich to be Captain, by purchase, vice Steele. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

11th Light Dragoons, Brevet-Colonel Henry Clinton, from half-pay Unattached, to be Major, paying the difference between Cavalry and Infantry, vice Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Edmund Peel, who exchanges, receiving the difference between Cavalry and Infantry. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Captain James Miller to be Major, by purchase, vice Clinton, who retires. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Lieutenant Robert Dunmore Napier to be Captain, by purchase, vice Miller. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Cornet George Coke Robinson to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Napier. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Military Train, Lieutenant Arthur Hunt to be Captain, by purchase, vice Cooper, promoted. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Ensign Henry James Lane to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Hunt. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

The appointment of Lieutenant J. Milne, as Instructor of Musketry, to be antedated to 13th April, 1858.

Royal Artillery, Assistant-Surgeon George Ralph Tait, M.D., from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon Albert Stanley Knight Prescott, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

6*th Regiment of Foot*, Assistant-Surgeon Hampden Healy Maclean, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Harvey, deceased. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

8*th Foot*, Lieutenant William Edward Whelan to be Adjutant, vice G. F. Walker, promoted in the 22nd Foot. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

10*th Foot*, Ensign Clifton de Neufville Orr Stockwell, from the 16th Foot, to be Ensign. Dated 22nd June 1858.

11*th Foot*, Serjeant-Major Thomas Lewis to be Quartermaster, vice Simpson, appointed Paymaster. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

14*th Foot*, Ensign John Joseph Carbery, from the 62nd Foot, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Dods, promoted. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

16*th Foot*, Lieutenant G. C. S. Lombard to be Captain, by purchase, vice Garnett, who retires. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Ensign James Dunlop Knox to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Lombard. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

19*th Foot*, Ensign George Rogers, from the 49th Foot, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Kirke, promoted. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

22*nd Foot*. The appointment of Paymaster G. M. Davidson to bear date 1st April, 1858, in lieu of 30th April, 1858, as previously stated.

24*th Foot*, Assistant-Surgeon Robert Sutherland, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Sawyers, promoted in the 86th Foot. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

34*th Foot*, Captain John Palmer, from half-pay Unattached, to be Captain, vice Warry, whose Brevet Rank has been converted into Substantive Rank under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Lieutenant John Byron to be Captain, by purchase, vice Palmer, who retires. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

46*th Foot*, Ensign Frederick Coucher to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Lawson, who retires. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

47*th Foot*, Lieutenant Henry Gem to be Adjutant, vice Bloomfield, promoted. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

55*th Foot*, Captain George William Molyneux Lovett, from half-pay Unattached, to be Captain, repaying the difference, vice Brevet-Major F. C. Elton, whose Brevet Rank has been converted into Substantive Rank, under the Royal Warrant, 6th October, 1854. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Lieutenant Edwyn Frederick Temple to be Cap-

tain, by purchase, vice Lovett, who retires. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Ensign Osborne Samuel Delano-Osborne to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Temple. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

60*th Foot*, Major Francis Roger Palmer to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Captain Gibbes Rigaud to be Major, without purchase, vice Palmer. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Lieutenant James Durham Dundas to be Captain, without purchase, vice Rigaud. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Ensign Alfred Spencer Heathcote to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Dundas. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

68*th Foot*, Ensign and Adjutant Charles Covey to have the rank of Lieutenant. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Ensign A. F. Marshall to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Grace, promoted. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

73*rd Foot*, Ensign Thomas William Shore Miles to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Norris, promoted in the 22nd Foot. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Archibald Collings Fall Armstrong, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Miles, promoted. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

93*rd Foot*, Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel J. A. Ewart, C.B., to be Lieutenant-Colonel without purchase, vice Brevet-Colonel the Honourable Adrian Hope, C.B., killed in action. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Brevet-Major George Cornwall to be Major without purchase, vice Ewart. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Lieutenant William McBean to be Captain, without purchase, vice Cornwall. Dated 16th April, 1858.

Ensign G. J. M. Taylor to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice McBean. Dated 16th April, 1858.

96*th Foot*, William Robert Estridge Durrant, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Manera, promoted. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

97*th Foot*, Staff-Surgeon of the Second Class Alexander Macrae, M.D., to be Surgeon, vice Barry, who exchanges. Dated 6th April, 1858.

1*st West India Regiment*, Lieutenant George R. R. Fitzmaurice has been permitted to retire from the Service by the sale of his Commission. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Gold Coast Artillery Corps, William Warin Gwillim, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice C. F. H. Lloyd, superseded, being absent without leave. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Royal Malta Fencible Regiment, Lieutenant Guiseppe Cavarra to be Captain, with local and temporary rank, vice Brevet-Major Petit, who retires on full-pay. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Ensign Henry Montanaro to be Lieutenant with local and temporary rank, vice Cavarra. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

DEPOT BATTALION.

The appointment of Captain Alexander Bruce Wallis to be an Instructor of Musketry, as notified in the Gazette of the 5th of March last, has been cancelled, this Officer having previously been gazetted to that appointment.

UNATTACHED.

Brevet-Major Frederick Cockayne Elton, 55th Foot, to have his Brevet Rank converted into Substantive Rank, under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Brevet-Major Gustavus Hume, 38th Foot, to have his Brevet Rank converted into Substantive Rank, under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Brevet-Major A. C. Anderson, from the 86th Foot, to be Major, without purchase. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

HOSPITAL STAFF.

Deputy-Inspector-General of Hospitals Thomas Alexander, C.B., to be Inspector-General of Hospitals. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Inspector-General of Hospitals Thomas Alexander, C.B., to be Director-General of the Army Medical Department, vice Andrew Smith, M.D., who retires. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Staff-Surgeon of the Second Class Charles Walter Poulton, from half-pay, to be Staff-Surgeon of the Second Class. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Surgeon Daniel Paterson Barry, from the 97th Foot, to be Staff-Surgeon of the Second Class, vice Macrae, who exchanges. Dated 6th April, 1858.

To be Assistant-Surgeons to the Forces.

Andrew Moffit, Gent., vice Langstaff, appointed to the 10th Foot. Dated 25th May, 1858.

John Colahan, M.D., vice Macintyre, appointed to the 11th Foot. Dated 25th May, 1858.

Richard John William Orton, Gent., vice Gray, appointed to the 13th Foot. Dated 25th May, 1858.

Charles Rattray, M.D., vice Bennett, appointed to the 14th Foot. Dated 25th May, 1858.

Joseph Bourke, Gent., vice Coffey, appointed to the 15th Foot, Dated 25th May, 1858.

Walter Johnstone, Gent., vice Anderson, appointed to the 73rd Foot. Dated 25th May, 1858.

Thomas Walsh, Gent., vice Macpherson, appointed to the 19th Foot. Dated 25th May, 1858.

Peter Frederick Newland, Gent., vice Hinton, appointed to the 15th Foot. Dated 25th May, 1858.

Archibald William Pultney Pinkerton, M.D., vice Sutherland, appointed to the 24th Foot. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

Edwin Adolphus, M.D., to be Acting Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

BREVET.

Captain John Palmer, 34th Foot, to be Major in the Army. Dated 9th November, 1846.

Brevet-Major John Palmer, 34th Foot, to be Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army. Dated 20th November, 1854.

The following Officers having completed three years' actual service in the Rank of Lieutenant-Colonels, to be promoted to be Colonels in the Army, under the Royal Warrant of the 6th October, 1854.

Lieutenant-Colonel Usher Williamson, 27th Foot. Dated 26th August, 1857.

Lieutenant-Colonel John Ramsay Stuart, C.B., 21st Foot. Dated 15th February, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel Robert J. Straton, C.B., 77th Foot. Dated 17th April, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur Lowry Cole, C.B., 17th Foot. Dated 20th May, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Newport Tinley, Cape Mounted Riflemen. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Brevet-Major G. Petit, retired full-pay, Royal Malta Fencible Regiment, to be Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army, the rank being honorary only. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

The promotion of Lieutenant-Colonel A. T. Heyland, 56th Foot, to be Colonel in the Army, as stated in the Gazette of the 4th instant, to bear date the 20th March, 1858, instead of 1st April, 1858, as therein stated.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lancaster.

7th Regiment of Royal Lancashire Militia.

Richard Cope, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 17th June, 1858.

Crown-Office, June 17, 1858.

Days and Places appointed for holding the Summer Assizes, 1858.

NORFOLK CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable *John, Lord Campbell,* Lord Chief Justice.

Mr. Justice *Williams.*

Buckinghamshire, Saturday, July 10, at Aylesbury.

Bedfordshire, Tuesday, July 13, at Bedford.

Huntingdonshire, Thursday, July 15, at Huntingdon.

Cambridgeshire, Saturday, July 17, at the County Courts.

Norfolk, Wednesday, July 21, at the Castle of Norwich.

City of Norwich, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said City.

Suffolk, Monday, July 26, at Ipswich.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

The Right Hon. the Lord Chief Justice *Cockburn*.
Mr. Justice *Wightman*.

Rutlandshire, Friday, July 9, at Oakham.

Northamptonshire, Saturday, July 10, at Northampton.

Leicestershire, Wednesday, July 14, at the Castle of Leicester.

Borough of Leicester, the same day, at the Borough of Leicester.

Nottinghamshire, Saturday, July 17, at Nottingham.

Town of Nottingham, the same day, at the Town of Nottingham.

Lincolnshire, Wednesday, July 21, at the Castle of Lincoln.

City of Lincoln, the same day, at the City of Lincoln.

Derbyshire, Monday, July 26, at Derby.

Warwickshire, Thursday, July 29, at Warwick.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

The Right Hon. the Lord Chief Baron *Pollock*.
Mr. Baron *Martin*.

Yorkshire, Saturday, July 10, at the Castle of York.

City of York, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said City.

Durham, Saturday, July 24, at Durham.
Northumberland, Friday, July 30, at the Castle of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.
Newcastle-upon-Tyne, the same day, at the Guild-hall of the said Town.
Cumberland, Tuesday, August 3, at the City of Carlisle.
Westmorland, Friday, August 6, at Appleby.
Lancashire, North, Saturday, August 7, at the Castle of Lancaster.
Lancashire, South, Wednesday, August 11, at Liverpool.

OXFORD CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice *Coleridge*.
Mr. Justice *Byles*.

Berkshire, Thursday, July 8, at Abingdon.
Oxfordshire, Saturday, July 10, at Oxford.
Worcestershire, Wednesday, July 14, at Worcester.
City of Worcester, the same day, at the City of Worcester.
Staffordshire, Saturday, July 17, at Stafford.
Shropshire, Tuesday, July 27, at Shrewsbury.
Herefordshire, Saturday, July 31, at Hereford.
Monmouthshire, Tuesday, August 3, at Monmouth.
Gloucestershire, Saturday, August 7, at Gloucester.
City of Gloucester, the same day, at the City of Gloucester.

CIRCUIT of the PRINCIPALITY of WALES and COUNTY PALATINE of CHESTER.

Mr. Justice *Crompton.*
Mr. Justice *Crowder.*

North Wales.

Montgomeryshire, Wednesday, July 14, at Newtown.
Merionethshire, Saturday, July 17, at Dolgelly.
Carnarvonshire, Tuesday, July 20, at Carnarvon.
Anglesey, Friday, July 23, at Beaumaris.
Denbighshire, Monday, July 26, at Ruthin.
Flintshire, Thursday, July 29, at Mold.
Cheshire, Saturday, July 31, at Chester.

South Wales.

Glamorganshire, Tuesday, July 6, at Cardiff.
Pembrokeshire, Wednesday, July 14, at Haverfordwest.
Town and County of Haverfordwest, the same day, at the Town of Haverfordwest.
Cardiganshire, Saturday, July 17, at Cardigan.
Carmarthenshire, Wednesday, July 21, at Carmarthen.
County of the Borough of Carmarthen, the same day, at the Borough of Carmarthen.
Brecknockshire, Saturday, July 24, at Brecon.
Radnorshire, Thursday, July 29, at Presteign.

HOME CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice *Willes.*
Mr. Baron *Bramwell.*

Hertfordshire, Thursday, July 8, at Hertford.
Sussex, Wednesday, July 14, at Lewes.

Essex, Tuesday, July 20, at Chelmsford.
Kent, Monday, July 26, at Maidstone.
Surrey, Monday, August 2, at Guildford.

WESTERN CIRCUIT.

Mr. Baron *Watson.*
Mr. Baron *Channell.*

Southampton, Saturday, July 10, at the Castle of Winchester.
Wiltshire, Saturday, July 17, at New Sarum.
Dorsetshire, Wednesday, July 21, at Dorchester.
Devonshire, Saturday, July 24, at the Castle of Exeter.
City of Exeter, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said City
Cornwall, Saturday, July 31, at Bodmin.
Somersetshire, Thursday, August 5, at the City of Wells.
Bristol, Thursday, August 12, at the Guildhall of the said City.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 25, 1858.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, June 24, 1858.

THE Queen, as Sovereign of the Most Noble, Order of the Garter, has been graciously pleased, by Letters Patent under Her Royal Sign

Manual and the Great Seal of the Order, bearing date this day, to dispense with all the statutes and regulations usually observed in regard to Installation, and to grant unto His Most Faithful Majesty Pedro V., King of Portugal and the Algarves, Knight of the said Most Noble Order, and duly invested with the Ensigns thereof, full power and authority to exercise all rights and privileges belonging to a Knight Companion of the said Most Noble Order of the Garter, in as full and ample a manner as if His Majesty had been formally installed, any decree, rule, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Whitehall, June 24, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, appointing the Most Noble Henry Pelham, Duke of Newcastle, the Right Honourable Sir John Taylor Coleridge, Knt., the Reverend William Charles Lake, M.A., the Reverend William Rogers, M.A., Goldwin Smith, Esq., M.A., Nassau William Senior, Esq., M.A., and Edward Miall, Esq., to be Her Majesty's Commissioners to enquire into the present state of Popular Education in England, and to consider and report what measures (if any) are required for the extension of sound and cheap elementary instruction to all classes of the people.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, June 24, 1858.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for

Foreign Affairs, a copy of a despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Lisbon, enclosing copy of a Portuguese Royal Order, reporting that the Order of the 26th May last (a notice respecting which was given in the London Gazette of the 18th instant) is not to come into force until sixty days after its publication on the 29th May, in the Portuguese Official Journal; and further requiring, with reference to that order, that every package shall show its respective weight, the gross weight only of all packages bearing the same mark being entered upon the ship's manifest.

Board of Trade Whitehall,
June 25, 1858.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received information from the Greek Consul-General in Great Britain, that the channel of the Euripus has been temporarily closed, for the purpose of obtaining an uniform depth of water.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,
25*th June*, 1858.

5*th Regiment of Dragoon Guards*, Cornet George Frederic Heyworth to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Lennard, who retires. Dated 25th June, 1858.

5*th Light Dragoons*, Thomas Joseph FitzSimon, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase. Dated 25th June, 1858.

6*th Dragoons*, Lieutenant William Stratford Sleigh to be Captain, by purchase, vice Cunliffe, who retires. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Cornet the Honourable E. R. Bourke to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Sleigh. Dated 25th June, 1858.

17*th Light Dragoons*, Staff-Surgeon of the Second Class James Kellie, M.D., to be Surgeon, vice Mockler, who exchanges. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Military Train, Lieutenant William E. Cater to be Captain, by purchase, vice Swaby, who retires. Dated 25th June, 1858.

To be Adjutants.

Lieutenant William Banks, vice Hunt, promoted. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Lieutenant Joseph Harris, vice Cater, promoted. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Grenadier Guards, Ensign and Lieutenant Philip Smith to be Lieutenant and Captain, by purchase, vice W. P., Earl of Sefton, who retires. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Arthur Philip Viscount Mahon to be Ensign and Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Smith. Dated 25th June, 1858.

2*nd Regiment of Foot*, Assistant-Surgeon Stephen Henry Marshall, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Moffatt, promoted on the Staff. Dated 25th June, 1858.

10*th Foot*, Ensign Richard S. Bagge, from the 66th Foot, to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Whaite, promoted. Dated 25th June, 1858.

13*th Foot*, Robert Stuart Clarke, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Airey, appointed to the 24th Foot. Dated 25th June, 1858.

17*th Foot*, Gentleman Cadet Henry B. Jackson, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Hunt, promoted. Dated 25th June, 1858.

19*th Foot*, Gentleman Cadet John T. U. Coxen, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Harris, promoted. Dated 25th June, 1858.

20*th Foot*, Ensign Owen Tudor Burne to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Little, deceased. Dated 10th April, 1858.

Ensign Stephen Egan to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Burne, whose promotion, on the 28th May, 1858, has been cancelled. Dated 28th May, 1858.

Ensign Samuel Johnstone to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Egan, whose promotion on the 15th June, 1858, has been cancelled. Dated 15th June, 1858.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Gentleman Cadet George R. Gibbs, from the Royal Military College, vice Johnstone, promoted. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Gentleman Cadet Charles A. Vernon, from the Royal Military College. Dated 26th June, 1858.

21*st Foot.*

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Gentleman Cadet William C. Ralston, from the Royal Military College, vice Patrickson, promoted. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Gentleman Cadet William R. MacPherson, from the Royal Military College, vice Furlong, promoted. Dated 26th June, 1858.

Gentleman Cadet Howard Plestow Cox, from the Royal Military College, vice Bainbridge, promoted. Dated 27th June, 1858.

24*th Foot*, Lieutenant Robert Champion Streatfeild to be Paymaster. Dated 8th June, 1858.

26*th Foot*, Gentleman Cadet Henry P. Wolferstan, from the Royal Military College, vice Toke, appointed to the 96th Foot. Dated 25th June, 1858.

30*th Foot*, Captain Richard Weld Litton, from the 31st Foot, to be Captain, vice Harcourt, who exchanges. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Gentleman Cadet Pelham T. Pelham, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Pulleine, promoted in 24th Foot. Dated 25th June, 1858.

31*st Foot*, Captain J. S. Chandos Harcourt, from the 30th Foot, to be Captain, vice Litton, who exchanges. Dated 25th June, 1858.

32*nd Foot*, Ensign James Thomas Gray to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Crane, deceased. Dated 30th April, 1858.

33*rd Foot*, Lieutenant John Owens to be Captain, without purchase, vice Brevet-Major C. E. Mansfield, whose Brevet Rank has been converted into Substantive Rank, under the Royal Warrant, 6th October, 1854. Dated 25th June, 1858.

34*th Foot*, Ensign Bertie Shiffner to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice O'Loghlin, deceased. Dated 22nd April, 1858.

Ensign Francis Wood to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Byron, promoted. Dated 25th June, 1858.

35*th Foot*, Assistant-Surgeon Richard Thomas Golty Catton, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Clarke, deceased. Dated 25th June, 1858.

38*th Foot*, Captain Patrick McLeod Petley, from half-pay Unattached, to be Captain, vice Brevet-Major Hume, whose Brevet Rank has been converted into Substantive Rank, under the Royal Warrant of the 6th October, 1854. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Lieutenant Henry Charles Evans to be Captain, by purchase, vice Petley, who retires. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Ensign K. Ap. Eyton Parry-Jones to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Evans. Dated 25th June, 1858.

47*th Foot*, Captain Henry Call Lodder to be Major, without purchase, vice Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel James Villiers, promoted to the Substantive Rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, under the Royal Warrant 6th October, 1854. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Captain Henry Charles Bird, from half-pay Ceylon Regiment, to be Captain, vice Lodder, promoted. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Lieutenant J. M. Straton to be Captain, by purchase, vice Bird, who retires. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Ensign John J. Dunne to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Straton. Dated 25th June, 1858.

49*th Foot*, Robert Emslie Henry, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Cobham, promoted. Dated 25th June, 1858.

51*st Foot*, Ensign William Henry Saunders to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Wolley, deceased. Dated 20th May, 1858.

Gentleman Cadet Robert Stratford, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Saunders. Dated 25th June, 1858.

53*rd Foot*, Staff-Surgeon of the Second Class James Simpson Grant, M.D., to be Surgeon, vice Fasson, appointed to the Staff. Dated 25th June, 1858.

60*th Foot*, Gentleman Cadet, Henry M. Pryor, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Mackenzie, promoted. Dated 25th June, 1858.

78*th Foot*, Ensign C. H. Bindon, from 26th Foot, to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Cassady, promoted in 21st Foot. Dated 25th June, 1858.

86*th Foot*, Captain Thomas Vincent, from half-pay Royal York Rangers, to be Captain, vice Brevet-Major A. C. Anderson, promoted, without purchase, to an Unattached Majority. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Lieutenant Robert Edward Henry to be Captain, by purchase, vice Vincent, who retires. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Ensign Gilbert Sidney Jackson to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Henry. Dated 25th June, 1858.

90*th Foot*. The promotion of Ensign Savory, on the 1st of October, 1857, has been cancelled.

To be Lieutenants, without purchase.

Ensign Henry B. Savory, vice Grahame, killed in action. Dated 24th September, 1857.

Ensign Louis W. Wilmer, vice Nunn, killed in action. Dated 25th September, 1857.

Ensign G. A. Agnew, vice Preston, died of wounds. Dated 28th September, 1857.

Ensign Annesley Eyre, vice Haydock, promoted. Dated 13th November, 1857.

Ensign George Gregg, vice Carleton, deceased. Dated 20th April, 1858.

Gentleman Cadet David Patterson Murray, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Chute, deceased. Dated 25th June, 1858.

93*rd Foot*, Henry Thomas Butter, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Robertson, promoted. Dated 25th June, 1858.

95*th Foot*, Gentleman Cadet Henry V. Brooke, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Macnee, promoted. Dated 25th June, 1858.

97*th Foot*, Lieutenant James Hudson to be Captain, without purchase, vice Ingram, appointed to the 100th Foot. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Rifle Brigade, Gentleman Cadet Robert Hamilton Lloyd Anstruther, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Cooper, died of his wounds. Dated 25th June, 1858.

2*nd West India Regiment*, John William Lloyd-Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Knapp, promoted. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Cape Mounted Riflemen, Assistant-Surgeon John Boutflower, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Hassard, promoted on the Staff. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Royal Canadian Rifle Regiment, William Thomas Philippe Bernard, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Surman, promoted. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Royal Malta Fencible Regiment.

To be Ensigns, with local and temporary rank.

Frederick Gatt, Gent., vice S. de Piro, promoted. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Joseph Speranza, Gent., vice Montanaro, promoted. Dated 26th June, 1858.

STAFF.

Brevet-Colonel William Sullivan, C.B., from half-pay Unattached, to be Inspecting Field Officer of a Recruiting District, vice Adair, who exchanges. Dated 1st July, 1858.

HOSPITAL STAFF.

Surgeon Edward Mockler, from the 17th Light Dragoons, to be Staff-Surgeon of the Second Class, vice Kellie, who exchanges. Dated 25th June, 1858.

Surgeon Charles Hamilton Fasson, from the 53rd Foot, to be Staff-Surgeon of the Second Class, vice Grant, appointed to the 53rd Foot. Dated 25th June, 1858.

To be Staff-Surgeons of the Second Class.

Assistant-Surgeon Dudley Clifton Wodsworth, from the 12th Light Dragoons. Dated 26th January, 1858, promotion not to carry pay prior to 25th June, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon William Sim Murray, M.B., from the 66th Foot. Dated 26th January, 1858, promotion not to carry pay prior to 25th June, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon William Armstrong, from the 54th Foot. Dated 26th January, 1858, pro-

motion not to carry pay prior to 25th June, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon George Peacocke, M.D., from the 74th Foot. Dated 26th January, 1858, promotion not to carry pay prior to 25th June, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon Thomas Carey, from the 64th Foot. Dated 26th January, 1858, promotion not to carry pay prior to 25th June, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon Archibald Henry Fraser, from the 75th Foot. Dated 26th January, 1858, promotion not to carry pay prior to 25th June, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon George Edwin Gains, from the 69th Foot. Dated 26th January, 1858, promotion not to carry pay prior to 25th June, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon John Edward Moffatt, from the 2nd Foot. Dated 26th January, 1858, promotion not to carry pay prior to 25th June, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon Henry Bolton Hassard, from the Cape Mounted Riflemen. Dated 26th January, 1858, promotion not to carry pay prior to 25th June, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon John Hoffman, M.D., from the Staff. Dated 25th June, 1858.

The appointment of Dr. Watkin S. Whylock, 75th Foot, as Acting Staff Assistant-Surgeon, to be dated 6th November, and not the 23rd July, 1852, and his Commission as Staff Assistant-Surgeon to be dated 25th December, instead of 26th November, 1852.

BREVET.

The following promotions to take place consequent on the death of General Sir Thomas

Hawker, K.C.H., Colonel of the 6th Dragoon Guards, on the 13th June, 1858 :

Brevet-Colonel George Moncreiff, Scots Fusilier Guards, to be Major-General. Dated 14th June, 1858.

Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Francis Plunkett Dunne, Major on half-pay Unattached, to be Colonel. Dated 14th June, 1858.

Brevet-Major John Blaquiere Mann, Captain on half-pay Unattached, to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 14th June, 1858.

Captain J. Summerfield Hawkins, Royal Engineers, to be Major. Dated 14th June, 1858.

The undermentioned Officer having completed three years' actual service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, to be promoted to be Colonel in the Army, under the Royal Warrant of 6th October, 1854 :

Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable Robert Rollo, on half-pay Unattached, Assistant-Adjutant-General, Canada. Dated 23rd February, 1858.

Captain Thomas Vincent, 86th Foot, to be Major in the Army. Dated 23rd November, 1841.

Brevet-Major Thomas Vincent, 86th Foot, to be Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army. Dated 11th November, 1851.

Captain Henry Charles Bird, 47th Foot, to be Major in the Army. Dated 10th January, 1858.

Captain Patrick McLeod Petley, 38th Foot, to be Major in the Army. Dated 20th June, 1854.

Admiralty, 23rd June, 1858.

IN consideration of the services performed by the Officers of the Naval Brigade in India, under

the command of the late Captain Sir William Peel, K.C.B., the following promotions, to date the 22nd March, 1858, have been made:

To be Commanders.

Lieutenant Thomas James Young.
Lieutenant William Charles Fahie Wilson.
Lieutenant Edward Hay.
Lieutenant Henry Rushworth Wratislaw.
Lieutenant Nowell Salmon.

To be Acting Lieutenant.

(to be confirmed on passing at the Royal Naval College).

Mr. Edmund Hope Verney.

To be Paymaster.

Mr. William Thomas Cornerford.

To be Acting Chief Engineer.

Mr. Frederick W. Brown.

To be Acting Assistant-Engineer, First Class.

Mr. John William Bone.

To be Acting Assistant-Engineer, Second Class.

Mr. Henry Alphonso Henri.

Mr. James Flanagan, Assistant-Surgeon, will be promoted to the rank of Surgeon, so soon as he shall be qualified for that rank.

Admiralty, 23rd June, 1858.

In consideration of the services performed by the Officers of the Naval Brigade in India, under the command of Captain Sotheby, the following

promotions have taken place, to date the 21st May, 1858.

To be Commander.

Lieutenant Nicholas Edward Brook Turnour.

To be Acting Lieutenant.

(To be confirmed on passing at the Royal Naval College.)

Mr. Alexander Wighton Ingles.

To be Gunner, 1st Class.

Mr. Richard Parkins.

To be Boatswain, 1st Class.

Mr. Richard Cooley.

To be Carpenter, 1st Class.

Mr. John Burton.

To be Acting Assistant-Engineer, 1st Class.

Mr. John G. Shearman.

And the following, to date the 18th June, 1858.

To be Commanders.

Lieutenant Seymour Walter Delmé Radcliffe.
Lieutenant Henry Duncan Grant.

To be Acting Lieutenant.

Mr. Thomas Moore Maquay.

Mr. William James Shone, Assistant-Surgeon, will be promoted to the rank of Surgeon, so soon as he shall be qualified for that rank.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the West Riding of the County of York, *and of the City and County of the City of* York.

3rd Regiment (*Light Infantry*) *of West York Militia.*

Ensign Chamberlin William Jervoise Walker to be Lieutenant, vice John Forbes Mosse, appointed to the 18th Regiment of Foot. Dated 18th June, 1858.

Edward Henry Saunders, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Walker, promoted. Dated 18th June, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lancaster.

4th or Duke of Lancaster's Own (*Light Infantry*) *Regiment of Royal Lancashire Militia.*

Ensign Cecil William Betham to be Lieutenant, vice Henry Joy, resigned. Dated 16th June, 1858.

TREASURY WARRANT.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the regulation of the duties of postage," certain scales of weight and rates of postage were fixed and made chargeable and payable upon, for, and in respect of, letters, newspapers, Parliamentary proceedings, and printed papers transmitted and forwarded by the post, and various regulations were made for facilitating the transmission of such letters and

papers by the post ; and by the same Act powers were given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, from time to time, and at any time thereafter, by Warrant under their hands, to alter and fix any of the rates of British postage or inland postage payable by law on the transmission by the post of foreign or colonial letters or newspapers, or of any other printed papers, and to subject the same to rates of postage, according to the weight thereof, and a scale of weight to be contained in such Warrant, and from time to time, by Warrant as aforesaid, to alter or repeal any of such altered rates, and make and establish any new or other rates in lieu thereof, and from time to time, by Warrant as aforesaid, to appoint at what time the rates which might be payable were to be paid, and the power thereby given to alter and fix rates of postage was extended to any increase or reduction or remission of postage ; and it was by the same Act provided, that the rates of postage from time to time to become payable under or by virtue of any Warrant of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury under that Act, should be charged by, and be paid to Her Majesty's Postmaster-General, for the use of Her Majesty, on all post letters, newspapers or other printed papers to which such Warrant should extend.

And whereas further powers are given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury by another Act of Parliament passed in the eleventh year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for giving further facilities for the transmission of letters by post, and for the regulating the duties of postage thereon, and for other purposes relating to the Post-office."

And whereas certain powers are also given to

the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, by another Act of Parliament passed in the eighteenth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to the stamp duties on newspapers, and to provide for the transmission by post of printed periodical publications."

And whereas the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in exercise of the powers reserved to them in and by the said before-mentioned Acts of Parliament, some or one of them have, at various times, and by divers Warrants in writing under the hands of certain of the said Commissioners, by the authority of the statute in that case made and provided, bearing date respectively the 21st day of July, 1857, the 2nd day of September, 1857, the 16th day of October, 1857, the 15th day of January, 1858, the 20th day of February, 1858, the 6th day of March, 1858, and the 13th day of April, 1858, made and given certain orders, directions, regulations, and conditions relating to the weight and dimensions, and to the rates of postage, in conformity with and under and subject to which certain packets therein respectively mentioned might be transmitted by the post, and since the making and giving thereof respectively amongst other packets, consisting of letters, notices, and other communications, partly printed, or partly lithographed and partly written, have been respectively sent by the post under and subject to the several orders, directions, regulations, conditions and rates of postage in the said several Warrants respectively, or some or one of them, mentioned and contained, and it is expedient to make other regulations relating thereto in the manner hereinafter mentioned.

Now we, the Commissioners of Her Majesty's

Treasury, in exercise of the powers reserved to us, in and by the said several hereinbefore mentioned Acts, or any or either of them, and of all other powers enabling us in this behalf, do, by this Warrant, under the hands of two of us, the said Commissioners (by the authority of the statute in that case made and provided), order, direct, and declare, as follows:

1. All letters, notices, and other communications (whether upon paper, parchment, or vellum), partly printed, or partly lithographed and partly written, which, if wholly written, would not be considered letters, or communications in the nature of letters, shall and may be transmitted by the post under and subject to the several regulations, orders, directions, conditions, and rates respectively mentioned and contained in the said several hereinbefore recited Warrants respectively, or in such one or more of them as shall be applicable or relate thereto.

2. Any letter, notice, or other communication (whether upon paper, parchment, or vellum), partly printed, or partly lithographed and partly written, which, if wholly written, would be considered a letter, or a communication in the nature of a letter, shall not be entitled to the privilege of being transmitted by the post under or by virtue of any or either of the said several hereinbefore recited Warrants, or the regulations, orders, directions, conditions, or rates in any or either of the said Warrants respectively mentioned and contained. And every such last-mentioned letter, notice, or other communication sent by the post, shall be deemed and considered to be a letter, or a communication in the nature of a letter, and shall be charged and chargeable with postage as a letter, or a communication in the

nature of a letter, and shall be transmitted by the post in conformity with, and under and subject to, the several regulations, orders, directions, and conditions relating to letters, and communications in the nature of letters, posted and addressed in like manner, anything in the said several hereinbefore recited Warrants, or any or either of them relating to any such last-mentioned letter, notice, or other communication, to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

3. If any question shall arise, whether any such letter, notice, or other communication as is last hereinbefore mentioned, is entitled to the privilege of a printed paper, so far as respects the transmission thereof by the post, or of being sent by the post under or by virtue of any or either of the said hereinbefore recited Warrants, or is chargeable as a letter, or as a communication in the nature of a letter, the same shall be referred to the determination of the Postmaster-General, whose decision thereupon shall be final.

4. The several terms and expressions used in this Warrant shall be construed to have the like meaning in all respects as they would have had if inserted in the said Act passed in the eleventh year of the reign of Her present Majesty.

5. The Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury may by Warrant under their hands, duly made at any time hereafter, alter, repeal, or revoke any of the rates of postage hereby fixed or altered, or any of the orders, directions, regulations, and conditions hereby made and may make, and establish any new or other rates, orders, directions, regulations, and conditions in lieu thereof, and from time to time appoint at what time the rates which may be payable are to be paid.

This Warrant shall come into operation on the first day of July next.

Whitehall, Treasury-chambers, the nineteenth day of June, 1858.

Howard Taylor.
Henry Whitmore.

CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

To the Managers of the Hackney (Mare-street) Tre-wint Female Industrial Home, and to all others whom it may concern.

The Committee of Her Majesty's Privy Council on Education, having received an application from the Managers of the above-named school, wherein industrial training is provided for the children, and wherein the children are fed as well as taught, and having directed E. C. Tufnell, Esq., Her Majesty's Inspector of Schools, to examine and report thereon, and having received and duly considered his report, hereby certify that the said school is an Industrial School (for Girls) within the meaning of the Industrial Schools' Act, 1857.

Given at Whitehall, under the hand of
C. B. Adderley, Vice-President,
this 18th day of June, 1858.

The Correspondent on behalf of this school is Miss Robarts, Barnet, Herts.

To the Managers of the York Industrial Ragged School, and to all others whom it may concern.

The Committee of Her Majesty's Privy Council on Education, having received an appli-

cation from the Managers of the above-named school, wherein industrial training is provided for the children, and wherein the children are fed as well as taught, and having directed T. B. Browne, Esq., Her Majesty's Inspector of Schools, to examine and report thereon, and having received and duly considered his report, hereby certify that the said school is an Industrial School (for Boys) within the meaning of the Industrial Schools' Act, 1857.

Given at Whitehall, under the hand of
C. B. Adderley, Vice-President,
this 18th day of June, 1858.

The Correspondent on behalf of this school is the Rev. W. A. Wightman, York.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 29, 1858.

War-Office, June 29, 1858.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Captain Edward Southwell Sotheby, R.N., and of Commander James William Vaughan, R.N., to be Ordinary Members of the Military Division of the Third Class, or Companions of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

Whitehall, June 28, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, appointing the Right Honourable Charles Viscount Eversley, the Right Honourable Sir John Taylor Coleridge, Knight, Colonel the Honourable Edward Gordon Douglas Pennant, and William Battie Wrightson, Esq., to be Her Majesty's Commissioners to inquire and report as to the best means of affording relief to the inhabitants of the metropolitan districts, within six miles of Charing-cross, by the abolition of turnpike-gates and toll-bars.

Whitehall, June 28, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto John Mackenzie Lindsay, Esq., the office of Director and Principal Clerk of Her Majesty's Chancery in Scotland, vacant by the resignation of Archibald McNeill, Esq.

Whitehall, June 28, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to nominate, constitute, and appoint, Archibald McNeill, Esq., to be one of the Ordinary Clerks of Session in Scotland, in the room of John Mackenzie Lindsay, Esq.

Whitehall, June 28, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend John R. Campbell to the church and parish of Ardoch, in the presbytery of Auchterar-

der, and county of Perth, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend David Bonallo, late Minister thereof, to the Assistant Ministry of the parish of Blackford.

Whitehall, June 29, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend John McMurtrie to the united churches and parishes of Mains and Strathmartin, in the presbytery of Dundee, and county of Forfar, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend John Robertson, late Minister thereof, to the chapel of Saint Mungo, Glasgow.

MEMORANDUM.

Order of the Medjidie, 5th Class.

In the Gazette of the 3rd March, 1858 :

For Lieutenant Henry Douglas Mackenzie Shute, of the 57th Regiment,
Read, Lieutenant William Aldersey James Shortt, of the 57th Regiment; and

In the Gazette of the 8th June, 1858 :

For Staff-Surgeon of the Second Class Alexander Douglas Taylor, M.D.,
Read, Staff-Surgeon of the First Class George Taylor, M.D.

Foreign-Office, June 29, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Robert Mac William as Vice-Consul at Liverpool for Her Majesty the Queen of Spain.

Foreign-Office, June 25, 1858.

Notice is hereby given, that the Earl of Malmesbury has appointed George A. Everitt, Esq., to be Agent at Birmingham, and Frederick G. Turner, Esq., to be Agent at Newhaven, for the issue of Foreign Office Passports.

NOTICE.

Turkish Lighthouse Dues.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, June 29, 1858.

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a despatch from Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at Constantinople, notifying that the collection of the fixed Turkish lighthouse dues on all steamers and sailing ships of friendly powers, passing thoough the straits of the Dardanelles and the Bosphorus, was to commence on the $\frac{1}{2}\frac{0}{2}$ June instant, and that, should any masters object to the payment of these dues, the quarantine authorities would not visé their bills of health.

War-Office, Pall-Mall, 29th June, 1858.

6th Regiment of Dragoon Guards.

Major-General Alexander Kennedy Clark Kennedy, C.B., to be Colonel, vice General Sir Thomas Hawker, deceased. Dated 14th June, 1858.

War-Office, Pall-Mall.

29*th June*, 1858.

Royal Artillery, Second Captain and Brevet-Major George Cecil Henry to be Captain, vice Dynelly, deceased. Dated 5th June, 1858.

Lieutenant Thomas Mahon to be Second Captain, vice Henry. Dated 5th June, 1858.

Lieutenant Charles Edward Stirling to be Second Captain, vice Thrupp, deceased. Dated 5th June, 1858.

Lieutenant William Carey to be Second Captain, vice Dashwood Jones, superseded for absence without leave. Dated 22nd June, 1858.

The dates of the promotions of the undermentioned Officers to be altered as follows ; viz. :

Captain John Spurway to 5th May, 1858.
Captain J. E. Michell to 26th May, 1858.
Second Captain G. J. Smart to 5th May, 1858.
Second Captain H. N. Eden to 10th May, 1858.
Second Captain A. W. Ogilvie to 26th May, 1858.
Second Captain R. H. Newbolt to 26th May, 1858.

100*th Foot*, Alexander Roberts Dunn, Esq., to be Major, without purchase. Dated 29th June, 1858.

To be Captains, without purchase.

John Clarke, Esq. Dated 29th June, 1858.
Henry Bruce, Esq. Dated 29th June, 1858.
Terence Weatherhead Waverly Smythe, Esq. Dated 29th June, 1858.
George Macartney Esq. Dated 29th June, 1858.
Charles John Clark, Esq. Dated 29th June, 1858.

Richard Charles Price, Esq. Dated 29th June, 1858.

To be Lieutenants, without purchase.

John Fletcher, Gent. Dated 29th June, 1858.
Louis Adolphe Casault, Gent. Dated 29th June, 1858.
Louis Charles Augustus Lefebre de Bellefeuille, Gent. Dated 29th June, 1858.
Philip Derbishire, Gent. Dated 29th June, 1858.
Alfred Edwin Rykert, Gent. Dated 29th June, 1858.
Charles Henry Carriere, Gent. Dated 29th June, 1858.
Henry Theodore Duchesnay, Gent. Dated 29th June, 1858.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Cornet C. McD. Moorsom, from the 1st Dragoon Guards. Dated 29th June, 1858
John Gibbs Ridout, Gent. Dated 29th June, 1858.
Henry Edward Davidson, Gent. Dated 29th June, 1858.

MEMORANDUM.

Major-General Alexander Kennedy Clark Kennedy, C.B., has repaid the difference between the full price of a Cavalry and Infantry Lieutenant-Colonelcy, which he received on exchanging from 7th Dragoon Guards to half-pay Unattached, on 22nd December, 1843.

Admiralty, 25th June, 1858.

In pursuance of Her Majesty's pleasure, Admiral of the Red Sir John West, K.C.B., has this day been promoted to be Admiral of the Fleet; and, in consequence thereof, the following promotions, also dated this day, have taken place:—

Admiral of the White Sir William Parker, Bart., G.C.B., to be Admiral of the Red.

Admiral of the Blue the Right Honourable George Earl Cadogan, C.B., to be Admiral of the White.

Vice-Admiral of the Red Sir Phipps Hornby, K.C.B., to be Admiral of the Blue.

Vice-Admiral of the White Sir Fairfax Moresby, K.C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the Red.

Vice-Admiral of the Blue William James Mingaye, to be Vice-Admiral of the White.

Rear-Admiral of the Red the Honourable Sir Montagu Stopford, K.C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the Blue.

Rear-Admiral of the White Frederick Thomas Michell, C.B., to be Rear-Admiral of the Red.

Rear-Admiral of the Blue Sir Thomas Maitland, C.B., to be Rear-Admiral of the White.

Captain Sidney Colpoys Dacres, C.B., to be Rear-Admiral of the Blue.

Retired Rear-Admiral William Hotham, K.H., has, in pursuance of Her Majesty's Order in Council of the 7th May, 1858, been promoted to the rank and title of Retired Vice-Admiral in Her Majesty's Fleet.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Devon.

Royal 1st Devon Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry.

The Honourable Augustus Frederick George Warwick Bampfylde to be Captain, vice Sir Stafford H. Northcote, Bart., resigned. Dated 23rd May, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Wilts.

Royal Wiltshire Militia.

Ensign John Du Boulaye Blennerhassett to be Lieutenant, vice Goble, resigned. Dated 5th June, 1858.

Ensign Francis Charteris Wemyss to be Lieutenant, vice Anderson, resigned. Dated 6th June, 1858.

Henry Edwards, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Clarkson, resigned. Dated 17th June, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stafford.

1st Regiment of King's Own Staffordshire Militia.

Thomas Acres Ogle, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 14th June, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Cumberland.

Royal Cumberland Regiment of Militia.

Thomas Houseman Rossall to be Captain, vice Mahon, appointed to the 13th Foot. Dated 8th April, 1858.

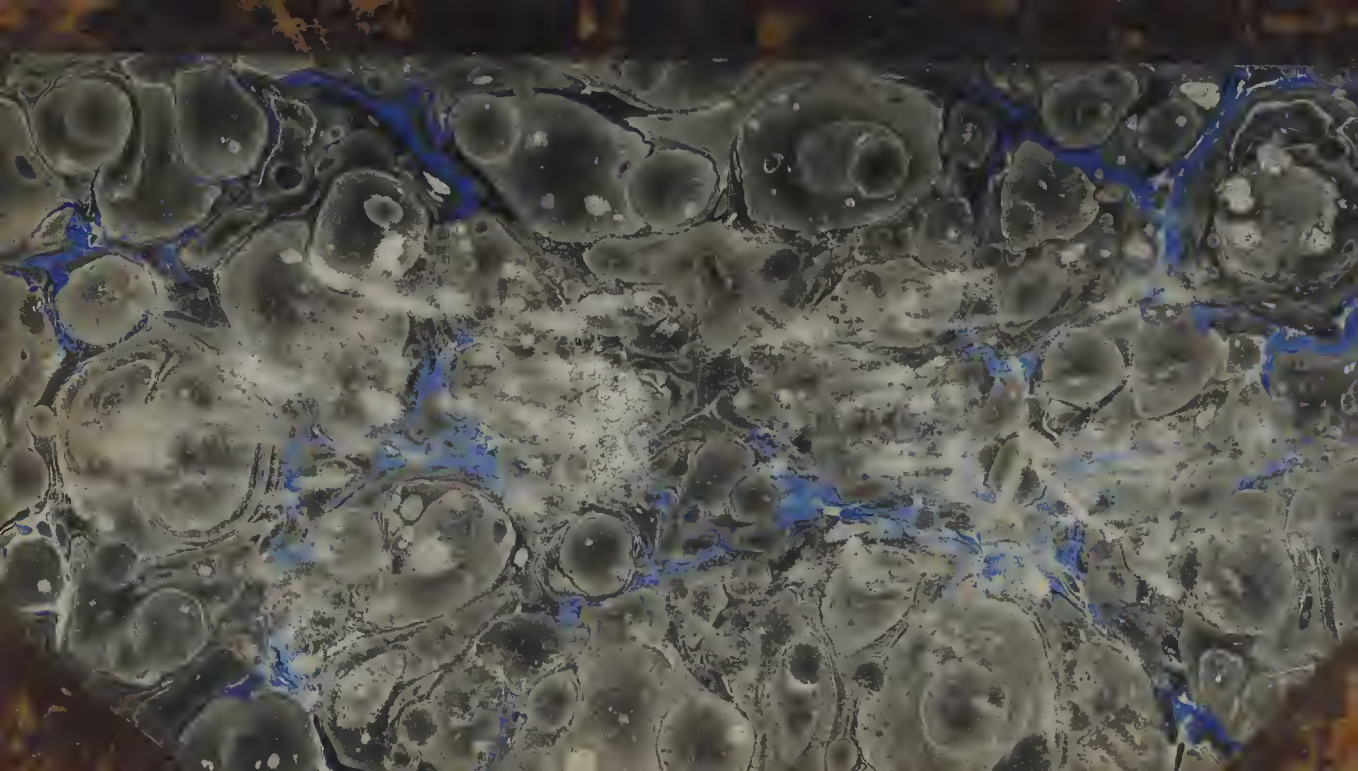
William Kinsey Dover to be Lieutenant, vice Rossall, promoted. Dated 8th April, 1858.

Leicester Militia.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the resignation of Ensign Dowie, of the Commission which he holds in the above Regiment.

Home-Office, June 24, 1858.

The Catholic Reformatory for Girls, situate at Dalbeth, Parkhead, near Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, has been certified by the Secretary of State as fit to be a Reformatory School, under the provisions of the statute 17 and 18 Vict., c. 86.

Home-Office, June 26, 1858.

The Devon and Exeter Reformatory Institution, at Exeter, in the county of Devon, has been certified by the Secretary of State as fit to be a Reformatory School, under the provisions of the statute 17 and 18 Vict., c. 86.